



HOME TOP CONTESTS GYM PROBLEMSET GROUPS RATING API HELP KOTLIN HEROES Z

DASHA CALENDAR

PROBLEMS SUBMIT CODE MY SUBMISSIONS STATUS HACKS ROOM STANDINGS CUSTOM INVOCATION

E. Natasha, Sasha and the Prefix Sums

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input output: standard output

Natasha's favourite numbers are n and 1, and Sasha's favourite numbers are m and -1. One day Natasha and Sasha met and wrote down every possible array of length n+m such that some n of its elements are equal to 1 and another m elements are equal to -1. For each such array they counted its maximal prefix sum, probably an empty one which is equal to 0 (in another words, if every nonempty prefix sum is less to zero, then it is considered equal to zero). Formally, denote as f(a) the maximal prefix sum of an array a_1,\ldots,l of length $l\geq 0$. Then:

$$f(a) = \max(0, \max_{1 \leq i \leq l} \sum_{j=1}^i a_j)$$

Now they want to count the sum of maximal prefix sums for each such an array and they are asking you to help. As this sum can be very large, output it modulo $998\ 244\ 853$.

Input

The only line contains two integers n and m ($0 \le n, m \le 2000$).

Output

Output the answer to the problem modulo $998\ 244\ 853$.

Examples

input	Сору
0 2	
output	Сору
0	
input	Сору
2 0	
output	Сору
2	
input	Сору
22	
output	Сору
5	
input	Сору
2000 2000	
output	Сору

Note

674532367

In the first example the only possible array is [-1, -1], its maximal prefix sum is equal to 0

In the second example the only possible array is [1, 1], its maximal prefix sum is equal to 2.

There are 6 possible arrays in the third example:

Codeforces Round #581 (Div. 2)

Finished Practice

→ Virtual participation

Virtual contest is a way to take part in past contest, as close as possible to participation on time. It is supported only ACM-ICPC mode for virtual contests. If you've seen these problems, a virtual contest is not for you-solve these problems in the archive. If you just want to solve some problem from a contest, a virtual contest is not for you-solve this problem in the archive. Never use someone else's code, read the tutorials or communicate with other person during a virtual contest.

Start virtual contest

→ Practice

You are registered for practice. You can solve problems unofficially. Results can be found in the contest status and in the bottom of standings.

→ Clone Contest to Mashup

You can clone this contest to a mashup.

Clone Contest

→ Submit?



Submit

pass system tests.

→ Problem tags

combinatorics	dp	math	number theory
*2400			
			No tag edit access

2019/9/4 Problem - E - Codeforces

$$[1,1,-1,-1],f([1,1,-1,-1]) = 2$$

$$[1,-1,1,-1],f([1,-1,1,-1]) = 1$$

$$[1,-1,-1,1],f([1,-1,-1,1]) = 1$$

$$[-1,1,1,-1],f([-1,1,1,-1]) = 1$$

$$[-1,1,-1,1],f([-1,1,-1,1]) = 0$$

$$[-1,-1,1,1],f([-1,-1,1,1]) = 0$$

→ Contest materials
 • Announcement (en)
 ▼
 Tutorial (en)
 ▼

So the answer for the third example is 2+1+1+1+0+0=5.

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