# The C++ Master Companion — Syntax, Insight & Practice

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# ☐ Module 11: Appendices

☐ Feature Index: C++11 → C++23

A summary of major features by version.

Version	Key Features
C++11	auto, nullptr, constexpr, range-based for loops, move semantics, lambdas, smart pointers, uniform initialization, strongly typed enums
C++14	Generic lambdas, binary literals, relaxed constexpr, variable templates
C++17	Structured bindings, if constexpr, filesystem library, parallel algorithms, std::optional, std::variant, std::any
C++20	Concepts, ranges, coroutines, modules, constexpr in more contexts, std::span, three-way comparison (⇐⇒)
C++23	std:: expected, deducing this, improved ranges, constexpr dynamic allocation, and more library refinements

## ☐ Quick Reference Tables

## Data Types

Category	Example Types	Size (Typical)
Integer Floating Point	int,long,short,char float,double,long double	2–8 bytes 4–16 bytes
Boolean Character	bool char, wchar_t, char16_t, char32_t	1 byte 1–4 bytes

## Operators Summary

Category	Operators		
Arithmetic Relational Logical Bitwise Assignment	+, -, *, /, % =, ≠, <, >, ≤, ≥ &&,   &,  , ^, ~, <<, >> =, +=, -=, *=, /=, %=	ļ,!	
Increment/Decrement Member Access Conditional	++, ., →, :: ?:		

### STL Containers at a Glance

Container	Type	Key Traits
vector	Sequence	Fast random access, dynamic resizing
list	Sequence	Doubly-linked list
deque	Sequence	Double-ended queue
set/multiset	Associative	Sorted, unique/non-unique keys
map/multimap	Associative	Key-value pairs, sorted
unordered_map/unordered_set	Hash-based	Average O(1) access

## □ Compiler Flags and Build Commands

## GCC/Clang

g++ main.cpp -std=c++20 -Wall -Wextra -02 -o program

## Common Flags:

- -std=c++20  $\rightarrow$  Select language standard
- -Wall -Wextra → Enable warnings
- -02, -03  $\rightarrow$  Optimization levels
- -g → Debug info

### MSVC

cl /EHsc /std:c++20 main.cpp

### Flags:

- /EHsc → Enable exception handling
- /02 → Optimize code
- /W4 → Warning level

## ☐ Glossary of Key Terms

Term	Meaning
RAII	Resource Acquisition Is Initialization — tie resource lifetime to object lifetime
Rvalue	Temporary object with no persistent storage
Lvalue	Object with an identifiable memory address
Undefined Behavior (UB)	Behavior not defined by the C++ standard — dangerous!
Template Instantiation	Compiler generates concrete code from a template when used
Virtual Table (vtable)	Lookup table used to resolve virtual function calls at runtime
Linker	Combines object files into a final executable

#### ☐ External Resources

- cppreference.com Definitive C++ reference
- C++ ISO Standard Drafts Official C++ specification drafts
- Compiler Explorer (godbolt.org) Visualize compiler output
- Modern C++ Features Summary
- Books: Effective Modern C++ (Scott Meyers), A Tour of C++ (Bjarne Stroustrup)

## ☐ How to Study This Guide

- 1. Layered Learning: Don't memorize syntax understand why features exist.
- 2. Code Actively: Implement each concept immediately after learning it.
- 3. Debug Often: Understand error messages they're your compiler's mentorship.
- 4. Visualize Memory: Especially for pointers, references, and lifetimes.
- 5. Refactor Constantly: Modern C++ is about elegance and safety.
- 6. Build Projects: Each module here can evolve into a mini-project.

 $\label{lem:continuous} \verb|| Remember: C++ mastery is n't about knowing every keyword --- it's about understanding how the language thinks.$ 

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