

- 1) Using CSV
- 2) Using Excel
- 3) From python dictionary
- 4) From list of tuples
- 5) From list of dictionaries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/prasa/Desktop/ds projects/panda/weather_data3.csv")
df
```

Out[1]:

	day	temperature	windspeed	event
0	01-01-2017	32	6	Rain
1	01-02-2017	35	7	Sunny
2	01-03-2017	28	2	Snow

```
In [ ]: #df=pd.read_excel("weather_data.xlsx","Sheet1")
```

```
In [2]: weather_data={
        'day':['1/1/2017','1/2/2017','1/3/2017'],
        'temperature': [32,35,28],
        'windspeed': [6,7,2],
        'event': ['Rain', 'Sunny', 'Snow']
    }
df=pd.DataFrame(weather_data) #dictionaries
df
```

Out[2]:

	day	temperature	windspeed	event
0	1/1/2017	32	6	Rain
1	1/2/2017	35	7	Sunny
2	1/3/2017	28	2	Snow

```
In [10]: weather_data = {
          ('1/1/2017', 36, 6, 'Rain'),
          ('1/2/2017', 35, 7, 'Sunny'),
          ('1/3/2017', 28, 2, 'Snow')
        }
df = pd.DataFrame(weather_data, columns = ["day", "temperature", "Windspeed", "event"]) #Tuples
df
```

Out[10]:

	day	temperature	Windspeed	event
0	1/3/2017	28	2	Snow
1	1/2/2017	35	7	Sunny
2	1/1/2017	36	6	Rain

```
In [11]: weather_data= [
          {'day': '1/1/2017', 'temperature': 32, 'windspeed': 6, 'event': 'Rain'},
          {'day': '1/2/2017', 'temperature': 35, 'windspeed': 7, 'event': 'Sunny'},
          {'day': '1/3/2017', 'temperature': 28, 'windspeed': 2, 'event': 'Snow'},
        ]
df = pd.DataFrame(weather_data) # list of dictionaries
df
```

Out[11]:

	day	temperature	windspeed	event
0	1/1/2017	32	6	Rain
1	1/2/2017	35	7	Sunny
2	1/3/2017	28	2	Snow

```
In [ ]: For more IO Tools refer pandas.pydata.org
```