# Operating Systems – COC 3071L

## **SE 5th A – Fall 2025**

# **Objective**

The purpose of this assignment is to:

- 1. Configure Ubuntu inside WSL2 (Windows Subsystem for Linux v2).
- 2. Install and configure Git in Ubuntu.
- 3. Generate and set up **SSH keys** to connect with GitHub.
- 4. Install the C development environment in Ubuntu.
- 5. Write a Hello World program in C.

## Part A: WSL2 & Ubuntu Setup

- 1. Verify WSL2 and Ubuntu installation
  - Verify installation by running the following command in powershell:

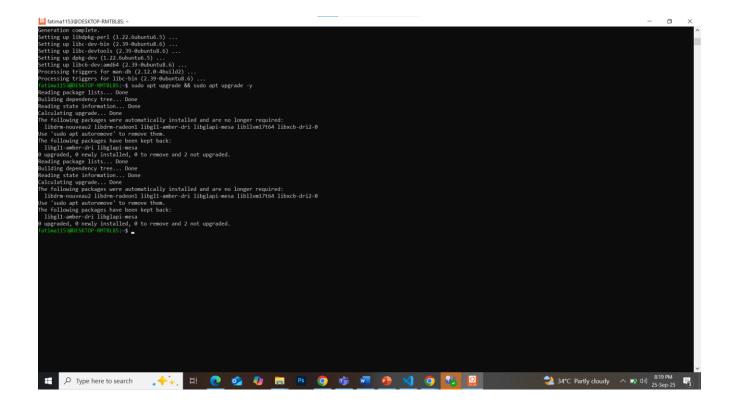
```
wsl --list --verbose
```

Submit a screenshot showing Ubuntu installed and running on WSL2.

```
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- 2. Update Ubuntu environment
  - Run the following command in Ubuntu:



# Part B: Git & GitHub SSH Setup

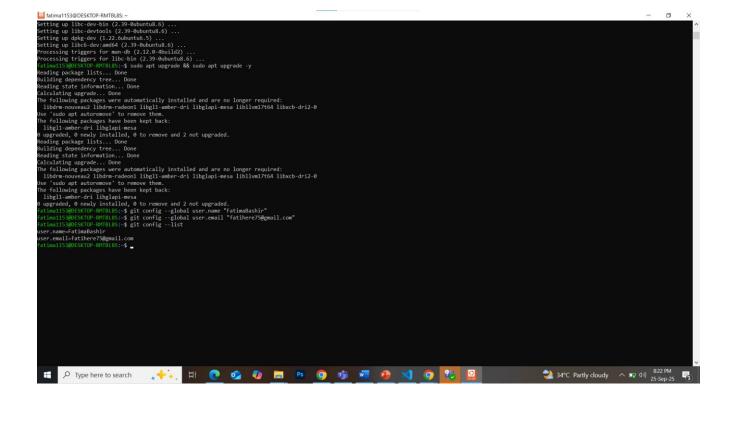
## 1. Configure Git

Set your name and email:

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email "your@email.com"
```

Show your config:

```
git config --list
```



Submit a screenshot.

### 2. Generate SSH Keys

• Run:

```
ssh-keygen -t ed25519
```

Copy the public key:

```
cat ~/.ssh/id_ed25519.pub
```

Add this key to your GitHub account under Settings → SSH and GPG keys.

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#### 3. Test Connection

```
ssh -T git@github.com
```

Submit a screenshot showing successful authentication.

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# Part C: C Programming Environment & Practice

## **Step 1: Install Build Tools**

Before writing C programs, install the **build-essential** package which contains gcc, g++, and other tools required for compiling.

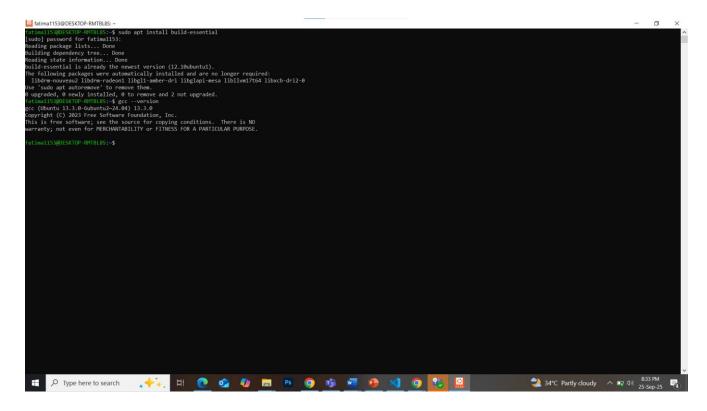
Run:

```
sudo apt install build-essential
```

Verify installation by checking the version of gcc:

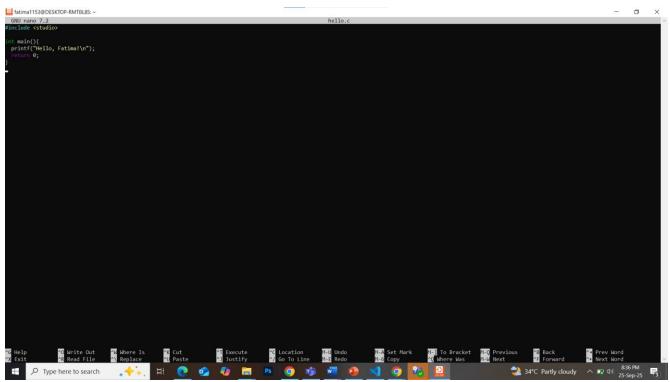
```
gcc --version
```

Submit a screenshot of successful installation and version output.



## Step 2: How to run a C Program

- 1. First write a C program in a file with \_c extension.
- 2. Compile the file using gcc filename.c -o filename.out
- 3. Execute it using ./filename.out



#### **Breakdown**

- gcc
  - This is the GNU Compiler Collection command.

- It compiles C (and other languages like C++) programs into machine code that can be executed by the computer.
- filename.c
  - This is the source code file you wrote in C.
  - Example: hello.c contains your C program.
- -o filename.out
  - The option -o means "output."
  - By default, gcc creates an executable file named a.out if you don't specify anything.
  - With -o, you can choose the name of the output executable.
  - In this case, the compiled file will be named filename.out.

## Step 3: Write a C Program

Write a simple C program of your choice. It can be a **Hello World** program or any other.

Submission: For the program, submit:

- The C source code ( \_c file).
- Screenshot of execution (./program)

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## **Deadline**

Submit before 12:00 AM, 25 September, 2025.