




VeridicalFlow: a python package for building trustworthy data-science pipelines with PCS

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Summary

VeridicalFlow is a Python package for simplifying building reproducible and trustworthy data-science pipelines using the PCS framework (Yu & Kumbier, 2020). It provides users a simple interface for stability analysis, i.e. checking the robustness of results from a data-science pipeline to various judgement calls made during modeling. This ensures that arbitrary judgement calls made by data-practitioners (e.g. specifying a default imputation strategy) do not dramatically alter the final conclusions made in a modeling pipeline. In addition to wrappers facilitating stability analysis, VeridicalFlow also automates many cumbersome coding aspects of python pipelines, including experiment tracking and saving, parallelization, and caching, all through integrations with existing python packages. Overall, the package helps to code using the PCS (predictability-computability-stability) framework, by screening models for predictive performance, helping automate computation, and facilitating stability analysis.

Statement of need

Predictability, computability, and stability are central concerns in modern statistical practice, as they are required to help vet that findings reflect reality, can be reasonably computed, and are robust as the many judgement calls during the data-science life cycle which often go unchecked (Yu & Kumbier, 2020).

The package focuses on stability, but also provides wrappers to help support and improve predictability and computability. Stability is a common-sense principle related to notions of scientific reproducibility Ivie & Thain (2018) and sensitivity analysis (Saltelli, 2002). Moreover, stability serves as a prerequisite for understanding which parts of a model will generalize and can be interpreted (Murdoch et al., 2019).

Importantly, current software packages offer very little support to facilitate stability analyses. VeridicalFlow helps fill this gap by making stability analysis simple, reproducible, and computationally efficient. This enables a practitioner to represent a pipeline with many different perturbations in a simple-to-code way.

Features

Using VeridicalFlows's simple wrappers easily enables many best practices for data science, and makes writing pipelines easy.

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Stability	Computability	Reproducibility
Replace a single function (e.g. preprocessing) with a set of functions and easily assess the stability of downstream results	Automatic parallelization and caching throughout the pipeline	Automatic experiment tracking and saving

The main features of VeridicalFlow center around stability analysis. The central concept is to replace given functions with a set of functions subject to different pipeline perturbations. Then, a set of useful analysis functions and computations enable easily assessing the stability to these perturbations.

The package also helps users to improve the efficacy of their computational pipeline. Computation is (optionally) handled through Ray (Moritz et al., 2018), which easily facilitates parallelization across different machines and along different perturbations of the pipeline. Caching is handled via [joblib](#), so that individual parts of the pipeline do not need to be rerun.

Experiment-tracking and saving are (optionally) handled via integration with MLFlow (Zaharia et al., 2018), which enables automatic experiment tracking and saving.

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The code here heavily derives from the wonderful work of previous projects. It hinges on the data-science infrastructure of python, including packages such as pandas (McKinney & others, 2011), numpy (Van Der Walt et al., 2011), and scikit-learn (Pedregosa et al., 2011) as well as newer projects such as imodels (Singh et al., 2021) and networkx (Hagberg & Conway, n.d.).

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