

Let's Try Out RustSBI !

Luo Jia (Zhouqi JIANG), Qing DONG
School of Cyberspace Engineering, HUST

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Speakers



Luo Jia (Zhouqi JIANG)
Graduate Student



Qing DONG
Graduate Student



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- ② Go Bare-Metal
- ③ Bootload and Support Systems
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Complete Secure-Boot Solution

Why Rust for RISC-V SBI firmware and bootloaders?



Systems' Programming Language



> Secure While Efficient

Compiled language, ownership checks and interoperability

> Language Primitives

Zero-cost abstractions, macros, modules, generics and `async/await`

> Fearless System Develop.

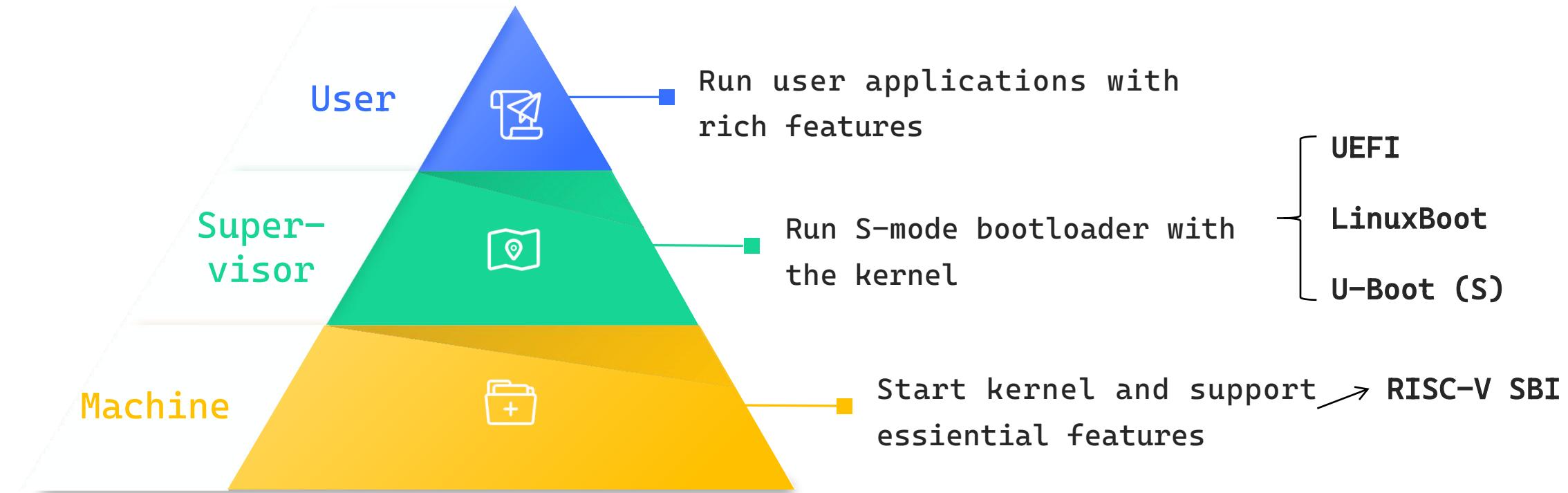
Concurrency, `#[entry]`, RTOS & embassy, HALs from manufactureres

> Rich Ecosystem

Multi-platform, debugging and flashing, IDEs, ecosystem crates



What is RISC-V SBI?

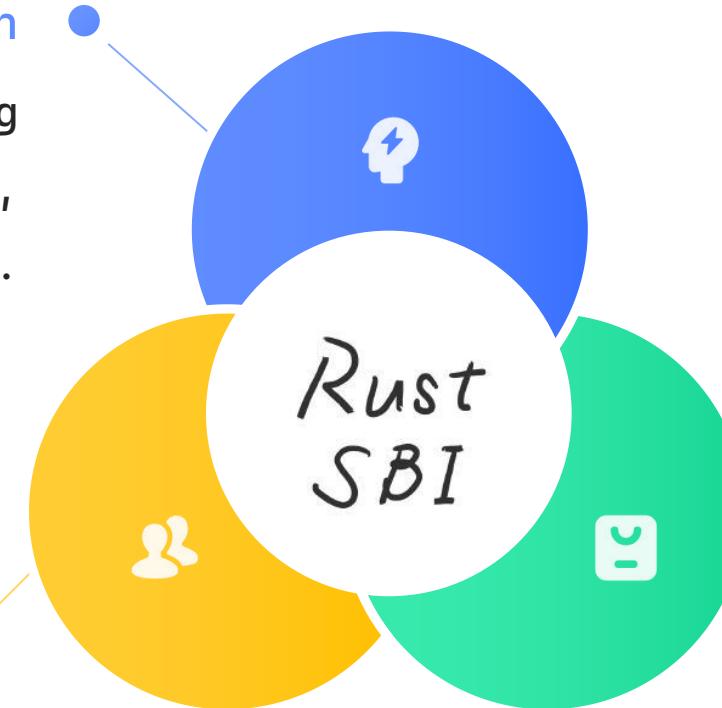


SBI Implemented in Rust

Originated from Shenzhen
Incubated in Pengcheng
Laboratory and rCore community,
developed from MeowSBI.

Uses 100% Rust

Utilizing Rust to build a
secure boot solution
specifically for RISC-V.



Our RustSBI Team
~15 members, spanning
multiple universities
including HUST.
Organized ~20 offline
open-source events.

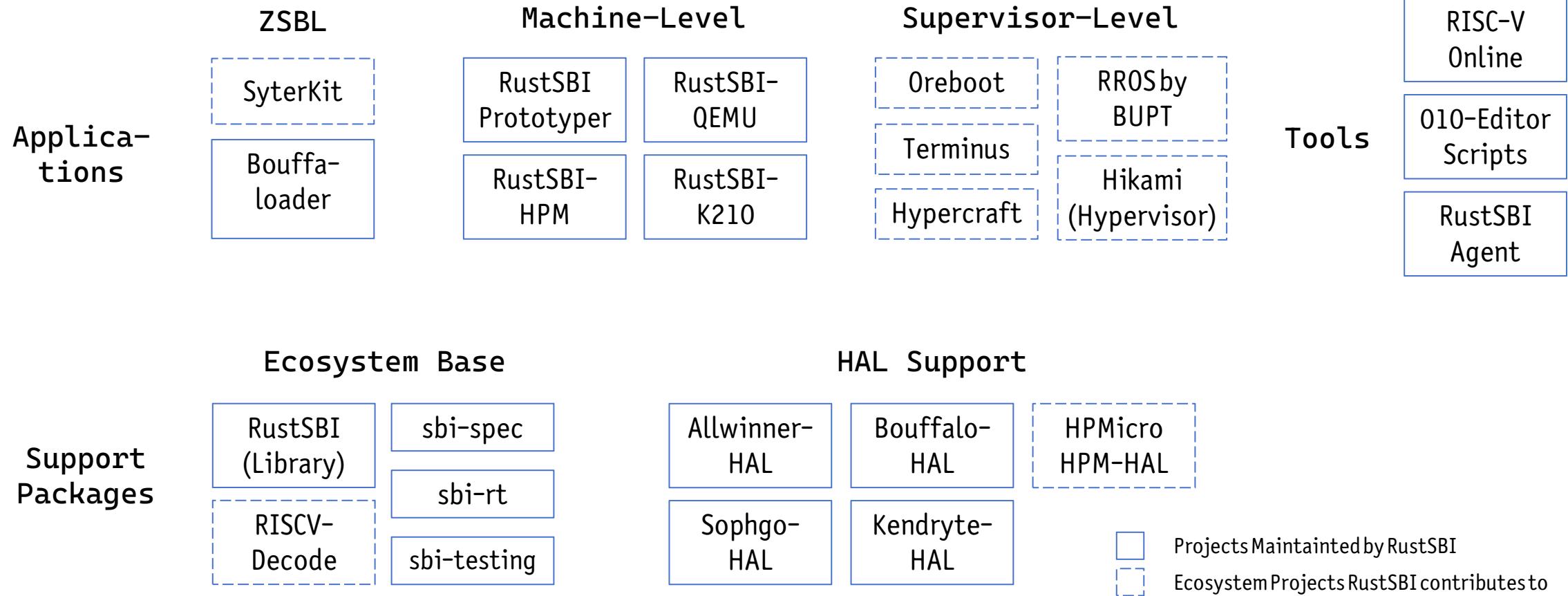


Our RustSBI Team

GOSIM®
GLOBAL OPEN-SOURCE INNOVATION MEETUP



RustSBI Architecture of Today



Timeline of RustSBI Prototyper

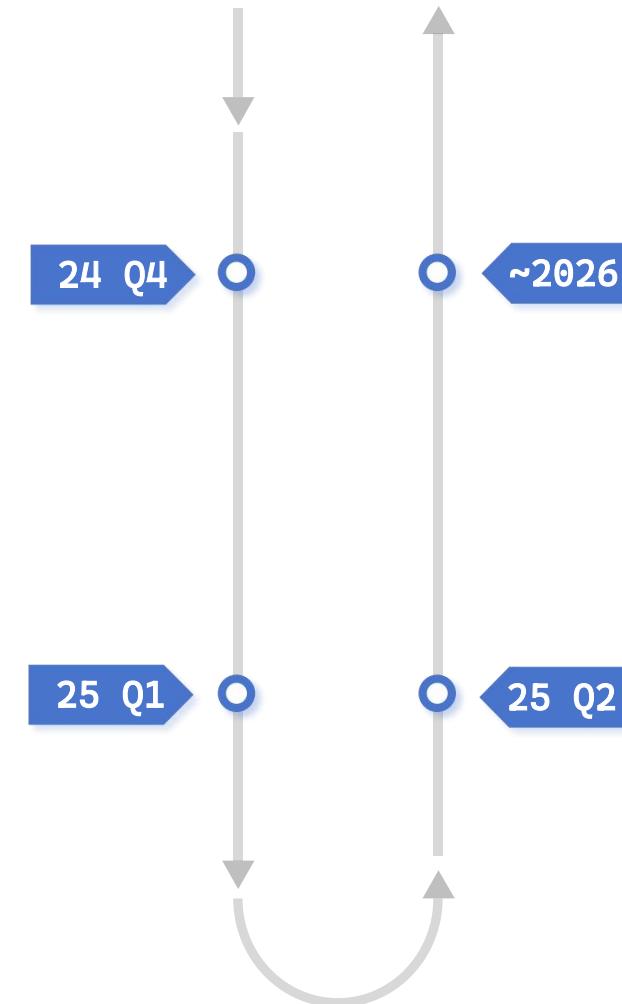


Run on Emulators

Used as M-mode firmware on QEMU, supporting various distributions such as Ubuntu, Arch Linux, and Fedora.

Unified Support Package for Real Hardware

Using front-end software like SyterKit or Bouffalo-HAL Boot, RustSBI is launched to support various kernels in S-mode.



Broader Market Applications

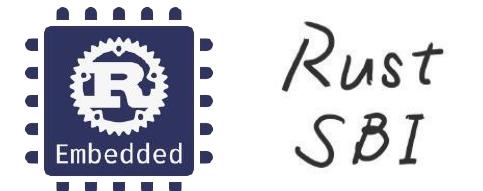
Collaborations have been established with several chip manufacturers to adapt Rust bare-metal development and RustSBI booting solutions.

UEFI + RustSBI Firmware Solution

Completes the S-mode bootloader and integrates with M-level RustSBI, forming a UEFI-supported booting scheme. Also supports booting various RTOS's.

Announcing RustSBI 0.4.0

- Feature rich and extensible operating system runtime
- Empower support for machines, hypervisors & emulators
- Supports RISC-V SBI specification v2.0 ratified
- Written in Rust, builds under stable Rust
- Capable to develop with other firmware ecosystem projects
- Adapted for operating system kernels on your choice
- Please star us at: <https://github.com/rustsbi/rustsbi>



Rust
SBI



Go Bare-Metal

Bare-Metal Programs, Supported Platforms, and
Ecosystem



Opinion: Embedded Rust & Bootloader

01

Bootloaders and embedded software are both bare-metal applications.



02

RTOS and M-Mode environment can both be initiated by ZSBL.



03

Both bootloaders and IoT rely on network and interconnection software stacks.



Conclusion
→

Bootloaders, embedded, and operating systems share the same Rust ecosystem!

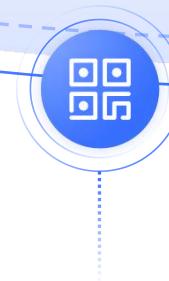
Execution Environment

```
#[entry] // This macro would initialize the system
fn main(p: Peripherals, _c: Clocks) {
    // Display the bootloader banner.
    show_banner();

    // Initialize the DRAM.
    let dram_size: usize = syterkit::syscalls::get_dram_size();
    println!("DRAM size: {}M", dram_size);

    // Dump information about the system.
    clock_dump(&p.ccu);

    // Start boot command line.
    let (command_buffer: [u8; 128], _r)
```



Synchronous

Blocking based loops
and relaxation.
Simple and stable.



Async/Await

Scheduling tasks to
maximize performance.
Efficient and practical.

```
#[embassy_executor::main(entry = "hpm_hal::main")]
async fn main(spawner: Spawner) -> ! {
    let p = hal::init(Default::default());

    defmt::info!("Board init!");

    spawner.spawn(blink(p.PE14.degrade(), 1));
    spawner.spawn(blink(p.PE15.degrade(), 2));
    spawner.spawn(blink(p.PE04.degrade(), 3));

    defmt::info!("Tasks init!");

    loop {
        defmt::info!("tick");
    }
}
```

ZSBL: Take SyterKit as an Example



Allwinner ROM bootloader

Complies with ROM eGON standard.
Boots various Allwinner
chip series across
architectures.



Low-level debugging

Basic debug for low-level
drivers. Operates within
128-KiB SRAM.

Bootload Machine-mode applications

Boots M-mode Linux from
flash or SD. Configured via
DTB (Device Tree Blob).



ZSBL: Syterkit Rust support



[board] Rust serial output example and light up led on 100ask-d1-h #129

Merged luojia65 merged 1 commit into YuzukiHD:main from Placebo27:placebo27/helloworld 3 weeks ago

Conversation 1 Commits 1 Checks 2 Files changed 4

Placebo27 commented 3 weeks ago

Contributor ...

Reviewers

[board] support the xtask burn commands cargo make and cargo flash on 100ask-d1-h #128

Merged YuzukiTsuru merged 1 commit into YuzukiHD:main from Placebo27:placebo27/xtask 3 weeks ago

Conversation 1 Commits 1 Checks 0 Files changed 5

Placebo27 commented 3 weeks ago

Contributor ...

Reviewers

[board] refactor directory, add init-dram case macro module for 100ask-d1-h-rs #130

Merged luojia65 merged 3 commits into YuzukiHD:main from Placebo27:placebo/ddrinit 3 weeks ago

Conversation 1 Commits 3 Checks 2 Files changed 12

Placebo27 commented 3 weeks ago • edited

Contributor ...

Reviewers

[rust] complete clock_dump fuction for syterboot #134

Merged luojia65 merged 1 commit into YuzukiHD:main from Placebo27:placebo27/syterboot 2 weeks ago

01. Peripheral Adaptation

- Adapted Allwinner-HAL crate for DRAM controller and other peripherals.

02. Build and Flash

- Utilize xtask for building and flashing with the xfel program.

03. Example Programs

- Demonstrated with LED control, serial output, and DRAM initialization.

04. Bootloading Interface

- Features a command-line menu with autocomplete, history, and help command.



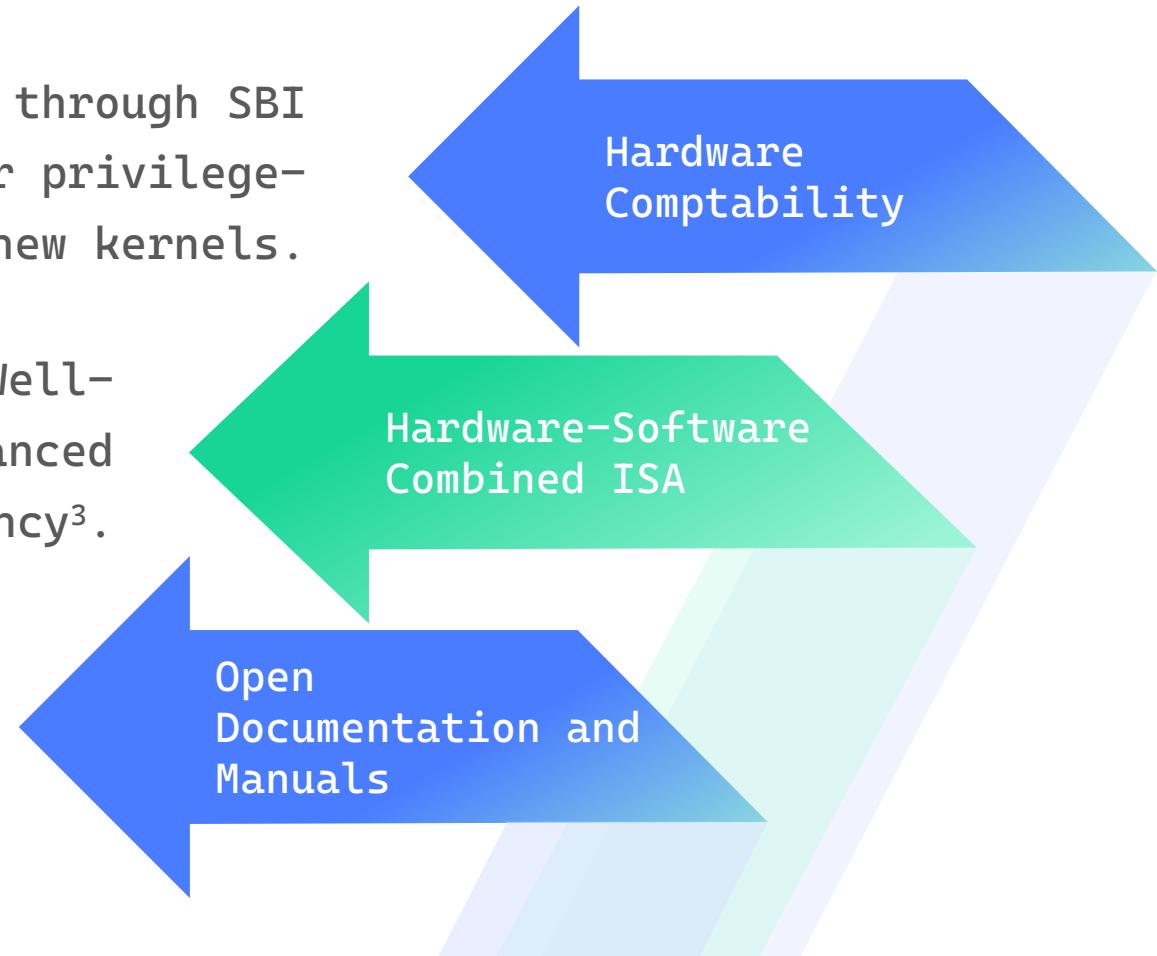
Prolong Life of Existing Silicon



Software features¹ implemented through SBI firmware (RustSBI) allows older privilege-level hardware to run new kernels.

RISC-V implements some CSRs by software. Well-designed SBI firmware would include advanced features² and enhance system efficiency³.

When documentation is open, the open-source community can unleash endless productivity!



¹ Those features include replacing satp/sptbr, simulating sfence, and simulating page faults.

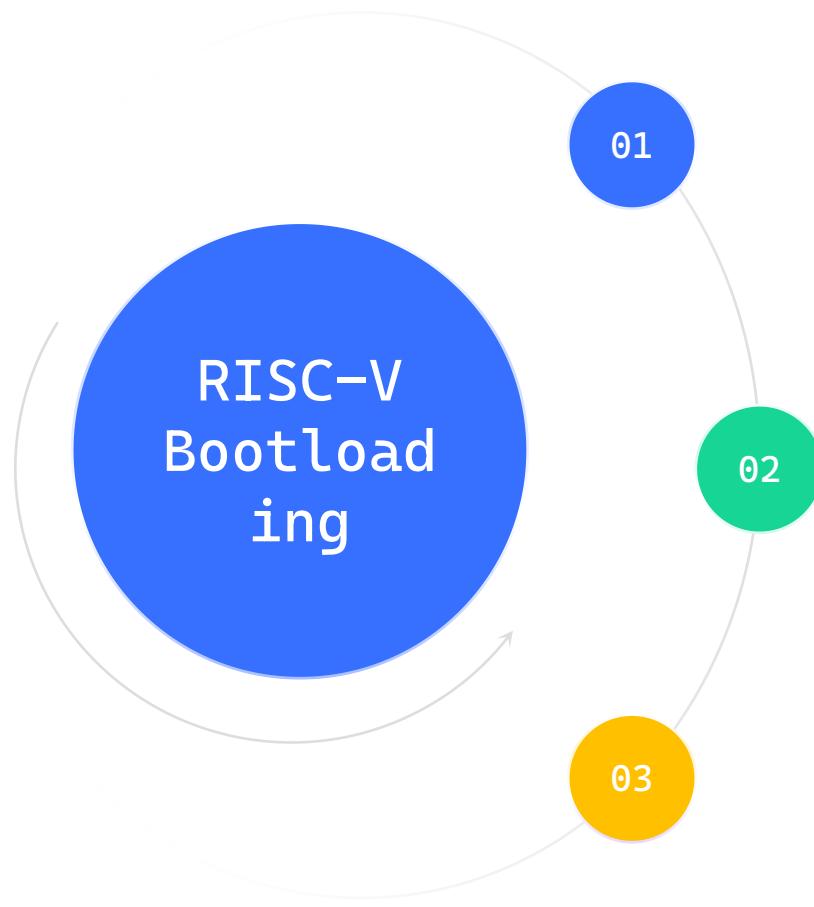
² e.g. H-extension emulation by @DramForever ³ One example: <https://github.com/rustsbi/prototyper/pull/8>

Bootload and Support Systems

How Linux distributions and new kernels depend on the underlying bootloader environment?



SBI, LinuxBoot and UEFI



Bare SBI

M-mode firmware directly launches various S-mode kernels. Fastest boot speed and best customizability.

LinuxBoot

Packages tailored Linux with SBI and rootfs into the firmware, launching true Linux via kexec. Reuses Linux drivers, minimizing development effort.

UEFI

Mature commercial standards, providing complete device list through ACPI or DT. Portability and level of productization are the best among the three.

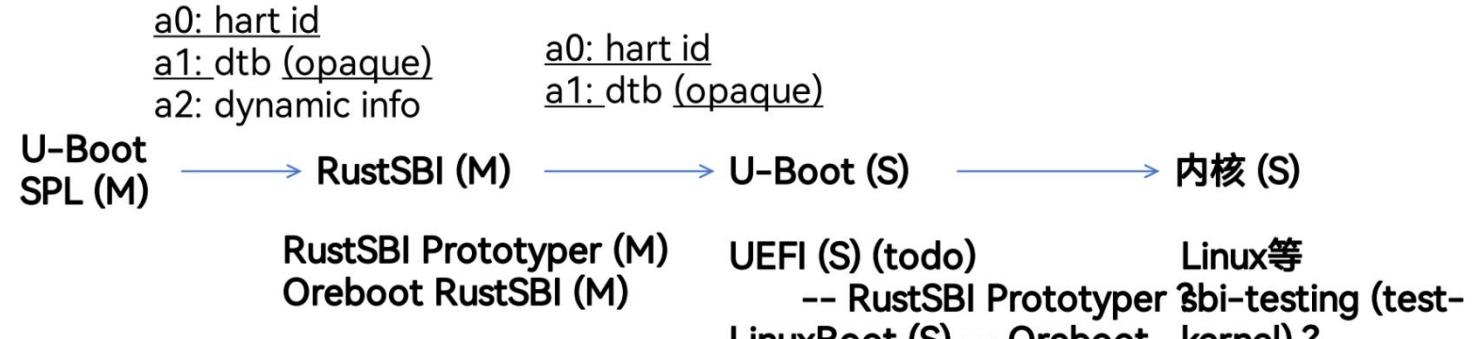


Bootloading Linux Distributions



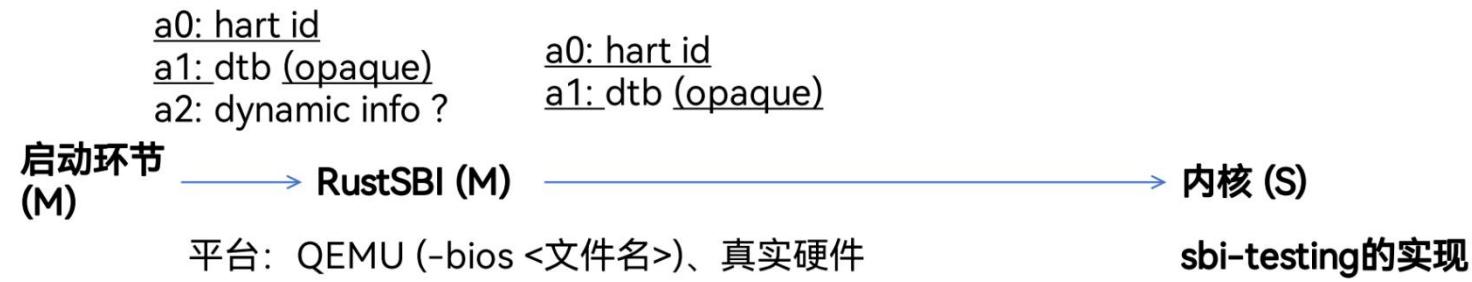
“可移植性”

镜像格式: itb (U-Boot定义)、EFI等



“闭环生态”

镜像格式: 种类繁多



SBI Firmware Boosts Kernel Performance



When refreshing ≥ 4 pages,
prioritize using global
refresh instructions.

Page Refresh Optimization¹



Fence Queue²

Queue remote fence commands,
allowing remote fence SBI
calls to return immediately.

Query hart state from SBI HSM as
a primitive for asynchronous
multi-core startup, reducing
wait times.

Asynchronous Startup

¹ <https://github.com/rustsbi/prototyper/pull/8> ² <https://github.com/rustsbi/prototyper/pull/16>

Security Demands of Operating Systems

Secure Boot



Layered verification would establish the trustworthiness of the systems software.



 **TEE**

Run isolated code, protect passwords and biometric information.

 **Fast Cipher**

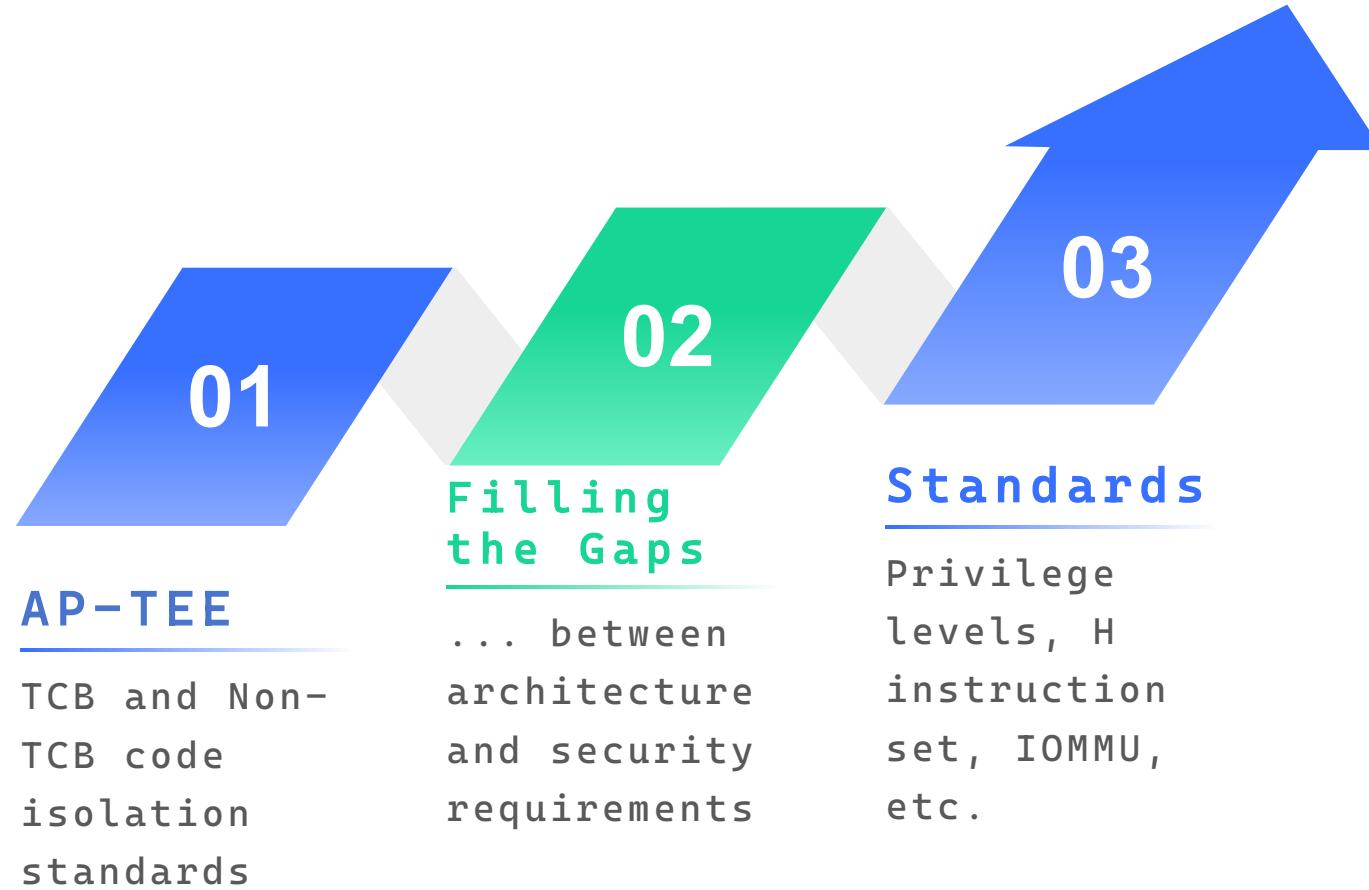
Scheduling proprietary hardware to meet cryptographic needs.



Outlook: TEEs & AI

RISC-V CoVE SBI and the RustSBI Agent project

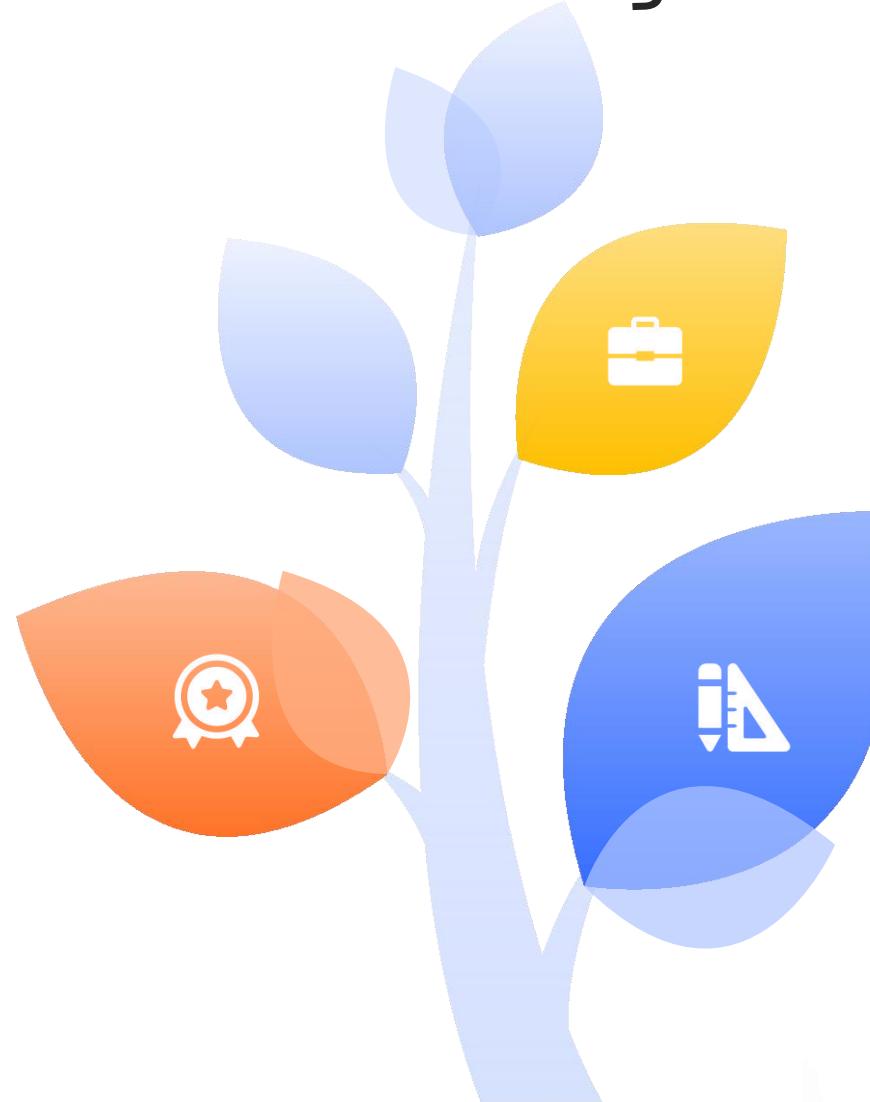




Introduction of RustSBI Agent

Developer's AI Assistant

A chatbot with expertise in RustSBI, RISC-V, and chip manuals.



Saves Development Time

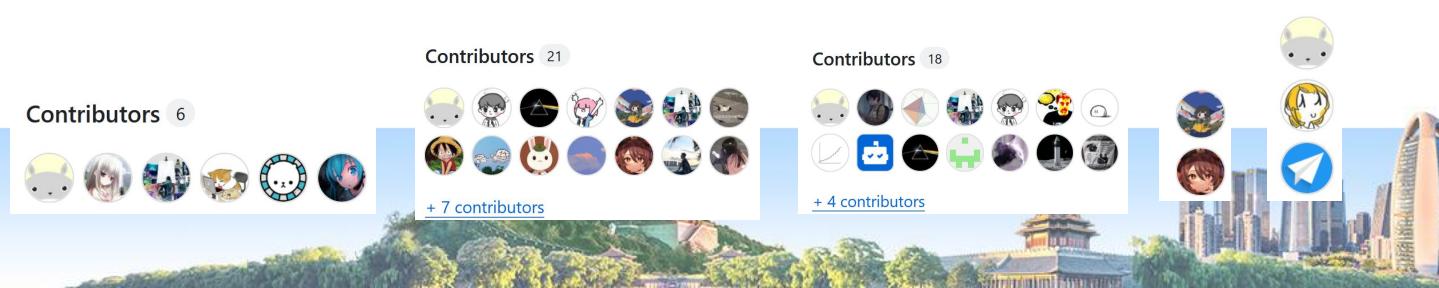
RustSBI developers spend 3/5 of their time querying documentation—this can be reduced!

Relevant AI Fields

RAG, prompt engineering, are key components of the RustSBI Agent.

Acknowledgments

- We appreciate the speaking opportunity provided by GOSIM and RustCC.
- Special thanks to our project mentors: Professor Wei Zhou, Professor Dongliang Mu, and Professor Jie Wang.
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THANK YOU

