In [1]:

```
import os
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from timeit import default_timer as timer
from IPython.display import clear_output
```

In [2]:

```
os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "2"
```

In [3]:

```
In [4]:
```

```
#carregando datasets
print('loading dataset...')
train = pd.read_csv('../datasets/com_concept_drift/sdn_train_unormalized.csv'
test = pd.read_csv('../datasets/com_concept_drift/sdn_test_unormalized.csv')

train = train[train.delay>=0]
test = test[test.delay>=0]

train = train[train.delay<=10000]
test = test[test.delay<=10000]</pre>
```

loading dataset...

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [5]:
```

```
start = timer()
print('creating window')
TIME_STEPS = 1
X_train,Y_train = create_dataset(train, train.delay, time_steps=TIME_STEPS)
X_test,Y_test = create_dataset(test, test.delay, time_steps=TIME_STEPS)
print('2D to 3D duration: ', round(timer() - start))
```

```
modeling to keras 100.0 % 11.0 seconds 2D to 3D duration: 660
```

setting MLP

In [6]:

```
#configurando rede para treinamento
print('Init Train')
model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(activation="relu", input_dim=2, units=10, kern
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(activation="relu", units=128, kernel_initialin
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(activation="relu", units=128, kernel_initialin
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(activation="relu", units=128, kernel_initialin
model.add(keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=1))
```

Init Train

compiling

```
In [7]:
```

training

```
In [8]:
```

```
print('Init Train')
start = timer()
history = model.fit(
   X_train, Y_train,
   epochs=100,
   batch size= 10,
   validation split=0.1,
   shuffle=False,
     callbacks=[tensorboard callback]
)
print('trraining duration: ',round(timer() - start))
loss: 2127.2251 - accuracy: 0.5622 - val loss: 1622.8667 - v
al accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 31/100
loss: 2042.5035 - accuracy: 0.5716 - val loss: 1546.9814 - v
al accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 32/100
4995/4995 [============= ] - 15s 3ms/step -
loss: 2019.0492 - accuracy: 0.5839 - val_loss: 1517.6700 - v
al accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 33/100
4995/4995 [============= ] - 15s 3ms/step -
loss: 2042.0206 - accuracy: 0.5749 - val loss: 1517.4965 - v
al accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 34/100
4995/4995 [============= ] - 14s 3ms/step -
loss: 2065.6055 - accuracy: 0.5702 - val loss: 1626.9097 - v
al accuracy: 0.0000e+00
```

saving model

```
In [9]:
```

```
print('Saving Model')
model.save('models/mlp')
```

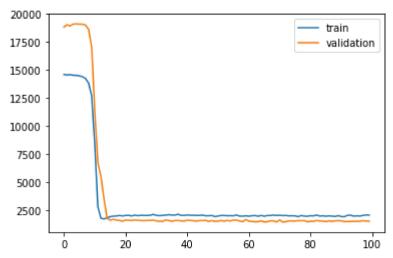
Saving Model
INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: models/mlp\assets

loss training

In [10]:

```
# accuracy

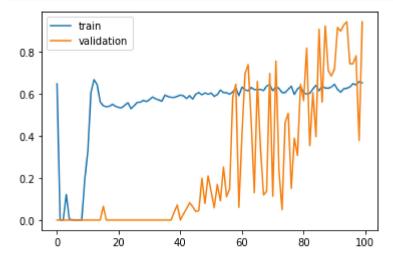
fig1 = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig1.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.plot(history.history['loss'], label='train')
ax1.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='validation')
ax1.legend();
```



accuracy

In [11]:

```
fig1 = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig1.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='train')
ax1.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='validation')
ax1.legend();
```



predicting

```
In [12]:
```

```
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:Model was constructed with shape (None, 2) f or input KerasTensor(type_spec=TensorSpec(shape=(None, 2), dtyp e=tf.float32, name='dense_input'), name='dense_input', descript ion="created by layer 'dense_input'"), but it was called on an input with incompatible shape (None, 1, 2).

unormalizing

In [13]:

```
f_columns = ['temperature','label']
scaler1 = StandardScaler().fit(train[f_columns])
scaler2 = StandardScaler().fit(train[f_columns])

scaler1= scaler1.fit(train[f_columns].to_numpy())
scaler2 = scaler2.fit(train[['delay']])

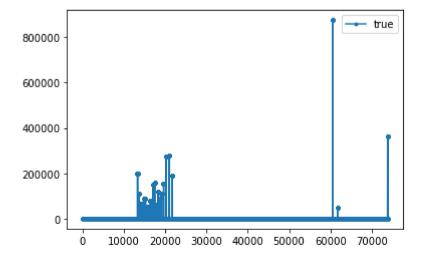
#normalizando test
scaler3 = StandardScaler().fit(test[f_columns])
scaler4 = StandardScaler().fit(test[f_columns])
scaler4 = scaler3.fit(test[f_columns].to_numpy())
scaler4 = scaler4.fit(test[['delay']])
```

In [14]:

```
y_test_inv = scaler4.inverse_transform(Y_test.reshape(1,-1))
y_pred_inv = scaler4.inverse_transform(y_pred)
```

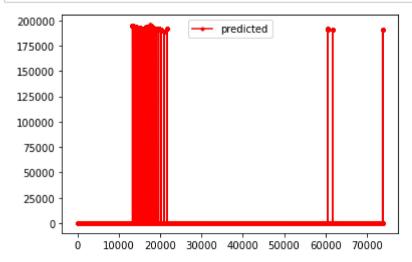
In [15]:

```
fig2 = plt.figure()
a2 = fig2.add_subplot(1,1,1)
a2.plot(y_test_inv.flatten(), marker='.', label='true')
a2.legend();
```



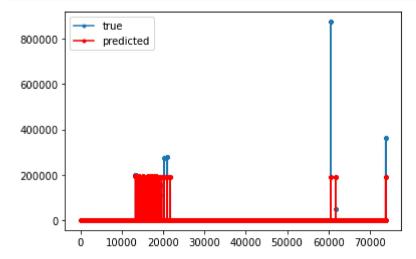
In [16]:

```
fig3 = plt.figure()
a3 = fig3.add_subplot(1,1,1)
a3.plot(y_pred_inv.flatten(),'r',marker='.', label='predicted')
a3.legend();
```



In [17]:

```
plt.plot(y_test_inv.flatten(), marker='.', label='true')
plt.plot(y_pred_inv.flatten(),'r',marker='.', label='predicted')
plt.legend();
```



In [18]:

from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

In [19]:

```
np.max(y_test_inv)
```

Out[19]:

875000.6517809001

In [20]:

```
np.max(y_pred_inv[:,0])
```

Out[20]:

195555.28

```
In [21]:
mean_squared_error(y_test_inv[0], y_pred_inv[:,0])

Out[21]:
514186540.9281615

In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```