BFO 2020 Occurrent Mereology Axioms

(1) Proper occurrent part of and has proper occurrent part are inverse relations $\forall a,b (properOccurrentPartOf(a,b) \leftrightarrow hasProperOccurrentPart(b,a))$ (2) A proper occurrent part of b means a is an occurrent part of b and a is not the same as b $\forall x,y (properOccurrentPartOf(x,y) \leftrightarrow occurrentPartOf(x,y) \land x \neq y)$ (3) Proper occurrent part of has domain occurrent and range occurrent \forall a,b (properOccurrentPartOf(a,b) $\rightarrow \exists$ t instanceOf(a,occurrent,t) $\land \exists$ t instanceOf(b,occurrent,t)) (4) Every process has a process boundary $\forall p (\exists t \text{ instanceOf}(p, process, t))$ $\rightarrow \exists pb, t (instanceOf(pb,processBoundary,t) \land occurrentPartOf(pb,p)))$ (5) At least one process boundary needs to be at the first or last instant of the process it bounds $\forall p (\exists tp instanceOf(p,process,tp))$ $\rightarrow \exists pb, tb, tp (occupiesTemporalRegion(p, tp) \land occurrentPartOf(pb, p)$ \land occupiesTemporalRegion(pb,tb) \land instanceOf(pb,processBoundary,tb) $\land (\exists ltp, ftp (hasFirstInstant(tp, ftp) \land hasLastInstant(tp, ltp))$ \land (tb=ftp \lor tb=ltp)))))(6) Definition of temporal part for temporal regions \forall b,c (\exists t instanceOf(b,temporalRegion,t) $\land \exists$ t instanceOf(c,temporalRegion,t) \rightarrow (temporalPartOf(b,c) \leftrightarrow occurrentPartOf(b,c))) (7) Occurrent part of is transitive $\forall a,b,c (occurrentPartOf(a,b) \land occurrentPartOf(b,c) \rightarrow occurrentPartOf(a,c))$ (8) If a occurrent part of b then if a is an instance of process boundary then b is an instance of process or process boundary $\forall p,q (occurrentPartOf(p,q)$ \rightarrow (\exists t instanceOf(p,processBoundary,t) $\rightarrow \exists t (instanceOf(q,process,t) \lor instanceOf(q,processBoundary,t))))$ (9) If one occurrent is part of another, then the temporal region on which the former projects is a part of the temporal region on which the latter projects \forall o1,o2(occurrentPartOf(o1,o2) $\rightarrow \forall$ t(existsAt(o1,t) \rightarrow existsAt(o2,t))) (10) B is a temporal part of process or process boundary c if b is occurrent part of c and b's spatiotemporal region is temporal part of c's spatiotemporal region \forall b,c ((\exists t(instanceOf(b,process,t) \lor instanceOf(c,processBoundary,t))) $\land (\exists \, t (instanceOf(b,process,t) \, \lor \, instanceOf(c,processBoundary,t)))$ \rightarrow (temporalPartOf(b,c) $\leftrightarrow \exists$ bs,cs(occurrentPartOf(b,c) \land occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(b,bs) \land occupiesSpatiotemporalRegion(c,cs) \land temporalPartOf(bs,cs)))) (11) If a occurrent part of b then if a is an instance of process then b is an instance of process $\forall p,q (occurrentPartOf(p,q) \rightarrow (\exists t instanceOf(p,process,t)) \rightarrow \exists t instanceOf(q,process,t)))$ (12) A process boundary is any temporal part of a process that has no proper temporal parts. $\forall pb (\exists t instanceOf(pb,processBoundary,t))$ $\leftrightarrow (\exists p (temporalPartOf(pb,p) \land \exists t instanceOf(p,process,t)))$ $\land (\exists t (occupies Temporal Region(pb,t) \land instance Of(t,temporal Instant,t))))$ (13) If a has occurrent part b then if a is an instance of process then b is an instance of process or process boundary $\forall p,q (hasOccurrentPart(p,q)$ \rightarrow (\exists t instanceOf(p,process,t) $\rightarrow \exists t (instanceOf(q,process,t) \lor instanceOf(q,processBoundary,t))))$

(14) Two spatiotemporal regions are parts when they are temporal parts and their spatial projects are always \forall st1,st2 (\exists t instanceOf(st1,spatiotemporalRegion,t) $\land \exists t instanceOf(st2,spatiotemporalRegion,t)$ \rightarrow (occurrentPartOf(st1,st2) $\leftrightarrow (\exists t1, t2 (temporally Projects Onto(st1, t1) \land temporally Projects Onto(st2, t2)$ \land temporalPartOf(t1,t2))) $\land (\forall t (existsAt(st1,t)))$ $\rightarrow \exists$ s1,s2,tp(temporalPartOf(tp,t) \land spatiallyProjectsOnto(st1,s1,tp) ∧ spatiallyProjectsOnto(st2,s2,tp) \land continuantPartOf(s1,s2,tp))))) (15) Occurrent part of is antisymmetric $\forall a,b (occurrentPartOf(a,b) \land occurrentPartOf(b,a) \rightarrow a=b)$ (16) Occurrent part of and has occurrent part are inverse relations $\forall a,b (occurrentPartOf(a,b) \leftrightarrow hasOccurrentPart(b,a))$ (17) B temporal part c (both spatiotemporal regions) iff b temporal projection is part of c's temporal projection, and for all parts of b's existence, if it spatially projects onto s at that time, then so does c \forall b,c (\exists t instanceOf(b,spatiotemporalRegion,t) $\land \exists$ t instanceOf(c,spatiotemporalRegion,t) \rightarrow (temporalPartOf(b,c) $\leftrightarrow \exists$ tb,tc(temporallyProjectsOnto(b,tb) \land temporallyProjectsOnto(c,tc) \land occurrentPartOf(tb,tc) $\land (\forall tp (occurrentPartOf(tp,tb) \land \exists s \ spatiallyProjectsOnto(b,s,tp)$ $\rightarrow \exists s (spatiallyProjectsOnto(b,s,tp))$ \land spatially Projects Onto(c,s,tp)))))) (18) If a occurrent part of b then if a is an instance of temporal region then b is an instance of temporal region, and vice versa $\forall p,q (occurrentPartOf(p,q)$ \rightarrow (\exists t instanceOf(p,temporalRegion,t) $\leftrightarrow \exists$ t instanceOf(q,temporalRegion,t))) (19) If a has occurrent part b then if a is an instance of process boundary then b is an instance of process boundary $\forall p,q (hasOccurrentPart(p,q))$ \rightarrow (\exists t instanceOf(p,processBoundary,t) \rightarrow \exists t instanceOf(q,processBoundary,t))) (20) Occurrent part of has a unique product $\forall x,y (\exists t (instanceOf(x,occurrent,t) \land instanceOf(y,occurrent,t))$ \land instanceOf(t,temporalRegion,t)) \rightarrow (\exists w (occurrentPartOf(w,x) \land occurrentPartOf(w,y)) $\rightarrow \exists z (\forall w (occurrentPartOf(w,z) \leftrightarrow occurrentPartOf(w,x) \land occurrentPartOf(w,y)))))$ (21) Occurrent part of has domain occurrent and range occurrent $\forall a,b (occurrentPartOf(a,b) \rightarrow \exists t instanceOf(a,occurrent,t) \land \exists t instanceOf(b,occurrent,t))$ (22) If a occurrent part of b then if a is an instance of spatiotemporal region then b is an instance of spatiotemporal region, and vice versa $\forall p,q (occurrentPartOf(p,q))$ \rightarrow (\exists t instanceOf(p,spatiotemporalRegion,t) $\leftrightarrow \exists t \text{ instanceOf}(q, spatiotemporalRegion, t)))$ (23) Occurrent part of is reflexive

 $\forall a (\exists t \text{ instanceOf}(a, occurrent, t) \rightarrow occurrentPartOf(a, a))$

(24) Proper temporal part of has domain occurrent and range occurrent

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\forall a,b (properTemporalPartOf(a,b) \rightarrow \exists t instanceOf(a,occurrent,t) \land \exists t instanceOf(b,occurrent,t))
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Alan Ruttenberg, December 5, 2019

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