```
1
    /*Author: Bochen (mddboc@foxmail.com)
2
    Last Modified: Tue Apr 10 22:28:44 CST 2018*/
3
4
    /*Rotate an array of n elements to the right by k steps.
5
6
    For example, with n = 7 and k = 3, the array [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7] is rotated to
            [5,6,7,1,2,3,4].
7
     Note:
8
9
           Try to come up as many solutions as you can, there are at least 3 different
            ways to solve this problem.
10
11
12
13
14
    import java.util.*;
15
    import java.lang.Math;
16
    import java.lang.System;
17
    import java.lang.Integer;
18
19
20
    public class Main {
21
22
    public static void main(String[] args) throws ArithmeticException {
23
24
     TreeNode root = new TreeNode(1);
25
     root.left = new TreeNode(2);
26
     root.right = new TreeNode(2);
27
     root.left.left = new TreeNode(3);
28
    root.left.right = new TreeNode(4);
29
    root.right.left = new TreeNode(4);
30
    root.right.right = new TreeNode(3);
31
32
    boolean result = new Solution().isSymmetric(root);
33
34
    System.out.println(result);
    . . . . . }
35
36
37
    }
38
39
40
   class ListNode {
41
    · · · int val;
42
     ListNode next;
43
44
    ListNode(int x) {
45
        val = x;
46
       · }
47
    }
48
49
50
   class TreeNode {
     · · · · int · val;
51
52
     TreeNode left;
53
     TreeNode right;
54
55
    TreeNode(int x) {
56
          val = x;
57
    - - - - - - - }
58
    }
59
60
61
    class Solution {
62
    public void rotate(int[] nums, int k) {
63
    → // 方法一: 需要开辟新空间, 更快
64
      \rightarrow /* int numsLength = nums.length;
6.5
     k = k % numsLength;
66
67
68
     helper = new int[];
69
70
          System.arraycopy(nums, numsLength -- k, helper, 0, k);
     System.arraycopy(nums, 0, nums, k, numsLength - k);
```

```
72
     System.arraycopy(helper, 0, nums, 0, k); */
73
     —— // 方法二: 不需要开辟新空间, 相对慢点
74
75
     int numsLength = nums.length;
76
    k = k % numsLength;
77
78
    reverse (nums, 0, k - 1);
reverse (nums, k, numsLength - 1);
reverse (nums, k, numsLength - 1);
    reverse(nums, 0, numsLength - 1);
79
80
81
82
    private void reverse(int[] nums, int startIndex, int endIndex) {
83
84
85
     while (startIndex < endIndex) {</pre>
86
                int temp = nums[startIndex];
87
                nums[startIndex] = nums[endIndex];
88
     nums[endIndex] = temp;
89
    startIndex++;
endIndex--;
}
90
91
92
93
     . . . . }
94
    }
```