

# A Reduced-Order Approach to Assist with Reinforcement Learning for Underactuated Robotics

Jérémy Augot<sup>1,2</sup>, Aaron J. Snoswell<sup>2</sup> and Surya P. N. Singh<sup>2</sup>

**Abstract**—Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetur id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

## I. INTRODUCTION

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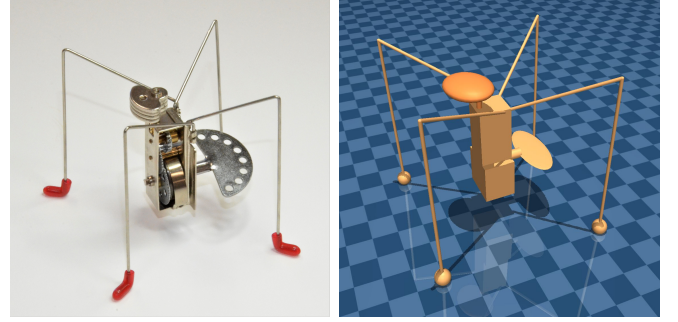


Fig. 1: The wind-up children’s toy ‘Katita’ (left) was the inspiration for our underactuated ‘Jitterbug’ continuous control task (right). In the simulated robot the wind-up spring is replaced with a controlled single degree-of-freedom motor. For scale, the blue checks on the simulated floor on the right are 1cm in size.

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## II. RELATED WORK

### A. Reinforcement Learning

### B. Deep Deterministic Policy Gradients (DDPG)

### C. Advantage Actor-Critic (A2C)

### D. Proximal Policy Optimization (PPO)

### E. Under-actuated Control

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## III. METHOD

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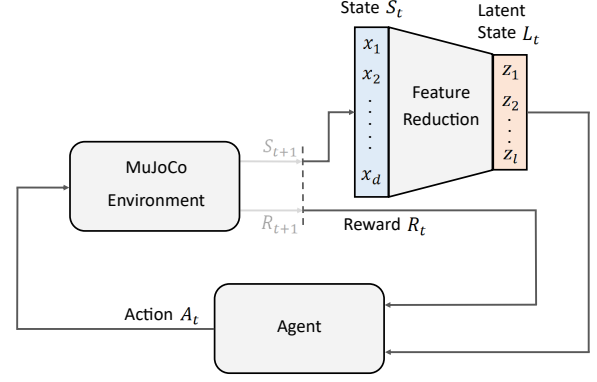


Fig. 2: The architecture of our system.

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#### IV. A NOVEL, UNDER-ACTUATED CONTROL BENCHMARK

We implemented our Jitterbug benchmark using the DeepMind Control Suite (DMC) framework [REF]. DMC is a framework and set of benchmark tasks for continuous control published by Google DeepMind in 2018. DMC benchmarks consist of a *domain* defining a robotic and environment model and *tasks* which are instances of that domain with specific MDP structure

DMC uses the robust Multi-Joint dynamics with Contact (MuJoCo) robotics physics engine for simulation [REF]. To aid comparison across tasks, DMC imposes constraints on rewards ( $R \in [0, 1]$ ) and episode length ( $H = 1000$ ). As such, for any DMC task, cumulative episode return  $\approx 1000$  indicates success.

DMC tasks are compatible subsets of the popular OpenAI Gym framework [REF], meaning many popular RL algorithm frameworks can be used with these benchmarks.

##### A. The Jitterbug Domain

Our Jitterbug model was inspired by the children’s toy Katita (Figure 1). We aimed to reproduce the physical dynamics of this toy while enabling control by replacing the wind-up spring with a single actuator of equivalent torque. Our Jitterbug model conforms to the dimensions and mass of the Katita, however we replace the wind-up spring with a controlled single degree-of-freedom motor. We retain the (non-functional) wind up crank to more closely model the mass distribution of the physical Katita.

We used high-speed recording and visual tachometry to measure the Katita motor speed and leg vibration modes. By reverse-engineering the Katita gearbox we estimated the torque output of the drive spring and configured the MuJoCo actuator appropriately. We modelled the legs as rigid bodies with shoulder and elbow hinge joints. The hinge stiffness was manually tuned to reproduce the dominant leg vibration mode observed in our high-speed footage. The Jitterbug model density was set using standard values for stainless steel ( $7700 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) for the body and tough plastic ( $1100 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) for the feet. Figure 3 shows the physical composition of our simulated Jitterbug model.

Due to the importance of contact and stiff dynamics in the Jitterbug’s locomotion, we found it necessary to adjust MuJoCo’s default settings, selecting an integration timestep of 0.0002 and semi-implicit Euler integration. With these settings we qualitatively observed a close correspondence between the Katita and the simulated dynamics under constant motor actuation on the Jitterbug.

DMC supports the definition of physically-based camera models for to enable learning from raw pixels if desired. We defined several cameras for the Jitterbug domain including an overhead, tracking and ego-centric view.

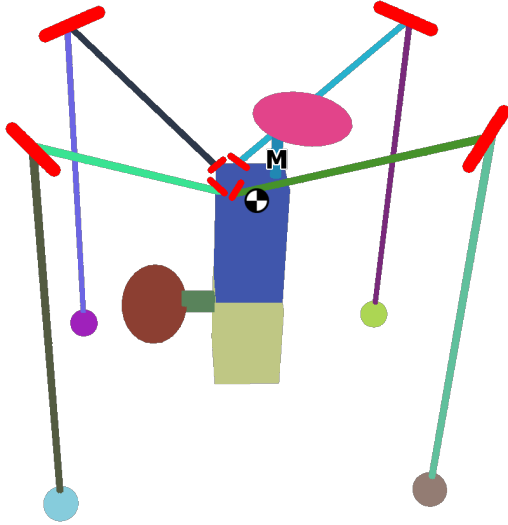


Fig. 3: Schematic representation of the Jitterbug model. Individual rigid bodies are in different colours and we highlight the position of the center of mass ( $\odot$ ), hinge joints ( $\color{red}/$ ) and the single motor (**M**).

### B. The Jitterbug Task Suite

The Jitterbug dynamics naturally induce very high variance motion under a range of motor velocities. We defined a collection of five tasks of increasing difficulty based on the Jitterbug domain. The tasks were designed with increasingly sparse reward signals to increase the difficulty.

For all tasks we choose  $\gamma = 0.99$  and consider a task solved when cumulative episode reward is  $\gtrapprox 900$ . In all tasks the Jitterbug is reset to a random pose near the origin at the start of an episode. All tasks have a single continuous action controlling the motor  $\mathcal{A} = [-1, 1]$  (larger/smaller values are clipped) and continuous state and observation spaces.

For each task, we report  $(\dim(\mathcal{S}), \dim(\mathcal{O}))$  and a brief description of the reward structure. Tasks are reported here ordered easiest to hardest.

- 1) *Move From Origin* (16, 15): The Jitterbug must move away from the origin in any direction. N.b. a sufficiently fast constant motor velocity is sufficient to solve this task.
- 2) *Face In Direction* (17, 16): The Jitterbug must rotate to face in a randomly selected yaw direction.
- 3) *Move In Direction* (20, 19): The Jitterbug is rewarded for velocity in a randomly selected direction in the X, Y plane.
- 4) *Move To Position* (19, 18): The Jitterbug must move to a randomly selected position in the X, Y plane.
- 5) *Move To Pose* (20, 19): The Jitterbug must move to a randomly selected position in the X, Y plane and rotate to face in a randomly selected yaw direction. N.b. Due to the multiplication of position and yaw

reward components, this task has a *very* sparse reward signal!

In addition, for all tasks the Jitterbug must remain upright to achieve reward. Falling does not terminate the episode early as the leg dynamics are sufficiently springy that bouncing into the upright pose again can allow recovery from this condition (albeit at the loss of some reward). Indeed - we observed some learned strategies that appeared to utilize this mode of locomotion!

## V. EXPERIMENTS

### A. Characterising The Jitterbug Tasks

To verify feasibility, we hand-crafted heuristic policies that can solve each task. To characterise the difficulty of the Jitterbug task suite, we performed preliminary hyper-parameter tuning to select reasonable settings and trained several RL algorithms on the tasks.

Figure 7 reports training curves for example on- and off-policy algorithms. We contrast the performance of PPO (an on-policy method) and DDPG (an off-policy method). We also overlay the performance of our heuristic policies for comparison. Each figure shows the median and 10<sup>th</sup> - 90<sup>th</sup> percentile episode return across 10 different seeds.

Our selected hyper-parameters are reported in Table I. For all cases, we used fully-connected neural networks with hidden layers of size 350 and 250 with ReLU activation. Where applicable, we use separate networks for the actor and critic (i.e. no shared weights).

We ran additional experiments using TRPO, A2C and SAC and observed similar performance to the reported results. Training curves for these algorithms are not included here for brevity.

### B. Characterising Learned Policies

To verify the learned policies were sensible (i.e. to confirm the absence of ‘reward hacking’) we qualitatively and quantitatively investigated the exhibited behaviours.

We observed that a key difference between successful and unsuccessful trained policies seemed to be the ability to learn piecewise control functions. For example, for all tasks but *Move From Origin*, achieving high reward requires careful modulation of the reactive torque applied to the Jitterbug body by the motor counterweight. One way to achieve this (the method we use in our heuristic policies) is by pulsing the motor in different directions. We observed that successful policies learned to pulse the motor in short bursts in alternating directions (e.g.  $\sim 180^\circ$  at a time, see Figure 4), whereas unsuccessful policies would often drive the motor continuously. In doing so, the successful policies were able to achieve high cumulative episode return, and accomplish the high-level task encoded by the reward (Figure 5).

### C. Reduced-Order Training

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TABLE I: Algorithm Hyper-parameters. Bold items were changed from the defaults offered by the `stable_baselines` package.

Parameter	Value
<i>Shared</i>	
Optimizer	Adam [2]
<b>Learning Rate (<math>\alpha</math>)</b>	<b><math>1\text{E-}4</math></b>
<i>DDPG</i>	
<b>Batch Size</b>	<b>256</b>
Training Steps	50
Rollout and Evaluation Steps	100
<b>Replay Buffer Size</b>	<b><math>1\text{E}^6</math></b>
Soft Update Coefficient ( $\tau$ )	$1\text{E-}3$
Parameter Noise	None
<b>Action Noise</b>	<b>Ornstein-Uhlenbeck</b>
	$\mu = 0.3, \sigma = 0.3, \theta = 0.15$
<i>PPO</i>	
<b>Steps / Environment / Update</b>	<b>256</b>
<b>Entropy Coefficient</b>	<b><math>1\text{E-}2</math></b>
Value Function Coefficient	0.5
Max Gradient Norm	0.5
Bias-Variance Coefficient ( $\lambda$ )	0.95
Minibatches	4
Policy Clipping Range	0.2
Value Clipping Range	None
Surrogate Optimization Epochs	4

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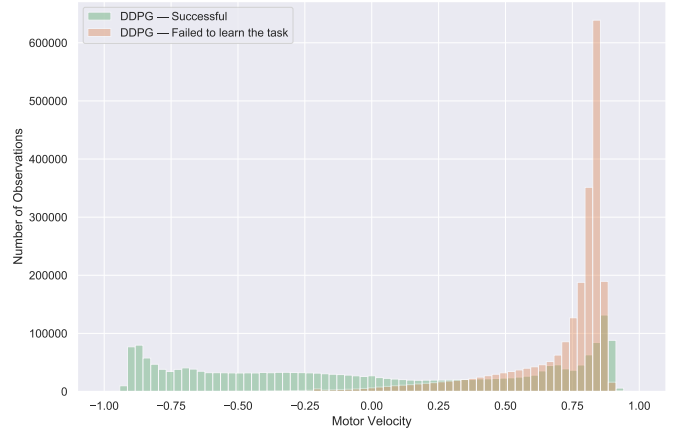


Fig. 4: Characterising policy behaviours for the *Move In Direction* task. We plot the distribution of motor velocities across many episodes for a successful policy (green) and unsuccessful policy (orange). The successful policy learns to pulse the motor in alternating directions (the same strategy used by our heuristic policy). In contrast, the unsuccessful policy gets stuck in a local minima where the motor is continuously driven in one direction.



Fig. 5: Heatmap showing Jitterbug position over 100 episodes before (left) and after (right) training DDPG on the task *Move In Direction*. In the second figure, to evaluate the agent, the target direction was fixed at  $+45^\circ$ .

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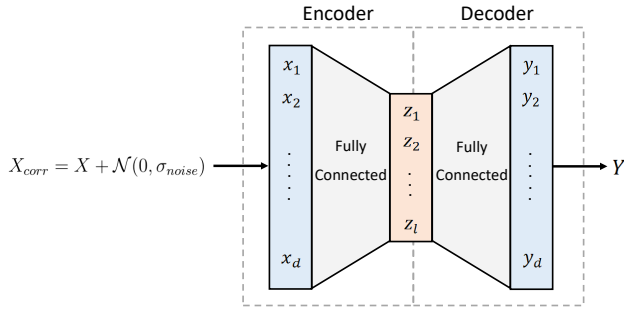


Fig. 6: WE used a De-Noiseing AutoEncoder as a means to learn a reduced-order state representation.

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## VI. DISCUSSION

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## VII. CONCLUSION

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## APPENDIX

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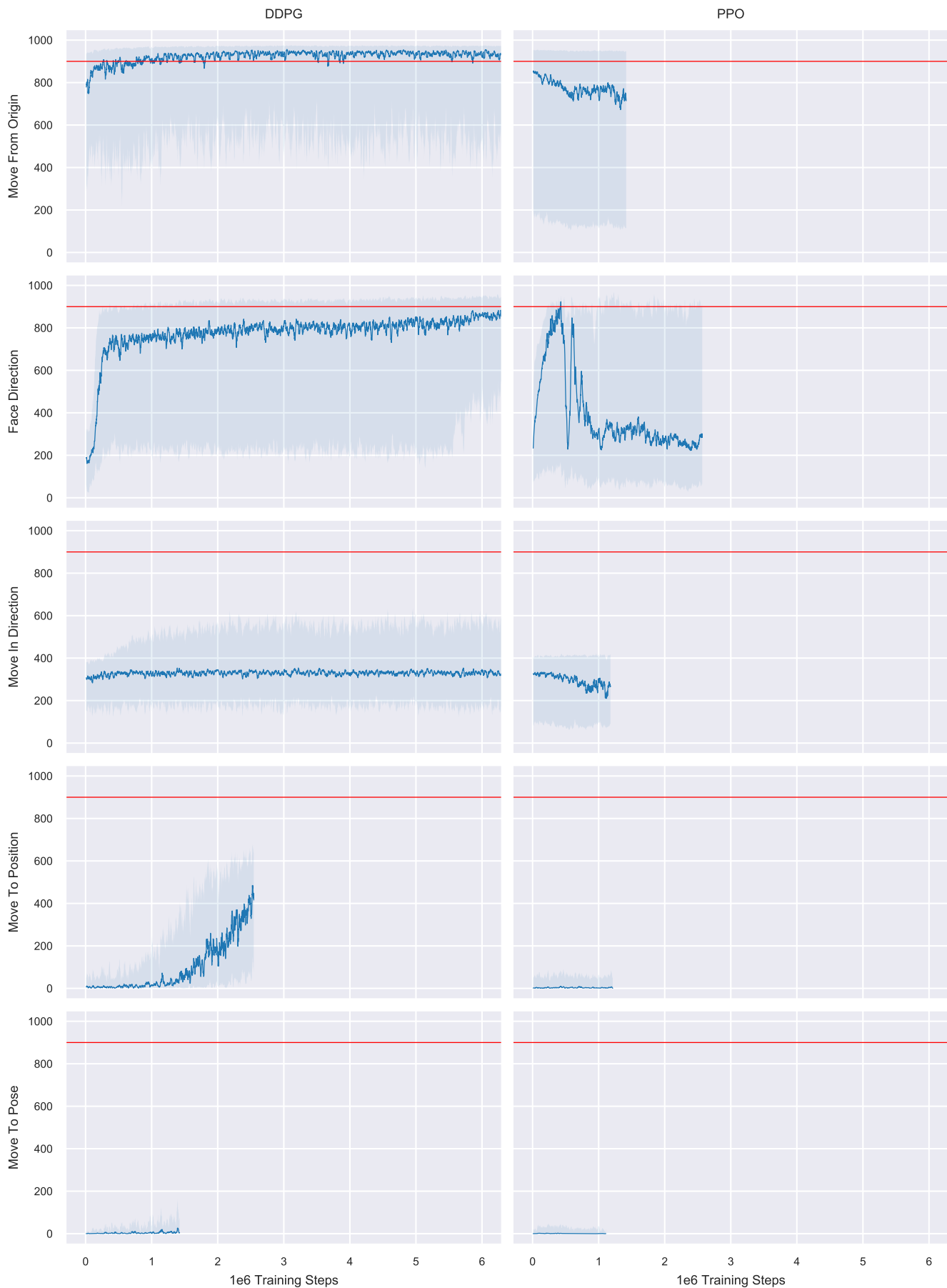


Fig. 7: Characterising the Jitterbug task suite. We compare the training progress of DDPG and PPO up to 6 million training steps (6000 episodes). We show median (solid line) and the first and third quartiles (shaded area) of per-episode episode return across 10 random seeds in each figure. A task is considered 'solved' if the trained agent consistently scores  $\gtrsim 900$  return per episode (red line). All plots are filtered with a  $10e^3$  step moving average filter.

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#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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