

Quantised Random Embeddings

$$y = A(x) := \mathcal{Q}_\delta(\Phi x + \xi)$$

where:

- Dataset: $x \in \mathcal{K} \subset \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow$ Signatures: $y \in A(\mathcal{K}) \subset \delta\mathbb{Z}^m$
- Uniform Scalar Quantiser: $\mathcal{Q}_\delta := \delta \lfloor \cdot / \delta \rfloor$
- Gaussian (not necessary!) Random Projections: $\Phi \sim \mathcal{N}^{m \times n}(0, 1)$
- Uniform Dithering: $\xi \sim \mathcal{U}^{m \times n}([-\frac{\delta}{2}, \frac{\delta}{2}])$

Quasi-Isometry Property

If Φ is a ε -stable embedding (ℓ_2/ℓ_1 sense) w.r.t. \mathcal{K} ,

$$(1-\varepsilon)\|x'-x''\|_2 - \Delta \leq \frac{1}{m}\|y'-y''\|_1 \leq (1+\varepsilon)\|x'-x''\|_2 + \Delta$$

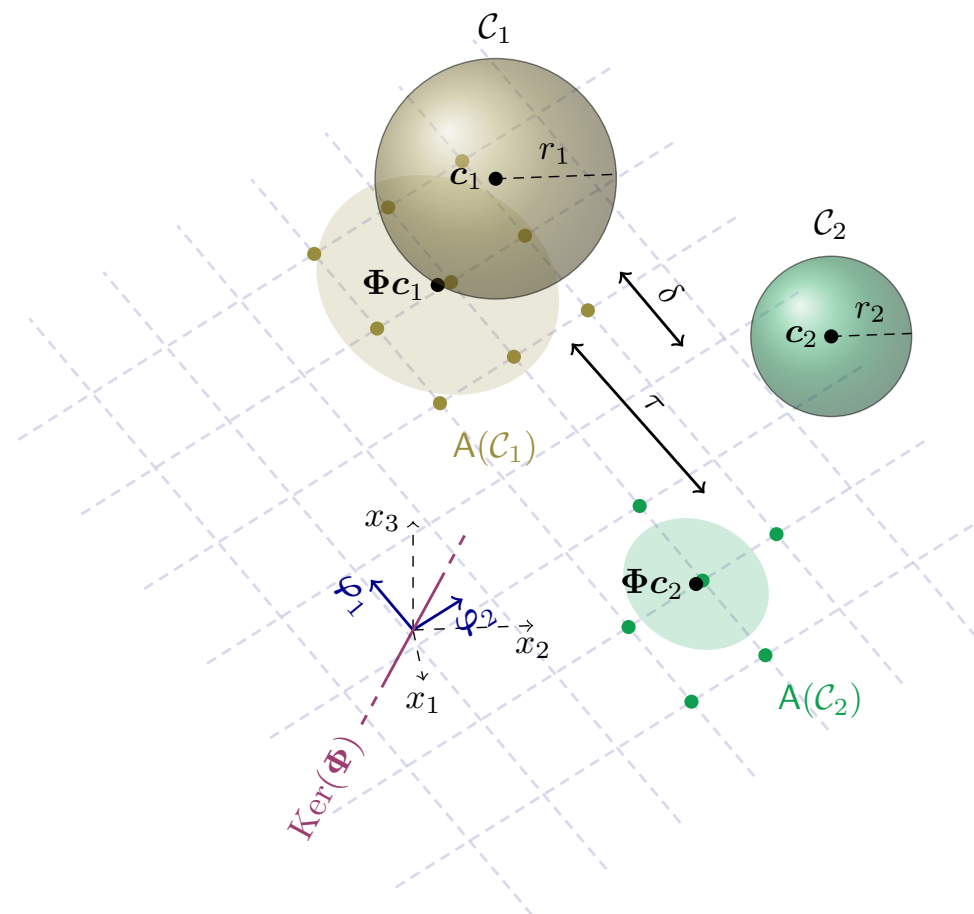
w.h.p. for $\Delta, \varepsilon > 0$ that decay with $m(\uparrow)$, Complexity(\mathcal{K}) (\downarrow), δ (\downarrow).

“Rare Eclipses” and Class Separability

If $x' \in \mathcal{C}' \subset \mathcal{K}, x'' \in \mathcal{C}'' \subset \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{C}' \cap \mathcal{C}'' = \emptyset$ disjoint convex sets, then

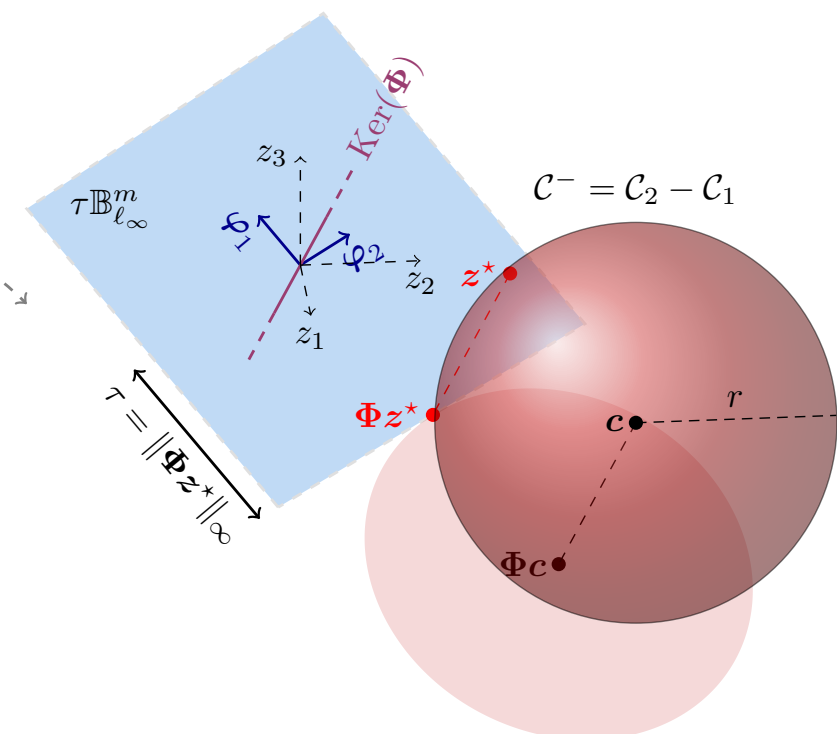
$$p_\delta := \mathbb{P}[A(\mathcal{C}') \cap A(\mathcal{C}'') = \emptyset] \geq 1 - \eta$$

with η that decays with $m(\uparrow)$, Complexity(\mathcal{K}) (\downarrow), δ (\downarrow).



Avoid consistency
on difference set \mathcal{C}^-

(Inconsistent if $\tau > \delta$)



Code [here](#)