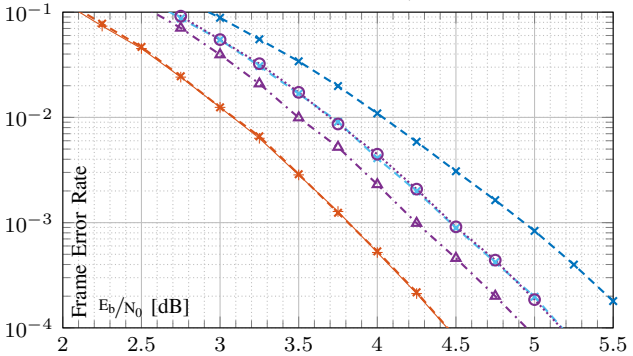
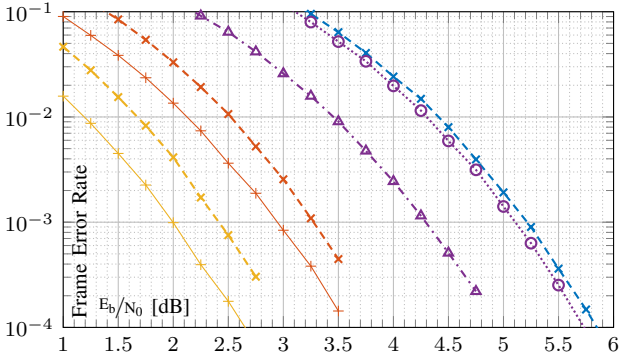


Density evolution code design, $R = 1/2$, $n = 256$, $L = 32$



(a) FER vs. E_b/N_0 for variants of SCL decoding over the 3Q-BiAWGN channel, demonstrating gains for in-list ML and EPMU.

Reed-Muller code, $R = 37/256 \approx 0.145$, $n = 256$, $L = 128$



(b) FER vs. E_b/N_0 for variants of SCL decoding over the 3Q-BiAWGN channel, underlining the utility of EPMU at low code rates.

| CHANNEL | DECODER | METRIC |
|---------|--|----------|
| ---x--- | 3Q-BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_3 -SCL | PM-FER |
| ---x--- | 3Q-BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_3 -SCL | List-FER |
| ...o... | 3Q-BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_3 -SCL + in-list ML | LML-FER |
| -.-.-.- | 3Q-BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_3 -SCL + in-list ML + EPMU | LML-FER |
| -.-.-.- | 3Q-BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_∞ -SCL | PM-FER |
| -.-.-.- | 3Q-BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_∞ -SCL | ML-LB |
| -.-.-.- | BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_∞ -SCL | PM-FER |
| -.-.-.- | BiAWGN \mathcal{L}_∞ -SCL | ML-LB |

Figure 1. FER vs. E_b/N_0 , (a) $R = 1/2$ Polar code, and (b) $R = 37/256$ Reed-Muller code, demonstrating the gains due to the proposed techniques.