# Memory Allocation Specification

# **Embedded Systems**

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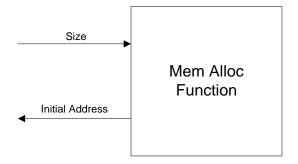
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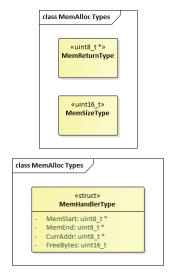
# 2. FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION



1 MEMORY ALLOCATION DATA FLOW DIAGRAM

## 2.1. Type Definitions

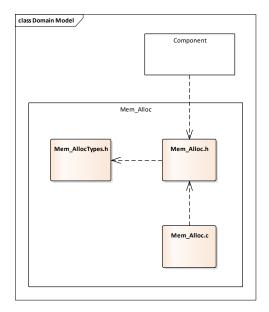
Types used by the memory handler shall be declared as follows:



Those type definitions shall be used internally by the MemAlloc Handler.

# 2.2. FILE STRUCTURE

The image below the file dependencies where  $A \rightarrow B$  indicates A includes B.



The table below shows a brief description of each file.

File	Description
Mem_AllocTypes.h	Contains all the internal data types definitions use by the memory allocation handler Module
Mem_Alloc.h	Contains all the interfaces provided to the user component modules
Mem_Alloc.c	Contains the main functionality of the memory allocation handler

#### 2.3. HEAP MEMORY AREA

#### 2.3.1. Linker Configuration

Memory Allocation area name shall be "heap\_memalloc". The heap\_memalloc **space** shall be allocated at the RAM location 0x20400000. The total size of this space shall be 64KB.

The heap\_memalloc space and corresponding section references shall be provided from the Linker Configuration File (sam\_flash.ld).

Additional heap\_memsize configuration in the Linker Configuration File shall be provided. The heap\_memsize is the actual heap space to be used in the project.

Initial heap memsize configuration shall be of 4KB.

```
File: samv71q21 flash.ld
 * Heap Space and size configuration example
 *************
/* Memory Spaces Definitions */
MEMORY
                      : ORIGIN = 0x00400000, LENGTH = 0x00200000
  heap\_memalloc(rwx): ORIGIN = 0x20400000, LENGTH = 0x00010000
               : ORIGIN = 0x20410000, LENGTH = 0x00050000
  ram (rwx)
                      : ORIGIN = 0x70000000, LENGTH = 0x00200000
  sdram(rwx)
/* The stack size used by the application. NOTE: you need to adjust according to your application. */
STACK_SIZE = DEFINED(STACK_SIZE) ? STACK_SIZE : 0x2000;
/* The heapsize used by the application. NOTE: you need to adjust according to your application. */ HEAP_SIZE = DEFINED(HEAP_SIZE) ? HEAP_SIZE : 0x1000;
heap_memsize = DEFINED(heap_memsize) ? heap_memsize : 0x1000;
INCLUDE .. \backslash .. \backslash toolset \backslash gcc \backslash sam\_flash.ld
INCLUDE ..\..\toolset\gcc\sam_sdram.ld
```

The startup code shall be updated so that the heap memory is set to the value of zero.

The following labels to support this functionality shall be named as follows:

- heap mem start
- \_heap\_mem\_end

Hint! The above labels are created in sam\_flash.ld file.

The data struct MemHandlerType elements (memory start address *MemStart*, memory end address *MemEnd*, memory current address *CurrAddr* and available memory bytes indicator *FreeBytes*) shall be statically initialized in the Mem\_Alloc.c file.

## 2.4. MEMORY HANDLER

#### 2.4.1. MEMORY ALLOCATION

Memory allocation handler is shown below.

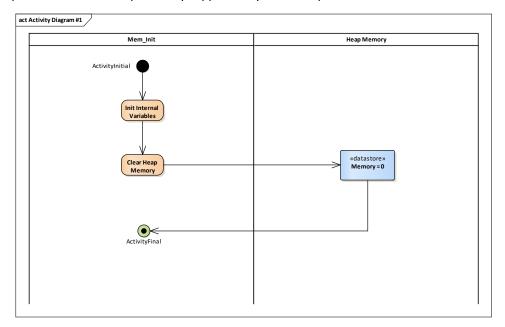
Service Name	Mem_Alloc		
Syntax	Mem_ReturnType Mem_Alloc ( MemSizeType Size )		
Sync/Async	Syncronous		
Reentrancy	Non-Reentrant Non-Reentrant		
Param (in)	MemSizeType Size	Size in Bytes to be allocated	
Param (out)	None		
Return Value	MemReturnType	Initial address of the new allocated memory space	
Description	Allocates and returns the initial address of the memory currently being allocated		

- Memory Allocation shall be invoked when memory allocation is requested by the project specific module initialization.
- Mem\_Alloc shall return the initial address of the new allocated memory space.
- Current Address *CurrAddr* shall be updated according to the requested size.
- After allocating a new area, Mem\_Alloc shall assure the current address is aligned with 32bit address.
- The available memory in the heap *FreeBytes* shall be updated accordingly.
- Mem\_Alloc shall return a NULL pointer and the requested memory allocation shall not be handled if the size exceeds the available memory in the heap.

# 2.5. SEQUENCE AND ACTIVITY DIAGRAMS

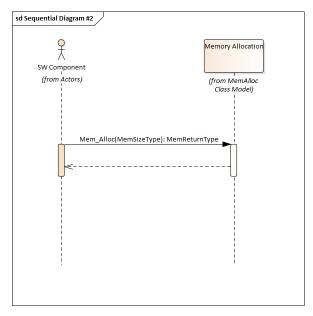
# 2.5.1. MEMORY INITIALIZATION ACTIVITY

The basic steps to initialize the heap memory supported by the startup code:



## 2.5.2. MEMORY ALLOCATION SEQUENCE

The basic memory allocation sequence is shown below:



# 2.5.3. MEMORY ALLOCATION ACTIVITY

The basic steps to allocate memory through the invocation of Mem\_Alloc are shown below:

