Computer Graphics: Assignment 06

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6.1 Bresenham Algorithm

- 1. Rasterization
 - First line initialization:

$$x_0 = 2$$
 $x_1 = 6$
 $y_0 = 3$ $y_1 = 4$
 $x = 2$ $y = 3$
 $d = F(3, 3.5) = 3.5 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot (-1) + 8 - 18 = 1$

1. color pixel
$$(x, y) = (2, 3)$$

 $d = 1 \ge 0 \Rightarrow E \rightarrow x = x + 1 = 3, \ y = y = 3, \ d = d - 1 = 0$

2. color pixel
$$(x, y) = (3, 3)$$

 $d = 0 \ge 0 \Rightarrow E \to x = x + 1 = 4, y = y = 3, d = d - 1 = -1$

3. color pixel
$$(x, y) = (4, 3)$$

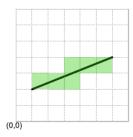
 $d = -1 < 0 \Rightarrow NE \rightarrow x = x + 1 = 5, y = y + 1 = 4, d = d + 3 = 2$

4. color pixel
$$(x, y) = (5, 4)$$

 $d = 2 \ge 0 \Rightarrow E \rightarrow x = x + 1 = 6, y = y = 4, d = d - 1 = 1$

5. color pixel
$$(x, y) = (6, 4)$$

 $d = 1 \ge 0 \Rightarrow E \rightarrow x = x + 1 = 7, y = y = 4, d = d - 1 = 0$



- Second line initialization, remember to switch x and y in the formulas:
- 2. Antialiasing