

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**
TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE
100%

Practice Quiz: While Loops

TOTAL POINTS 5

1. What are while loops in Python?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ While loops let the computer execute a set of instructions while a condition is true.
- ☐ While loops instruct the computer to execute a piece of code a set number of times.
- ☐ While loops let us branch execution on whether or not a condition is true.
- ☐ While loops are how we initialize variables in Python.

✓ **Correct**

Right on! Using while loops we can keep executing the same group of instructions until the condition stops being true.

2. Fill in the blanks to make the `print_prime_factors` function print all the prime factors of a number. A prime factor is a number that is prime and divides another without a remainder.

1 / 1 point

```
2 def print_prime_factors(number):
3     # Start with two, which is the first prime
4     factor = 2
5     # Keep going until the factor is larger than the number
6     while factor <= number:
7         # Check if factor is a divisor of number
8         if number % factor == 0:
9             # If it is, print it and divide the original number
10            print(factor)
11            number = number / factor
12        else:
13            # If it's not, increment the factor by one
14            factor += 1
15    return "Done"
```

Run

Reset

```
2
2
5
5
```

✓ **Correct**

You nailed it! You've got the code to print all the right prime factors. Well done!

3. The following code can lead to an infinite loop. Fix the code so that it can finish successfully for all numbers.

1 / 1 point

Note: Try running your function with the number 0 as the input, and see what you get!

```
1 def is_power_of_two(n):
2     # Check if the number can be divided by two without a remainder
3     while n!=0 and n%2 ==0 :
4
5         n = n / 2
6     # If after dividing by two the number is 1, it's a power of two
7     if n == 1:
8         return True
9     return False
10
11
12 print(is_power_of_two(0)) # Should be False
13 print(is_power_of_two(1)) # Should be True
14 print(is_power_of_two(8)) # Should be True
```

Run

Reset

```
False
True
True
False
```

✓ **Correct**

Awesome! You fixed a tricky error that was hard to find and the function now behaves correctly.

4. Fill in the empty function so that it returns the sum of all the divisors of a number, without including it. A divisor is a number that divides into another without a remainder.

1 / 1 point

```
7     sum += 1
8     i += 1
9     return sum
10
11
12 print(sum_divisors(0))
13 # 0
14 print(sum_divisors(3)) # Should sum of 1
15 # 1
16 print(sum_divisors(36)) # Should sum of 1+2+3+4+6+9+12+18
17 # 55
18 print(sum_divisors(102)) # Should be sum of 2+3+6+17+34+51
19 # 114
20
```

Run

Reset

```
0
1
55
```

✓ Correct

Well done, you! You've written a complex while loop and got Python to do the work for you.

5. The `multiplication_table` function prints the results of a number passed to it multiplied by 1 through 5. An additional requirement is that the result is not to exceed 25, which is done with the `break` statement. Fill in the blanks to complete the function to satisfy these conditions.

1 / 1 point

```

1 def multiplication_table(number):
2     # Initialize the starting point of the multiplication table
3     multiplier = 1
4     # Only want to loop through 5
5     while multiplier <= 5:
6         result = multiplier* number
7         # What is the additional condition to exit out of the loop?
8         if result > 25 :
9             break
10        print(str(number) + "x" + str(multiplier) + "=" + str(result))
11        # Increment the variable for the loop
12        multiplier += 1
13
14 multiplication_table(3)
15 # Should print: 3x1=3 3x2=6 3x3=9 3x4=12 3x5=15
16
17 multiplication_table(5)
18 # Should print: 5x1=5 5x2=10 5x3=15 5x4=20 5x5=25
19
20 multiplication_table(8)
21 # Should print: 8x1=8 8x2=16 8x3=24

```

Run

Reset

```

3x1=3
3x2=6
3x3=9
3x4=12
3x5=15
5x1=5
5x2=10
5x3=15
5x4=20
5x5=25
8x1=8
8x2=16
8x3=24

```

✓ Correct

Excellent! You completed the multiplication table with all of the required criteria, and it looks great!