

Take Home Quiz 2

Your Name

Due 1:00pm Monday, March 29

This quiz should take you approximately 25 minutes. Place your answers into this markdown document, knit it, and hand in the result as a PDF. Just answering is not enough - you need to include the R code that produces your answer.

You may use R, the internet, and any reference material, but do not work together and do not get help (except from Dr. Clair).

Problem 1

This problem uses the `babynames` data from the `babynames` library.

- Find the most popular girl's name in the year 2000.
- Find the most popular girl's name in the year 2000 that starts with "Q".

Problem 2

Continue using `babynames`. Not all babies are counted in this data set - it only includes names that are given to five or more babies. The `prop` variable gives the percentage of all babies born that year with the given name.

- What percentage of all female babies born in 2000 are included in this data? (Add up the `prop` variable for all female babies born in 2000.)
- How many total female babies born in 2000 are included in this data?
- Use parts a and b to estimate the total number of female babies born in 2000 in the U.S.

Problem 3

The data set `storms` is included in the `dplyr` package. It contains information about 198 tropical storms.

- Use `ggplot` to produce a histogram of the `wind` speeds in this data set. Fill your bars using the `category` variable so you can see the bands of color corresponding to the different storm categories.
- Repeat part (a) but make a histogram of the `pressure` variable. You should observe that high category storms have low pressure.

Problem 4

Use `ggplot` to produce a plot showing the position track of each storm from 2014 (use `long` for x and `lat` for y). Color your points by the name of the storm so you can distinguish the seven storm tracks. Which storm in 2014 made it the furthest North?

Problem 5

The `ecars` data set from `fosdata` gives information about electric car charging sessions.

Create a visualization showing seven scatterplots with the `chargeTimeHrs` variable on the x axis and the `kwhTotal` variable on the y axis. Facet your visualization with one plot per day of week, in the correct day order.

There is one outlier with a very high charge time that you should remove.