



83

100



Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices **SEO**



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

2.3 s

0 ms

Total Blocking Time

Speed Index

2.3 s

Largest Contentful Paint

2.3 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.098

View Treemap

View Original Trace

















Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity **Estimated Savings**

Reduce unused JavaScript

0.30s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	36.4 KiB	27.3 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.3 KiB	20.5 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Does not use passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more about adopting passive event listeners.

Source

materialize.min.js:6

materialize.min.js:6

materialize.min.js:6

^

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason	Failure type
Back/forward cache is disabled by flags. Visit chrome://flags/#back-forward-cache to enable it locally on this device.	Not actionable
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 7 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 346.296 ms

Initial Navigation

/edit_plant/6444028... (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)

- ...css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)
 - ...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 170.043 ms, 79.13 KiB
 - ...webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 188.603 ms, 76.28 KiB
- ...css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 66.62 ms, 17.40 KiB
- ...css/style.css (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) 48.437 ms, 2.00 KiB

/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 80.649 ms, 30.31 KiB

- ...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 58.179 ms, 36.37 KiB
- ...js/script.js (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) 49.048 ms, 2.24 KiB
- Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small 9 requests 267 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	9.0	267.3 KiB
Font	2.0	155.4 KiB
Script	3.0	68.9 KiB

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Stylesheet	3.0	30.2 KiB
Document	1.0	12.7 KiB
Image	0.0	0.0 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Other	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	9.0	267.3 KiB

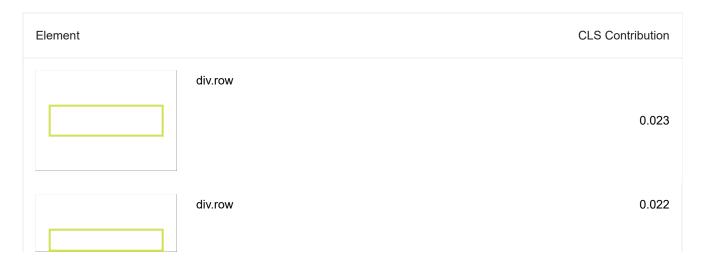
○ Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> [LCP]

Element	
	h3.teal-text.text-darken-4.center-align

O Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. <u>Learn how to improve CLS</u> <u>CLS</u>



Element		CLS Contribution
	div.row	0.018
	div.row	0.018
	div.row	0.017

O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 3 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Start Time	Duration
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	796 ms	109 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	2,016 ms	56 ms
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	936 ms	53 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (32)

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP [LCP]

7	Show 3rd-party resources	(2	١
	Onow ord-party resources	(<u>~</u>	,

css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 10.8 KiB css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 17.4 KiB	Potential Savings
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 17.4 KiB	820 ms
	300 ms
css/style.css (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) 2.0 KiB	200 ms

Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>.

Minify CSS

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. [FCP] [LCP]

Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 26 KiB

Minify JavaScript

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS</u>. FCP) [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.4 KiB	15.8 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	10.8 KiB	10.7 KiB
Efficiently encode images		^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to effic</u>	<u>ciently encode images</u> .	
Serve images in next-gen formats		^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats.	or JPEG, which means faster	downloads
Enable text compression — Potential savings of 10 KiB		^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) more about text compression. FCP LCP) to minimize total network byt	es. <u>Learn</u>
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
URL /edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)		
	Size	Savings
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) Preconnect to required origins Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early	Size	Savings 10.0 KiB
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) Preconnect to required origins Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early	Size	Savings 10.0 KiB d-party origins
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) Preconnect to required origins Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early earn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP LCP Initial server response time was short — Root document took 50 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other times the formal short because all other times the formal short because the formal short because the formal short because the for	Size 12.5 KiB y connections to important thir	Savings 10.0 KiB d-party origins
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com) Preconnect to required origins Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early Learn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP LCP	Size 12.5 KiB y connections to important thir	Savings 10.0 KiB d-party origins

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP [CCP] Preload key requests Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn how to preload key requests. FCP LCP Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT) URL **Potential Savings** ...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 0.0 KiB materialize.min.js:6 @babel/plugin-transform-classes Preload Largest Contentful Paint image If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. Learn more about preloading LCP elements. [LCP]

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 268 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL	Transfer Size
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	79.1 KiB
webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	76.3 KiB
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	36.4 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.3 KiB
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.4 KiB
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	12.7 KiB
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	10.8 KiB
js/script.js (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	2.2 KiB
css/style.css (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	2.0 KiB
img/favicon.ico (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	0.7 KiB

Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 192 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		192
Maximum DOM Depth	span	10

Statistic	Element	Value
Maximum Child Elements	ul#select-options-52cb5e4a-d1de-7f89-144f-997180e7dd33.dropdown-content.select-dropdown	13

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/edit_plant/6444028 (vazy-garden.herokuapp.com)	348 ms	13 ms	59 ms
Unattributable	312 ms	36 ms	0 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	138 ms	92 ms	8 ms
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	69 ms	47 ms	14 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.9 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	478 ms
Script Evaluation	192 ms
Style & Layout	87 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	82 ms

Category	Time Spent
Parse HTML & CSS	60 ms
Rendering	26 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Cloudflare CDN	220 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	79 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	76 KiB	0 ms
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	36 KiB	0 ms
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN	30 KiB	0 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading</u>. [LCP]

Avoids document.write()

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn how to set image dimensions CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. (TBT)

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS

▲ Form elements do not have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about</u> form element labels.	<u>ıt</u>
Failing Elements	
input.select-dropdown.dropdown-trigger	

Failing Elements	
input.select-o	dropdown.dropdown-trigger
input.select-	dropdown.dropdown-trigger
▲ Links do not have a discernible name	^
Link text (and alternate text for images, when unavigation experience for screen reader users.	used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the Learn how to make links accessible.
Failing Elements	
a.sidenav-tri	gger.right

These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

The page has a logical tab order
 Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering.
 Interactive controls are keyboard focusable
 Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable.

Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focus tra</u>	<u>ips</u> .
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels.	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn how to properly hide offscreen content</u> .	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technologous Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	ogy.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (12)

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

	<u>about proper list structure</u> .	
	List items (<1i>) are contained within , or <menu> parent elements</menu>	^
	Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure.</menu>	
	No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
	A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute.	
	Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order	^
	Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order.</u>	
ТОМ	APPLICABLE (30)	Hide
0	[accesskey] values are unique	^
	Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn mo</u> <u>about access keys</u> .	<u>ore</u>
0	[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
	Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Lean how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	<u>arn</u>
0	button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	:
0	[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
	Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.	ole

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>

ARIA input fields have accessible names
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.
ARIA meter elements have accessible names
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes.
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about roles and required children elements.
O [role]s are contained by their required parent element
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.</u>
O [role] values are valid
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements.
 ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes.
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes.
 The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass blocks</u> .
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</u></td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td></tr><tr><td>O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td></tr><tr><td>All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ids.</td></tr><tr><td> No form fields have multiple labels </td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u>.</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>

<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	е
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers conver meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	у
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refeto other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	er
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.	
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u> .	
	^

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

O Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS

Description

Directive

Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode

High

GENERAL

O Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name

Version

jQuery

3.5.1

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents

intruders from tempering with an passively listening in an the communications between your annual years and is a
intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u> .
Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u> .
Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u> .
Allows users to paste into input fields
Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u> .
Displays images with correct aspect ratio
Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.
Serves images with appropriate resolution
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn how to provide responsive images</u> .
Page has the HTML doctype
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype declaration</u> .
Properly defines charset
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.
Avoids unload event listeners
The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>
Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts

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SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

MOBILE FRIENDLY

Tap targets are not sized appropriately — 79% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more about tap targets. Tap Target Size **Overlapping Target** select#cat input.selectegory_na dropdown.dropdownme.validat 2x2 trigger select#so input.selectw.validate dropdown.dropdown-2x2 trigger select#ani input.selectdropdown.dropdownmal name .validate 2x2 trigger

Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. <u>Learn how to make pages mobile-friendly</u>.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (10) Hide

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. (TBT)

Document has a <title></th><th>element</th><th></th><th></th></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>r users an overview of the page, a</td><td>and search engine users rely on it he titles.</td><td>eavily to determine if a</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a meta de</td><td>scription</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Meta descriptions may be in description.</td><td>cluded in search results to concis</td><td>sely summarize page content. <u>Learn</u></td><td>more about the meta</td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTT</td><td>P status code</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful H</td><td>TP status codes may not be inde</td><td>exed properly. <u>Learn more about HT</u></td><td>TP status codes.</td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive tex</td><td>ct</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps so</td><td>earch engines understand your co</td><td>ontent. <u>Learn how to make links more</u></td><td>e accessible.</td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>osites. Ensure that the href attribute
be discovered. <u>Learn how to make lin</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from ir</td><td>ldexing</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable about crawler directives.</td><td>to include your pages in search re</td><td>esults if they don't have permission to</td><td>o crawl them. <u>Learn more</u></td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hre</td><td>flang</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search eng
Learn more about hreflang</td><td></td><td>should list in search results for a give</td><td>en language or region.</td></tr><tr><td>Document uses legible fo</td><td>nt sizes — 73.13% legible text</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>·</td><td>re too small to be legible and requepts. Learn more about legible font</td><td>uire mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom
t sizes.</td><td>" in order to read. Strive t</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>✓ SI</td><td>now 3rd-party resources</td></tr><tr><td>Source</td><td>Selector</td><td>% of Page Text</td><td>Font Size</td></tr><tr><td>materialize.min.css:13</td><td>label</td><td>15.92%</td><td>11.2px</td></tr></tbody></table></title>

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
materialize.min.css:13	.select-wrapper+label	10.95%	11.2px
Legible text		73.13%	≥ 12px
			,
Document avoids plugins			^

NOT APPLICABLE (3)

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more about

orobots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Captured at Apr 27, 2023, 4:54 PM GMT+1

Initial page load

avoiding plugins.

Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 10.0.1 Slow 4G throttling Single page load

Using Chromium 112.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 10.0.1 | File an issue