LegBuilder Documentation

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CONTENTS 1

DISCRETIZATION MODULE

Discretize the continuous hybridization function into a discretized model(DiscModel). checking method is also provided.

class discretization. DiscHandler (token, Lambda, N, D=[-1.0, 1.0], Gap=[0.0, 0.0])
Bases: object

Handler for discretization of hybridization function.

token: the token of this handler, which is a string for saving/loading data.

Lambda: scaling factor.

N: the maximum discretization index.

D: the band range, [-1,1] for default.

z: number of z.

Gap: the gap range.

check_mapping2 (*rhofunc*, *Efunc*, *Tfunc*, *scalefunc*, *sgn*, *Nx*=1000, *Nw*=200, *smearing*=0.02) check the mapping quality - the multi-band Green's function version.

rhofunc: the original hybridization function.

Efunc/Tfunc: the representative energy/hopping term as a function of x.

scalefunc: scale function.

sgn: the branch.

Nx/Nw: number of samples in x(index)- and w(frequency)- space.

smearing: smearing constant.

get_Efunc2 (Efuncs, Ufunc)

Get the Efunc for multi-band system.

Efuncs: energy functions for individual bands.

Ufunc: U function.

return: a function of representative energy E(x).

get_Tfunc2 (wxfuncs, Ufunc)

Get the hopping term for multi-band system.

wxfuncs: functions of weights for individual bands, t=sqrt(w) in 1-band system and this is for multi-band.

Ufunc: U function.

return: a function of representative hopping terms T(x).

```
get_Ufunc2 (Efuncs, sgn)
          get the U(x) function.
          Efuncs: the energy functions.
          return: a function of matrix U(x).
get discrete model (funcs, z=1.0, append=False)
          get a discrete set of models for specific zs.
          funcs: a super tuple -> (scalefunc_positive, Efunc_positive, Tfunc_positive), (scalefunc_negative, Efunc_negative, Tfunc_negative, Tfunc_negat
          z: z or a list of zs.
          append: append model informations instead of generating one.
          return: a discrentized model - DiscModel instance.
get_efunc (wxfunc, sgn, bandindex=0, N=100000, rk=False)
          get representative Energy function e(x) for specific band and branch -the python version.
          wxfunc: a function of w(x), which is equal to t(x)^2.
          sgn: the positive branch if sgn>0, else the negative one.
          bandindex: the band index.
          N: the number of samples for integration.
          rk: use Ronge-Kutta if True(in this version, it's better to set False).
          return: a function of representative energy e(x) for specific band and branch.
get_scalefunc_log(sgn)
          get logarithmic scale tick function. epsilon(x)=Lambda^(2-x)
          sgn: return the scale function for the positive branch if sgn>0, else the negative one.
          return: a scale function epsilon(x).
get_scalefunc_sclog(sgn)
          get logarithmic scale tick function suited for superconductor(logarithmic for normal part).
          sgn: return the scale function for the positive branch if sgn>0, else the negative one.
          return: a scale function epsilon(x).
get_wxfunc (scalefunc, sgn, bandindex=0, N=10000)
          Get weight function w(x), which is equal to int^e(x)_e(x+1) d(w,bandindex) dw
          scalefunc: the function for scale ticks.
          sgn: specify the branch.
          bandindex: the bandindex.
          N: the number of samples.
          return: weight of hybridization function w(x) at interval epsilon(x)~epsilon(x+1)
quick_map2 (tick_type='log', NN=1000000)
          Perform quick mapping(All in one suit!) for 2 x 2 hybridization matrix.
          tick_type: the type of tick, log->logarithmic tick, sclog->logarithmic ticks suited for superconductor.
          NN: the number of samples for integration over rho(w).
```

return: a super tuple -> (scalefunc_positive, Efunc_positive, Tfunc_positive), (scalefunc_negative, Efunc_negative, Tfunc_negative)

```
set_rhofunc(rhofunc, NW=50001)
           rhofunc: the hybridization function.
           NW: the number of ws for rho(w).
     unique_token
           return a unique token, for saving/loading datas.
class discretization.DiscModel (Elist, Tlist, z=1.0)
     Bases: object
     discrete model.
     Elist/Tlist: a list of on-site energies and hopping terms. The shape is (2N,nz,nband,nband)
     z: the twisting parameters.
     N
           number of particles for each branch(positive or negative).
     nband
           number of bands.
     nz
           number of twisting parameters.
```

CHAINMAPPER MODULE

Map a discretized model into a Chain by the method of (block-)lanczos tridiagonalization. checking method is also provided.

```
class chainmapper.Chain (t0, elist, tlist)
     Bases: object
     NRG chain class.
     t0: the coupling term of the first site and the impurity.
     elist/tlist: a list of on-site energies and coupling terms.
class chainmapper.ChainMapper(prec=3000)
     Bases: object
     A Chain Model Mapper for NRG.
     prec: the precision in mapping process.
     check_spec (chain, dischandler, rhofunc)
           check mapping quality.
           chain: the chain after mapping.
           dischandler: discretization handler.
           rhofunc: hybridization function.
     map(model)
           Map discretized model to a chain model using lanczos method.
           model: the discretized model(DiscModel instance).
           return: a Chain object
chainmapper.load_chain(token)
     load a Chain instance from files.
     token: a string as a prefix to store datas of a chain.
     return: a Chain instance.
chainmapper.save_chain (token, chain)
     save a Chain instance to files.
     token: a string as a prefix to store datas of a chain.
     chain: a chain instance.
```

TRIDIAGONALIZE MODULE

Tridiagonalization methods for both scalar(tridiagonalize) and block(tridiagonalize_qr) versions. Some test functions are also included.

tridiagonalize.check_tridiagonalize(H0, trid)

check the quality of tridiagonalization.

H0: the original hamiltonian.

trid: tridiagonalization result, a tuple of (data, offset).

tridiagonalize(A, q, m=None, prec=None, getbasis=False)

Use m steps of the lanczos algorithm starting with q to generate eigenvalues for the sparse symmetric matrix A.

A: a sparse symmetric matrix.

q: the starting vector.

m: the steps to run.

getbasis: return basis vectors if True.

return: (data, offset, vectorbase)

Use scipy.sparse.diags(res[0],res[1]) to generate a sparse matrix

tridiagonalize_qr(A, q, m=None, prec=None)

Use m steps of the lanczos algorithm starting with q - the block version with QR decomposition.

Note: we need to specify a two-column starting vectors here (q0,q1) with q0,q1 orthogonal to each other.

A: a sparse symmetric matrix.

q: the starting othogonal vector q=(q0,q1).

m: the steps to run.

return: (data, offset), the trdiagonal matrix can be generated by scipy.sparse.diags(data, offset).

UTILS MODULE

```
Author: Jinguo Leo Date: 8 September 2014 Description: physics utility library
utils.H2G(h, w, tp='r', geta=0.01, sigma=None)
     Get Green's function g from Hamiltonian h.
     h: an array of hamiltonian.
     w: the energy(frequency).
     tp: the type of Green's function. 'r': retarded Green's function.(default) 'a': advanced Green's function.
           'matsu': finite temperature Green's function.
     geta: smearing factor. default is 1e-2.
     sigma: additional self energy.
     return: a Green's function.
utils.eigh_pauliv_npy (a0, a1, a2, a3)
     eigen values for pauli vectors - numpy version.
     a0/a1/a2/a3: pauli components.
     return: (evals, evecs)
utils.mpconj(A)
     get the conjugate of matrix A(to avoid a bug of gmpy2.mpc.)
     A: the input matrix.
     return: matrix with the same dimension as A
utils.ode_ronge_kutta(func, y0, tlist, **kwargs)
     Integrate use Ronge Kutta method.
     func: the function of (x,y).
     y0: the starting y.
     tlist: a list of t.
     **kwargs: additional arguments for scipy.ode.set_integrator
     return: return integrated array(like cumtrapz).
utils.qr2(A)
     analytically, get the QR decomposition of a matrix.
     A: the matrix.
     return: (Q,R), where QR=A
```

utils.s2vec(s)

Transform a 2 x 2 matrix to a 4 dimensional vector, corresponding to s0,sx,sy,sz component.

s: the matrix.

utils.vec2s(n)

Transform a vector of length 3 or 4 to a pauli matrix.

n: a 1-D array of length 3 or 4 to specify the *direction* of spin.

return: 2 x 2 matrix.

CHAPTER

FIVE

HYBRI_SC MODULE

Get the hybridization function of a conventional superconductor. wide-band approximation(get_hybri_wideband) version and finite-band width(get_hybri) version are available.

hybri_sc.get_hybri(Gap, Gamma, D0=1.0, mu=0.0, eta=1e-10)

D(w) for superconducting surface.

Gap: the Gap value.

Gamma: the overall strength.

D0: the band width of normal part.

mu: chemical potential.eta: the smearing factor.

return: hybridization function for superconductor.

hybri_sc.get_hybri_wideband(Gap, Gamma, D=1.0, mu=0.0, eta=1e-10)

D(w) for superconducting surface, taking wide-band approximation.

Gap: the Gap value.

Gamma: the overall strength.

D: the band width.

mu: chemical potential.eta: the smearing factor.

return: hybridization function for superconductor with wideband approximation.

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