A tutorial on the FAT file system

Introduction

This page is intended to provide an introduction to the original File Allocation Table (FAT) file system. This file system was used on all versions of MS-DOS and PC-DOS, and on early versions of Windows; it is still used on floppy disks formatted by Windows and some other systems. Modified versions are also still supported by Windows on hard disks, if required.

The FAT file system is heavily based on the *file map* model in terms of its on-disk layout; that model was around for many years before Microsoft inherited the initial FAT file system from the original writers of DOS (Seattle Computer Products). It is a reasonably simple, reasonably robust file system.

There are three basic variants of the FAT file system, which differ mainly in the construction of the actual file allocation table. Floppy disks and small hard disks usually use the *12-bit* version, which was superseded by the *16-bit* version as hard disks became bigger. This in turn was superseded by the *32-bit* version as disks became bigger still. We shall concentrate on the 16-bit version, since the 12-bit version can be tricky for beginners, and the 32-bit version is more complex than needed for this tutorial.

Overview

Any disk is made up of *surfaces* (one for each head), *tracks* and *sectors*. However, for simplicity, we can consider a disk as a simple storage area made up just of a number of sectors. Further, these sectors are considered to be numbered consecutively, the first being numbered 0, the second numbered 1, etc.; we will not worry about the physical location of any sector on the actual disk. Because we want to emphasise that the location of a sector is irrelevant to the actual disk structure, and because sectors have their own numbers within each track, we shall call these sectors *blocks* from now on; as previously stated, they form a linear, densely numbered list.

All blocks are the same size, 512 bytes, on practically all FAT file systems. However, large disks can have too many blocks for comfort, so blocks are sometimes grouped together in pairs (or fours, or eights, etc...); each such grouping is called an *allocation unit*. The FAT file system actually works in allocation units, not blocks, but for simplicity we shall assume in the description below that each allocation unit contains exactly one block, which means that we can use the terms interchangeably.

A note on numerical values

Hexadecimal numbers are indicated using the convention commonly used in C; that is, a leading 0x. The decimal number 17 would thus be written as 0x11 in hexadecimal notation here.

Values in the FAT file system are either stored in *bytes* (8 bit values, 0-255 unsigned) or in *words* (pairs of bytes, 16 bit values, 0-65535 unsigned). Note that the first byte of a pair is the least significant byte, and the second byte of a pair is the most significant byte. For example, if the byte at position 3 has a value of 0x15, and the byte at position 4 has a value of 0x74, they together make up a word with value 0x7415 (not 0x1574).

There are occasional 32-bit values (*doublewords*), and these use a similar approach (in this case 4 bytes, with least significant byte stored first).

Lastly, note that individual bits within a byte or word are numbered from the least significant end (right hand end), starting with bit 0.

The disk format

This section describes the *on-disk structure* of a FAT file system; that is, how the various areas of the disk are laid out, and what is stored in them.

Basic layout

All disks using the FAT file system are divided into several areas. The following table summarises the areas in the order that they appear on the disk, starting at block 0:

Area description	Area size
Boot block	1 block
File Allocation Table (may be multiple copies)	Depends on file system size
Disk root directory	Variable (selected when disk is formatted)
File data area	The rest of the disk

The boot block

The boot block occupies just the first block of the disk. It holds a special program (the *bootstrap program*) which is used for loading the operating system into memory. It would thus appear to be fairly irrelevant to this discussion.

However, in the FAT file system it also contains several important data areas which help to describe the rest of the file system. Thus, to understand how a particular disk is laid out, it is necessary first to understand at least part of the contents of the boot block. The relevant areas are shown in the following table, together with their byte offsets from the start of the boot block. We will see, later, which of these are actually important to us.

Offset from start	Length	Description
0x00	3 bytes	Part of the bootstrap program.
0x03	8 bytes	Optional manufacturer description.
0x0b	2 bytes	Number of bytes per block (almost always 512).
0x0d	1 byte	Number of blocks per allocation unit.
0x0e	2 bytes	Number of reserved blocks. This is the number of blocks on the disk that are not actually part of the file system; in most cases this is exactly 1, being the allowance for the boot block.
0x10	1 byte	Number of File Allocation Tables.
0x11	2 bytes	Number of <u>root directory</u> entries (including unused ones).
0x13	2 bytes	Total number of blocks in the entire disk. If the disk size is larger than 65535 blocks (and thus will not fit in these two bytes), this value is set to zero, and the true size is stored at offset 0x20.
0x15	1 byte	Media Descriptor. This is rarely used, but still exists
0x16	2 bytes	The number of blocks occupied by one copy of the <u>File Allocation</u> <u>Table</u> .
0x18	2 bytes	The number of blocks per track. This information is present primarily for the use of the bootstrap program, and need not concern us further here.
0x1a	2 bytes	The number of heads (disk surfaces). This information is present primarily for the use of the bootstrap program, and need not concern us further here.
0x1c	4 bytes	The number of <i>hidden blocks</i> . The use of this is largely historical, and it is nearly always set to 0; thus it can be ignored.
0x20	4 bytes	Total number of blocks in the entire disk (see also offset $0x13$).

0x24	2 bytes	Physical drive number. This information is present primarily for the use of the bootstrap program, and need not concern us further here.
0x26	1 byte	Extended Boot Record Signature This information is present primarily for the use of the bootstrap program, and need not concern us further here.
0x27	4 bytes	Volume Serial Number. Unique number used for identification of a particular disk.
0x2b	11 bytes	Volume Label. This is a string of characters for human-readable identification of the disk (padded with spaces if shorter); it is selected when the disk is formatted.
0x36	8 bytes	File system identifier (padded at the end with spaces if shorter).
0x3e	0x1c0 bytes	The remainder of the bootstrap program.
0x1fe	2 bytes	Boot block 'signature' (0x55 followed by 0xaa).

The Media Descriptor

Historically, the size and type of disk were difficult for the operating system to determine by hardware interrogation alone. A 'magic byte' was thus used to classify disks. This are still present, but rarely used, and its contents are known as the Media Descriptor. Generally, for hard disks, this is set to 0xf0.

The File Allocation Table (FAT)

The FAT occupies one or more blocks immediately following the boot block. Commonly, part of its last block will remain unused, since it is unlikely that the required number of entries will exactly fill a complete number of blocks. If there is a second FAT, this immediately follows the first (but starting in a new block). This is repeated for any further FATs.

Note that multiple FATs are used particularly on floppy disks, because of the higher likelihood of errors when reading the disk. If the FAT is unreadable, files cannot be accessed and another copy of the FAT must be used. On hard disks, there is often only one FAT.

In the case of the 16-bit FAT file system, each entry in the FAT is two bytes in length (i.e. 16 bits). The disk data area is divided into *clusters*, which are the same thing as allocation units, but numbered differently (instead of being numbered from the start of the disk, they are numbered from the start of the disk data area). So, the cluster number is the allocation unit number, minus a constant value which is the size of the areas in between the start of the disk and the start of the data area.

Well, almost. The clusters are numbered starting at 2, not 0! So the above calculation has to have 2 added to it to get the cluster number of a given allocation unit...and a cluster number is converted to an allocation unit number by subtracting 2...!

So, how does the FAT work? Simply, there is one entry in the FAT for every cluster (data area block) on the disk. Entry N relates to cluster N. Clusters 0 and 1 don't exist (because of the 'fiddle by 2' above), and those FAT entries are special. The first byte of the first entry is a copy of the <u>media descriptor</u> byte, and the second byte is set to 0xff. Both bytes in the second entry are set to 0xff.

What does a normal FAT entry for a cluster contain? It contains the *successor cluster number* - that is, the number of the cluster that follows this one in the file to which the current cluster belongs. The last cluster of a file has the value 0xffff in its FAT entry to indicate that there are no more clusters.

The Root Directory

The root directory contains an entry for each file whose name appears at the *root* (the top level) of the file system. Other directories can appear within the root directory; they are called *subdirectories*. The main

difference between the two is that space for the root directory is allocated statically, when the disk is formatted; there is thus a finite upper limit on the number of files that can appear in the root directory.

Subdirectories are just files with special data in them, so they can be as large or small as desired.

The format of all directories is the same. Each entry is 32 bytes (0x20) in size, so a single block can contain 16 of them. The following table shows a summary of a single directory entry; note that the offset is merely from the start of that particular entry, not from the start of the block.

Offset	Length	Description
0x00	8 bytes	<u>Filename</u>
0x08	3 bytes	Filename extension
0x0b	1 byte	File attributes
0x0c	10 bytes	Reserved
0x16	2 bytes	Time created or last updated
0x18	2 bytes	Date created or last updated
0x1a	2 bytes	Starting cluster number for file
0x1c	4 bytes	File size in bytes

The Filename

The eight bytes from offset 0x00 to 0x07 represent the filename. The first byte of the filename indicates its status. Usually, it contains a normal filename character (e.g. 'A'), but there are some special values:

0x00

Filename never used.

0xe5

The filename has been used, but the file has been deleted.

0x05

The first character of the filename is actually 0xe5.

0x2e

The entry is for a directory, not a normal file. If the second byte is also 0x2e, the cluster field contains the cluster number of this directory's parent directory. If the parent directory is the root directory (which is statically allocated and doesn't have a cluster number), cluster number 0x0000 is specified here.

Any other character

This is the first character of a real filename.

If a filename is fewer than eight characters in length, it is padded with space characters.

The Filename Extension

The three bytes from offset 0x08 to 0x0a indicate the filename extension. There are no special characters. Note that the dot used to separate the filename and the filename extension is implied, and is not actually stored anywhere; it is just used when referring to the file. If the filename extension is fewer than three characters in length, it is padded with space characters.

The File Attributes

The single byte at offset 0x0b contains flags that provide information about the file and its permissions, etc. The flags are single bits, and have meanings as follows. Each bit is given as its numerical value, and these are combined to give the actual attribute value:

0x01

Indicates that the file is read only.

0x02

Indicates a hidden file. Such files can be displayed if it is really required.

0x04

Indicates a system file. These are hidden as well.

0x08

Indicates a special entry containing the disk's volume label, instead of describing a file. This kind of entry appears only in the root directory.

0x10

The entry describes a subdirectory.

0x20

This is the archive flag. This can be set and cleared by the programmer or user, but is always set when the file is modified. It is used by backup programs.

0x40

Not used: must be set to 0.

0x80

Not used; must be set to 0.

The File Time

The two bytes at offsets 0x16 and 0x17 are treated as a 16 bit value; remember that the least significant byte is at offset 0x16. They contain the time when the file was created or last updated. The time is mapped in the bits as follows; the first line indicates the byte's offset, the second line indicates (in decimal) individual bit numbers in the 16 bit value, and the third line indicates what is stored in each bit.

where:

hhhhh

indicates the binary number of hours (0-23)

mmmmmm

indicates the binary number of minutes (0-59)

XXXXX

indicates the binary number of two-second periods (0-29), representing seconds 0 to 58.

The File Date

The two bytes at offsets 0x18 and 0x19 are treated as a 16 bit value; remember that the least significant byte is at offset 0x18. They contain the date when the file was created or last updated. The date is mapped in the bits as follows; the first line indicates the byte's offset, the second line indicates (in decimal) individual bit numbers in the 16 bit value, and the third line indicates what is stored in each bit.

where:

уууууу

indicates the binary year offset from 1980 (0-119), representing the years 1980 to 2099

mmmm

indicates the binary month number (1-12)

ddddd

indicates the binary day number (1-31)

The Starting Cluster Number

The two bytes at offsets 0x1a and 0x1b are treated as a 16 bit value; remember that the least significant byte is at offset 0x1a. The first cluster for data space on the disk is always numbered as 0x0002. This strange

arrangement is because the first two entries in the FAT are reserved for other purposes.

The File Size

The four bytes at offsets 0x1c to 0x1f are treated as a 32 bit value; remember that the least significant byte is at offset 0x1c. They hold the actual file size, in bytes.

Worked examples

The best way to understand how to use the above information is to work though some simple examples.

Interpreting the contents of a block

We assume that there is a tool available to display the contents of a block in both hexadecimal and as ASCII characters. Most such tools will display unusual ASCII characters (e.g. carriage return) as a dot. For example, here is a display of a typical boot block:

Bloc	k 0	(0)	(000	90)								180		350		7070	
	Θ	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	а	b	C	d	е	f	
000	eb	3с	90	49	42	4d	2d	37	2e	30	20	00	02	01	01	00	.<.IBM-7.0
010	01	40	00	a1	13	f8	14	00	0a	00	01	00	00	00	00	00	.@
020	00	00	00	00	00									38)*eC0883
030	2d	41	32	20	20												-A2 FAT16 .1
040	33535	200	d0											83			
050														eb			0
060	e4	cd	16	cd	19	0d											Non-syste
070	6d	20	64	69	73			0a									m diskPress an
080	79	20	6b	65	79	20	74	6f	20					6f	74	Θd	y key to reboot.
090	0a	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0b0	00	00	00	99	99	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
100	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
110	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
120	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
130	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
140	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
150	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
160	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
170	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
180	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
190	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1f0	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	55	aa	U.

As an illustration, one field in the boot block has been highlighted in red (the highlight appears twice, once for the hexadecimal representation and once for the ASCII representation). The numbers down the left hand side are the offsets (from the start of the block) of the first byte on that row, and the first row of digits along the top are the offset of each byte within the row. We can thus easily see that the highlighted area starts at offset 0x36.

The area in question is (look back at the boot block layout) the file system type, in this case FAT16. To save us looking up each byte in a table of ASCII characters, we can simply consult the equivalent representation on the

right hand side. 0x46 represents F, 0x41 represents A, and so on.

Example 1 - find the root directory

To find the root directory, we need to examine the file system data in the boot block. So, let's look again at the boot block of our example disk:

```
Block 0 (0x0000)
      2
    1
       3
         4
           5
            6
              7
               8
                 9
                   a
                     b
                        d
  eb 3c 90 49 42 4d 2d 37 2e 30 20 00 02 01 01 00
                            .<.IBM-7.0 .....
  01 40 00 a1 13 f8 14 00 0a 00 01 00 00
010
                       00 00 00 .@.....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 29 2a 65 bc 00 43 4f
020
                       38 38 33 .....)*e..C0883
030
          20 46 41 54 31 36 20 20 20
                         fa 31 -A2
  2d 41 32 20 20
040
  c0 8e d0 bc 00 7c fb 8e d8 e8 00 00 5e 83 c6 19 ................
050
  bb 07 00 fc ac 84 c0 74 06 b4 0e cd 10 eb f5 30 .....t.....0
060
  e4 cd 16 cd 19 0d 0a 4e 6f 6e 2d 73 79 73 74 65 ......Non-syste
070
  6d 20 64 69 73 6b 0d 0a 50 72 65 73 73 20 61 6e m disk..Press an
080
  79 20 6b 65 79
          20 74 6f 20
                 72
                  65 62 6f 6f 74 0d y key to reboot.
090
  0a0
  0b0
  0c0
  0d0
  0e0
  0f0
  100
  110
  00 00 00 00 00
          00
            00 00 00 00
                  00
                    00 00 00
                         00
                          00
120
  00 00 00 00 00 00
            00 00 00 00 00
                    00 00 00 00 00
130
  00 00 00 00 00 00
            00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  140
150
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                         00 00 ......
160
  170
  180
  190
  00
1a0
  00 00 00 00 00
          00
            00 00 00 00
                  00
                    00 00 00
                         00
                          00
                    00 00 00 00 00
1b0
  00 00 00 00 00 00
            00 00 00 00 00
1c0
  00 00 00 00 00 00
            00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
1d0
  1e0
  1f0
```

We know that the root directory appears immediately after the last copy of the FAT. So what we need to find out is the size of the FAT, and how many copies there are. We also need to know the size of anything else that appears before the FAT(s); there is just the single block of the boot block. So, the number of blocks that appear before the root directory is given by:

```
(size of FAT)*(number of FATs) + 1
```

All we need to do, then, is discover these values. First, we know that the number of FATs is stored at offset 0x10 (highlighted in green above); this tells us that there is just one FAT. Next, we need to know the size of a FAT; this is at offsets 0x16 and 0x17, where we find 0x14 and 0x00 respectively (highlighted in red above). Remember that these two bytes together make up a 16 bit value, with the least significant byte stored first; in other words, the value is 0x0014 (in decimal, 20). So, the total number of blocks that precede the root directory is given by:

```
0x0014*1 + 1 => 0x0015 (decimal 21)
```

We should thus find the root directory in block 0x15, so let's look at it...

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	C	d	е	f	
000	43	4f	38	38	33	2d	41	32	20	20	20	28	00	00	00	00	C0883-A2 (
010	00	00	00	00	00	00	91	9e	65	39	00	00	00	00	00	00	e9
020	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	
030	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
040	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
050	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
060	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
070	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
080	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
090	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
100	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
110	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
120	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
130	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
140	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
150	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	
160	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
170	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
180	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
190	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1f0	3.7	00		00	7.7	7.7	00	00	7.7	00	3.7	00	00	7.7	7.7	7.7	

It seems to have something occupying the first 0x20 bytes, and it's...a directory entry! We won't go into detail here, but detailed examination of those bytes would show that it's the special entry for the disk label. There don't appear to be any more entries in this directory.

Example 2 - find the attributes of a file

In this example, the file FOOBAR.TXT has been created on the same disk, and it appears in the root directory. We wish to find out which attribute flags are set on the file.

First, we need to find the root directory; we have already done this in example 1. Let's take a look at it after FOOBAR.TXT has been created:

```
Block 21 (0x0015)
             2
                3
                       5
                             7
         1
                   4
                          6
                                 8
                                    9
                                       a
                                          b
                                              C
                                                 d
000
           38
               38 33 2d 41 32 20
                                  20 20
                                         28
     43 4f
                                             00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00 C0883-A2
                                         00
010
        00
            99
               00
                  99
                     00 91
                            9e
                               65
                                   39 00
                                             00
                                                00 00 00
                                                                  .e9..
020
                         20
                            20 54
                                   58
                                      54 21
                                             00
                                                a3 91
                                                      9e
                                                         F00BAR
030
                         91
                                   39
                                      c6
                                         10 la
                                                00
                                                   00 00
        39
               39
                  00
                     00
                            9e 65
                                                         e9e9....e9.....
040
        00
           00
               00
                  00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00
                                            00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
050
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
     00
        00
           99 99
                  00
                     00
                         00 00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
060
           00 00
                  00
                     00
                         00
                           00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
070
     00 00
           00 00
                  00
                     00
                         00
                           00 00 00
                                      00
                                         00 00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
080
     00
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                                  00
                                      00
                                         00
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                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
090
     00 00
           00 00
                  00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                  00 00
                                         00 00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
0a0
     00 00 00 00 00 00
                         00 00 00 00 00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
0b0
     00 00
           00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                           00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
0c0
     00 00 00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                           00 00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                  00
                                                      00
0d0
     00
        00
           00 00
                  00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00 00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
0e0
           00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                           00 00 00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
     AA
        00
0f0
           00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
100
     00 00
           00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
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                                                      00
110
     00 00
           00
               00
                  00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                   00
                                      00
                                         00 00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
120
     00 00 00 00 00
                         00 00 00
                                  00 00
                                         00 00 00
                     00
                                                   00
                                                      00
130
     00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
140
     00 00 00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                           00 00 00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
150
     00 00
           00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
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                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
160
     00 00
           00 00 00
                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                  00
                                      00
                                         00 00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
170
     00 00 00 00 00 00
                         00
                           00 00 00
                                      00
                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
180
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           00 00 00
                     00
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                                  00
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                                         00 00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
190
     00 00
           00 00
                  00
                     00
                         99
                            00 00 00
                                      00 00 00 00
                                                   99
                                                      00
1a0
     00
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                               00
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1b0
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1c0
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1d0
     99 99
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           00
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1e0
     00 00
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                                         00
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                                                   00
                                                      00
1f0
           00 00
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                     00
                         00
                            00 00
                                   00
                                      00
                                         00
                                            00
                                                00
                                                   00
                                                      00
```

We can see fairly easily that the second directory entry (the one at offset 0x20) is that for FOOBAR.TXT. Remember that the dot between the filename and the filename extension is not actually stored, but is implied. We see the filename (highlighted in red) and the filename extension (highlighted in blue). We know that the attribute byte appears at offset 0x0b, and it is highlighted in green here.

The value of the attribute byte is 0x21. We can express this in binary as:

```
0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1
```

Taking each of the bits separately, and making a hexadecimal number out of them, we get:

Our <u>table of attribute values</u> shows that 0x20 means that the 'archive flag' is set, and 0x01 indicates that the file is read-only.

Example 3 - find the date of a file

Here, we want the date attached to a particular file (only one date is kept, which is the date of creation or last modification). The file in question is FOOBAR.TXT again.

Let's look once more at the root directory; we have already done this in example 2, and indeed we already know that FOOBAR.TXT has a directory entry at offset 0x20:

```
Block 21
          (0x0015)
          1
             2
                 3
                        5
                               7
                                         a
                                                C
                                            28
                                                          00 C0883-A2
999
     43 4f
            38
                38
                   33 2d 41 32 20
                                    20 20
                                               00
                                                   AA
                                                      00
010
                       00 91 9e 65
                                    39 00
                                           00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
020
                       52 20 20
                                 54
                                    58 54
                                                   a3 91
                                           21
                                               00
                                                          9e
                                                             F00BAR
030
                   00
                       00
                          91
                              9e 65
                                     39
                                        c6
                                           10
                                               1a
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
                                                             e9e9....e9.....
040
         00
            00
                00
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00 00
                                     00
                                        00
                                            00
                                               00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
050
                00
                   00
                       00
                             00 00 00 00
                                            00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                          00
                                                          00
060
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00
                                 00
                                    00
                                        00
                                            00
                                               00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
070
     00
         00
            00
                00
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00
                                 00
                                    00
                                        00
                                            00
                                               00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
080
         00
            00
                00
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00
                                 00
                                     00
                                        00
                                            00
                                               00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
090
     AA
        00
            OO.
                00
                   00
                       00
                          AA
                              00
                                 00
                                    00
                                        00
                                            00 00
                                                   AA
                                                      00
                                                          00
0a0
                                        00
                                            00
0b0
     99 99
                   00
                       00
                          00
                                    00
                                        00
                                            00
                                               00
                                                   00
                                                      00
            00
                00
                              00
                                 00
                                                          00
0c0
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00
                                 00
                                     00
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                                            00
                                               00
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                                                          00
000
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                                        00
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                                                      00
     00
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            00
                00
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00
                                     00
                                                          00
0e0
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00
                                 00
                                     00
                                        00
                                            00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
0f0
                   00
                       00
                          00
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                                 00
                                    00
                                        00
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                                                      00
                                                          00
100
     00
        00
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                00
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110
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120
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            00 00
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                                    00 00
                                            00 00
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130
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140
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160
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                                            00 00
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1a0
     00
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                       00
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                                     00
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                                            00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
1b0
     00 00
            00
                00
                   00
                       00
                          00
                              00 00
                                    00
                                        00
                                            00 00
                                                   00
                                                      00
                                                          00
1c0
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                                    00
                                        00
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                                                          00
1d0
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                                            00
1e0
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                       00
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                              00 00
                                    00
                                        00
                                            00
                                                      00
                                                          00
1f0
        00
            00 00 00
                      00
                          00 00 00 00 00
                                            00 00 00 00 00
```

This time we are interested in the file date, and we know from our <u>root directory layout</u> that this is at offset 0x18 within each directory entry. Thus, the date for FOOBAR.TXT is at offset 0x20+0x18, or 0x38 (highlighted in red above). Once again, this is a 16 bit value with the least significant byte stored first. The bytes are 0x65 and 0x39 respectively, so reversing these and putting them together gives a value of 0x3965.

Now all we have to do is analyse the components of this value. An easy way is first to convert it to binary, and this is even easier if we take it one hexadecimal digit at a time:

```
3 9 6 5

| | | | |

V V V V V
```

Let's push all the digits together:

```
0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1
```

Now we can split them again on boundaries corresponding to the individual components of the date, as defined in the <u>file date format</u>. Then we convert each part back to decimal:

Remember that the year is based at 1980, so if we add 1980 to 28, we get 2008. The entire date is thus the 5th of November 2008.

Example 4 - find the data blocks for a file

Here, we wish to find out the numbers of the blocks containing data for a particular file which has now been added to the disk. The name of the file is NETWORK.VRS.

Once again, we find the root directory. Here are its latest contents, after NETWORK.VRS has been created:

Bloc	k 2)							272.70		57045		122	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	С	d	е	f	
000	43	4f	38	38	33		41	32	20	20	20	28	00	00	00	99	C0883-A2 (
010	99	99	99	99	99	99	91		65	39		99	99	99	00	00	e9
020	46	4f	4f	42	41	52	20	20	54	58	54	21	00	a3	91	9e	FOOBAR TXT!
030	65	39	65	39	00	00	91	9e	65	39	сб	10	1a	00	00	00	e9e9e9
040	4e	45	54	57	4f	52	4b	20	56	52		20	00	b6	91		NETWORK VRS
050	65	39	65	39	00	00	91	9e	65	39	4e	Θf	92	96	00	00	e9e9e9N
060	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
070	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
080	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
090	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
100	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
110	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
120	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
130	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
140	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
150	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
160	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
170	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
180	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
190	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	99	00	00	00	00	
1a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
le0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	

Note that the third directory entry (starting at offset 0x40) is that for NETWORK.VRS. We know that the starting cluster number for the file data occupies bytes at offsets 0x1a and 0x1b in a particular directory entry; thus the bytes we want are at offsets 0x5a and 0x5b (we just added 0x40, the offset of the start of the entry). These (highlighted in red) contain 0x4e and 0x0f respectively, and, remembering that the first byte is the least significant one, the number we want is 0x0f4e. Incidentally, the next four bytes (highlighted in blue) are the file size, again with the least significant byte first. These are 0x92, 0x06, 0x00, 0x00 respectively, making a value of 0x00000692. This (in decimal) is 1682. So, this file is **1682** bytes long.

Let's review what we know so far...

- The starting cluster of the file is cluster 0x0f4e.
- The root directory starts at block 0x15.
- The first allocation unit starts at the first block after the root directory.

What else do we need to know? We know where the root directory starts, but not where it ends. So we need the size of the root directory, in blocks. Let's look once again at the boot block:

```
Block 0 (0x0000)
          1
             2
                3
                       5
                           6
                              7
                                            b
                                               C
                                                  d
        3c 90 49 42 4d 2d 37
                                       20
                                          00
                                              02
000
     eb
                                2e
                                   30
                                                 01 01 00
                                                           .<.IBM-7.0
010
               a1
                   13
                                   00
                                       01
                                          00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                    00 00
                      f8
                         14
                             00
                                0a
                                                            .0....
020
            00 00
                   00
                      00 29 2a 65 bc 00
                                          43 4f
                                                 38 38 33
030
     2d 41 32 20 20 20 46 41 54 31 36 20 20 20 fa 31 -A2
040
     c0 8e
            d0
               bc 00
                      7c fb 8e d8
                                   e8
                                       00 00
                                              5e 83 c6 19
050
        07
            00
               fc
                   ac
                      84
                         c0
                             74 06
                                   b4
                                       0e
                                          cd
                                              10
                                                 eb
                                                     f5
                                                        30
060
     e4
            16
               cd
                   19
                      Θd
                         0a 4e 6f
                                   6e 2d
                                          73
                                              79
                                                 73
                                                     74
                                                        65
        cd
                                          73 73
                                                 20
                                                     61
979
     6d 20
            64
               69
                   73
                      6b
                         0d 0a 50
                                   72
                                       65
                                                        6e m disk..Press an
080
     79 20
            6b
               65
                  79
                      20
                         74 6f 20
                                   72
                                       65
                                          62
                                              6f
                                                 6f
                                                     74 0d y key to reboot.
090
                                          00
                                                 00
                                                     00 00
     0a 00
            00
               00
                   00
                      00
                         00
                             00 00
                                   00
                                       00
                                              00
0a0
     00
        00
            00
               00
                   00
                      00
                         00
                             00 00
                                   00
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0b0
     00 00
            00 00
                   00
                      00
                         00 00 00
                                   00
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                                          00 00
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                                                        00
0c0
     00 00
            00 00
                  00
                      00
                         00
                            00 00
                                   00
                                       00
                                          00 00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
0d0
     00
        00
            00
               00
                   00
                      00
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                            00 00
                                   00
                                       00
                                          00 00
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                                                     00
                                                        00
0e0
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            00
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                             00
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                                   00
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                                          00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
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0f0
     AA
        00
            00
               00
                   00
                      00
                         00
                             00 00
                                   00
                                       AA
                                          99 99
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
100
        00
            00
               00
                   00
                      00
                         00
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                                    00
                                       00
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110
     00 00
            00
               00
                   00
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                                                     00
                                                        00
120
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130
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140
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150
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        00
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190
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1a0
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                                                        00
1b0
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                                    00
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                                                 00
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                                                        00
     00 00
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                   00
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                             00 00
                                       00
                                          00
                                              00
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                                                     00
1c0
                      00
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1d0
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            00
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                                          00 00
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1e0
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                      00
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                                   00
                                          00
                                                 00
                                                     55
                                                        aa
```

What we need to find this time is the maximum number of entries in the root directory; this is fixed when the disk is formatted. We know from the <u>boot block layout</u> that this appears in the two bytes starting at offset 0x11 in the boot block (these are highlighted in red above). These bytes contain 0x40 and 0x00 respectively, so (arranging as usual) this gives us a value of 0x0040 (64 in decimal). So there are 64 root directory entries. We know that one directory entry occupies 32 bytes, so the total space occupied by the root directory is 64*32 bytes, or 2048 bytes. Each block is 512 bytes, so the number of blocks occupied by the root directory is 2048 divided by 512...that is, 4.

So, the root directory starts at block 0x15. Thus the first allocation unit starts at 0x15+4, or 0x19. So, to convert an allocation unit number to a block number, we need to add the constant value 0x19. And to convert a cluster number (which is what appears in the root directory) to a block number, we need to add 0x17, to allow for that strange offset of 2.

We now know that the first data block of the file is at cluster number 0xf4e (see above). Adding the constant we have discovered, we find that this is block number 0xf4e+0x17, or 0xf65. Let's look at block 0xf65:

```
Block 3941 (0x0f65)
      0
         1
           2
               3
                 4
                     5
                        6
                           7
                                 9
                                       b
                              8
                                    a
                                          C
000
     20 20 20 54 77 61 73 20 74 68 65 20
                                         6e 69
                                               67
                                                  68
010
     74 20 62 65 66
                   6f 72 65 20 73 74 61 72 74 2d 75 t before start-u
020
     70 20 61 6e 64 20 61 6c 6c 20 74 68 72 6f 75 67
030
     68 20 74 68 65
                   20 6e 65 74 2c 0a 20 20 20 20 h the net,.
040
     6e 6f 74 20 61 20
                       70 61 63 6b 65 74 20 77
                                               61 73 not a packet was
050
              76
                69 6e 67
                          3b 20 6e 6f 20 62 69
                                               74 20
                                                       moving: no bit
     6e 6f 72 20 6f 63 74 65 74 2e 0a 20 20 20
                                               54 68 nor octet..
060
                    69 6e 65 65 72 73 20 72 61 74
                                                     e engineers ratt
080
                       65 69 72 20 63 61 72 64 73 20 led their cards
     6c 65 64 20 74 68
                       70 61 69 72 2c 0a 20 20 20 20
090
                    73
     20 68 6f 70 69 6e 67 20 61 20 62 61 64 20 63 68
0a0
                                                       hoping a bad ch
0b0
     69 70 20 77 6f 75 6c 64 20 62 6c 6f 77 20 77 69 ip would blow wi
    74 68 20 61 20 66 6c 61 72 65 2e 0a 20 20 20 54 th a flare..
OCO
             73 61 6c 65 73 6d 65 6e 20 77 65 72 65 he salesmen were
000
0e0
     20 6e 65 73 74 6c 65 64 20 61 6c 6c 20 73 6e 75
                                                       nestled all snu
0f0
     67 20 69 6e 20 74 68 65 69 72 20 62 65 64 73 2c g in their beds,
100
     0a 20 20 20 20 20 77 68 69 6c 65 20 76 69
                                               73
                                                  69
110
     6f 6e 73 20 6f 66 20 64 61 74 61 20 6e 65
                                               74
                                                  73 ons of data nets
     20 64 61 6e 63 65 64 20 69 6e 20 74 68 65
                                               69 72
120
                                                       danced in their
130
     20 68 65 61 64 73 2e 0a 20 20 20 41 6e 64 20 49
                                                       heads..
140
     20 77 69 74 68 20 6d 79 20 64 61 74 61 73 63 6f
150
     70 65 20 74 72 61 63 69 6e 67 73 20 61 6e 64 20 pe tracings and
160
     64 75 6d 70
                73 0a 20 20 20 20 20 70 72 65
                                               70 61 dumps.
170
     72 65 64 20 66 6f 72 20 73 6f 6d 65 20 70
                                               72 65
                                                     red for some pre
180
     74 74 79 20 62 61 64 20 62 72 75 69 73 65 73 20 tty bad bruises
190
     61 6e 64 20 6c 75 6d 70 73 2e 0a 20 20 20 57 68
                                                     and lumps..
             6f 75 74 20 69 6e 20 74 68 65 20 68 61
1a0
     65 6e 20
                                                     en out in the ha
     6c 6c 20 74 68 65 72 65 20 61 72 6f 73 65 20 73 ll there arose s
1b0
    75 63 68 20 61 20 63 6c 61 74 74 65 72 2c 0a 20 uch a clatter,.
1c0
1d0
     20 20 20 20 49 20 73 70 72 61 6e 67 20 66
                                               72 6f
                                                          I sprang fro
     6d 20 6d 79 20 64 65 73 6b 20 74 6f 20 73 65 65 m my desk to see
1e0
1f0
     20 77 68 61 74 20 77 61 73 20 74 68 65 20 6d 61
                                                       what was the ma
```

Well, that certainly looks like the start of a poem! Each line of the text is separated by a special character called *newline*, which has the code 0x0a (decimal 10). The first few of these are highlighted in red.

We have nearly finished. There is obviously more of this file, and for us to find the rest of it, we need to consult the FAT. Recall that the starting *cluster* number of the file (the block we just looked at) is 0xf4e. Each entry in the FAT is two bytes in size, so we'll find the entry for that cluster at offset 0xf4e*2 in the FAT, which is offset 0x1e9c (it's easier to add the value twice than attempt multiplication). We know that one disk block (and thus one block of the FAT) is 0x200 bytes in size, so we just need to divide 0x1e9c by 0x200. This sounds hard, but it isn't. You can find tools for this, or do it yourself. Let's look at these two numbers in binary:

The first number is a power of two, so to divide by it we simply shift the second number right - in this case by nine places:

So the entry we want is in block 0x0f of the FAT. The remainder from our division is of course all the bits we lost when we shifted:

```
0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 => \quad 0 \times 9c
```

so this is the byte offset of the entry within the FAT block.

We need to find FAT block 0x0f. We know the FAT starts in block 1 of the disk (see earlier), so block 0x0f of the FAT will be in disk block 0x0f+1, or block 0x10. Let's look at that block:

	Θ	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	C	d	e	f	
000	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
010	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
020	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
030	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
040	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
050	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
060	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
970	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
989	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
990	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	4f	Θf	50	0f	0.P.
0a0	51	Θf	ff	ff	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	Q
0b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
9c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
9d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
9e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
9f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
100	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
110	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
120	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
130	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
140	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
150	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
160	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
170	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
180	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
190	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
la0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
lc0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
ld0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
le0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	

We need to look at the FAT entry (two bytes) at offset 0x9c; this is highlighted in red above, and resolves to the 16 bit value 0x0f4f. This is actually the very next cluster, numerically, from the one we have just looked at (this will not always be the case), so we can apply a bit of common sense and deduce that the second data block of the file appears immediately after the first; thus, the first two blocks are at 0xf65 and 0xf66. Here is block 0xf66:

```
Block 3942 (0x0f66)
            2
                        6
               3
                  4
                     5
                           7
                              8
                                 9
                                       b
     74 74 65 72 2e 0a 0a 20 20 20 54 68 65 72 65 20 tter...
     73 74 6f 6f 64 20 61 74 20 74 68 65 20 74 68 72 stood at the thr
     65 73 68 6f 6c 64 20 77 69 74 68 20 50 43 20 69 eshold with PC i
030
     6e 20 74 6f 77
                    2c 0a 20 20 20 20 20 41 6e 20 41 n tow,.
                                                                  An A
040
     52 50 41 4e 45 54 20 68 61 63 6b 65 72 2c 20 61 RPANET hacker,
     6c 6c 20 72 65 61 64 79 20 74 6f
050
                                      20 67 6f 2e 0a ll ready to go..
     20 20 20 49 20 63 6f 75 6c 64 20 73 65 65 20 66
                                                         I could see f
070
     72 6f 6d 20 74 68 65 20 63 72 65 61 73 65 73 20 rom the creases
     74 68 61 74 20 63 6f 76 65 72 65 64 20 68 69 73
080
                                                     that covered his
090
     20 62 72 6f 77 2c 0a 20 20 20 20 20 68 65 27
                                                  64
                                                       brow. .
0a0
    20 63 6f 6e 71 75 65 72 20 74 68 65 20 63 72 69
                                                       conquer the cri
0b0
    73 69 73 20 63 6f
                       6e 66 72 6f 6e 74 69 6e 67 20 sis confronting
     68 69 6d 20 6e 6f 77 2e 0a 20 20 20 4d 6f 72 65 him now...
0c0
0d0
     20 72 61 70 69 64 20 74 68 61 6e 20 65 61 67
                                                  6c
                                                       rapid than eagl
0e0
     65 73 2c 20 68 65 20 63 68 65 63 6b 65 64 20 65 es, he checked e
0f0
     61 63 68 20 61 6c 61 72 6d 0a 20 20 20 20 61 ach alarm.
100
     6e 64 20 73 63 72 75 74 69 6e 69 7a 65 64 20 65 nd scrutinized e
110
     61 63
           68 20 66 6f
                       72 20 69 74 73 20 70 6f 74 65 ach for its pote
120
     6e 74 69 61 6c 20 68 61 72 6d 2e 0a 0a 20 20 20 ntial harm...
130
    4f 6e 20 4c 41 50 42 2c 20 6f 6e 20 4f 53 49 2c On LAPB, on OSI,
                                                                  TCP,
140
    20 58 2e 32 35 21 0a 20 20 20 20 54 43 50 2c
                                                       X.25!.
150
     20 53 4e 41 2c 20 56 2e 33 35 21 0a 0a 20
                                               20 20
                                                       SNA, V.35!..
160
    48 69 73 20 65 79 65 73 20 77 65 72 65 20 61 66 His eyes were af
170
    69 72 65 20 77 69 74 68 20 74 68 65 20 73 74 72 ire with the str
          67 74 68 20 6f 66 20 68 69 73 20 67 61 7a ength of his gaz
180
190
     65 3b 0a 20 20 20 20 20 6e 6f 20 62 75 67 20 63 e;.
                                                              no bug c
1a0
          6c 64 20 68
                       69 64 65 20 6c 6f 6e 67 3b
                                                  20 ould hide long;
     6e 6f 74 20 66 6f 72 20 68 6f 75 72 73 20 6f 72 not for hours or
1b0
1c0
     20 64 61 79 73 2e 0a 20 20 20 41 20 77 69 6e 6b
     20 6f 66 20 68 69 73 20 65 79 65 20 61 6e 64 20
                                                       of his eye and
1d0
     61 20 74 77 69 74 63 68 20 6f 66 20 68 69
1e0
                                               73 20 a twitch of his
     68 65 61 64 2c 0a 20 20 20 20 20 73 6f 6f 6e 20 head,.
1f0
                                                                 soon
```

which certainly looks like the continuation of the poem. If we look at the FAT entry for this new cluster (which, since it's the next block, will also be the next cluster and thus in the next FAT entry), it is highlighted in blue above, and contains the value 0x0f50. This is the very next block and cluster:

```
Block 3943 (0x0f67)
            2
               3
                     5
                        6
                           7
                                 9
                                       b
                                          C
                                             d
                              8
                                    a
     67 61 76
             65 20 6d 65 20 74 6f 20 6b 6e 6f 77 20 gave me to know
010
    49 20 68 61 64 20 6c 69 74 74 6c 65 20 74 6f 20 I had little to
    64 72 65 61 64 2e 0a 20 20 20 48 65 20 73 70 6f dread..
020
030
    6b 65 20 6e 6f 74 20 61 20 77 6f 72 64 2c 20 62 ke not a word, b
040
    75 74 20 77 65 6e 74 20 73 74 72 61 69 67 68 74 ut went straight
050
    20 74 6f
              20 68 69
                      73 20 77 6f 72 6b 2c 0a 20 20
                                                      to his work,.
    20 20 20 66 69 78 69 6e 67 20 61 20 6e 65 74 20
060
                                                         fixing a net
070
    74 68 61 74 20 68 61 64 20 67 6f 6e 65 20 70 6c that had gone pl
080
    75 6d 62 20 62 65 72 73 65 72 6b 3b 0a 20 20 umb berserk;.
090
    41 6e 64 20 6c 61 79 69 6e 67 20 61 20
                                            66 69 6e And laying a fin
    67 65 72 20 6f 6e 20 6f 6e 65 20 73 75 73 70 65 ger on one suspe
0a0
0b0
    63 74 20 6c 69 6e 65 2c 0a 20 20 20 20 68 65 ct line,.
0c0
    20 65 6e 74 65 72 65 64 20 61 20 70 61 74 63 68
                                                      entered a patch
0d0
    20 61 6e 64 20 74 68 65 20 6e 65 74 20 63 61 6d
                                                      and the net cam
0e0
    65 20 75 70 20 66 69 6e 65 21 0a 0a 20 20 20 54 e up fine!..
                                                                     T
0f0
    68 65 20 70 61 63 6b 65 74 73 20 66 6c 6f 77 65 he packets flowe
    64 20 6e 65 61 74 6c 79 20 61 6e 64 20 70 72 6f d neatly and pro
100
110
    74 6f 63 6f 6c 73 20 6d 61 74 63 68 65 64 3b 0a tocols matched;.
120
    20 20 20 20 20 74 68 65 20 68 6f 73 74 73 20 69
                                                           the hosts i
    6e 74 65 72 66 61 63 65 64 20 61 6e 64 20 73 68 nterfaced and sh
130
140
    69 66 74 2d 72 65 67 69 73 74 65 72 73 20 6c 61 ift-registers la
150
    74 63 68 65 64 2e 0a 20 20 20 48 65 20 74 65 73 tched..
                                                                He tes
160
    74 65 64 20 74 68 65 20 73 79
                                   73 74 65 6d 20 66 ted the system f
170
    72 6f
          6d 20 47 61 74 65 77 61 79 20 74 6f 20 50 rom Gateway to P
180
    41 44 3b 0a 20 20 20 20 20 6e 6f 74 20 6f 6e 65 AD;.
190
    20 62 69 74 20 77 61 73 20 64 72 6f 70 70 65 64
                                                      bit was dropped
1a0
    3b 20
          6e 6f 20 63 68 65 63 6b 73 75 6d 20 77 61; no checksum wa
1b0
    73 20 62 61 64 2e 0a 20 20 20 41 74 20 6c 61 73 s bad..
                                                                At las
    74 20 68 65 20 77 61 73 20 66 69 6e 69 73 68 65 t he was finishe
1c0
1d0
    64 20 61 6e 64 20 77 65 61 72 69 6c 79 20 73 69 d and wearily si
1e0
     67 68 65 64 0a 20 20 20 20 20 61 6e 64 20 74 75 ghed.
                                                                and tu
1f0
       6e 65 64 20 74 6f 20 65 78 70 6c 61 69 6e 20 rned to explain
```

We continue this (again, it's the next block and cluster) and we find 0x0f51 as the cluster number (highlighted in green above). Here is that block:

Bloc	k 39	944	(0)	k0f6	58)												
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	C	d	e	f	
000	77	68	79	20	74	68	65	20	73	79	73	74	65	6d	20	68	why the system h
010	61	64	20	64	69	65	64	2e	0a	20	20	20	49	20	74	77	ad died I tw
020	69	73	74	65	64	20	6d	79	20	66	69	6e	67	65	72	73	isted my fingers
030	20	61	6e	64	20	63	6f	75	6e	74	65	64	20	74	6f	20	and counted to
040	74	65	6e	3b	Θа	20	20	20	20	20	61	6e	20	6f	66	66	ten;. an off
050	2d	62	79	2d	6f	6e	65	20	69	6e	64	65	78	20	68	61	-by-one index ha
060	64	20	64	6f	6e	65	20	69	74	20	61	67	61	69	6e	2e	d done it again.
070	2e	2e	Θa	Θa	20	20	20	56	69	6e	74	20	43	65	72	66	Vint Cerf
080	0a	20	20	20	44	65	63	65	6d	62	65	72	20	31	39	38	. December 198
090	35	0a	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	5
0a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0c0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0d0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
100	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
110	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
120	99	00	00	00	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
130	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
140	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
150	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	00	99	
160	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	99	00	00	
170	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
180	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
190	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1a0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1b0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1c0	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	00	00	00	99	00	00	99	00	00	
1d0	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1e0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
1f0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	

Lastly, we look at the FAT entry for this block/cluster (highlighted in black). This time the entry is 0xffff, which indicates that there are no more blocks in the file. We have finished!

Conclusion

If you've managed to get this far (and understood it all) you have a good working understanding of the 16-bit FAT file system. You should be able to analyse a disk, and see if it is corrupted. You may even be able to repair it!



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