Introduction to R Shiny

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What is Shiny and why should I use it?

Shiny is an R package for creating interactive web applications without needing to know HTML, CSS or JavaScript.

Why use Shiny?

- Exploratory data analysis
- Contextual learning and exploration (e.g., data on a map)
- Dashboards
- Tools for your colleagues
- Teaching
- And more... see the <u>Shiny gallery!</u>

Before starting in Shiny

- Think conceptually about what you want to create. Maybe make a sketch or outline.
- Consider both
 - functionality (e.g., how do I want to interactively manipulate the data) and
 - form (e.g., what layout is going to be the most straightforward to the user).
- Create a working static version of your figure (or table) first (without Shiny).

```
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage()

server <- function(input, output){}

shinyApp(ui, server)</pre>
```

app.R

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- The server contains a series of R statements to define what the app does.
- Create the Shiny App.

How to run a Shiny app

Option 1: from a terminal

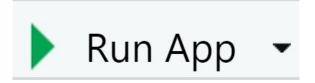
 Within a directory that has your app.R file, run the following within an R session:

```
library(shiny)
runApp("app.R")
```

 This should automatically open a browser to the URL where your local version of the app is hosted

Option 2: from R Studio

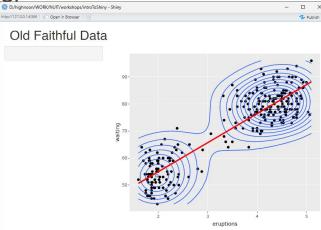
- Launch R Studio and then open your application file ("app.R")
- Click the Run App button.



 This should automatically open a window showing your local version of the app.

- 1. Just a plot, to show how to start the server
- 2. Add inputs that control the plot content
- 3. Add a text box showing the fit details
- 4. Add dropdown to choose which marginal plots to show
- 5. Add conditional Panel to control displaying marginal Format
- 6. Add slider to control binwidth for histograms

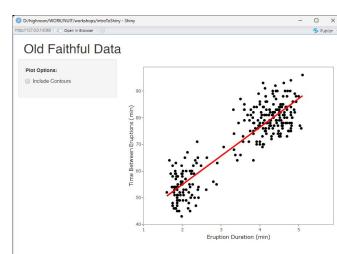
Just a plot, to show how to start the server



Add inputs that control the plot content # checkboxes to turn on/off plot elements

```
22
          # https://shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/latest/checkboxInput.html
          strong("Plot Options:"), # a simple html element to provide a title for this section of the UI
23
          checkboxInput(
            "showContours", "Include Contours",
25
26
            value = FALSE).
      # when we have input values that we want to use for generating output,
41
      # we need to wrap that portion of the code in observe({}), or another reactive container
42
43 -
      observe({
        # create the scatter plot
        main_plot <- ggplot(faithful, aes(eruptions, waiting)) +
53
        # add the contours if requested by the user
54
        if (input$showContours) main_plot <- main_plot + geom_density2d()
55
```

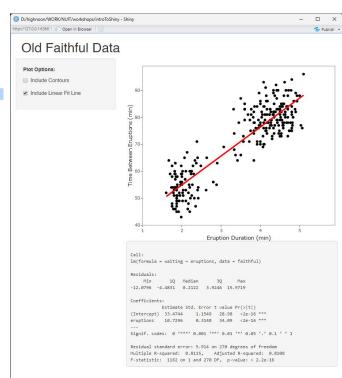
- Exercise 2.1: add input to turn line on/off (default on)
- Exercise 2.2: change sidebarLayout to verticalLayout
- Exercise 2.3: change sidebarPanel to wellPanel



Add a text box showing the fit details

```
# Main panel for displaying outputs
34
            mainPanel(
                # https://shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/latest/plotOutput.html
36
                plotlyOutput("finalPlot", height = "500px"),
37
38
                # https://shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/1.0.3/verbatimTextOutput.html
39
                verbatimTextOutput("modelSummary")
40
41
         output$modelSummary <- renderPrint(
71
```

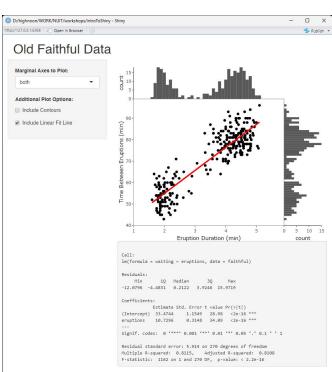
```
72
          summary(lm(waiting ~ eruptions, data = faithful))
```



Add dropdown to choose marginal plots

```
# dropdown to choose which marginal plots to show
 22
           # https://shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/latest/selectInput.html
 23
           selectInput(
              "marginsToShow", "Marginal Axes to Plot:",
             c("x","y","both"),
 26
             selected = "both"
 27
 28
         # set up empty plots that will hold the marginal distributions
74
75
         top_plot <- ggplot(faithful, aes(eruptions)) +
76
           scale x continuous(limits = c(1, 5, 9), expand = c(0, 0)) +
77
           scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0, NA), expand = c(0, 0)) +
78
           theme classic() +
79
           theme(panel.grid.major = element_blank(), panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
80
81
         right_plot <- ggplot(faithful, aes(waiting)) + coord_flip() +
82
           scale_x_continuous(limits = c(40, 99), expand = c(0, 0)) +
83
           scale_v_continuous(limits = c(0, NA), expand = c(0, 0)) +
84
           theme_classic() +
85
           theme(panel.grid.major = element_blank(), panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
86
87
         # add the histograms
88
         top_plot <- top_plot + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.1)
         right_plot <- right_plot + geom_histogram(binwidth = 1)
90
91
         if (input$marginsToShow == "y") top_plot <- plotly_empty()
if (input$marginsToShow == "x") right_plot <- plotly_empty()</pre>
92
93
94
         f <- subplot(top_plot, plotly_empty(), main_plot, right_plot,
95
            nrows = 2, heights = c(0.2, 0.8), widths = c(0.8, 0.2), margin = 0.
96
            shareX = TRUE, shareY = TRUE)
97
99
         # store the figure in the "finalPlot" key of the output variable which can be seen by the UI
100
         output$finalPlot <- renderPlotly(f)
```

- Exercise 4.1: add dropdown to choose histogram vs. density
- Exercise 4.2: add option to choose none for marginsToShow



Add conditional Panel to control displaying marginal Format

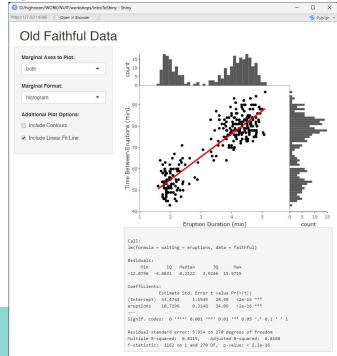
```
# dropdown to choose the type of marginal distribution
# https://shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/1.6.0/conditionalPanel.html

conditionalPanel(
    condition = "input.marginsToShow != 'none'",
    selectInput(
        "marginalFormat", "Marginal Format:",
        c("histogram", "density"),
    selected = "histogram"

)

)

)
```



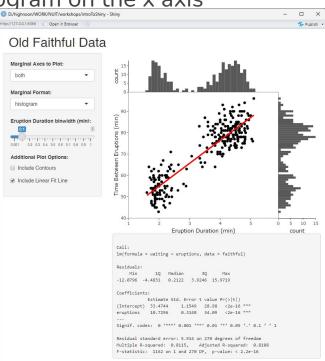
• Exercise 5.1: use conditionalPanel to show fit output only when showing the fit line

Add slider to control binwidth for the histogram on the x axis

```
# slider to choose the bin size for the x axis (only relevant for histogram margin type)
# https://shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/latest/sliderInput.html
sliderInput("xbinwidth", "Eruption Duration binwidth (min):",
min = 1e-3, max = 1, value = 0.1),

top_plot <- top_plot + geom_histogram(binwidth = input$xbinwidth)
```

- Exercise 6.1: add slider to control the binwidth on the y axis
- Exercise 6.2: use conditionalPanel to only show these sliders for the histogram marginal format
 - Bonus: use multiple conditions within the conditionalPanel to only show these sliders for histogram format and when the correct marginal panel is displayed



Hosting on shinyapps.io

First, sign up for an account on shinyapps.io

Option 1: from a terminal

 Within a directory above the one that has your app.R file, run the following within an R session:

```
library(rsconnect)
deployApp("dirName")
```

- replace "dirName" with the name of the directory that contains app.R.
- This will create a url similar to:
 https://[you].shinyapps.io/[dirName]

Option 2: from R Studio

- Launch R Studio and then open your application file ("app.R")
- Click the publish button.



 This will open a GUI window to select the file(s) to publish and other options, and will create the URL