Bulk RNA-seq Cheatsheet

The tables below consist of valuable functions or commands that will help you through this module.

Each table represents a different library/tool and its corresponding commands.

Please note that these tables are not intended to tell you all the information you need to know about each command.

The hyperlinks found in each piece of code will take you to the documentation for further information on the usage of each command.

Base R

Read the Base R package documentation <u>here</u>.

Library/Package	Piece of Code	What it's called	What it does
Base R	list.files()	List files	Produces a character vector of files or directories in the specified directory
Base R	names()	Names	Gets or sets the names of an object
Base R	colnames()	Column names	Gets or sets the column names of a matrix or data frame
Base R	all.equal()	All equal Checks if two R objects are nearly equal	
Base R	attr()	Object Attributes Gets or sets the attributes of an object	
Base R	rowSums()	Returns the sum of the rows in a numeric matrix-like object (matrix, data.frame, etc.)	
Base R	relevel()	Relevel Reorders the levels of a factor as specified	
Base R	summary()	Object Summary Returns a result summary of an object	
Base R	as.data.frame()	Data Frame	Checks if an object is a data.frame, and transforms the object into one, if possible

DESeq2

Read the DESeq2 package documentation <u>here</u>, and the package vignette by Love, Anders, and Huber <u>here</u>.

Library/Package	Piece of Code	What it's called	What it does
DESeq2	rlog()	Regularized Log Transformation	Returns regularized log transformed data (on log2 scale)
DESeq2	<pre>DESeqDataSetFromTximport()</pre>	DESeqDataSet constructor	Creates a DESeqDataSet object
DESeq2	DESeq.(.)	Differential Expression Analysis Based on the Negative Binomial Distribution	Estimates size factors, estimates dispersion, and performs negative binomial fitting and Wald statistics as steps in the default DESeq2 differential expression analysis
DESeq2	plotPCA(_).	PCA plot	Produces a principal component analysis plot for transformed data. It can be used to visually inspect the data, which might allow an analyst to identify batch effects.
DESeq2	counts()	Counts	Saves the count data as a matrix
DESeq2	results()	Results	Returns the results table from a DESeq2 analysis
DESeq2	assay(_)	Assay	Returns matrix from the assay slot of DESeqDataSet

FastQC and fastp

Read the FastQC documentation here and the fastp documentation here.

Library/Package	Piece of Code	What it's called	What it does
fastp	<u>fastp</u>	FASTQ preprocessor	Preprocesses FASTQ files through adapter trimming, quality filtering, length filtering, and a number of additional options
FastQC	<u>fastqc</u>	FASTQC (Quality Control)	Performs quality control checks on raw sequence data and outputs a QC(quality control) report

ggplot2

Read the ggplot2 package documentation here. A vignette on the usage of the ggplot2 package can be found here.

Library/Package	Piece of Code	What it's called	What it does
ggplot2	ggsave()	GG Save	Saves the last plot in working directory
ggplot2	<pre>last_plot()</pre>	Last plot	Returns the last plot produced
ggplot2	<pre>geom_point()</pre>	Geom point	Creates a scatterplot (when added to the ggplot() function)
ggplot2	<u>xlab()</u> ; <u>ylab()</u>	X Axis Labels; Y Axis Labels	Modifies the labels on the x axis and on the y axis, respectively
ggplot2	<pre>coord_fixed()</pre>	Cartesian Coordinates with Fixed Aspect Ratio	Coerces the coordinates on the plot to represent a fixed specified ratio

stringr, readr, tximport, dplyr, pheatmap

Documentation for each of these packages can be accessed by clicking the package name in the table below.

Library/Package	Piece of Code	What it's called	What it does
stringr	word()	Word	Extracts words from a character vector
readr	write_rds()	Write RDS	Writes data to a .RDS output file
tximport	tximport()	Tximport	Imports transcript-level estimates and summarizes abundances, counts, and transcript lengths to the gene-level by default
dplyr	pull()	Pull	Extracts a variable (column) as a vector
pheatmap	<pre>pheatmap()</pre>	Pheatmap	Plots clustered heatmaps

Salmon

Read the Salmon tool documentation here.

Tool	Piece of Code	What it's called	What it does
Salmon	salmon index	Salmon index	Builds a transcriptome index which is required for Salmon quantification (from the command line)
Salmon	salmon quant	Salmon quantification	Runs Salmon's quantification of transcript expression (from the command line)

Useful command line commands:

```
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic$ ls
                                                    - Command to list the files or subdirectories in the current directory
ccdl-training-waiver.DOCX docker-install intro-to-R-tidyverse LICENSE.md machine-learning README.md RNA-seq scRNA-seq
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic$ cd RNA-seq <
                                                         - Command to change into the subdirectory "RNA-seg"
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-sea$ cd data
                                                                                          - Make a new directory named "command_line_example" in the
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-seq/data$ mkdir command_line_example
                                                                                   Now 'cd' into that new directory
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-seq/data$ cd command_line_example/
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-seq/data/command_line_example$ wget -0 bash_example.sh https://raw.githubusercontent.com/GameSer
verManagers/LinuxGSM/master/linuxgsm.sh _____`wget` downloads a file from the internet (in this case a bash script) and saves it in the current directory --2019-07-24 20:46:35-- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/GameServerManagers/LinuxGSM/master/linuxgsm.sh
Resolving raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)... 151.101.200.133
Connecting to raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)|151.101.200.133|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 11826 (12K) [text/plain]
                                        The '-O' flag in our previous command
Saving to: 'bash_example.sh' <
                                         allows us to name the file we retieve
bash_example.sh
                                     100%Γ==
                                                                                                         ==>7 11.55K --.-KB/s
                                                                                                                                     in 0.007s
2019-07-24 20:46:35 (1.62 MB/s) - 'bash_example.sh' saved [11826/11826]
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-seq/data/command_line_example$ bash bash_example.sh
                                                                                                         - bash command runs a bash script
    fetching serverlist.csv...OK
Usage: bash_example.sh [option]
Installer - Linux Game Server Managers - Version v19.9.0
https://linuxgsm.com
                                                                                                                                echo command prints
Commands
                                                                                                                                 the string that follows
install
                 I Select server to install.
servername
                 I Enter name of game server to install. e.g bash_example.sh csgoserver.
list
                 I List all servers available for install.
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-seq/data/command_line_example$ echo This is the end of the command line demonstration
This is the end of the command line demonstration
rstudio@e549475e8bdb:~/kitematic/RNA-seq/data/command_line_example$ >
```

Feel free to give these commands a try on your own! (Note that our example begins in the training-module directory.)