

# Knapsack Problem (Dynamic Programming)

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LinkedIn: [Md. Ziaul Karim](#)

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## Problem Statement

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**Note:** This is an exercise from *Chapter 9: Dynamic Programming* of a book named:

[\*Grokking Algorithms: An Illustrated Guide for Programmers and Other Curious People\*](#) by Aditya Y. Bhargava.

Even though the book doesn't provide coding solution for this particular problem, here's my attempt to solve this problem.

**9.2 Suppose you're going camping. You have a knapsack that will hold 6 lb, and you can take the following items. Each has a value, and the higher the value, the more important the item is:**

- Water, 3 lb, 10
- Book, 1 lb, 3
- Food, 2 lb, 9
- Jacket, 2 lb, 5
- Camera, 1 lb, 6

What's the optimal set of items to take on your camping trip?

## Solution 1: Two Part Solution(dynamic programming w/ backtracking)

The code initializes a 2D array `dp` to store intermediate results. It iterates through each item and weight capacity combination, considering whether it is better to include the current item or not. The result is stored in the `dp` array.

After computing the dynamic programming table, the code backtracks to find the selected items that contribute to the maximum total value, considering the weight constraint.

### Code

```
class DynamicProgramming:
    def camping_with_knapsack(self, items, total_capacity, number_of_items):
        dp = [[0]*(total_capacity+1) for _ in range(number_of_items+1)]

        # going through each cell of the table
        for row in range(1, number_of_items+1):
            for col in range(1, total_capacity+1):
                if items[row-1]['weight'] <= col:
                    dp[row][col] = max(dp[row-1][col], dp[row-1][col-items[row-1]['weight']] + items[row-1]
['value'])
                else:
                    dp[row][col] = dp[row-1][col]

        #bottom right corner of the table represents total_value
        total_value = dp[row][col]

        #backtracking to see which items were chosen
        row, col = number_of_items, total_capacity
        selected_items = []

        while 0 < row and 0 < col:
            if dp[row][col] != dp[row-1][col]:
                selected_items.append(items[row-1]) #item selected
                col -= items[row-1]['weight'] # represents remaining capacity
                row -= 1 # once an item has been selected, we go up a row
        return total_value, selected_items

if __name__ == '__main__':
    items = [
        { 'name': 'Water', 'weight': 3, 'value': 10 },
        { 'name': 'Book', 'weight': 1, 'value': 3 },
        { 'name': 'Food', 'weight': 2, 'value': 9},
        { 'name': 'Jacket', 'weight': 2, 'value': 5},
        { 'name': 'Camera', 'weight': 1, 'value': 6}
    ]
    total_capacity = 6
    number_of_items = len(items)
    dp = DynamicProgramming()
    total_value, result = dp.camping_with_knapsack(items, total_capacity, number_of_items)

    print("Optimal Set of items to take:\n")
    for item in result:
        print(f"{item['name'].title()} - Weighs: {item['weight']} lbs, Value: ${item['value']}")

    print(f"Total Value: ${total_value}")
```

## Output

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```
# creates
dp = [
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
]

# after being populated
dp=[
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 0, 10, 10, 10, 10],
    [0, 3, 3, 10, 13, 13, 13],
    [0, 3, 9, 12, 13, 19, 22],
    [0, 3, 9, 12, 14, 19, 22],
    [0, 6, 9, 15, 18, 20, 25]
]

#returns
25, [
    {'name': 'camera', 'weight': 1, 'value': 6},
    {'name': 'food', 'weight': 2, 'value': 9},
    {'name': 'water', 'weight': 3, 'value': 10}]

# prints out
Optimal Set of items to take:

Camera - Weighs: 1 lbs, Value: $6
Food - Weighs: 2 lbs, Value: $9
Water - Weighs: 3 lbs, Value: $10
Total Value: $25
```

## Solution 2: The lazy Solution

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In this solution, our primary focus is on the selected items and their cumulative value. To optimize the process, we modify the data structure by assuming that each cell contains a pair in the form of `(value: int, item: str)`. This adjustment eliminates the need for an additional step of backtracking through the table to identify the selected items, streamlining the overall process.

### Code

---

```
class DynamicProgramming:
    def camping_with_knapsack(self, items, total_capacity, number_of_items):
        dp = [[(0, '')]*(total_capacity+1) for _ in range(number_of_items+1)]
        for row in range(1, number_of_items+1):
            for col in range(1, total_capacity+1):
                if items[row-1]['weight'] <= col:
                    candidate1 = dp[row-1][col]
                    candidate2 = (dp[row-1][col-items[row-1]['weight']][0]+items[row-1]['value'], (dp[row-1][col-items[row-1]['weight']][1]+", "+items[row-1]['name']).strip(',')) # (total_value, items_taken)
                    dp[row][col]=max(candidate1,candidate2)
                else:
                    dp[row][col] = dp[row-1][col]
        return dp

if __name__ == '__main__':
    items = [
        { 'name': 'Water', 'weight': 3, 'value': 10 },
        { 'name': 'Book', 'weight': 1, 'value': 3 },
        { 'name': 'Food', 'weight': 2, 'value': 9},
        { 'name': 'Jacket', 'weight': 2, 'value': 5},
        { 'name': 'Camera', 'weight': 1, 'value': 6}
    ]
    total_capacity = 6
    number_of_items = len(items)
    dp = DynamicProgramming()
    result = dp.camping_with_knapsack(items, total_capacity, number_of_items)
    total_value, items = result[number_of_items][total_capacity]
    print("Optimal set of items to take: ",items)
    print(f"Total value: ${total_value}")
```

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## Output

```
#the cells in the matrix contain value, item(s) pair
dp=[
    [(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')],
    [(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')],
    [(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')],
    [(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')],
    [(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')],
    [(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')]
]

# after populating the matrix we get
dp =
[(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ')]
[(0, ''), (0, ''), (0, ''), (10, ' Water'), (10, 'Water'), (10, 'Water'), (10, 'Water')]
[(0, ''), (3, ' Book'), (3, 'Book'), (10, 'Water'), (13, 'Water,Book'), (13, 'Water,Book'), (13, ' Water,Book')]
[(0, ''), (3, 'Book'), (9, 'Food'), (12, 'Book,Food'), (13, 'Water,Book'), (19, ' Water,Food'), (22, 'Water,Book,Food')]
[(0, ''), (3, 'Book'), (9, 'Food'), (12, 'Book,Food'), (14, 'Food,Jacket'), (19, ' Water,Food'), (22, 'Water,Book,Food')]
[(0, ''), (6, 'Camera'), (9, 'Food'), (15, 'Food,Camera'), (18, 'Book,Food,Camera'), (20, 'Food,Jacket,Camera'),
(25, 'Water,Food,Camera')]
#returns the populated table

#prints out
Optimal set of items to take:  Water, Food, Camera
Total value: $25
```