

Kotlin, one language to build them all!

Paul Merlin



gradle.github.io/imaginete

pdf - sources

 Gradle

Agenda

Gradle & Kotlin

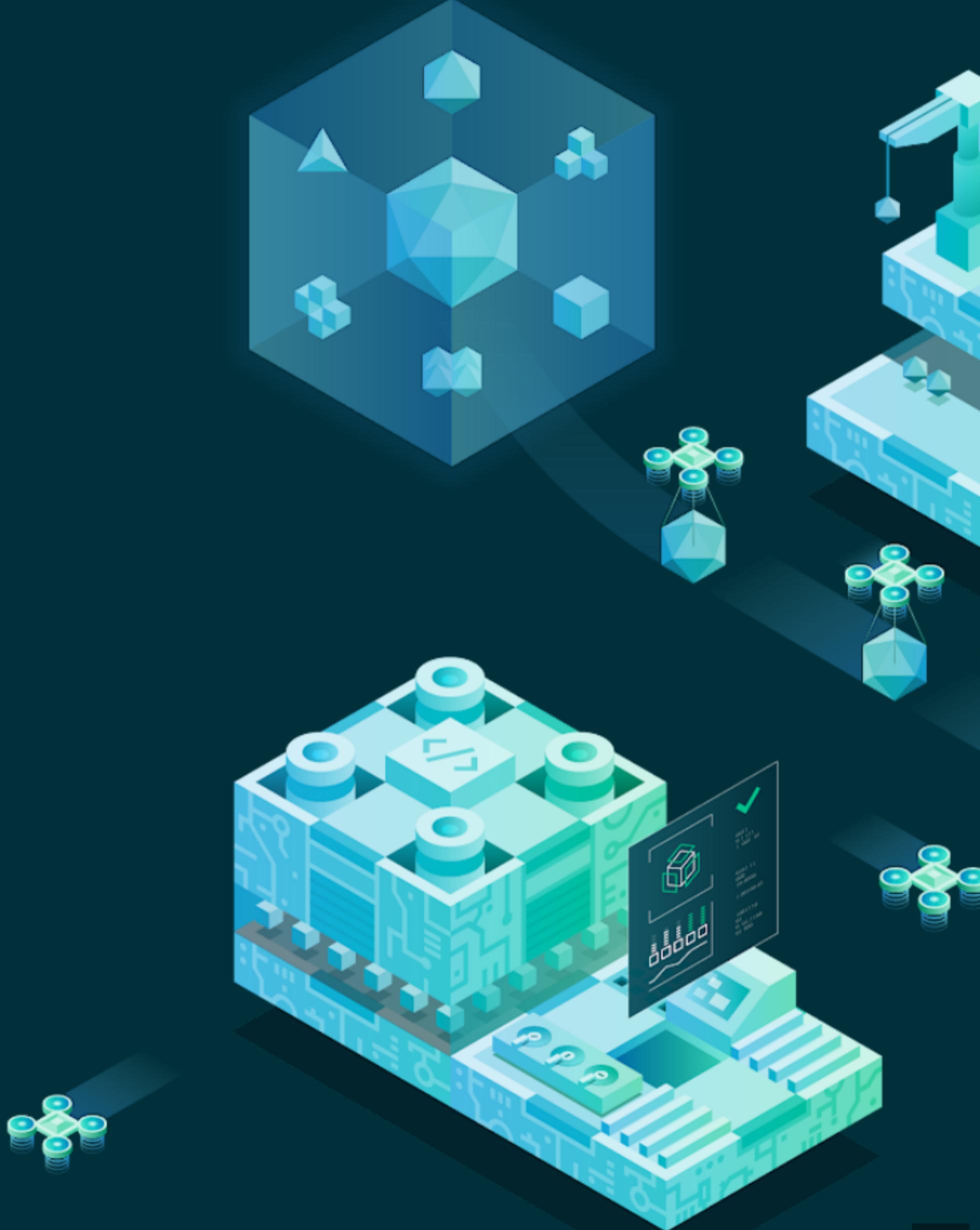
What is this all about?

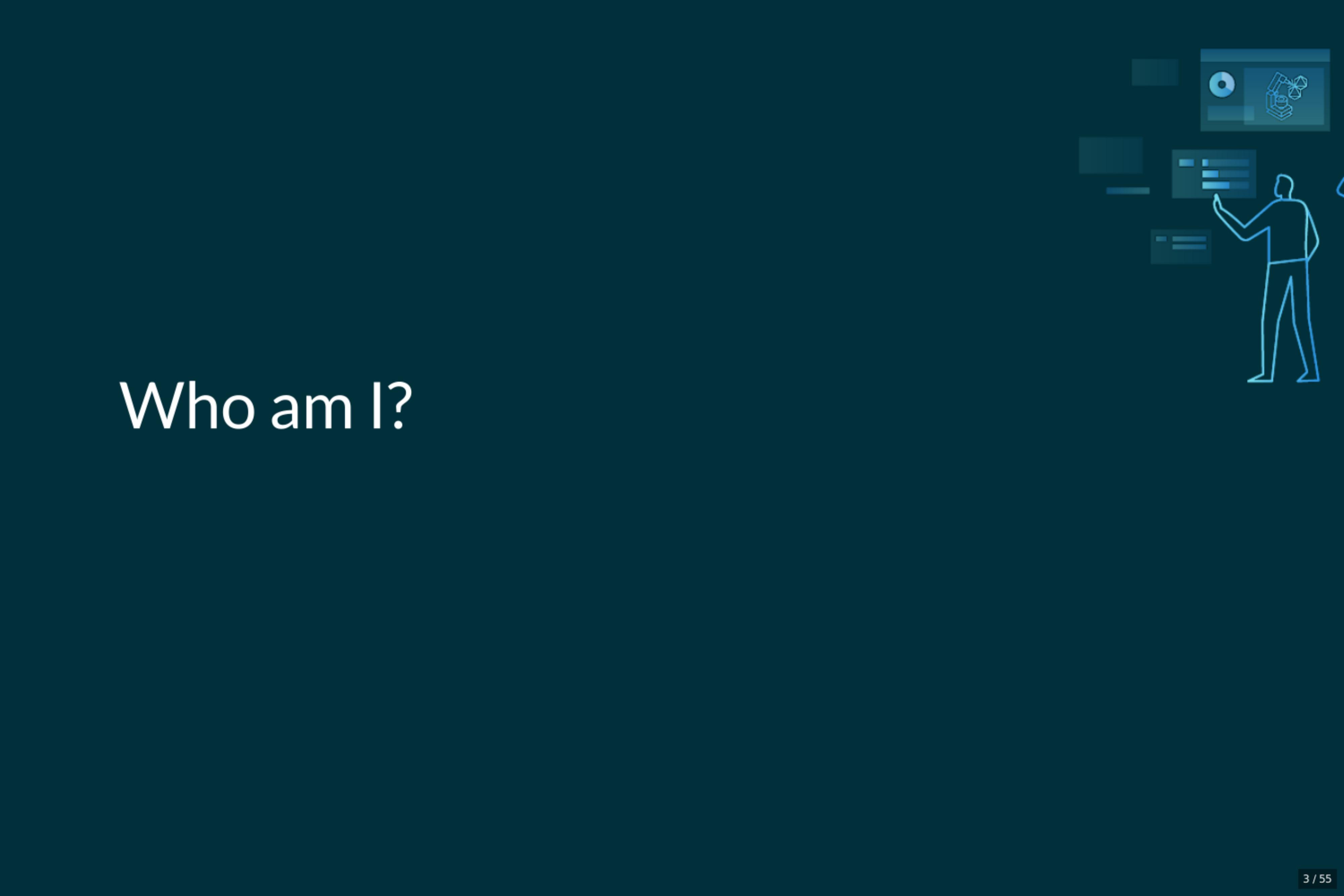
Imaginate

An imaginary image generator

Gradle & Kotlin ❤

Build logic





Who am I?

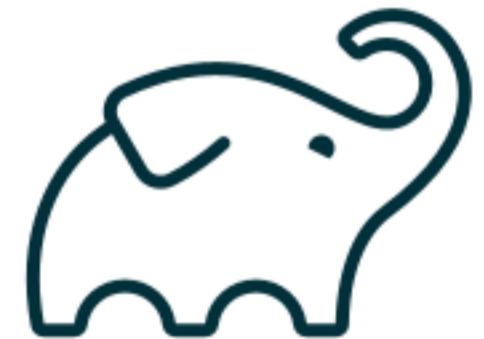
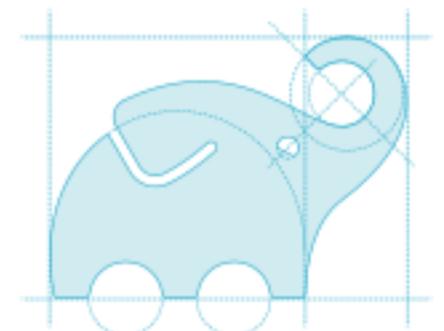


```
speaker {
    name = "Paul Merlin"
    company = "Gradle"
    joined = 2015
    position = "Kotlin DSL Project Lead, again \o/"
    previously = "Configuration Cache Project Lead"
    github = "eskatos"
    mastodon = "@eskatos@mastodon.social"
    successes = listOf(
        "BASIC 'Hello, World!'" in 1986,
        "C 'Hello, World!'" in 1989,
        "Java 'Hello, World!'" in 1996,
        "Kotlin 'Hello, World!'" in 2015,
        "tools", "daemons", "apps", "frameworks", "libs"
    )
    failures = generateSequence(code) { bugs }
}
```

Gradle



Since 2008, our mission is to accelerate developer productivity.





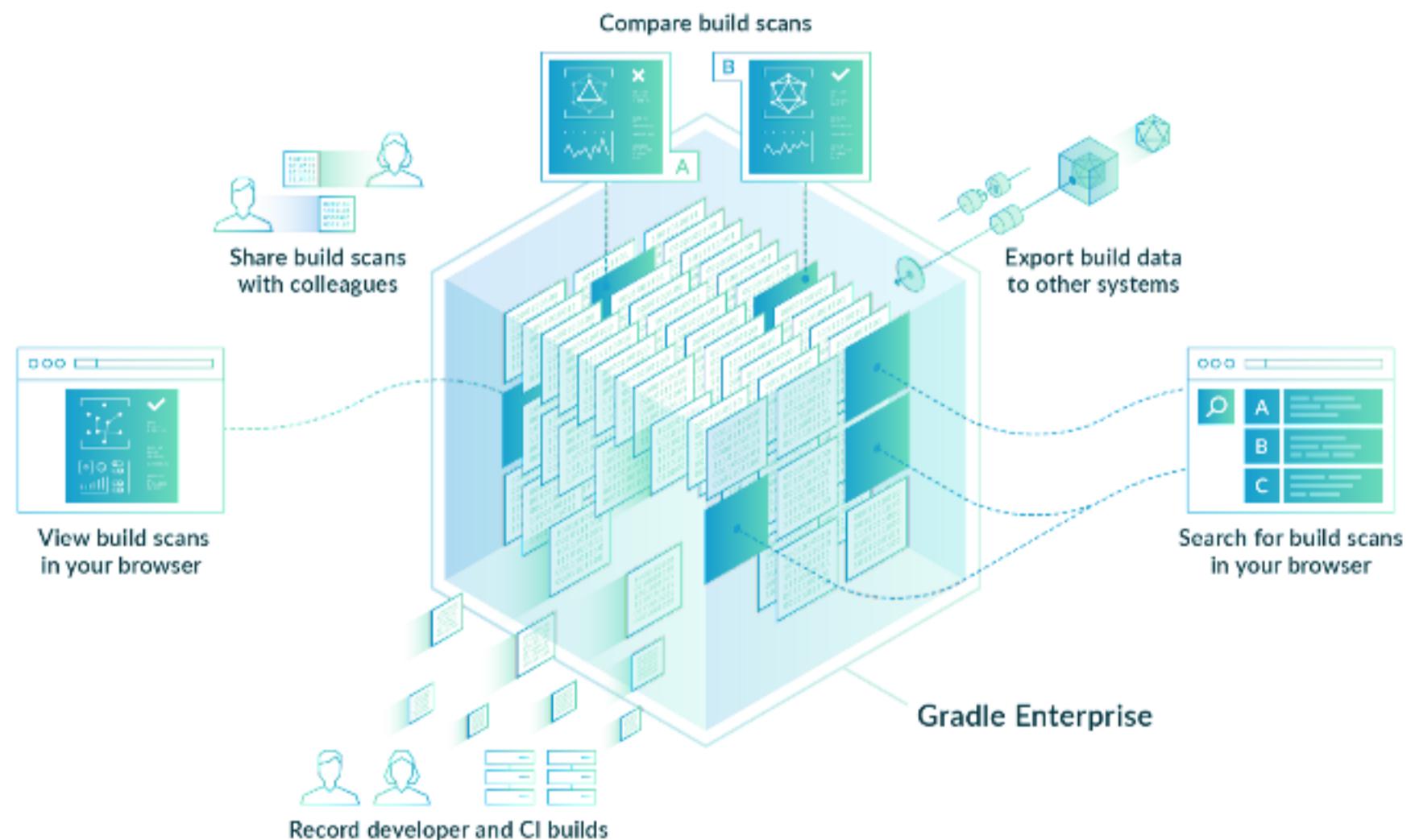
Gradle Build Tool

Apache licenced software build tool

With 30M+ monthly downloads, this is one of the top 20 popular open source projects according to [TechCrunch](#).



Gradle Enterprise, commercial product, is the first Developer Productivity Engineering (DPE) integrated solution.



Gradle



Android



Maven



Bazel



sbt





Developer Productivity Engineering

DPE is an emerging software practice that relies on acceleration technologies and data analysis to improve developer productivity.



dpe handbook

gradle.com/developer-productivity-engineering

dpesummit.com



[DPE Lowdown - Youtube Playlist](#)
[DPE Showdown - Youtube Playlist](#)

Build Scans

A permanent record
of what happens during a build.



The screenshot shows the Gradle Enterprise build scan interface for a build named "example-build" from October 19, 2021. The left sidebar includes links for Summary, Console log, Timeline (which is selected), Performance, Tests, Projects, Dependencies, Build dependencies, Plugins, Switches, Infrastructure, and Delete Build Scan. The main area displays a timeline with two main phases: Initialization & configuration and Execution. In the Execution phase, tasks like :app:test and :disttest are shown. A detailed modal window for the task ':app:testClasses' is open, showing its duration (1.007s), type (org.gradle.api.DefaultTask), and path (:app:test). It also notes that this task is on the critical path. The modal has tabs for Details, Predecessors, and Successors.

build scan

Gradle & Maven build speed challenge



Get some swag :)

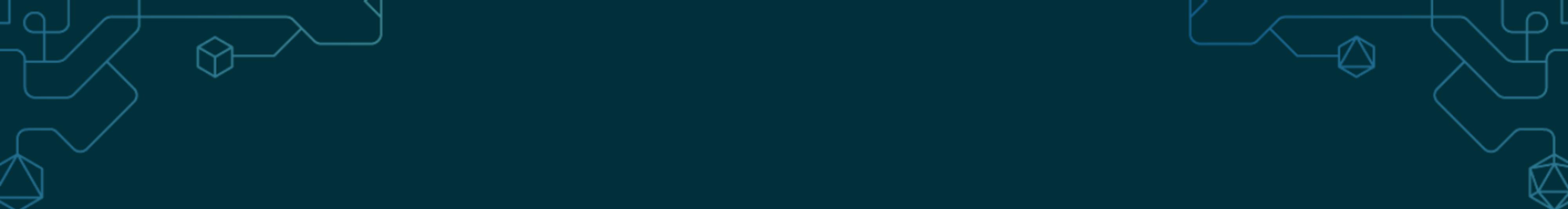


We recruit!

If what we're going to talk about Today is of interest to you, come work with us!



gradle.com/careers

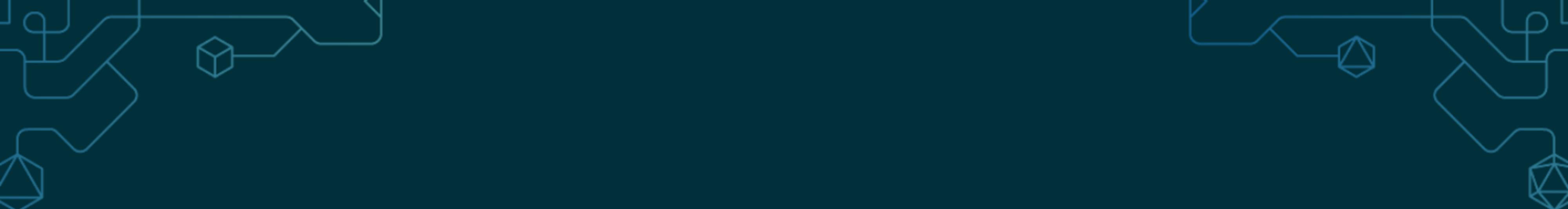


Gradle & Kotlin

What is this all about?

Gradle & Kotlin

- Gradle Build Tool
- Kotlin Programming Language



Gradle Build Tool

Gradle Build Tool is the fast and dependable open source build system that automates building software of any type, size or complexity.

The unique advantage of Gradle Build Tool is its elegant and extensible declarative build language.

Various ecosystems

Core



and more ...

Community



and more ...

Logos from [Wikimedia](#) or from product official™ pages.

Gradle is...

A tool to automate building software

- A dependency resolution engine
- A task execution engine
- An extensible configuration model and DSL
- Plugins!

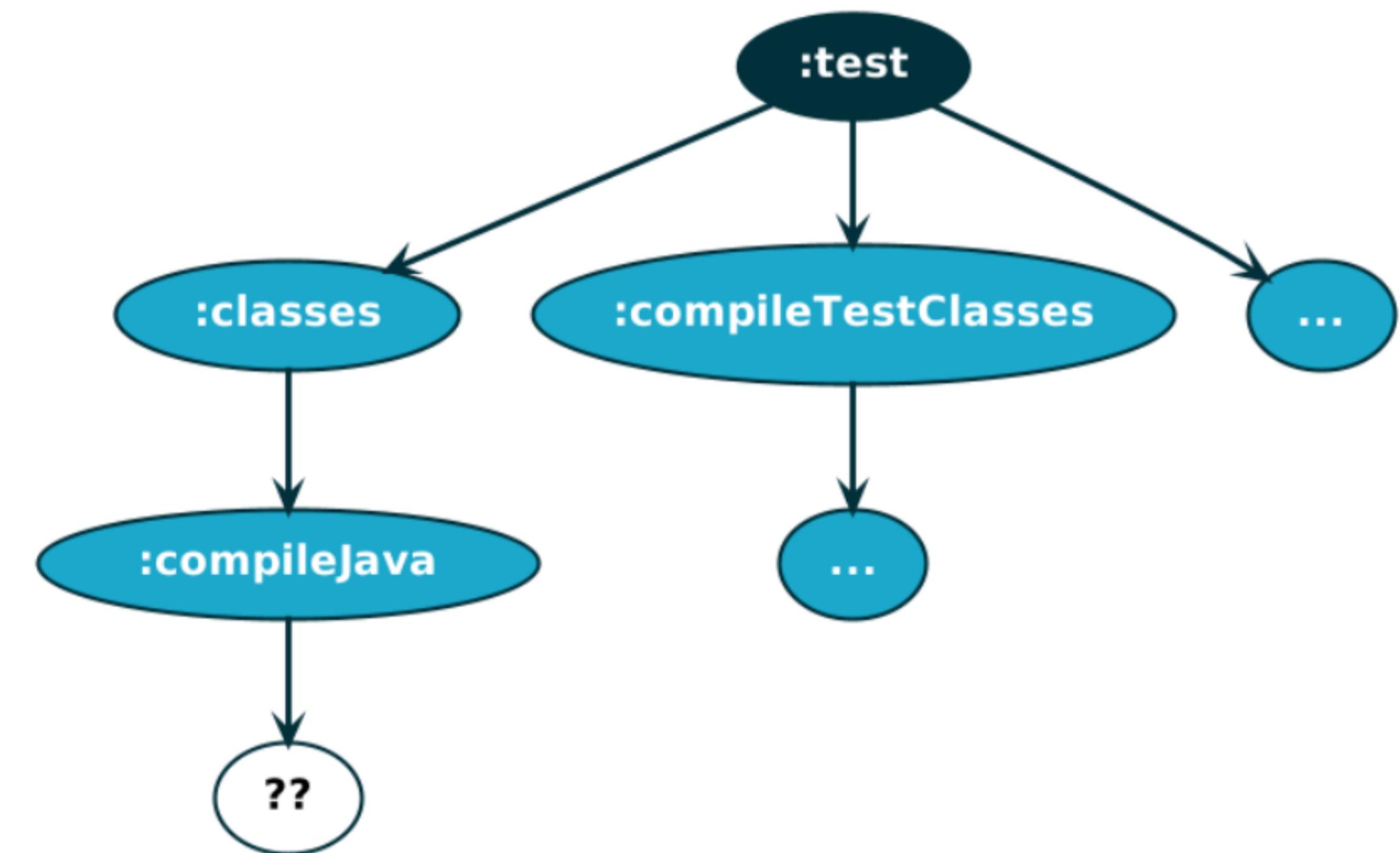
Task dependency resolution

Starts with the invoked task



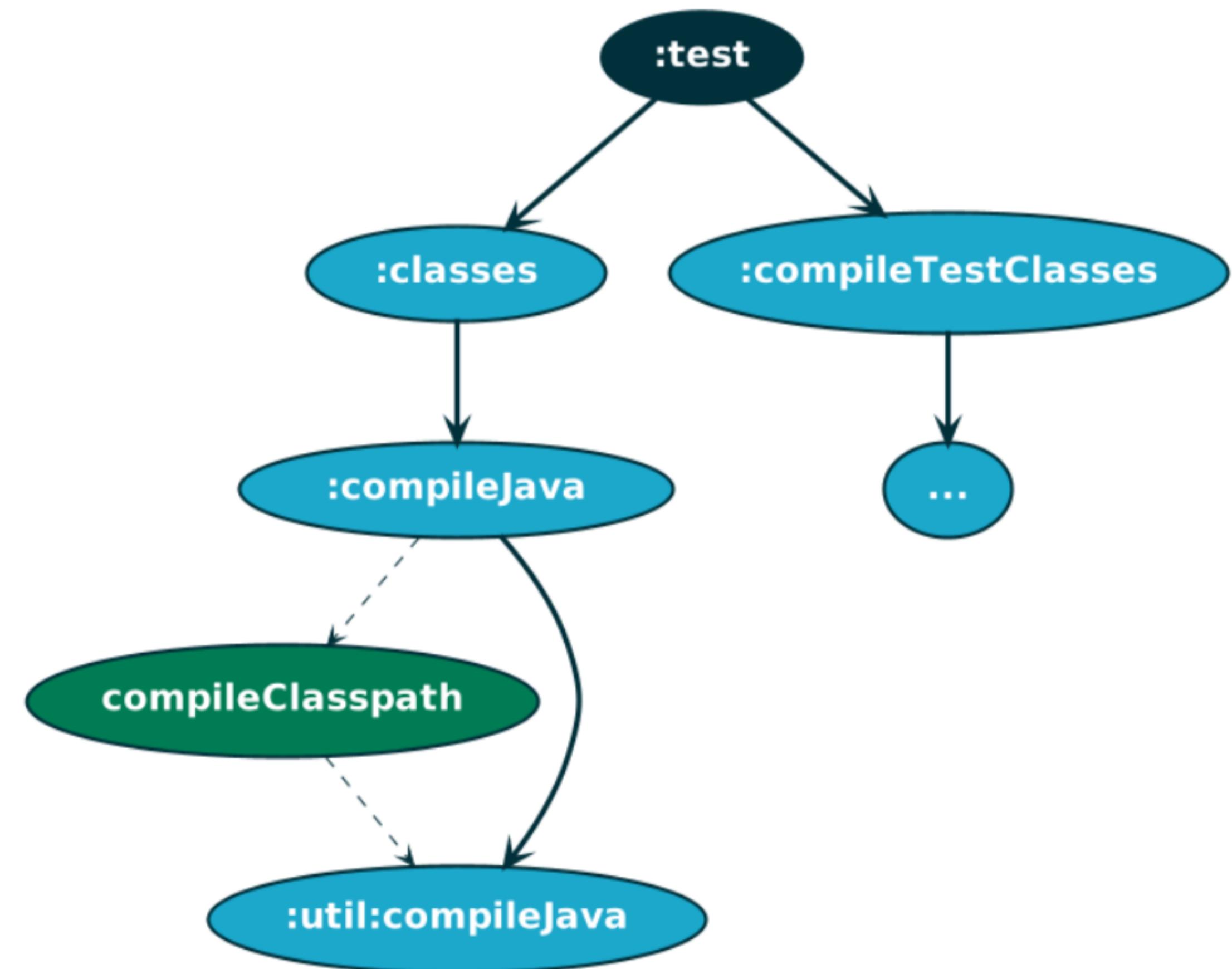
Task dependency resolution

Then connects
that task with its
direct task
dependencies



Task dependency resolution

Includes indirect ones, potentially from a different project



Task execution

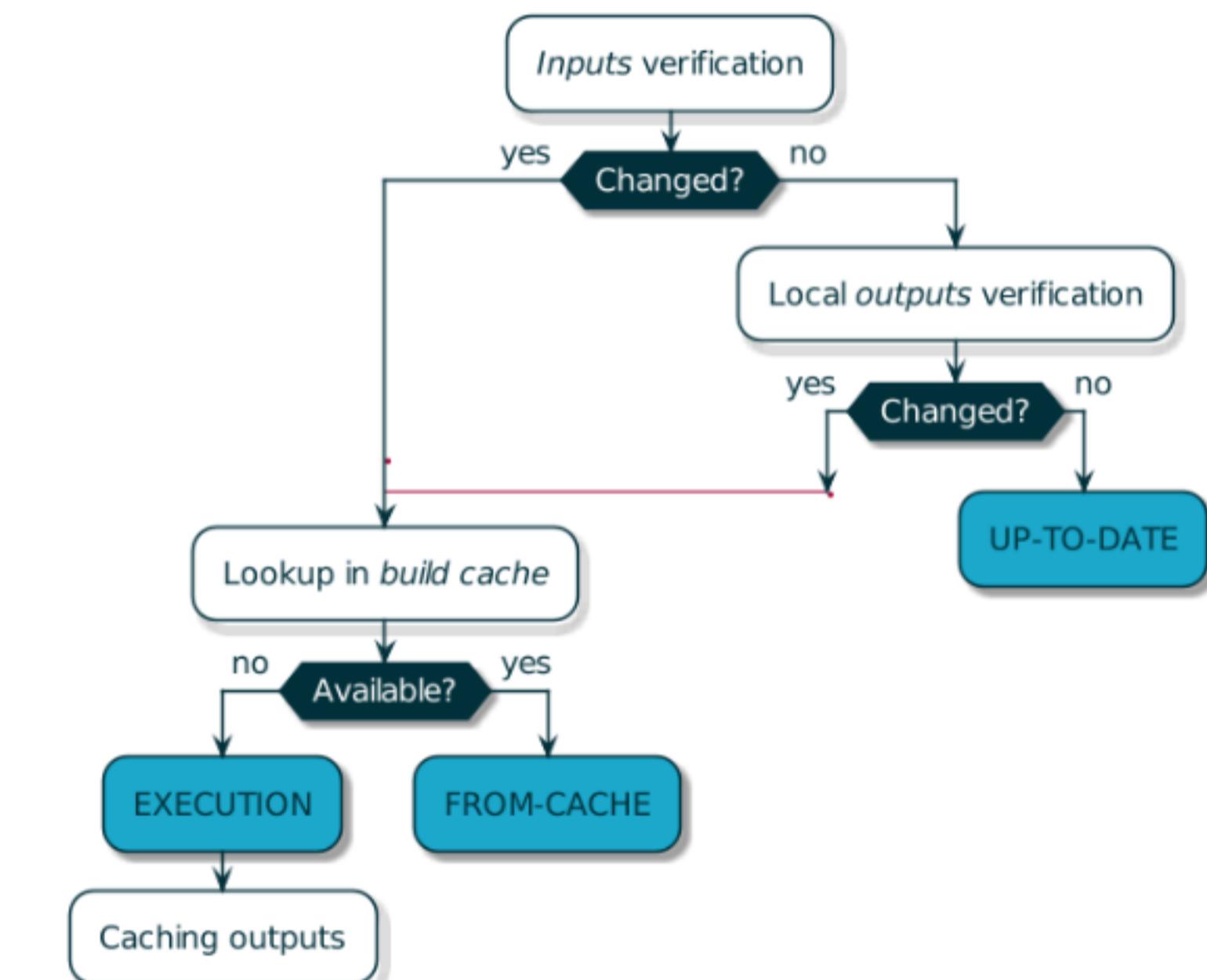
Never do something that was done before

Avoid rework
UP-T0-DATE

Build cache
FROM-CACHE

Do the work
EXECUTION

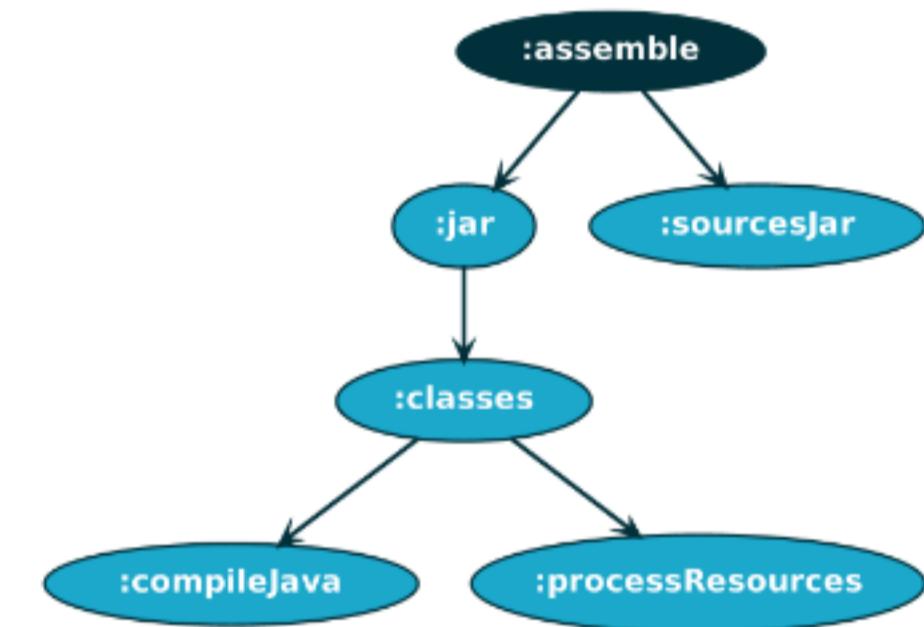
Incremental tasks



Extensible configuration

- Extensible configuration model
- Plugin system
- Dynamic DSL
- Modelling of a build vs. scripting tasks

```
plugins {  
    id("java")  
}  
java {  
    withSourcesJar()  
}
```



build scan

Configuration building blocks

Build

Build logic ensemble

Settings

Build and project hierarchy

Projects

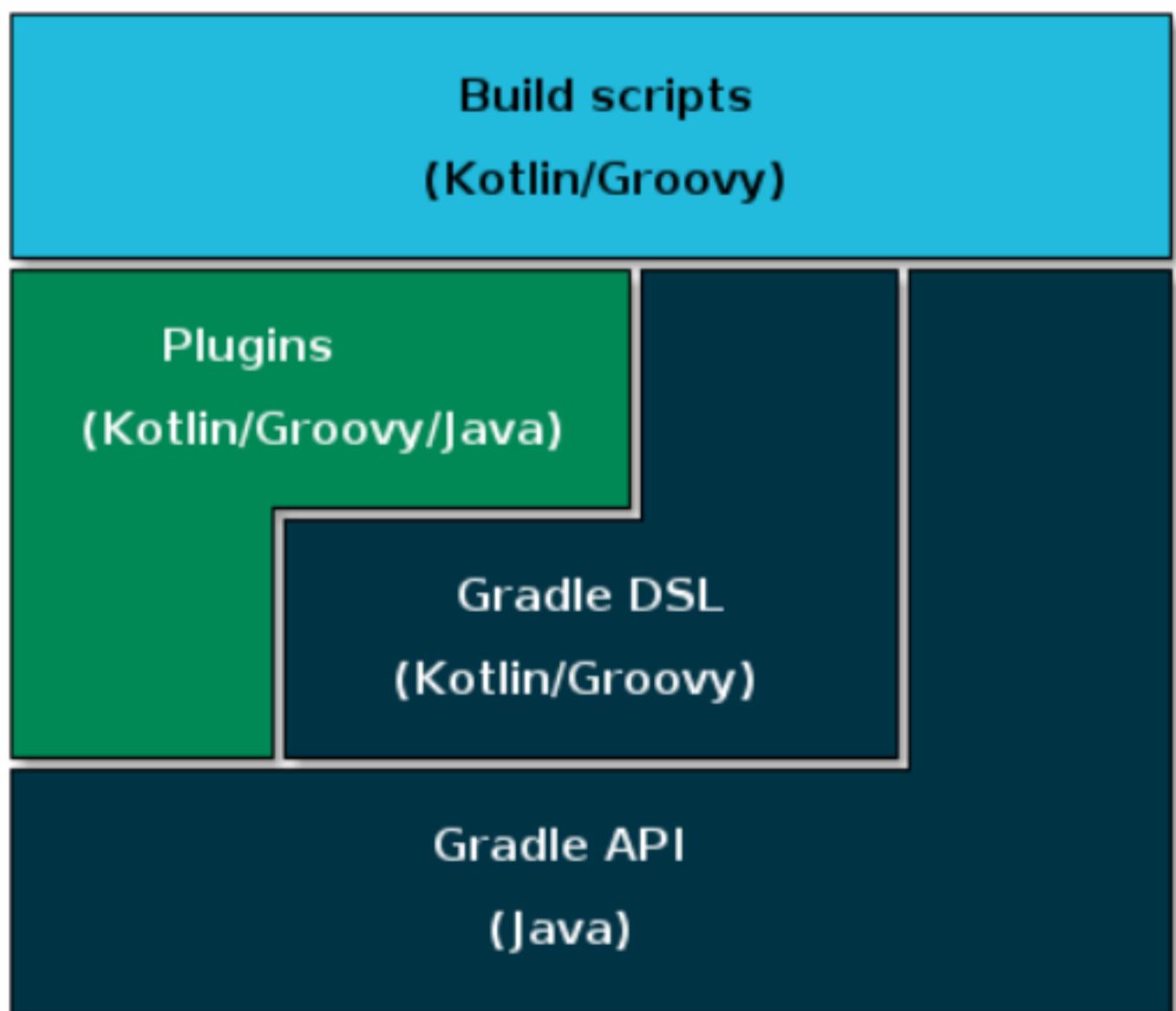
Individual modules

Composite builds

Compose multiple builds together



Implementation languages





Build scripts vs. Plugins

Configuration

Build scripts are declarative

Conventions

Local build plugins implement the build configuration logic

plugins.gradle.org

Build logic can leverage external plugins



Writing plugins

A Gradle plugin is built by a Gradle build



Plugin development plugins for:

- Model Gradle plugin building
- Validate plugins, DSL extensions and tasks
- Simplify integration testing
- Declare plugin metadata
- Publish plugins to plugins.gradle.org

Build script of a plugin in Java

```
plugins {  
    id("java-gradle-plugin")  
}
```

Build script of a plugin in Groovy

```
plugins {  
    id("groovy-gradle-plugin")  
}
```

Build script of a plugin in Kotlin

```
plugins {  
    id("kotlin-dsl")  
}
```



Programming model

Don't call us, we'll call you!
Sugarloaf

Abstract types, instantiated and decorated by
Gradle

Injected Gradle Services

Something.groovy

```
abstract class Something implements GradleApiType {  
  
    abstract Property<String> getSomeProperty()  
  
    @Inject  
    abstract ExecOperations getExecOps()  
  
    @Override  
    def someAction() {  
        execOps.exec {  
            commandLine "git", "status"  
        }  
        println someProperty.get()  
    }  
}
```

build.gradle

```
def some = objects.newInstance(Something)
```

Plugins

Plugin types

- Project
- Settings
- Gradle

Script equivalents

- *project script*
- *settings script*
- *init script*

MyPlugin.java

```
class MyPlugin implements Plugin<Project> {  
    @Override  
    public void apply(Project project) {  
        /* ... Uses the Gradle API ... */  
    }  
}
```



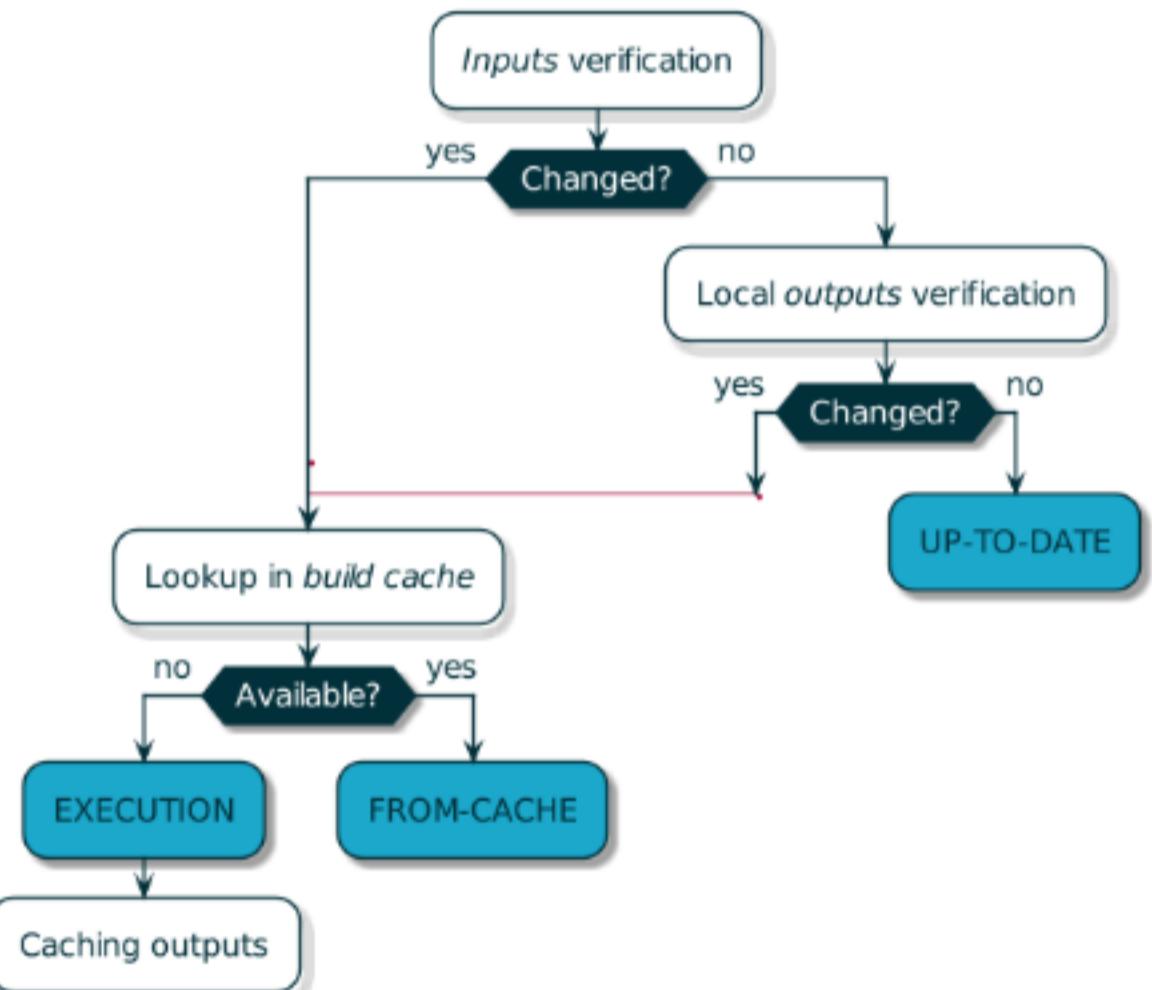
Writing tasks

Tasks are functions

What are the task *inputs*?

What are the task *outputs*?

What happens when input or output change?



Writing tasks

Executed each time

MyTask.kt

```
abstract class MyTask : DefaultTask() {  
  
    abstract val inputs: ConfigurableFileTree  
  
    abstract val output: DirectoryProperty  
  
    @TaskAction  
    fun action() {  
        /* ... */  
    }  
}
```

UP-TO-DATE

MyTask.kt

```
abstract class MyTask : DefaultTask() {  
  
    @get:InputFiles ❶  
    abstract val inputs: ConfigurableFileTree  
  
    @get:OutputDirectory ❷  
    abstract val output: DirectoryProperty  
  
    @TaskAction  
    fun action() {  
        /* ... */  
    }  
}
```

- ❶ Declare this property as an *input*
- ❷ Declare this property as an *output*

Cached tasks

MyTask.kt

```
@CacheableTask ❶
abstract class MyTask : DefaultTask() {

    @get:InputFiles
    @get:PathSensitive(RELATIVE) ❷
    abstract val inputs: ConfigurableFileCollection

    @get:OutputDirectory
    abstract val output: DirectoryProperty

    @TaskAction
    fun action() {
        /* ... */
    }
}
```

❶ Declare task implementation as *cacheable*

❷ Specifies *input* path sensitivity

[doc/build_cache](#)

Writing tasks

Many opt-ins to consider

Gradle helps by validating plugins and tasks

- At runtime → warnings / failures / deprecations
- While developing plugins → `:validatePlugins`

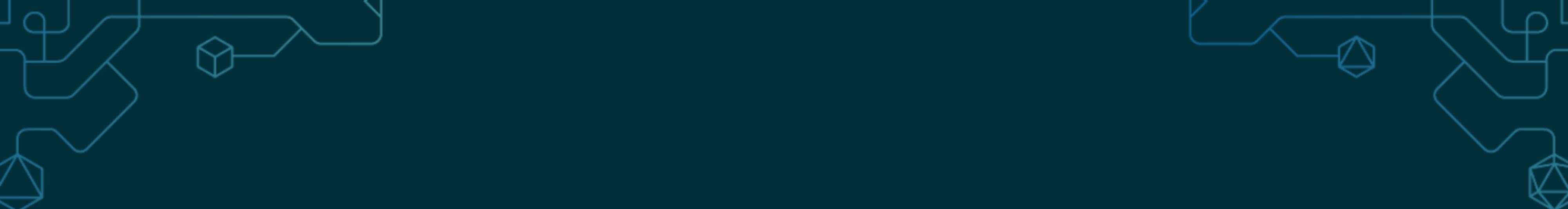
Validation evolves by checking more and more things while preserving compatibility



Gradle is ...

A tool to automate building software

- A dependency resolution engine
- A task execution engine
- An extensible configuration model and DSL
- Plugins!



Kotlin Programming Language

Kotlin is a multi-platform, statically typed, null-safe, general-purpose functional and object oriented programming language with type inference.

Kotlin is...

Multi-Platform != Cross-Platform

- Targets

JVM, Android, JS, WASM, Native (Linux, Windows, Apple via LLVM)

- Interoperable

Java - JavaScript/TypeScript - C

- Kotlin Common

The language, all platforms, expect/actual

- Standard Library

Common, JVM, JS/WASM, Native

- Platform APIs

JVM, JS/WASM, Posix, Windows, Apple etc...

Kotlin is...

Multi-Platform != Cross-Platform

- Ecosystem
CLI, networking, structured concurrency, serialization, GUI etc...
- Share as little as you want
DTOs, Networking, Storage etc...
- Share as much as you want
View Model/Presenter/Controller, UI etc...
- Gradle Plugins!
Dependency management, variants publication/consumption etc...

Kotlin shared UI toolkit

Compose Multiplatform

- Originate from Android

Joint effort between JetBrains and Google

- Reactive UI toolkit

Similar to React or SwiftUI

- Now supports all platforms

JVM on Linux/Windows/Mac

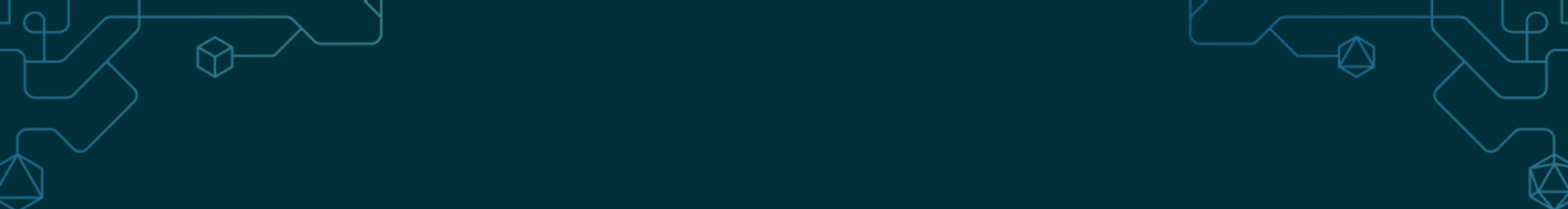
"Native" on Android

Native on iOS

Canvas on WASM in the browser

Kotlin Programming Language

Kotlin is a multi-platform, statically typed, null-safe, general-purpose functional and object oriented programming language with type inference.

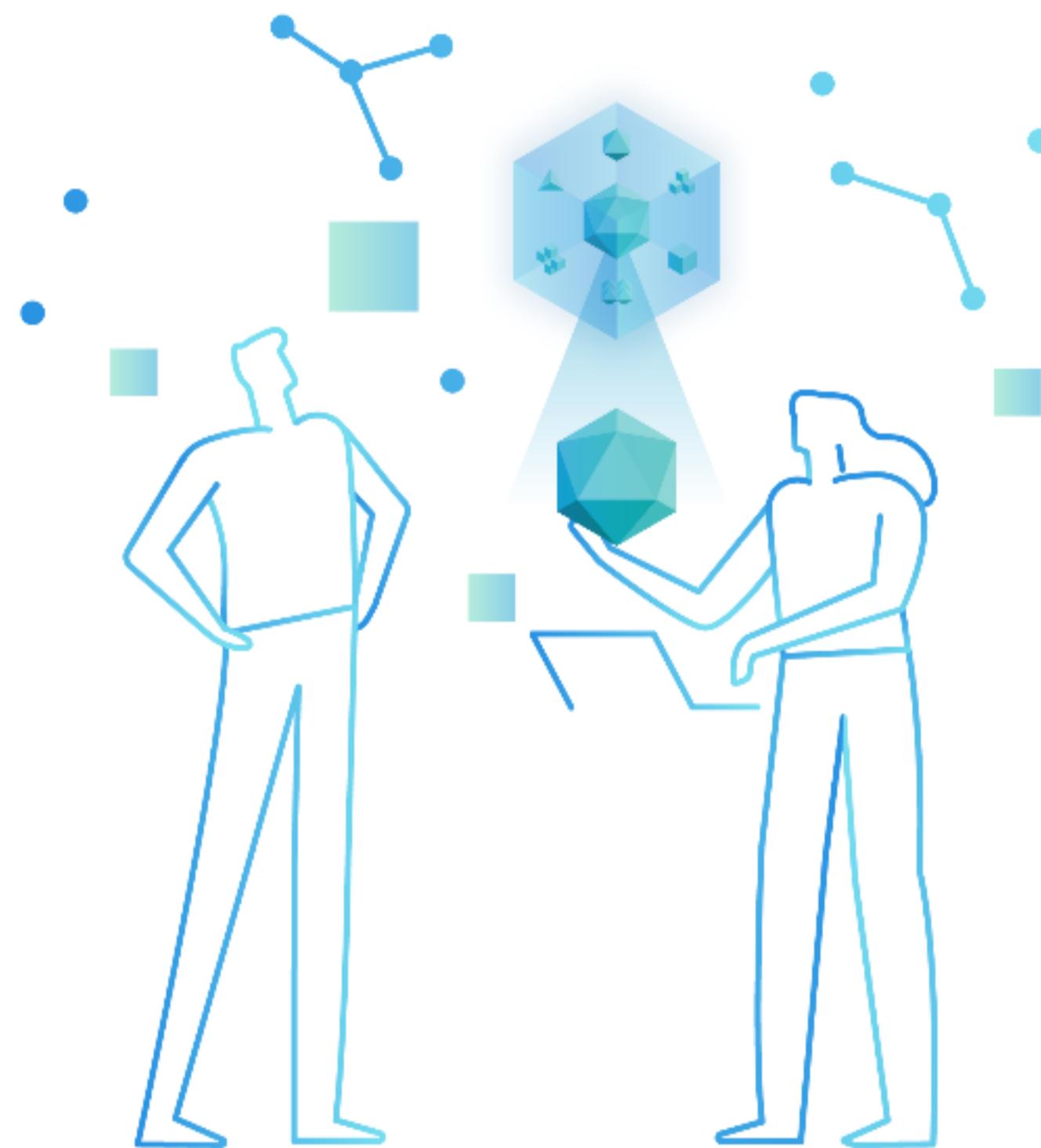


Imaginate

An imaginary image generator

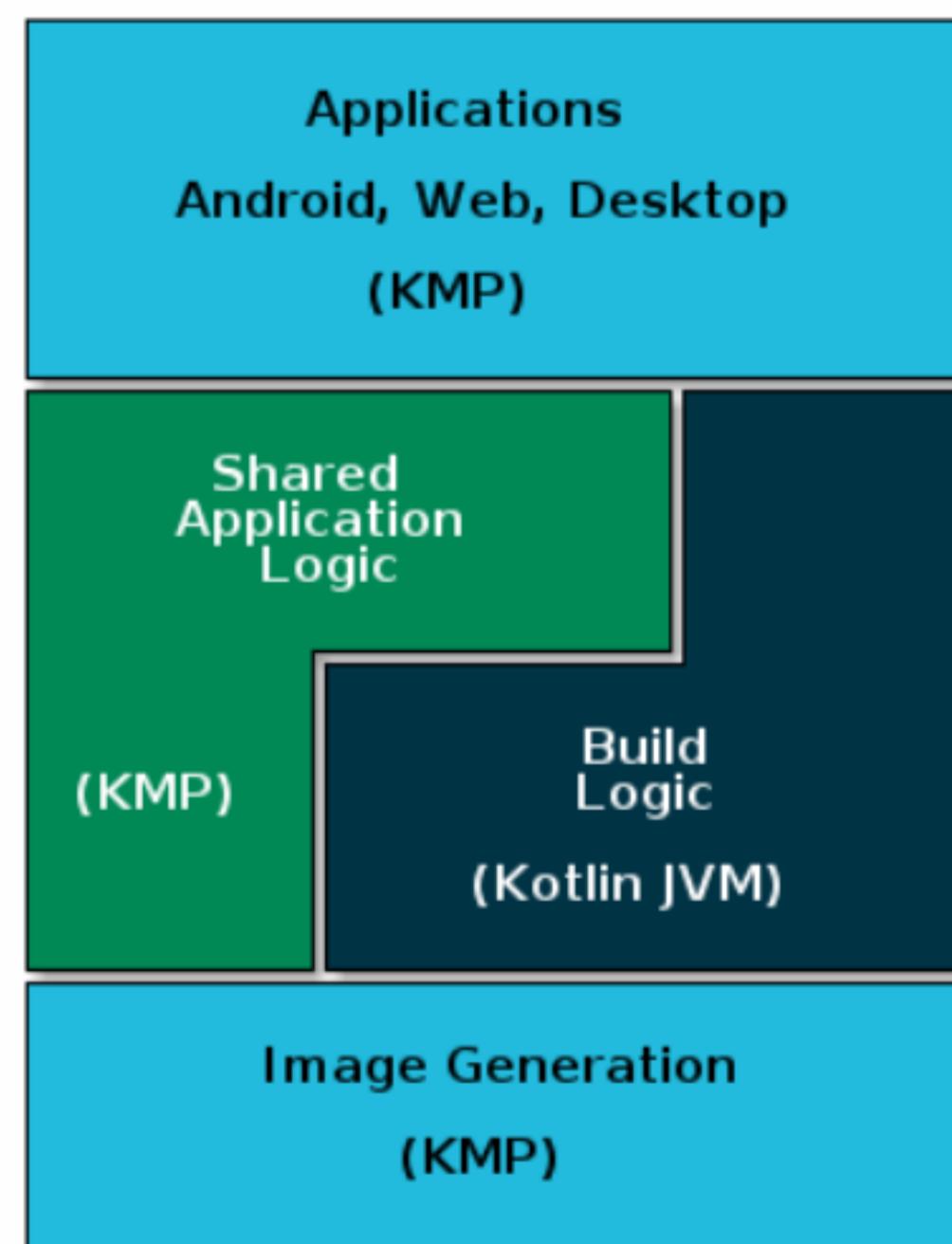
Imagine - Demo

Imaginate - Exploration



[gradle/imaginete#DesktopMain.kt](#)

Imaginate - Overview



Gradle & Kotlin ❤

Build logic

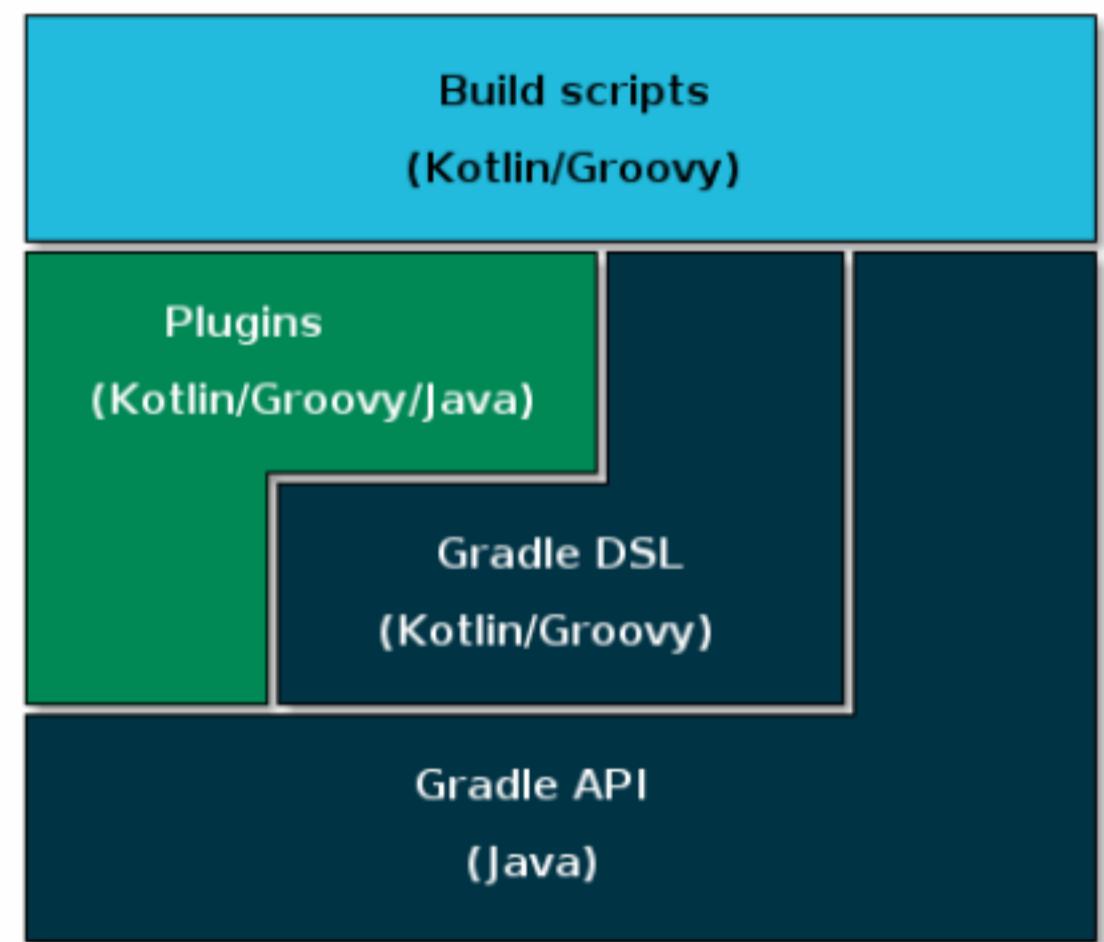


Build logic - Kotlin!



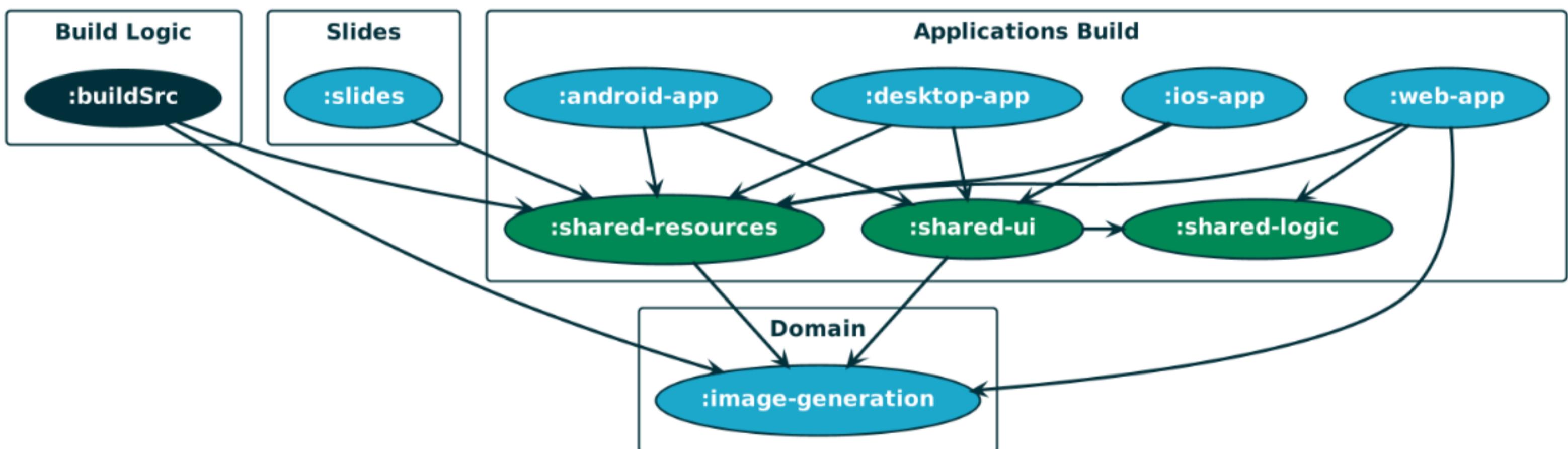
Gradle's Kotlin DSL

- Kotlin DSL on top of Gradle's Java API
- Low ceremony thanks to Kotlin Scripting
- Official Kotlin compiler plugins
- IDE assistance, code navigation etc...



Build logic - Structure

A composite build bringing 4 included builds together.

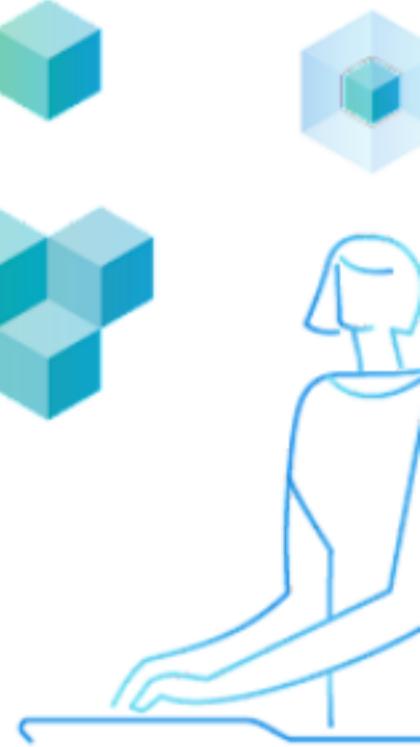


Build logic - Slides

"capital letter K. elephant. pop art."



"elephant in the Kotlin island.
caravaggio."



Build logic - Overview

settings.gradle.kts

```
includeBuild("image-generation")
includeBuild("slides")

include("shared-resources")
include("shared-logic")
include("shared-ui")
include("desktop-app")
include("android-app")
include("ios-app")
include("web-app")

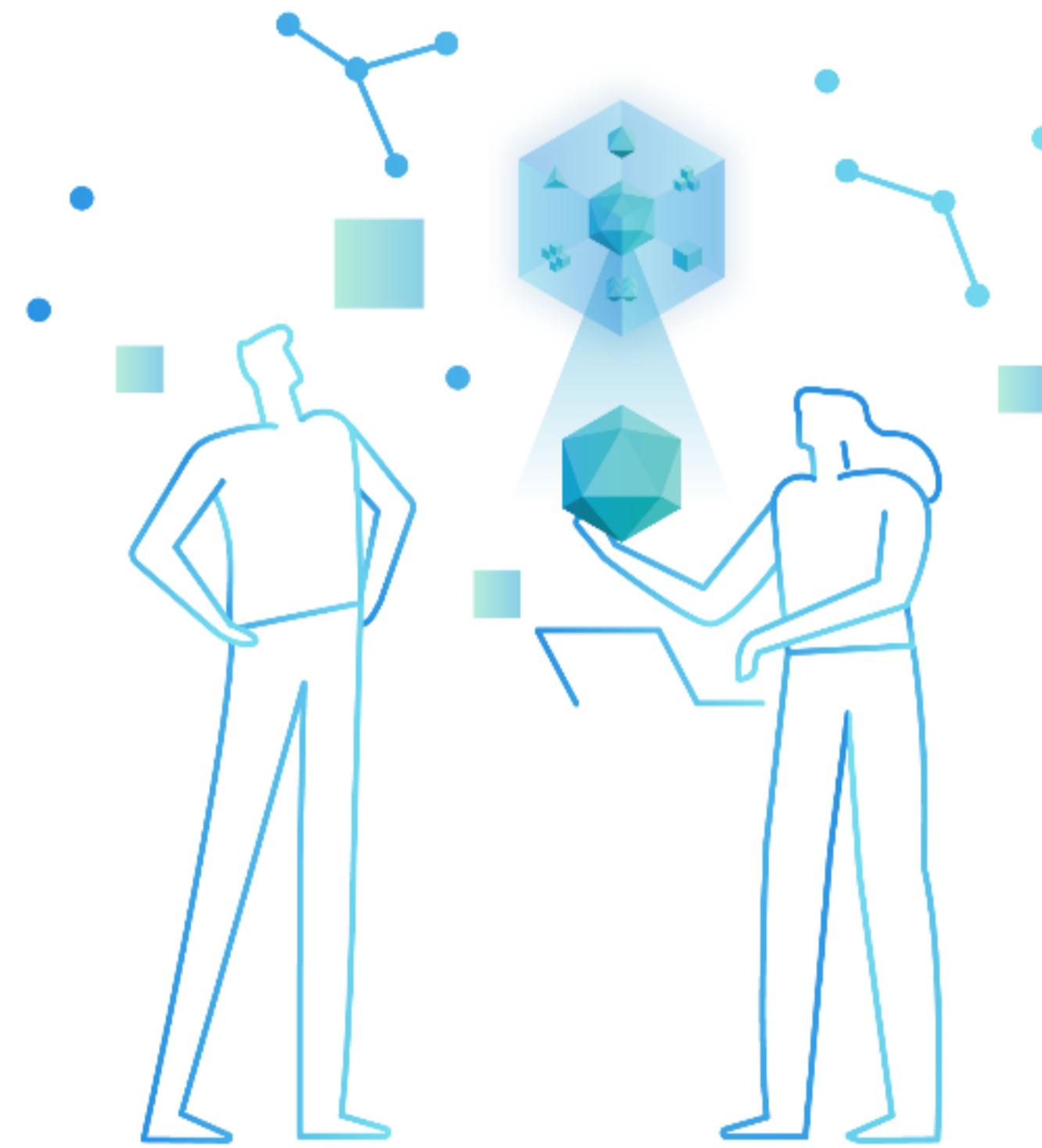
for (project in rootProject.children) {
    project.projectDir = file("applications/${project.name}")
}
```

buildSrc/settings.gradle.kts

```
includeBuild("../image-generation")
```

- ✓  **imagine** ~/src/gradle-related/imagine
 - >  .github
 - ✓  applications
 - >  android-app [imagine.android-app]
 - >  desktop-app [imagine.desktop-app]
 - >  ios-app [imagine.ios-app]
 - >  shared-logic [imagine.shared-logic]
 - >  shared-resources [imagine.shared-resources]
 - >  shared-ui [imagine.shared-ui]
 - >  web-app [imagine.web-app]
 - >  buildSrc
 - >  gradle
 - >  image-generation
 - >  slides
 -  .gitignore
 -  build.gradle.kts
 -  gradle.properties
 -  gradlew
 -  gradlew.bat
 -  LICENSE
 -  local.properties
 -  README.md
 -  settings.gradle.kts

Build logic - Exploration



[gradle/imaginete#ImageGenerator.kt](#)



Build logic - Kotlin DSL

Gradle plugins contribute to a dynamic model

Kotlin DSL provides static accessors

- extensions and tasks
- projects and version catalogs

IDE assistance, code navigation etc...

applications/web-app/build.gradle.kts

```
plugins {
    id("web-app")
}

dependencies {
    // Configuration defined in the
    // `shared-resources-consumer` convention plugin
    sharedBitmaps(projects.sharedResources)
}

kotlin {
    sourceSets {
        // Source set defined in `web-app` convention plugin
        jsMain {
            dependencies {
                // Static project accessor
                implementation(projects.sharedLogic)
                // Static version catalog accessors
                implementation(libs.imaginate.imageGeneration)
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Build logic - Building blocks



Convention plugins

- Put `.gradle.kts` files in `buildSrc/src/main/kotlin`
- Apply them in project build scripts

Helpers

- Put `.kt` files in `buildSrc/src/main/kotlin`
- Prefer internal visibility

Custom DSL

- Use Gradle extensions and containers

Custom Tasks

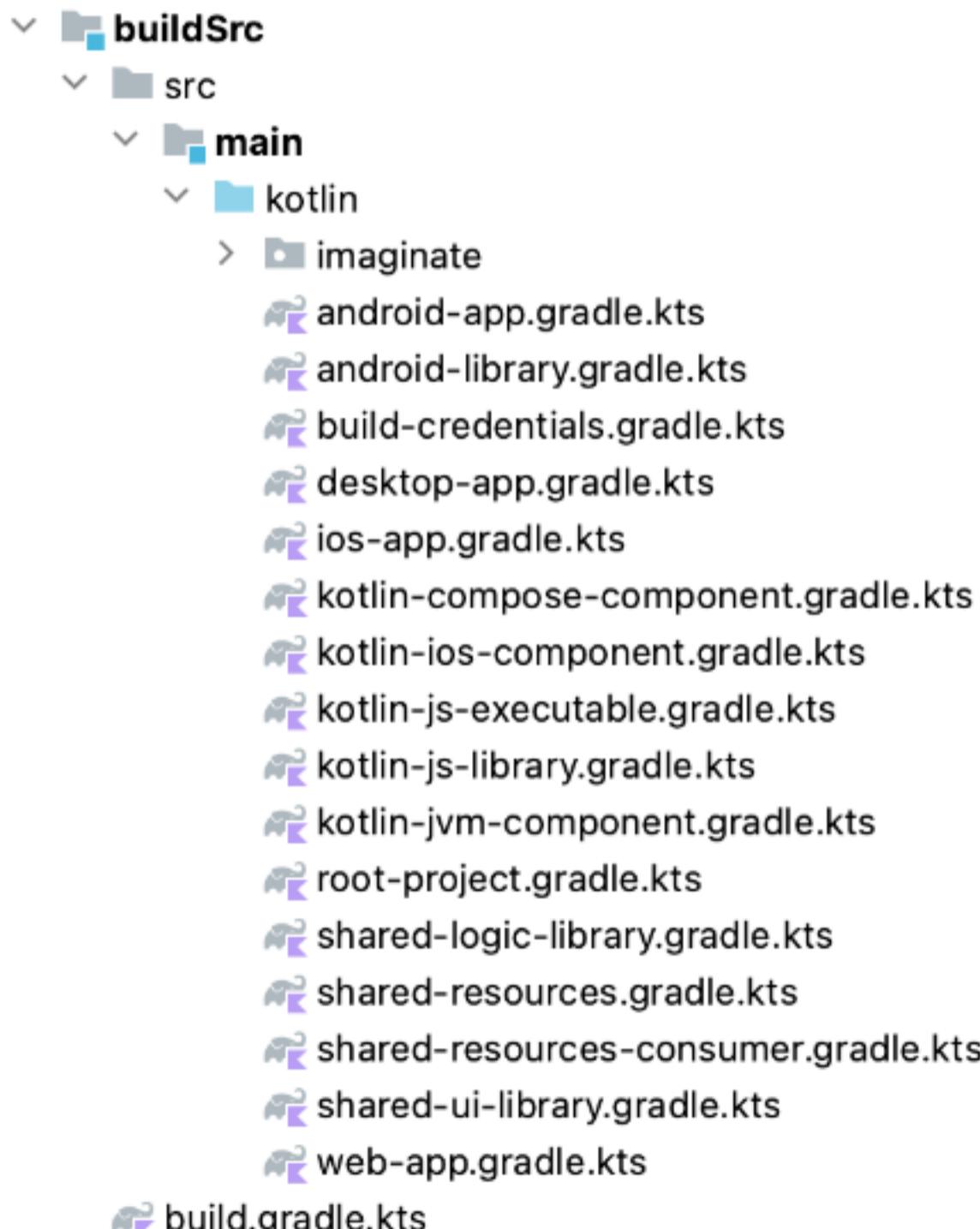
- Use the Worker API for isolation and parallelism



Build logic - buildSrc

Keep imperative logic out of project build scripts.

Expose declarative DSL from convention plugins instead.



```
applications/android-app/build.gradle.kts
```

```
plugins {
    id("android-app")
}

android {
    namespace = "imagine.android"
}

dependencies {
    implementation(projects.sharedLogic)
}
```



Build logic - buildSrc?

buildSrc vs includeBuild for build logic

buildSrc

Everything is made available in the owner build's project scripts.

You can directly use anything.

includeBuild

Nothing is made available by default.

You have to declare dependencies.

Convention plugins

```
plugins {  
    id("my-convention-plugin")  
}
```

From buildSrc

```
dependencies {  
    implementation("my:included-build:latest")  
}
```

Since Gradle 8.0, buildSrc is much more like included builds
docs.gradle.org/8.0/release-notes.html#improvements-for-buildsrc-builds

Build logic - buildSrc first

Start with `buildSrc`,
move to included builds when you need to

- share logic between builds,
- isolate a portion of build logic.

Transition is simple
if you only use convention plugins

Publish your convention plugins for sharing them across repositories



Build logic - Learn more

- Gradle's Kotlin DSL
 - Documentation
 - DSL Reference
- Build organization
 - Structuring individual builds
 - Structuring software products
 - Jendrik's [Understanding Gradle](#) videos
 - Tony's and Cédric's blog posts



What's next?

Usability

- Simpler container DSL
- Kotlin and Kotlin DSL version management
- And more...

Performance

- Script compilation avoidance
- plugins {} block interpreter
- Faster precompiled script plugins build
- K2 - Kotlin Compiler 2.0
- Quicker first-use
- Configuration cache by default for Android
- Project Isolation



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If what we talked about Today is of interest to you, come work with us!



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Thank you!

