

Prof. João Dias Pereira

$\begin{array}{c} Vos \\ \text{Project Report} \end{array}$

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1 Method-Scope Tests

1.1 assignPhoneNumber

Assigns a free phone number to a client of *Vos* if all conditions are met. If at least one does not hold, then this method does not change anything, throwing an InvalidOperationException.

1.1.1 Test Pattern – Category-Partition Test

1.1.2 Functions

- Primary function
 - Assign free phone number to a client without a number
- Secondary functions
 - Throw InvalidOperationException if conditions aren't met
 - * Invalid nif (nif $\notin [10^8, 10^9]$)
 - $\ast\,$ A Vos client with the given nif doesn't exist
 - * Invalid phone number (number $\notin [10^8, 10^9])$
 - $\ast\,$ It isn't a Vos number
 - * Phone number already assigned
 - * Client can't be assigned any more numbers

1.1.3 Input/Output Parameters

- Input
 - clientNif The nif of the client to assign a number to
 - phoneNumber The phone number to be assigned
 - clients The set of Vos clients managed by ClientManager
- Output
 - client The updated client, if a number was assigned successfully

1.1.4 Categories & Choices

Parameter	Category	Choices
clientNif	Vos client (w/ #numbers	$\#numbers \in [1, 5[$
	phone numbers)	#numbers = 5 (MAX)
	Not a Vos client	$\texttt{clientNif} \in [10^8, 10^9[$
	Invalid nif	clientNif $\notin [10^8, 10^9[$
phoneNumber	Vos phone number	Free (Unassigned)
		Not free (Assigned)
	Not a Vos number	phoneNumber $\in [10^8, 10^9[$
	Invalid number	$\texttt{phoneNumber} \notin [10^8, 10^9[$
clients	n-elements	n = 0 (Empty)
		$n \in [1, \text{MAX}] \text{ (Not empty)}$

1.1.5 Constraints

- Empty clients list precludes the assignment of a phoneNumber to a client (which, since the list is empty, mustn't exist)
- Assigning an invalid **phoneNumber**, one that doesn't belong to *Vos* or one that is already assigned is the same for any kind of client

1.1.6 Test Cases

		Choices	Exped	cted Result	
\mathbf{TC}	clientNif	phoneNumber	clients	Exception	client
1	$\#numbers \in [1, 5[$	Free	$n \in [1, MAX]$	NO	$\#numbers \in]1,5]$
2	$\#numbers \in [1, 5[$	Not free	$n \in [1, MAX]$	YES	
3	$\#numbers \in [1, 5[$	$\in [10^8, 10^9[$	$n \in [1, MAX]$	YES	
4	$\#numbers \in [1, 5[$	$\notin [10^8, 10^9[$	$n \in [1, MAX]$	YES	_
5	#numbers = 5	Free	$n \in [1, MAX]$	YES	_
6	$\in [10^8, 10^9[$	Free	$n \in [1, MAX]$	YES	_
7	$\notin [10^8, 10^9[$	Free	$n \in [1, MAX]$	YES	

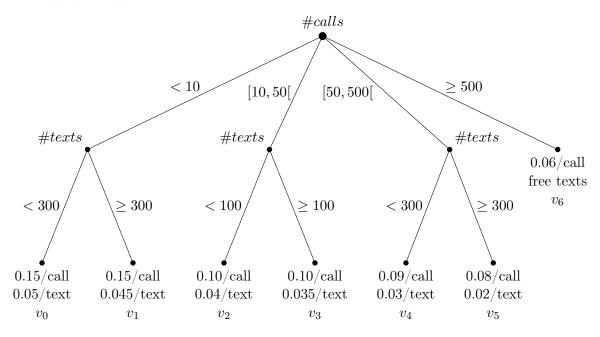
Table 1: Set of reduced test cases after constraints are applied

1.2 computeBill method

The responsibility of computeBill method is to determine the value to pay for a client taking into account all communications made by the client through all of his registered mobile phones

1.2.1 Test Pattern – Combinational Function Test

1.2.2 Decision Tree



1.2.3 Domain Matrices

v_0				Test	Cases	}
Variable	Condition	Type		1		2
#calls	< 10	ON	10			
		OFF		9		
	Typical	IN			8	7
#texts	< 300	ON			300	
		OFF				299
	Typical	IN	147	204		
Expected Result				11.55	v_1	16.00

Table 2: v_0 domain matrix

v_1				Test	Cases	
Variable	Condition	Type	_	3	4	_
#calls	< 10	ON	10			
		OFF		9		
	Typical	IN			6	5
#texts	≥ 300	ON			300	
		OFF				299
	Typical	IN	320	400		
Expected Result				19.35	14.40	v_0

Table 3: v_1 domain matrix

	v_2				Test	Case	s	
Variable	Condition	Type	5			6		7
#calls	≥ 10	ON	10					
		OFF		9				
	< 50	ON			50			
		OFF				49		
	Typical	IN					22	35
#texts	< 100	ON					100	
		OFF						99
	Typical	IN	48	20	33	15		
Exp	ected Resul	t	2.92	v_0	v_4	5.50	v_3	7.46

Table 4: v_2 domain matrix

	v_3				Test	Cases		
Variable	Condition	Type	8			9	10	_
#calls	≥ 10	ON	10					
		OFF		9				
	< 50	ON			50			
		OFF				49		
	Typical	IN					12	44
#texts	≥ 100	ON					100	
		OFF						99
	Typical	IN	148	220	333	414		
Exp	ected Resul	t	6.18	v_0	v_5	15.49	4.70	v_2

Table 5: v_3 domain matrix

	v_4				Test	Cases		
Variable	Condition	Type	11	_		12	_	13
#calls	≥ 50	ON	50					
		OFF		49				
	< 500	ON			500			
		OFF				499		
	Typical	IN					142	51
#texts	< 300	ON					300	
		OFF						299
	Typical	IN	240	189	98	10		
Exp	ected Resul	t	11.70	v_3	v_6	45.21	v_5	13.56

Table 6: v_4 domain matrix

			Test	Cases				
Variable	Condition	Type	14			15	16	
#calls	≥ 50	ON	50					
		OFF		49				
	< 500	ON			500			
		OFF				499		
	Typical	IN					200	60
#texts	≥ 300	ON					300	
		OFF						299
	Typical	IN	314	500	616	404		
Exp	ected Resul	t	10.28	v_3	v_6	48.00	22.00	v_4

Table 7: v_5 domain matrix

	v_6					
Variable	Condition	Type	17	_		
#calls	≥ 500	ON	500			
		OFF		499		
Exp	Expected Result					

Table 8: v_6 domain matrix

2 Class-Scope Tests

2.1 Client class

Each client of *Vos* has a name (with a minimal length of 5) and by its social security number (designated as nif). This number is a unique identifier in *Vos*. A client can have several phone numbers managed by *Vos* (between 1 and 5). Each client can associate a mobile phone to each of his assigned phone numbers.

Each client can register in the system a given amount of phone number of *friends*. The maximum number of phone number a client can register is equal to three times the number of phone numbers plus five.

2.1.1 Test Pattern – Non-Modal Class Test

2.1.2 Class Invariant

Clien	t variables
Variable	Type
name	String
nif	int
numbers	List <integer></integer>
friends	List <integer></integer>

Table 9: Client class' variables and their respective types

Domain restrictions

- name.length() ≥ 5
- $\bullet \ \mathrm{nif} \in [10^8, 10^9[$
- numbers.size() $\in [1,5]$
- friends.size() $\leq 3 \times \text{numbers.size}() + 5$

The logical conjunction of all of these restrictions makes up the Class Invariant $\,$

2.1.3 On and Off points

Boundary	ON	OFF
$name.length() \ge 5$	5	4
$\mathtt{nif} \geq 10^8$	10^{8}	$10^8 - 1$
$nif < 10^9$	10^{9}	$10^9 - 1$
$numbers.size() \ge 1$	1	0
numbers.size() < 5	5	4
friends.size() $\leq 3n^1 + 5$	3n+5	3n + 6

Table 10: On and Off points for the Client class' invariant boundaries

¹numbers.size()

2.1.4 Domain Matrix

nif numbers.size() name.length() friends.size() Variable Typical Expected Result Boundary ا\ ص $\leq 3n + 5$ |\ |- \wedge Typical $< 10^{9}$ Condition Typical Typical \mathbf{Type} OFFON OFFOFF OFF OFF0N ON ON ON ON Ħ \square $10^8 + 1$ 人 () ೮ $10^8 + 2$ |z| \sim $\frac{10^8}{10^8}$ 시2 ಬ $10^8 - 1$ 4 ~1 10^{9} 4 2 ರಾ 2 ∞ $10^9 - 1$ 닉띠 9 6 Test Cases $10^8 + 3$ 10 시 6 $10^8 + 4$ $Z | \gamma |$ ∞ $10^8 + 5$ 12 $|\infty|$ ರಾ 9 $10^8 + 6$ <u>ا</u> 9 13 10 $10^8 + 7$ 14 11 17 $10^8 + 8$ Z 15 15 ಬ 12

Table 11: Client class test cases

2.2 Mobile class