## **BFO 2020 Existence Instantiation Axioms**

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Particulars exist at some time [nmq-1]
     \forall p (particular(p) \rightarrow \exists t existsAt(p,t))
Every universal is instantiated at least once [mbf-1]
     \forall u (universal(u) \rightarrow \exists p,t instanceOf(p,u,t))
Exists at is dissective on first argumentwhen it is a continuant [uns-1]
     \forall p,q,r(existsAt(p,q) \land continuantPartOf(r,p,q) \rightarrow existsAt(r,q))
Instance of is dissective on third argument, a temporal region [qaf-1]
     \forall p,q,r,s (instanceOf(p,q,r) \land temporalPartOf(s,r) \rightarrow instanceOf(p,q,s))
Relata of exists at are particulars. [oap-1]
     \forall i, t (existsAt(i,t) \rightarrow particular(i) \land particular(t) \land instanceOf(t, temporalRegion, t))
Relata of instance of are particular, universal, temporal region. [lqn-1]
     \forall i,u,t (instanceOf(i,u,t) \rightarrow particular(i) \land universal(u) \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t))
There is always something that exists [nis-1]
     \forallt (instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t)
        \rightarrow \exists u, i (i \neq t \land universal(u) \land particular(i) \land instanceOf(i,u,t)))
If m is a material entity, then there is some one dimensional temporal region during which m exists [zuw-1]
     \forallm (\existst instanceOf(m,materialEntity,t)
          \rightarrow \exists t (instanceOf(t,oneDimensionalTemporalRegion,t) \land existsAt(m,t)))
If you exist you instatiate a universal and vice versa [bee-1]
     \forall a,t (\exists u (universal(u) \land instanceOf(a,u,t) \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t))
          \leftrightarrow particular(a) \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t) \land existsAt(a,t))
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Alan Ruttenberg, January 8, 2024. The most recent version of this file will always be in the GitHub repository https://github.com/bfo-ontology/bfo-2020

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