

# Exercicio

May 26, 2020

## 1 Exercício Aula 19

Carregamento do dataset:

	Gender	Height	Weight
0	Male	73.847017	241.893563
1	Male	68.781904	162.310473
2	Male	74.110105	212.740856
3	Male	71.730978	220.042470
4	Male	69.881796	206.349801
...	...	...	...
9995	Female	66.172652	136.777454
9996	Female	67.067155	170.867906
9997	Female	63.867992	128.475319
9998	Female	69.034243	163.852461
9999	Female	61.944246	113.649103

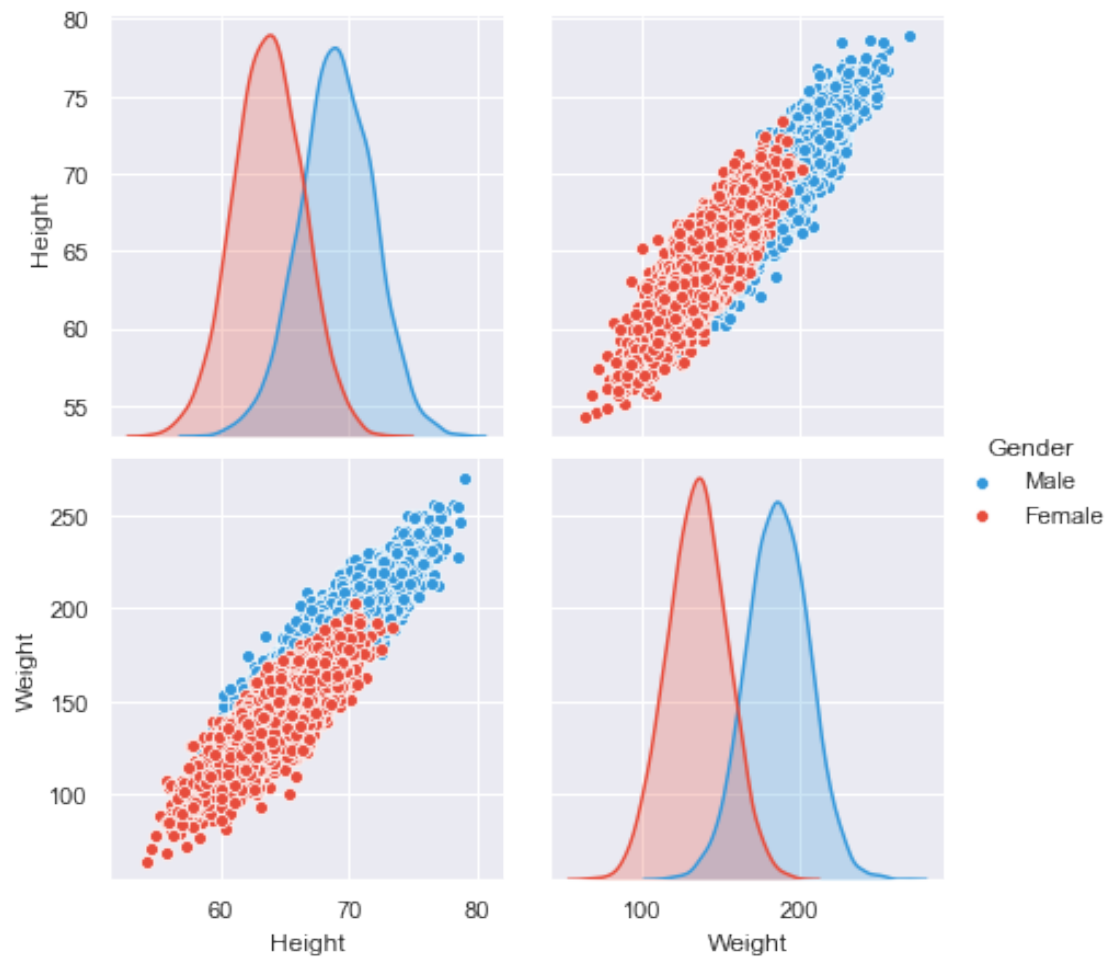
[10000 rows x 3 columns]

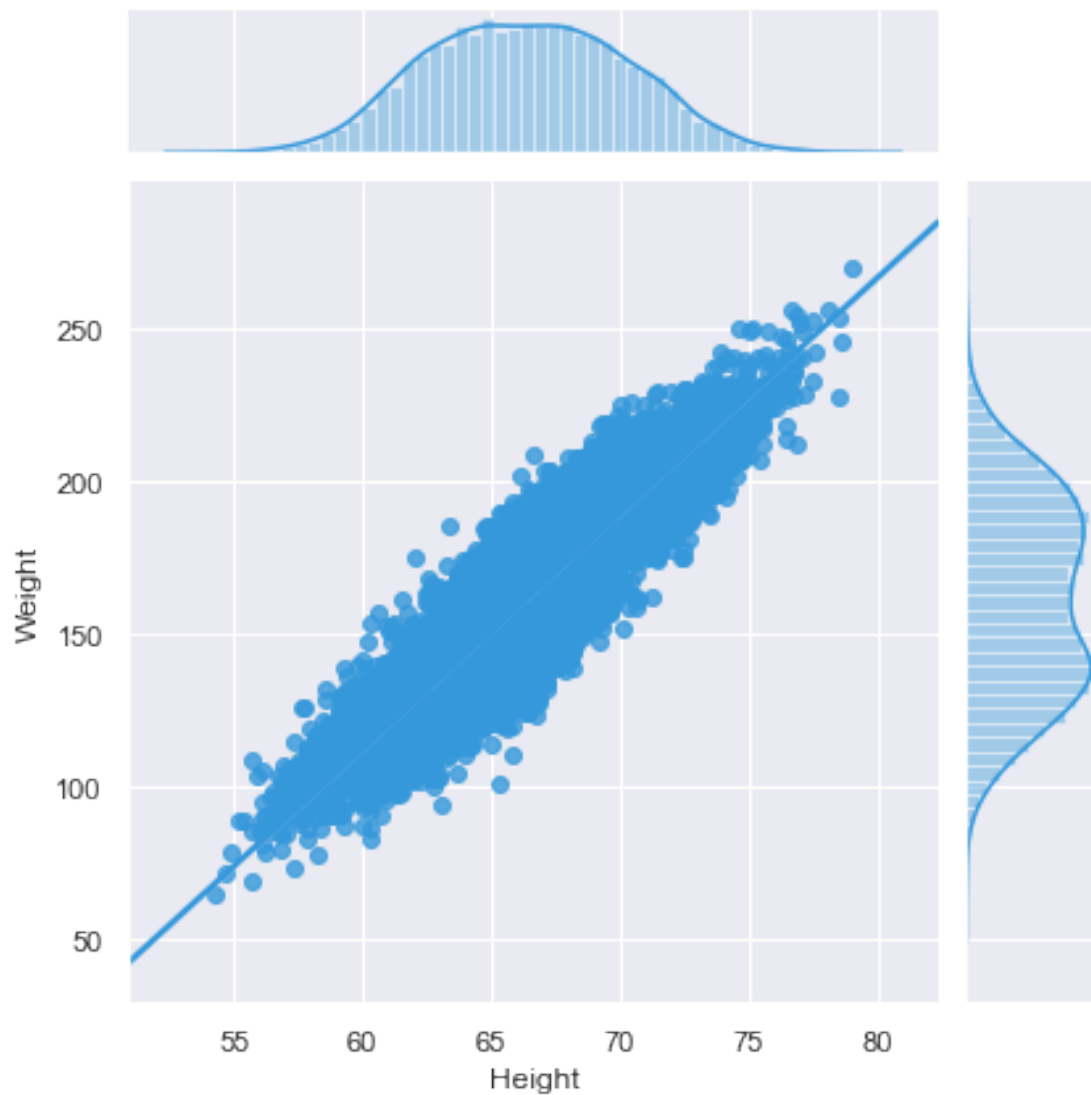
### 1.1 EDA

Correlação entre os atributos (person correlation).

	Height	Weight
Height	1.000000	0.924756
Weight	0.924756	1.000000

Distribuição dos atributos.





Vamos codificar o gênero como 0 ou 1 e realizar um split dos dados, para treino e teste.

Amostra para treinamento: 7000

Amostra para testes : 3000

Converter valores ['Female' 'Male'] para [0 1]:

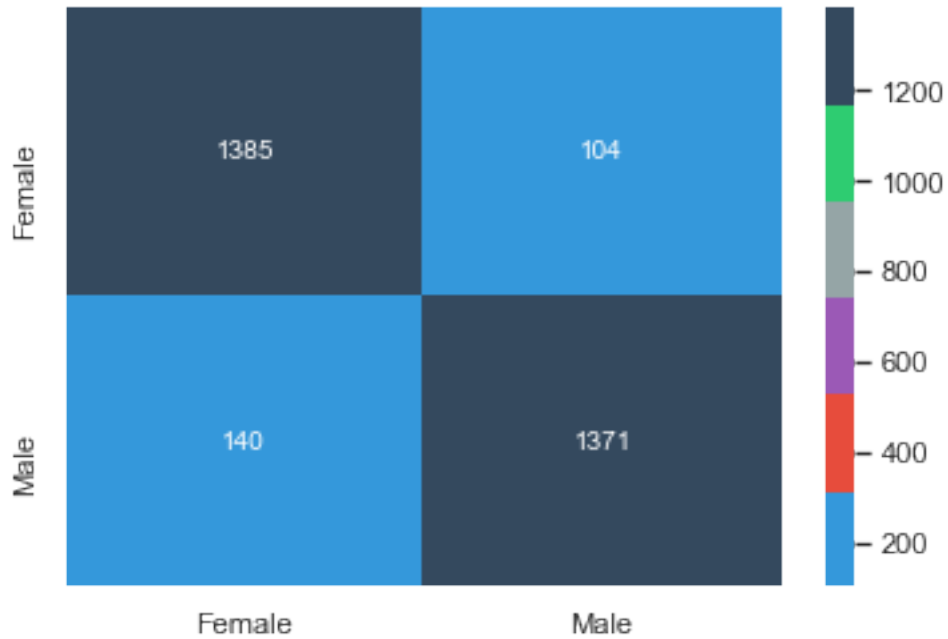
## 1.2 Logistic Regression

Usados os valores padrão do scikit-learn exceto:

`LogisticRegression(max_iter=500, n_jobs=-1, random_state=0)`

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Female	0.91	0.93	0.92	1489

Male	0.93	0.91	0.92	1511
accuracy			0.92	3000
macro avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	3000
weighted avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	3000



### 1.3 Support Vector Machine

Usados os valores padrão do scikit-learn exceto:  
SVC(C=5, random\_state=0)

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Female	0.91	0.93	0.92	1489
Male	0.93	0.91	0.92	1511
accuracy			0.92	3000
macro avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	3000
weighted avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	3000

