BFO 2020 Material Entity Axioms

```
(1) I is an immaterial entity = Def. i is an independent continuant that has no material entities as parts.
     ∀i,t (instanceOf(i,immaterialEntity,t)
          \leftrightarrow instanceOf(i,independentContinuant,t)
          \land \neg (\exists m (instanceOf(m, materialEntity, t) \land continuantPartOf(m, i, t))))
(2) Member part of is dissective on third argument, a temporal region
     \forall p,q,r,s (memberPartOf(p,q,r) \land temporalPartOf(s,r) \rightarrow memberPartOf(p,q,s))
(3) If a material entity has a proper part, then at least one of its proper parts is not a material entity
     \forall m,t (instanceOf(m,materialEntity,t) \land (\exists mp(continuantPartOf(mp,m,t) \land mp\neqm))
           \rightarrow \exists mp(mp \neq m \land continuantPartOf(mp,m,t) \land \neg instanceOf(mp,immaterialEntity,t)))
(4) Any continuant that doesn't s depend or g depend on something is an independant continuant
     \forall c1 (\existst instanceOf(c1,independentContinuant,t)
          \leftrightarrow \exists t instanceOf(c1,continuant,t)
           \land \neg (\exists c2, t (specifically Depends On(c1, c2) \lor generically Depends On(c1, c2, t))))
(5) A fiat object part =def a proper part of an object
     \forall f,t (instanceOf(f,fiatObjectPart,t)
          \leftrightarrow \exists o (instanceOf(o,object,t) \land properContinuantPartOf(f,o,t)
               \land \neg instanceOf(f,immaterialEntity,t)))
(6) An object aggregate has more than one member at at least one time
     \forallag(\existst instanceOf(ag,objectAggregate,t)
          \rightarrow \exists o1, o2, t(o1 \neq o2 \land instanceOf(o1, object, t) \land memberPartOf(o1, ag, t)
                      \land instanceOf(o2,object,t) \land memberPartOf(o2,ag,t)))
(7) Member part of is time indexed and has domain: object and range: object aggregate
     \forall a,b,t (memberPartOf(a,b,t)
            \rightarrow instanceOf(a,object,t) \land instanceOf(b,objectAggregate,t)
             \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t))
(8) Member part of and has member part are inverse relations
     \forall t,a,b (memberPartOf(a,b,t) \leftrightarrow hasMemberPart(b,a,t))
(9) An object aggregate always has at least one member
     ∀ag,t (instanceOf(ag,objectAggregate,t)
            \rightarrow \exists o1 (instanceOf(o1,object,t) \land memberPartOf(o1,ag,t)))
(10) An object aggregate has member parts only disjoint objects
     ∀b,c,t (memberPartOf(b,c,t)
            \leftrightarrow instanceOf(b,object,t) \land instanceOf(c,objectAggregate,t)
             \land properContinuantPartOf(b,c,t)
             \land (\forall d (memberPartOf(d,c,t))
                         \rightarrow b=d \lor \neg (\exists z (continuantPartOf(z,b,t) \land continuantPartOf(z,d,t))))))
(11) All parts of an aggregate overlap some member
     \forallt,b,x (properContinuantPartOf(x,b,t) \lambda instanceOf(b,objectAggregate,t)
            \rightarrow \exists o (memberPartOf(o,b,t))
                   \land (\exists z (continuantPartOf(z,x,t) \land continuantPartOf(z,o,t))))
```