

PS0

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February 2018

Question 1

(a)

$$\nabla f(x) = Ax + b$$

(b)

$$\nabla f(x) = g'(h(x))\nabla_x h(x)$$

(c)

$$\nabla^2 f(x) = \nabla(\nabla f(x))^T = [\nabla A_1^T x \dots \nabla A_n^T x] = A^T = A$$

where A_i is the i th row vector of matrix A

(d)

$$\nabla f(x) = g'(a^T x)a$$

$$\nabla^2 f(x) = [\nabla g'(a^T x)a_1 \dots \nabla g'(a^T x)a_n] = g''(a^T x)aa^T$$

Question 2

(a) Clearly $A = zz^T$ is symmetric. Now let $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$x^T Ax = (x^T z)(z^T x) = (x \cdot z)^2 \geq 0$$

(b) From the previous result it follows that:

$$\ker(A) = \text{span}(z)^\perp$$

where the $^\perp$ means "the orthogonal space of".

Hence, using the rank-nullity theorem, $\text{rank}(A) = n - (n - 1) = 1$.

(c) Let $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $y = Bx$

$$x^T BAB^T x = (Bx)^T A(Bx) = y^T Ay \geq 0$$