Docker Compose

Aws CodeDeploy Blue/Green Deployments

Core point of this talk

Migrate/Shift Your Application to CONTAINERS

Build AMI Only Once

Required Packages

- 1. Docker
- 2. Docker-Compose
- 3. Aws CloudWatch Agent
- 4. Aws CodeDeploy Agent
- 5. Jq
- 6. Netcat/telnet
- 7. Net-tools
- 8. Awscli

Aws Infrastructure Setup

Terraform

Cloudformation

Manual Setup

Secure VPC, ALB, ASG, S3 for artifacts

Why Blue/Green Deployments?

 Zero Downtime Deployments of our applications to New Version Switching

Enable Auto Rollbacks (Incase of application health check failures)

 Blue/Green Deployment Strategy is Highly Adopted for Stable Deployments

Why Docker?

 Instead of Building AMI & Install Required Packages Again & Again, main focus is to build our Application Image with Dockerfile & Pushed to ECR.

Easily switch between different version of application.

Easy Deployments of Application by Simply pulling from ECR.

Why Docker Compose?

• Complete application stack or Split application stack

- Example:
- Frontend in Single EC2 with docker-compose.

Backend in Single EC2 with docker-compose.

Service Discovery

- How containers talk to each other?
- Application In Single Ec2
- Application in Separate Ec2

- Simple Solution
- Docker switch HOST
- Aws Private Hosted Zone

Monitoring, Alerting & Logging

- Monitoring
- Ec2 AWS Cloudwatch Agent /Grafana/Zabbix (ASG Configure Cloudwatch Policies)
- Alerting
- Aws SNS /Grafana/Zabbix
- Logging
- Docker Cloudwatch Agent

Application Scaling

ASG Configured with CloudWatch Policies

- Eg: Step Scaling
- At CPU >60% Add 1 ec2
- At CPU <60% Destroy 1 ec2

- At Mem >70% Add 1 ec2
- At Mem <70% Destroy 1 ec2

Application Load Balancing

External Load Balancing via ALB

Internal Load Balancing via Nginx

(Docker-Compose allows to RUN multiple containers of application in Single EC2 Machine)