

NN

February 2, 2017

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In [1]: import numpy as np
import random
from mnist import MNIST
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [2]: mndata = MNIST('../HW1/Dataset')
trainX = np.array(mndata.load_training()[0][:50000])
trainY = np.array(mndata.load_training()[1][:50000])

In [3]: valIndices = np.random.choice(len(trainX), 2000)
nonValIndices = [x for x in range(len(trainX)) if x not in valIndices]

valX = trainX[valIndices]
valY = trainY[valIndices]

trainX = trainX[nonValIndices]
trainY = trainY[nonValIndices]

testX = np.array(mndata.load_testing()[0][:1000])
testY = np.array(mndata.load_testing()[1][:1000])

def feat(data,i):
    return data[i].tolist()

def oneHot(clas, noOfClasses):
    feat = np.zeros(noOfClasses)
    feat[clas] = 1;
    return feat

trnX = np.array([feat(trainX,i) for i in range(trainX.shape[0])])/256.0
trnY = np.array([oneHot(trainY[i], 10) for i in range(trainX.shape[0])])

tstX = np.array([feat(testX,i) for i in range(testX.shape[0])])/256.0
tstY = np.array([oneHot(testY[i], 10) for i in range(testX.shape[0])])

valX = np.array([feat(valX,i) for i in range(valX.shape[0])])/256.0
valY = np.array([oneHot(valY[i], 10) for i in range(valX.shape[0])])
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In [58]: def sigmoid(x):
          return 1.0/(1+np.exp(-1*x))

def lecun(x):
    return 1.7159*np.tanh(2.0*x/3)

def grad(x):
    return x*(1-x)

def gradLecun(x):
    t = 2.0*x/3
    return 1.7159*(1-t**2)

def softmax(x):
    x = np.exp(x)
    x = x/x.sum(axis=1)[:, None]
    return x

maxValAcc = 0
lr = 0.0001
trnAcc = []
valAcc = []
tstAcc = []
lst = []

# randomly initialize our weights with mean 0
n_hid_1 = 100
fan_in = 1.0/np.sqrt(784)
# print fan_in
W1 = fan_in*(2*np.random.random((784,n_hid_1)) - 1)
# print W1
bias = fan_in*(2*np.random.random((n_hid_1)) - 1)
fan_in_h = 1.0/np.sqrt(n_hid_1)
W2 = fan_in_h*(2*np.random.random((n_hid_1,10)) - 1)
bias2 = fan_in_h*(2*np.random.random((10)) - 1)

for j in xrange(300):
    indices = np.random.choice(len(trnX), 1000)
    tempY = trnY[indices]
    tempX = trnX[indices]
    A1 = np.dot(tempX, W1) + bias
    l1 = lecun(A1)

    A2 = np.dot(l1, W2) + bias2
    l2 = softmax(A2)

    # Errors in output layer
    d2 = (l2 - tempY)

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dbias2 = np.sum(d2, axis = 0)

# Delta of W2
dW2 = np.dot(l1.T, d2)

# Errors in 1st hidden layer
d1 = np.dot(d2, W2.T)*gradLecun(l1)
dbias = np.sum(d1, axis = 0)

# Delta W2
dW1 = np.dot(tempX.T, d1)

W2 -= lr*dW2
bias2 -= lr*dbias2
W1 -= lr*dW1
bias -= lr*dbias

prediction = softmax(np.dot(lecun(np.dot(valX, W1)+bias ), W2)+bias2)
correct = [1 if a == b else 0 for (a, b) in zip(np.argmax(valY, axis =
valAcc.append(np.sum(correct)*100.0/len(valX))

prediction = softmax(np.dot(lecun(np.dot(trnX, W1)+bias ), W2)+bias2)
correct = [1 if a == b else 0 for (a, b) in zip(np.argmax(trnY, axis =
trnAcc.append(np.sum(correct)*100.0/len(trnX))

prediction = softmax(np.dot(lecun(np.dot(tstX, W1)+bias ), W2)+bias2)
correct = [1 if a == b else 0 for (a, b) in zip(np.argmax(tstY, axis =
tstAcc.append(np.sum(correct)*100.0/len(tstX))

#     if(valAcc[-1] > maxValAcc):
print tstAcc[-1]
#         maxValAcc = valAcc[-1]

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In [59]: plt.plot([x+1 for x in range(len(trnAcc))], trnAcc, label = 'Training Accuracy')
plt.plot([x+1 for x in range(len(valAcc))], valAcc, label = 'Validation Accuracy')
plt.plot([x+1 for x in range(len(tstAcc))], tstAcc, label = 'Testing Accuracy')
plt.xlabel("Iterations")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.legend(loc='lower right', shadow=True)
plt.show()
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In [ ]: # Gradient Checking
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In [44]: indices = np.random.choice(len(trnX), 3)
t = trnY[indices]
d = trnX[indices]
epsilon = 0.01
for i,j in np.ndindex(W2.shape):
    e = np.zeros(W2.shape)
    e[i, j] = 0.01
    A1 = np.dot(d, W1) + bias
    l1 = sigmoid(A1)
    A2 = np.dot(l1, W2+e) + bias2
    l2 = softmax(A2)
    # Errors in output layer
    d2 = (l2 - t)
    dbias2 = np.sum(d2, axis = 0)
    # Delta of W2
    dW2 = np.dot(l1.T, d2)
    # Errors in 1st hidden layer
    d1 = np.dot(d2, W2.T+e.T)*grad(l1)
    dbias = np.sum(d1, axis = 0)
    # Delta W2
    dW1 = np.dot(d.T, d1)
    ErrPlus = error(t, l2)

    A1 = np.dot(d, W1) + bias
    l1 = sigmoid(A1)
    A2 = np.dot(l1, W2-e) + bias2
    l2 = softmax(A2)
    # Errors in output layer
    d2 = (l2 - t)
    dbias2 = np.sum(d2, axis = 0)
    # Delta of W2
    dW2 = np.dot(l1.T, d2)
    # Errors in 1st hidden layer
    d1 = np.dot(d2, W2.T-e.T)*grad(l1)
    dbias = np.sum(d1, axis = 0)
    # Delta W2
    dW1 = np.dot(d.T, d1)
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    ErrMinus = error(t, l2)

    A1 = np.dot(d, W1) + bias
    l1 = sigmoid(A1)
    A2 = np.dot(l1, W2) + bias2
    l2 = softmax(A2)
    # Errors in output layer
    d2 = (l2 - t)
    dbias2 = np.sum(d2, axis = 0)
    # Delta of W2
    dW2 = np.dot(l1.T, d2)
    # Errors in 1st hidden layer
    d1 = np.dot(d2, W2.T)*grad(l1)
    dbias = np.sum(d1, axis = 0)
    # Delta W2
    dW1 = np.dot(d.T, d1)

    s.append(dW2[i, j] - (ErrPlus - ErrMinus)/0.02))

In [11]: def error(trnY, y):
    err = 0
    for i in range(len(trnY)):
        for k in range(10):
            if(y[i, k] < 0.00001):
                y[i, k] = 0.00001
            elif(y[i, k] > 0.99999):
                y[i, k] = 0.99999
            err += trnY[i, k]*np.log(y[i, k])
    err=-1*err/len(trnY)
    return err

In [45]: print "Average difference = ", np.mean(np.abs(s))
    print "Max difference = ", np.max(np.abs(s))
    print "Min difference = ", np.min(np.abs(s))

Average difference = 7.46216183773e-05
Max difference = 0.000620140298849
Min difference = 5.36629046164e-09

In [46]: print np.mean(np.abs(s))

7.46216183773e-05

In [43]: s = []

In [ ]:
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