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Pledge: I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.

Give the complexity of the following functions. Choose the most appropriate notation from among 0,  $\theta$ , and  $\Omega$ .

```
void function1(int n) {
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = i; j <= n; j += 2) {
              cout << "*";
         }
     }
}
Answer: \Theta(n^2)
void function2(int n) {
     int count = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i * i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         count++;
    cout << count;</pre>
}
Answer: \Theta(\sqrt[3]{n})
void function3(int n) {
     int count = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j + n/2 <= n; j++) {
              for (int k = 1; k <= n; k *= 2) {
                   count++;
         }
    cout << count;</pre>
Answer: \Theta(n * \sqrt{n} * log_2(n))
void function4(int n) {
     int count = 0;
    for (int i = n/2; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j *= 2) {</pre>
              for (int k = 1; k <= n; k *= 2) {</pre>
                   count++;
         }
    cout << count;</pre>
Answer:\Theta(nlog^2_2(n))
```

```
void function5(int n) {
    if (n % 2 == 0) {
         return;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
             cout << "*";
              break;
         }
    }
}
Answer:
O(n)
void function6(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n/2; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n/3; j++) {</pre>
             for (int k = 1; k <= n/4; k++) {
                  count++;
              }
         }
    }
    cout << count;</pre>
Answer: \Theta(n^3)
void function7(int n) {
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j += i) {</pre>
              cout << "*";
         }
    }
Answer: \Theta(n^2)
void function8(int n) {
    int i = 1, s = 1;
    while (s <= n) {
         i++;
         s += i;
         cout << "*";
    }
}
Answer: \Theta(\sqrt{n})
```

**Processing Arrays** 

- a. Suppose you have an unsorted array of integers of length n and want to sum all the elements inside it. What is the running time of your algorithm?  $\Theta(n)$
- b. Suppose you have an unsorted array of integers of length n and want to determine if all the values inside are positive. What is the running time of your algorithm? O(n)
- c. Suppose you have a sorted array of integers of length n and want to determine the median value. What is the running time of your algorithm?  $\Theta(1)$

$$_{\mathbf{T}}$$
 T/F  $f(n) = 5n^2 + 4n + 8 \in \theta(n^2)$ 

If true, prove it by giving *integral* values for the required constants  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ , and  $n_0$ . Choose the tightest values possible for the  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  constants. If false, show the contradiction.

 $c_2$  tried 4 and 5. Neither work

$$c_2 = 6$$

$$5n^2 + 4n + 8 \le n^2 c_2$$

$$plug in c_2^2 -> 5n^2 + 4n + 8 \le 6n^2$$

Getting  $n_0$ 

$$0 \le 6^2 - 4 * 6 - 8$$

$$0 \le 4$$

$$n_0 = 6$$

$$c_{1} = 5$$

$$c_1 n^2 \le 5n^2 + 4n + 8$$

$$5n^2 \le 5n^2 + 4n + 8 \, works$$

$$n_0 = 6$$

$$c_1 = 5$$

$$c_2 = 6$$