## EXAMPLES

ON THE

## INTEGRAL CALCULUS.

## CHAPTER I.

ELEMENTARY INTEGRALS TO BE COMMITTED TO MEMORY.

$$(1.) \int \frac{d x}{x} = \log x.$$

(2.) 
$$\int \frac{dx}{a+bx^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right), \text{ or } \int \frac{dx}{a^2+x^2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}.$$

$$(3.) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a}.$$

$$(4.)\int \frac{-dx}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} = \cos^{-1}\frac{x}{a}.$$

$$(5.) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \log \frac{(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})}{a}.$$

(6.) 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2 a x - x^2}} = \text{vers}^{-1} \frac{x}{a}.$$

(7.) 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 2ax}} = \log(x \pm a + \sqrt{x^2 \pm 2ax})$$

$$(8.) \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} = \frac{1}{a}\sec^{-1}\frac{x}{a}.$$

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