



96

100

100

Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.7 s

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Largest Contentful Paint

1.7 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

Speed Index

1.7 s

View Treemap

View Original Trace

















Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity **Estimated Savings**

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.69s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	10.5 KiB	760 ms
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.4 KiB	150 ms
css/style.css (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	2.0 KiB	170 ms

Reduce unused JavaScript

0.30s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	36.4 KiB	29.2 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.4 KiB	21.8 KiB

Reduce unused CSS 0.15s ^ Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.4 KiB	16.2 KiB
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	10.5 KiB	10.4 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Does not use passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Source

materialize.min.js:6

materialize.min.js:6

materialize.min.js:6

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason	Failure type
Back/forward cache is disabled by flags. Visit chrome://flags/#back-forward-cache to enable it locally on this device.	Not actionable
/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 296.131 ms

Initial Navigation

/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)

- ...css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)
 - ...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 153.972 ms, 79.12 KiB
- ...css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 64.271 ms, 17.36 KiB
- ...css/style.css (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) 49.606 ms, 2.00 KiB

/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 138.412 ms, 30.40 KiB

- ...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 56.61 ms, 36.42 KiB
- ...js/script.js (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) 49.234 ms, 2.24 KiB
- Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small 8 requests 183 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	8.0	182.9 KiB
Font	1.0	79.1 KiB
Script	3.0	69.1 KiB
Stylesheet	3.0	29.8 KiB
Document	1.0	4.8 KiB
Image	0.0	0.0 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Other	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	8.0	182.9 KiB

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn		
LCP	more about the Largest Contentful	Paint element
Element		
h3.center-align		
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 1 long task found Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst comain-thread tasks (TBT)	ontributors to input delay. <u>Learn ho</u>	w to avoid long
URL	Start Time	Duration
/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	767 ms	52 ms
re information about the performance of your application. These numbers SSED AUDITS (31)	don't directly affect the Performan	
		Ыi
Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and important to the save cellular data.	rove load time. <u>Learn how to size i</u>	Hi
Properly size images	rove load time. <u>Learn how to size i</u>	^
Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and important to the same content of the		mages.
Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and imple Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical reso		mages.
Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and imple Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical reso interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images.	urces have finished loading to lowe	mages.

Efficiently encode images		^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode	<u>e images</u> .	
Serve images in next-gen formats		^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u> .	ch means faster o	downloads
Enable text compression — Potential savings of 3 KiB		^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize to more about text compression. FCP LCP	total network byte	es. <u>Learn</u>
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	4.6 KiB	3.1 KiB
Preconnect to required origins		^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections <u>Learn how to preconnect to required origins</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	to important third	l-party origins.
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 50 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depending to First Byte metric. FCP (LCP)	nd on it. <u>Learn mo</u>	ore about the
URL		Time Spent
/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)		50 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects		^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page	e redirects. FCP	LCP

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn how to minify JavaScript</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

Preload key requests Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn how to preload key requests. FCP [LCP] Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT) **URL Potential Savings** ...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 0.0 KiB @babel/plugin-transform-classes materialize.min.js:6 Preload Largest Contentful Paint image If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. Learn more about preloading LCP elements. [LCP] Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 184 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn how to reduce payload sizes. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	79.1 KiB
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	36.4 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.4 KiB
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.4 KiB
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	10.5 KiB
/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	4.8 KiB
js/script.js (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	2.2 KiB
css/style.css (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	2.0 KiB
img/favicon.ico (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	0.7 KiB

Uses efficient cache policy on static assets $\,$ — 0 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 52 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element		Value
Total DOM Elements			52
Maximum DOM Depth		i.fas.fa-user-plus.prefix.teal- text.text-darken-4	8
Maximum Child Elements	bod	ly	8

Statistic	Element	Value

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	270 ms	26 ms	0 ms
/register (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	157 ms	12 ms	6 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	65 ms	49 ms	8 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.6 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	325 ms
Script Evaluation	130 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	41 ms
Style & Layout	37 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	29 ms

Category	Time Spent
Garbage Collection	26 ms
Rendering	6 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. (FCP) (LCP)

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Cloudflare CDN	143 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	79 KiB	0 ms
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	36 KiB	0 ms
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17 KiB	0 ms
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	10 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN	30 KiB	0 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading</u>. [LCP]

Avoid large layout shifts

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> (CLS)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

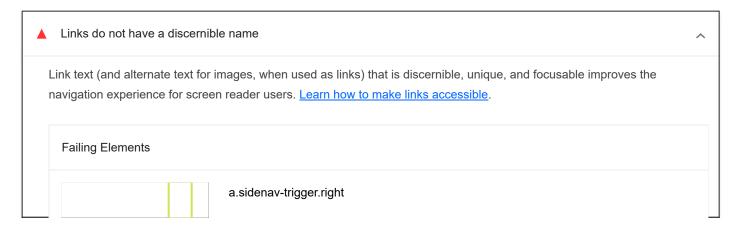
A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. (TBT)

96

Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS



	Failing Elements	
	e are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for use tive technology, like a screen reader.	ers of
ADD	ITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
0	The page has a logical tab order	^
1	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
0	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
1	Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls</u> focusable.	
0	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
1	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
0	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
1	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	
0	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
,	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focus tra</u>	<u>ps</u> .
0	Custom controls have associated labels	^
1	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom</u> controls and labels.	
0	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .
O Visual order on the page follows DOM order
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about landmark elements</u>.</nav></main>
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review. PASSED AUDITS (12)
-AGSED AUDITS (12)
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body</u>.</body>
Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.
Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about form element labels</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items (<1i>) are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order.

NOT APPLICABLE (31) Hide

	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.	2
O [aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Lear how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	<u>n</u>
O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	
O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.	Э
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.	<u>,</u>
	·
for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	^
for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels. O ARIA meter elements have accessible names When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it	^
for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name meter elements.	^
for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name meter elements. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements.	^

 Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. 	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more abroles and required children elements</u> .	<u>oout</u>
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ns.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.	<u>\</u>
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	ble
 ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names 	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements.	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	it
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about valid val</u> <u>for ARIA attributes</u> .	<u>ues</u>
	ues ^
for ARIA attributes.	^
for ARIA attributes. O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA	^

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about bypass blocks.
When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</u>
Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</d1>
Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</dl></dd></dt>
[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique
All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ids.
 No form fields have multiple labels
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.
<frame/> Or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u> .
Image elements have [alt] attributes
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.
<pre></pre>
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .

O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convened meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	/ey
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute.	
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only re to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	efer
	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.	
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>n</u>
<pre> <video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"] </video></pre>	^
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more ab video captions</u> .	oout



Best Practices

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS

Description

Directive

Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode

High

GENERAL

Uses HTTPS

0	Detected JavaScript libraries	^
	All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn n</u>	nore about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.
	Name	Version
	jQuery	3.5.1

PASSED AUDITS (13)

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u>.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a cmetax tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools A success of the success panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.	about user-friendly input fields.	
Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Property defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a «meta» tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners Avoids unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Frors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Displays images with correct aspect ratio	
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Frors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more about image aspect ratio</u> .	
Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners A The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Avoids deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console A Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools A Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Serves images with appropriate resolution	
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners A the unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs A beprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta-about a="" and="" audit.="" browser="" can="" chrome="" come="" concerns.="" console="" controls,="" devtools="" diagnostic="" event="" failures,="" for="" from="" in="" indicate="" insufficient="" issues="" listeners="" logged="" lssues="" more<="" network="" no="" open="" other="" panel="" problems.="" request="" security="" td="" the="" they="" to="" unload="" unresolved="" up=""><td></td><td></td></meta-about>		
Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners A the unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console A Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Page has the HTML doctype	
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners A The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs A Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console A Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools A Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype declaration</u> .	
Avoids unload event listeners The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Avoids deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Properly defines charset	
The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more		
Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more		
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	Avoids unload event listeners	
No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache.	
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners	
Concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs	
Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.	
failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more	The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser	
	The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit	

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on

Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> Structured Data.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (11) Hide

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. (TBT)

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

Document has a meta description	^
Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u> .	
Page has successful HTTP status code	^
Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more about HTTP status codes</u> .	
Links have descriptive text	^
Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u> .	
Links are crawlable	^
Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements link to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable	ks
Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn mode about crawler directives</u> .	<u>re</u>
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang.</u>	
Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text	^

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text $\ge 12px$. Learn more about legible font sizes.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plug	ins			^
Search engines can't ind avoiding plugins.	ex plugin content,	and many devices restrict plugins or do	on't support them. <u>Learn more about</u>	
Tap targets are sized a	ppropriately — 1	00% appropriately sized tap targets		^
		should be large enough (48x48px), and to other elements. <u>Learn more about ta</u>		be
NOT APPLICABLE (3)				Hide
o robots.txt is valid				^
If your robots.txt file is maindexed. <u>Learn more abo</u>		s may not be able to understand how yo	ou want your website to be crawled or	
 Image elements have 	[alt] attributes			^
Informative elements sho attribute. <u>Learn more abo</u>		descriptive alternate text. Decorative el	lements can be ignored with an empty	alt
 Document has a valid 	rel=canonical			^
Canonical links suggest	which URL to show	w in search results. <u>Learn more about c</u>	canonical links.	
0. 1. 1.1.	7 0000 4 50	Freedom May 0.5	Oise et a second a la la	
Captured at Apr 2 PM GMT+1	7, 2023, 4:58	Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 10.0.1	Single page load	
Initial page load		Slow 4G throttling	Using Chromium 112.0.0.0 w	ith

Generated by **Lighthouse** 10.0.1 | File an issue