

Discovering the intrinsic structure of ciliary motion



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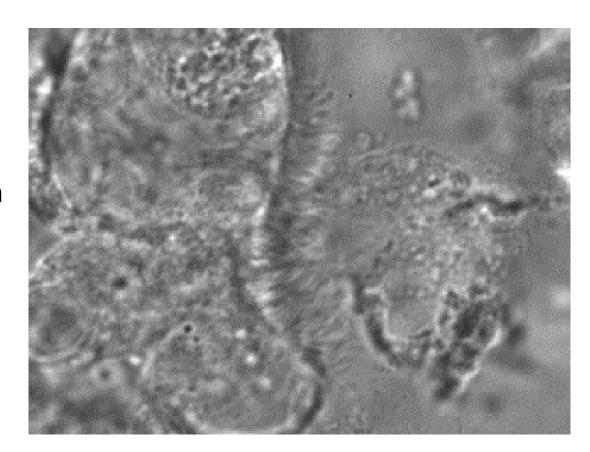
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Goal

Quantify ciliary motion in terms of motion primitives via clustering and discover motion primitives indicative of abnormal ciliary motion

Types of Cilia

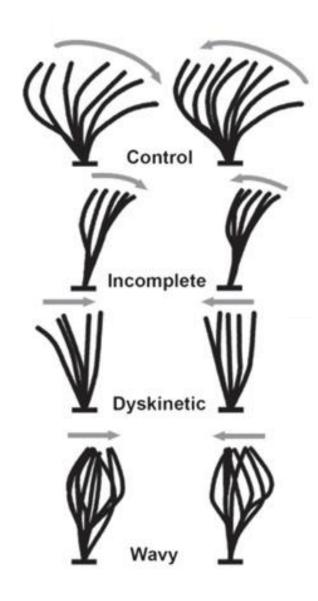
- Motile or immotile
- Motile cilia in respiratory tract beat in two steps
 - Power stroke
 - Recovery stroke



Ciliary Motion - Ciliopathies

Sinopulmonary disease

- Heterotaxy/Kartagener's
- Congenital heart disease



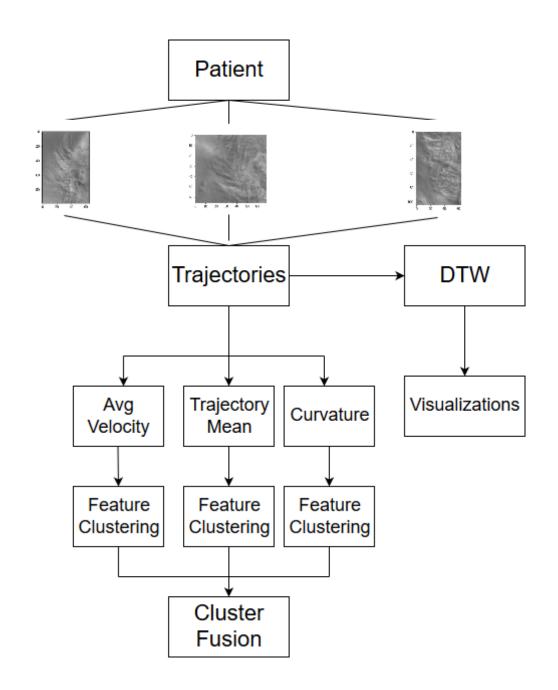
Manual detection of abnormal ciliary motion

Visual examination by experts in detecting ciliary beat abnormalities

Electron microscopy

Ciliary beat frequency

Approach



Dataset

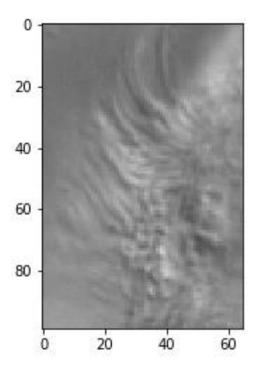
• 78 patients

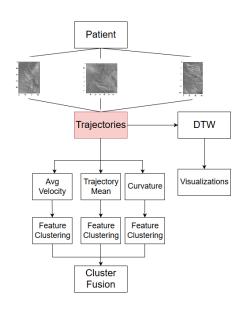
Nasal brush biopsy

• Labeled by clinicians on a discrete scale from 1-4

Optical Flow

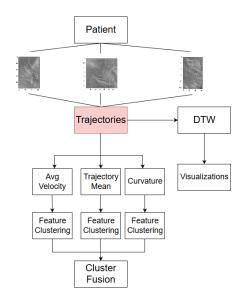
- Apparent motion of objects between two frames
- Horizontal change and vertical change





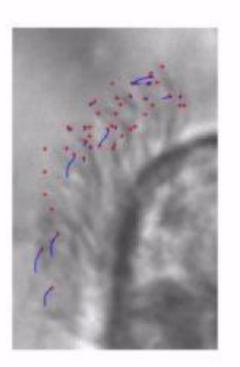
Trajectories

- Describe ciliary motion as trajectories
- Dense trajectories



$$P_{t+1} = (x_{t+1}, y_{t+1}) = (x_t, y_t) + (M * \omega_t)|_{(x_t, y_t)}$$

$$P_1, P_2, P_3, ..., P_M$$

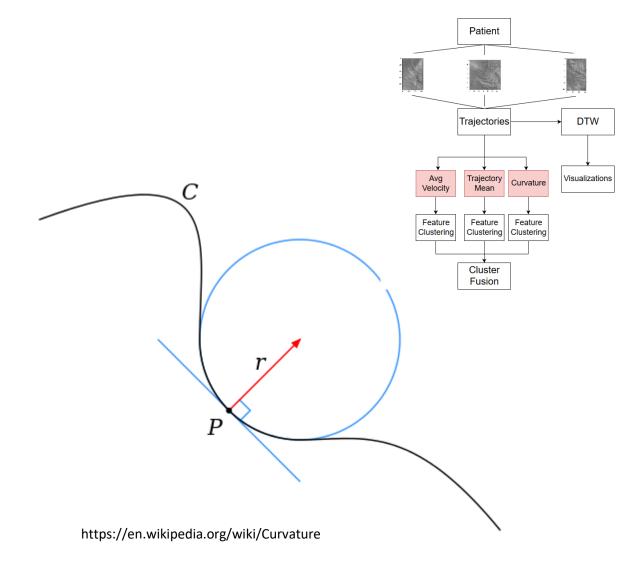


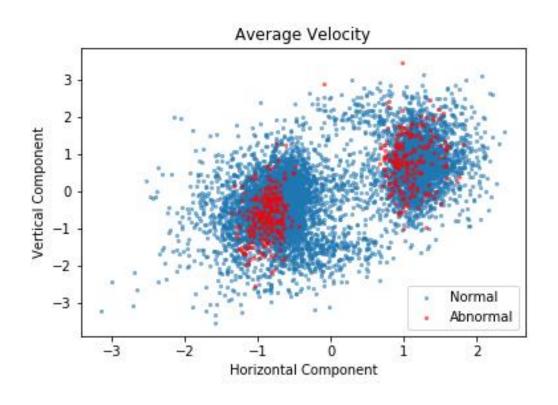
Feature Engineering

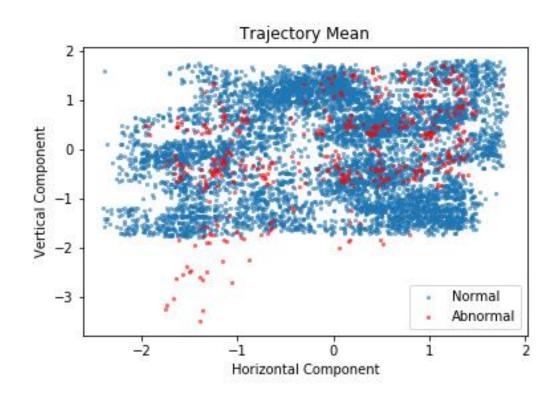
Average velocity

Trajectory mean

Curvature



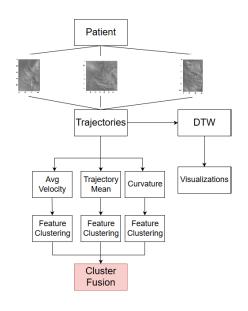




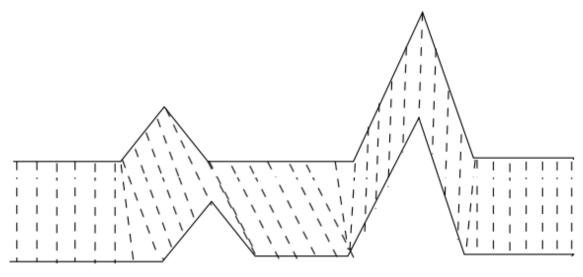
Features – average velocity/trajectory mean

Clustering

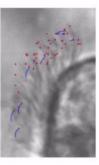
- dbscan for each feature space
- Cluster fusion
 - Pick median feature
 - Combine clusters by picking largest intersection with median feature

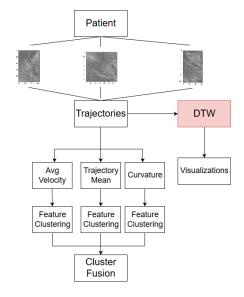


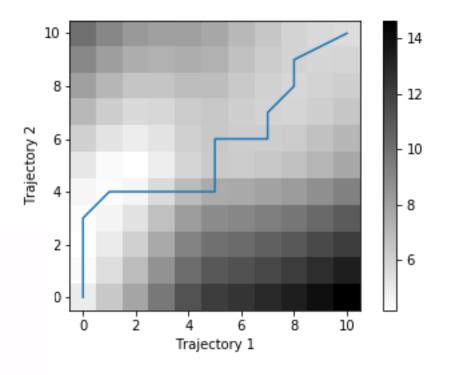
Dynamic time warping



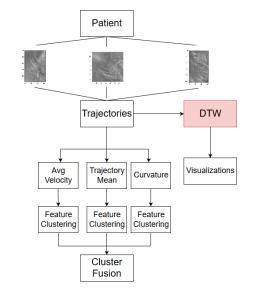
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dynamic_time_warping

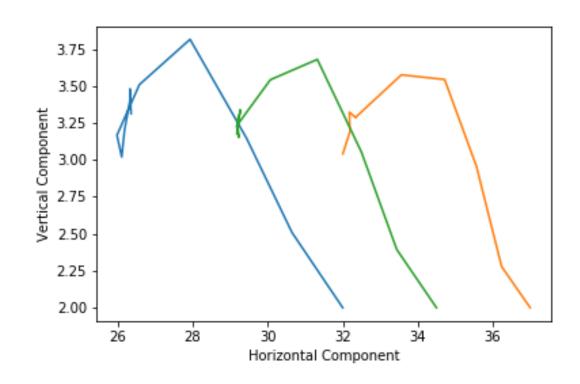


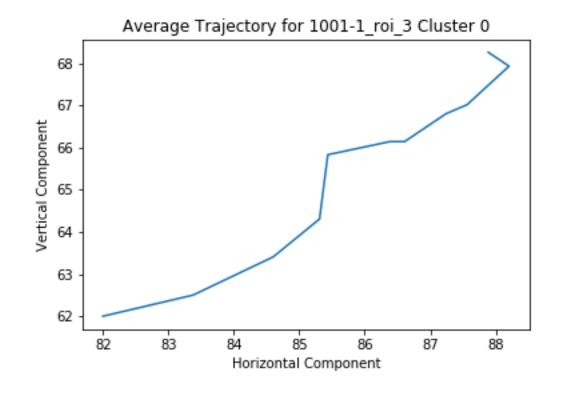


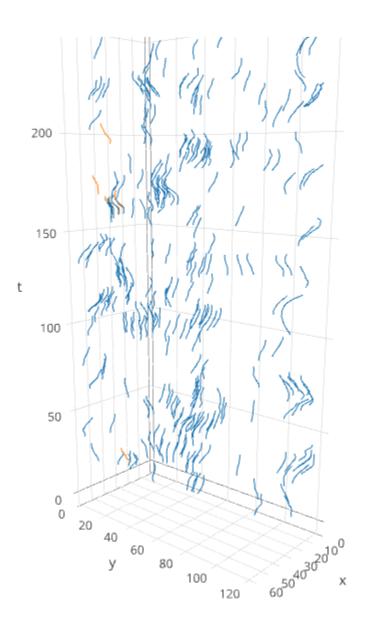


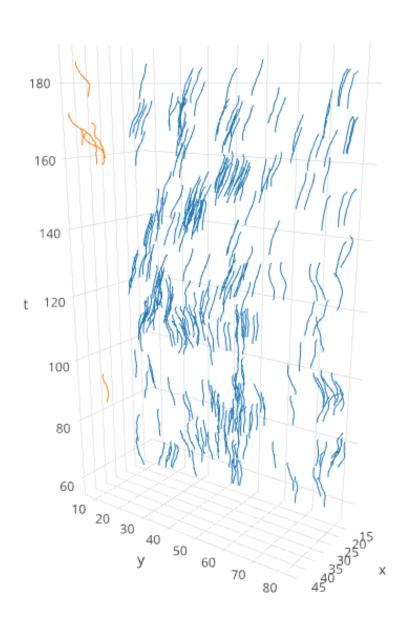
Dynamic time warping – avg trajectory





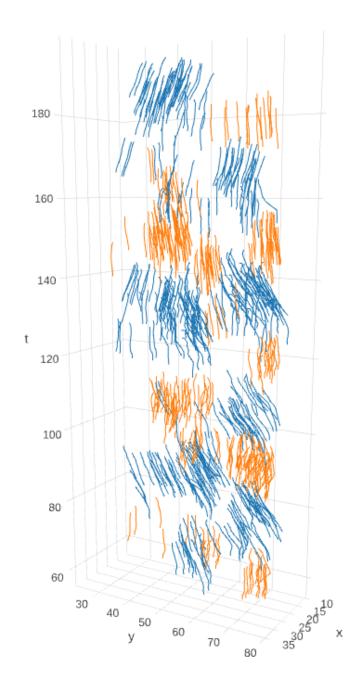






Clustering – trajectories average velocity

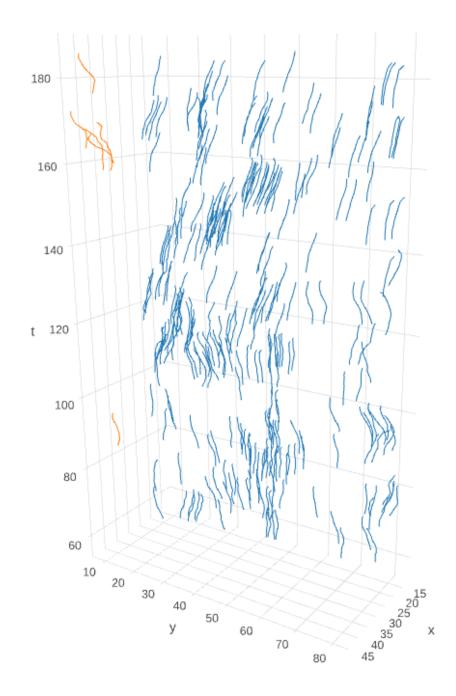
- Trajectory points (x, y, t)
- Labeled according to average velocity clustering
- Location and velocity related



Clustering – final trajectories

 Trajectory visualization

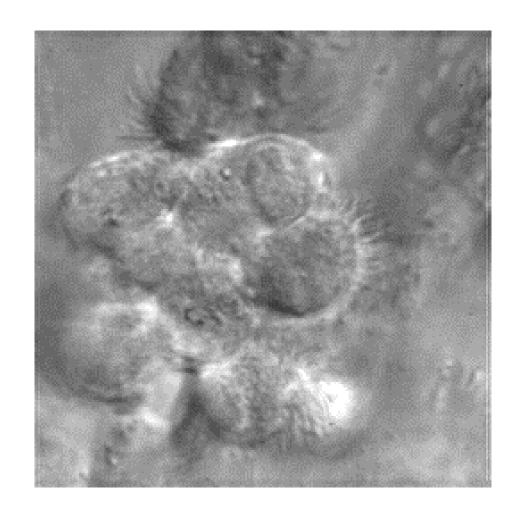
 Labeled according to their final cluster



Cilia ratio in each cluster

Label	Cluster 0	Cluster 1	Cluster 2	Cluster 3
1 – most normal	0.846	0.698	0.513	0.000
2	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
3	0.043	0.067	0.128	0.000
4 – most abnormal	0.110	0.235	0.358	1.000

- 4 clusters discovered intrinsic motion patterns
- Little variability in abnormal motion
- Stronger variability in normal motion
 - Historically categorized as power/recovery stroke



Future Directions

• Show clusters to clinicians to refine clusters

Use topic modeling for cluster ratio

Acknowledgements

- Mentor Dr. Chakra Chennubhotla
- Maurice Marx
- Dr. Sherif Khattab
- NSF
- You!

• Questions?