



European Parliament Online



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Project idea

A system ideally commissioned by the European Union. It empowers citizens from all EU member nations to actively participate and to vote in future referendums.

SYSTEM PROPERTIES

1. European Referendum proposal
2. European-level Consensus
3. Submission of a Referendum to Citizens
4. National-level Consensus
5. National-level Voting
6. Result of Referendum





The deployed components are grouped into services for specific nations and those that are available to all nations.

NATIONAL SERVICES

Web: implements the web interface, providing the main functionalities to the users

Broadcast: implements the broadcast and the consensus primitives

Rest: provide CRUD API to manage resource on the database

PostgreSQL: implements the persistence of the nation data

STANDALONE SERVICES

RabbitMQ broker: provide the exchange of messages between nations by implementing a queue system.

Spring Boot

All the services are Spring-Boot project.

Spring Boot is an open-source framework for building Java applications, designed to simplify development with minimal configuration.

Dependencies of the services:

- Web service: Thymeleaf, Spring Boot Starter Web, Spring DevTools, and Spring Boot Starter Test:
- Rest service: Spring Data JPA, Spring Boot Starter Web, Spring DevTools, Spring Boot Starter Test, and PostgreSQL.
- Broadcast service: Spring Boot Starter AMQP, Spring Boot Starter Web, Spring DevTools, Spring Boot Starter Test, Spring Rabbit Test, and Google Gson.

Docker



- We have implemented a **docker-compose** for each nation, plus a docker-compose for RabbitMQ.
- The **RabbitMQ Management Container** allows to manage RabbitMQ through a web interface. The container is connected to 3 custom networks, which we have used to facilitate communication between RabbitMQ and other containers in different networks.
- For each service (in every nation) there is a docker file to allow the creation of the jar file and the container file and the container. There are two main parts:
 - Build Stage: runs "mvn clean package" to build the Java application using Maven.
 - Package Stage: sets the entry point for the Docker container to run the Java application using the JAR file ('app-1.0.0.jar'). This Dockerfile separates the build process from the final runtime image, resulting in a smaller runtime image that only contains the necessary JRE and the application JAR file.

▼ Bindings

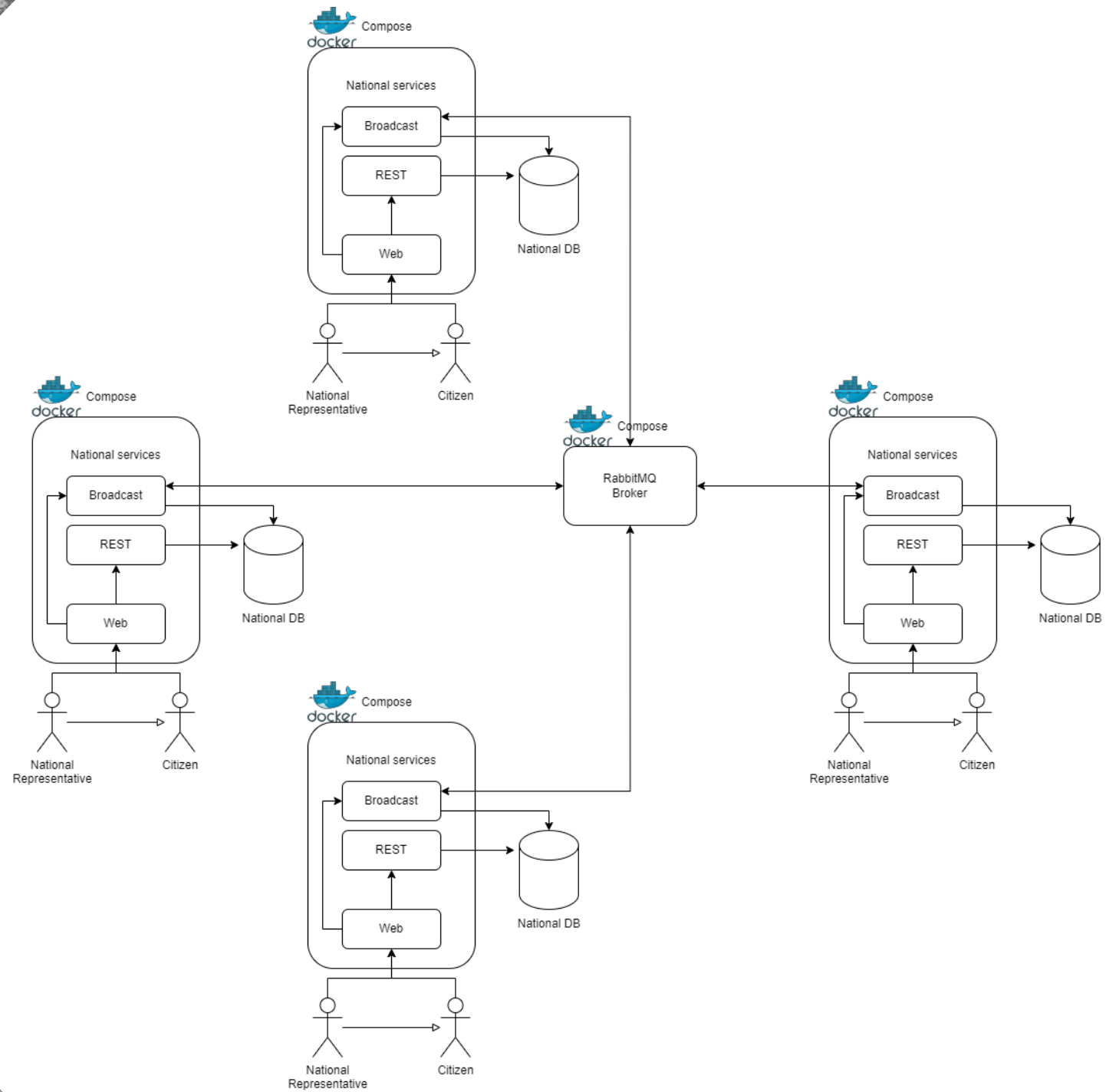
This exchange



To	Routing key	Arguments	
fra	foo.bar.#		Unbind
ger	foo.bar.#		Unbind
ita	foo.bar.#		Unbind

Rabbit MQ

- This node is needed for making asynchronous communication possible between the servers in charge of dispatching the messages between the organization workers.
- Each nation establishes its own queue on this broker and designates a routing key.
- When a nation desires to send a broadcast message, it selects a routing key that matches all the nations, allowing them to receive the message in their respective queues.
- Once the message has been read, it will be automatically removed from the queue.

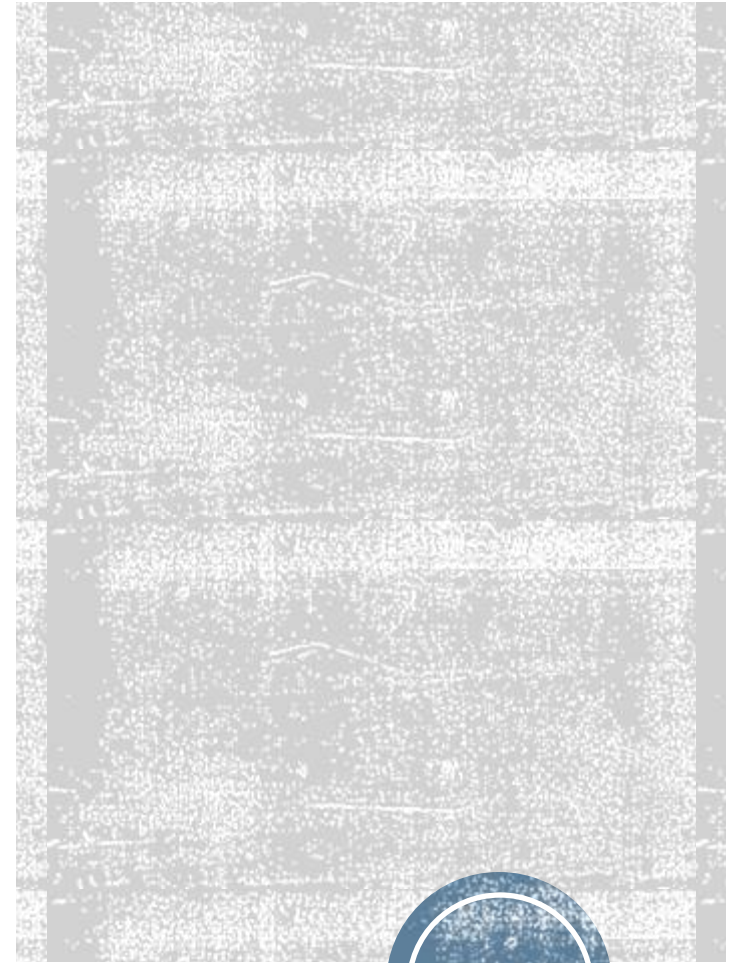


Consensus Primitive

- **Consensus** → A procedure to reach a common agreement in a distributed or decentralized multi-agent platform
- **Timing Assumptions:** Asynchronous communication is handled by incorporating strategic timeouts, introducing partial synchrony to allow consensus implementation.
- **Clock Synchronization:** External Synchronization using frameworks like Spring Boot and UTC to ensure consistent timekeeping.
- **Link Abstractions:** Reliable message delivery is ensured using RabbitMQ (perfect point-to-point communication).
- **Flooding Consensus with a single RabbitMQ Broker:**
Using 1 Broker for the broadcast communication, Uniform Reliable Broadcast is ensured.
URB ensures uniform agreement on the values decided, and even in the event of crashes, it still only requires n^2 messages (squared) instead of n^3 (cubed). This makes it a more efficient option for achieving consensus.

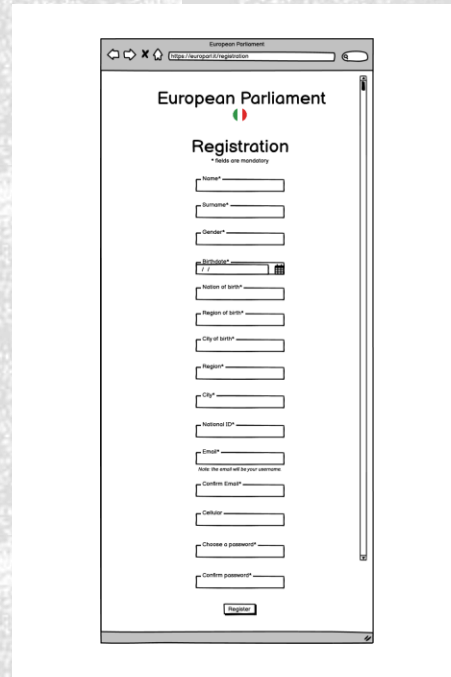
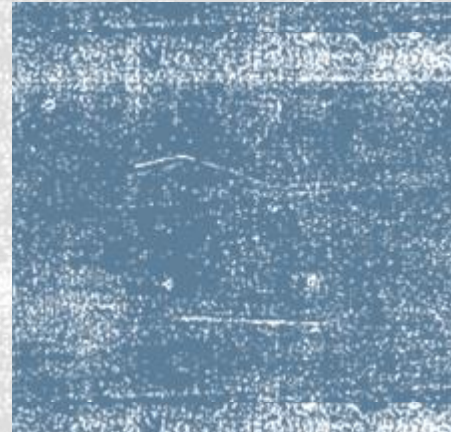
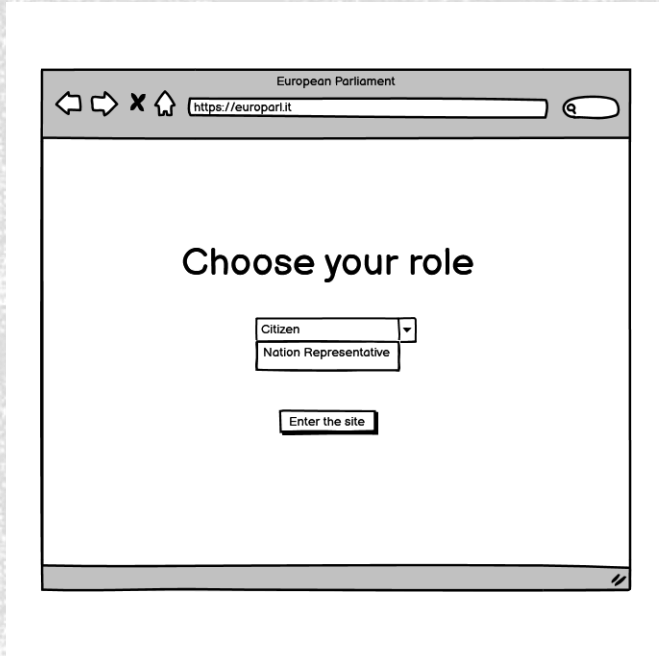


USER STORIES



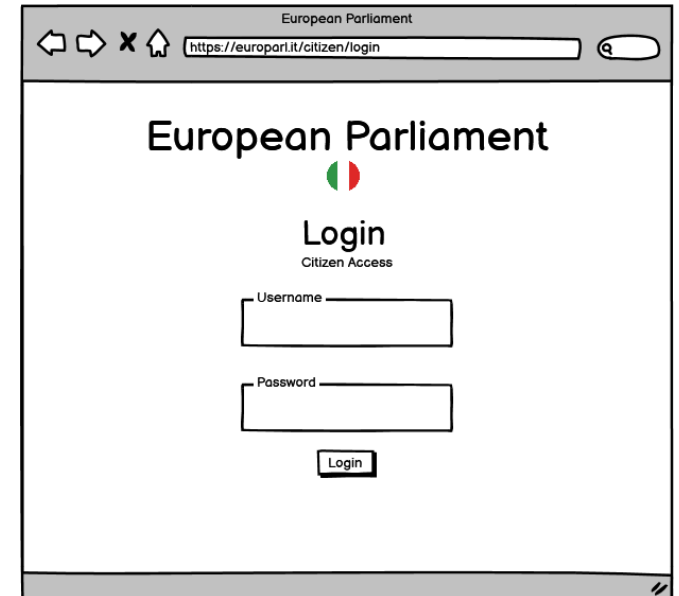
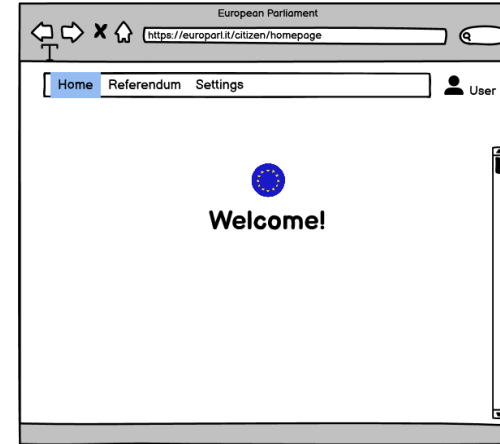
Mockup Balsamiq

- As a user, I want to select the citizen or the national representative role, so that I can enter and navigate in the page hosted by that nation.
- As a citizen, I want to register myself in the page hosted by the nation related to my legal citizenship, so that I can authenticate myself in the future



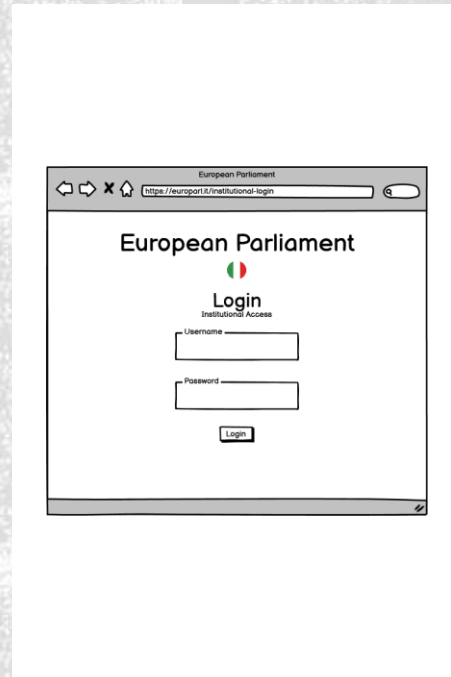
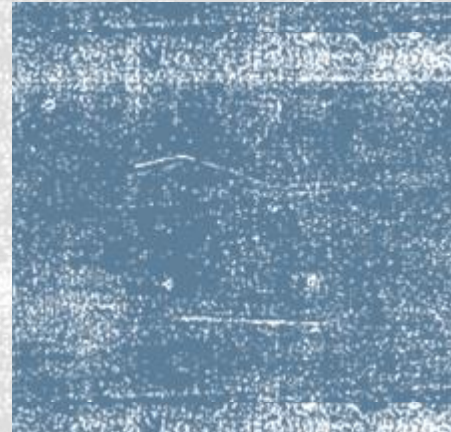
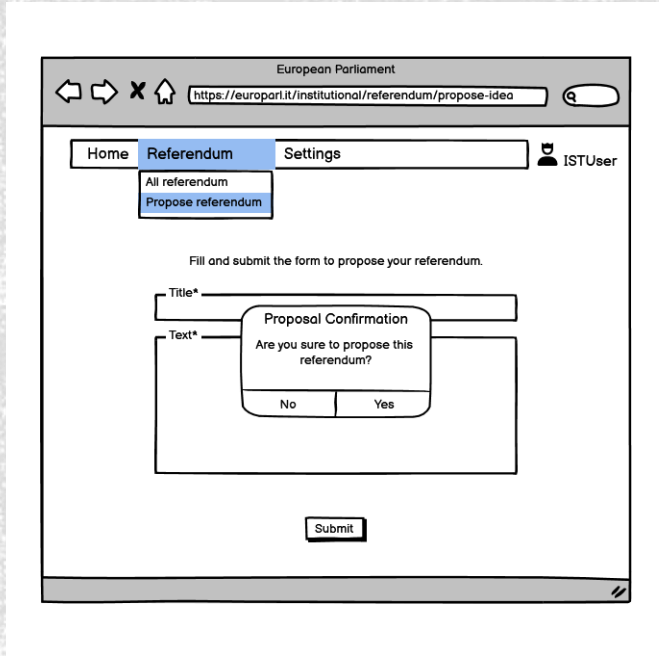
Mockup Balsamiq

- ❑ As a citizen, I want to authenticate myself in the the page hosted by the nation related to my legal citizenship, so that I can access the national service
- ❑ As a citizen, I want to have a personal area displaying the possible services, so that I can choose a service (referendum and information)



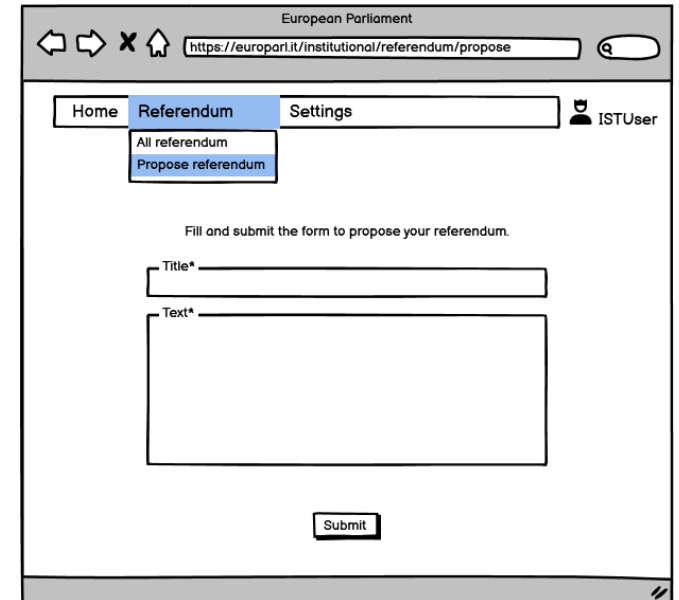
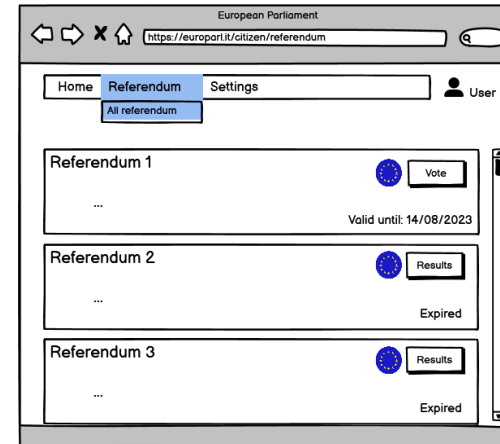
Mockup Balsamiq

- As a nation representative, I want to propose an idea for an European Referendum to other European nations, so that it can be proposed to all European citizens.
- As a nation representative, I want to authenticate myself in the context of my nation, so that I can manage the national service.



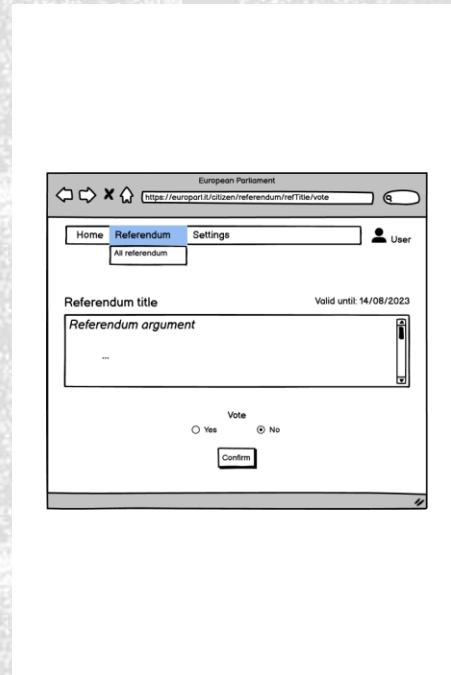
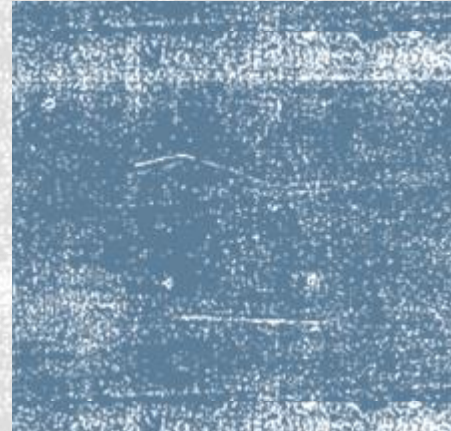
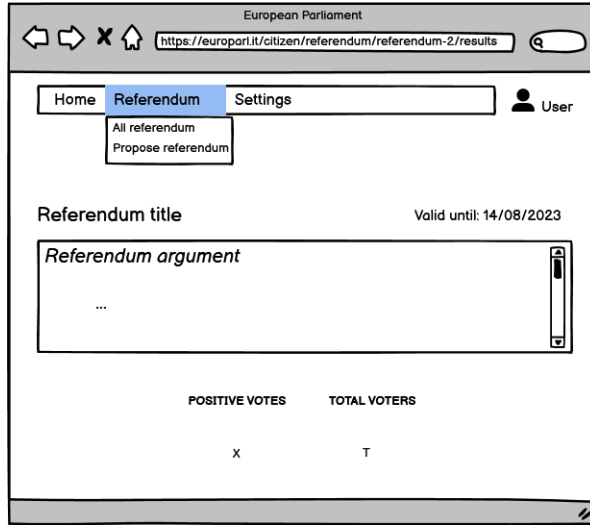
Mockup Balsamiq

- ❑ As a nation representative, I want to declare a new national referendum, constituted by one question with "Yes" or "No" answer, so that I can obtain votes from citizens of my nation
- ❑ As a citizen, I want to see the list of all referendums declared by my nation, so that I can vote.

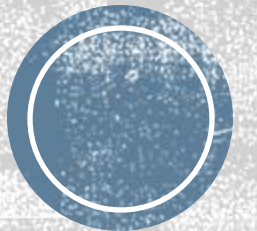


Mockup Balsamiq

- As a nation representative, I want to see the final result of the voting process related to an European referendum, so that I can apply it if it has been approved by European citizens
- As a citizen, I want to see the results of a referendum declared by my nation, so that I can know the outcome
- As a citizen, I want to vote in a referendum declared by my nation, so that I can express my opinion

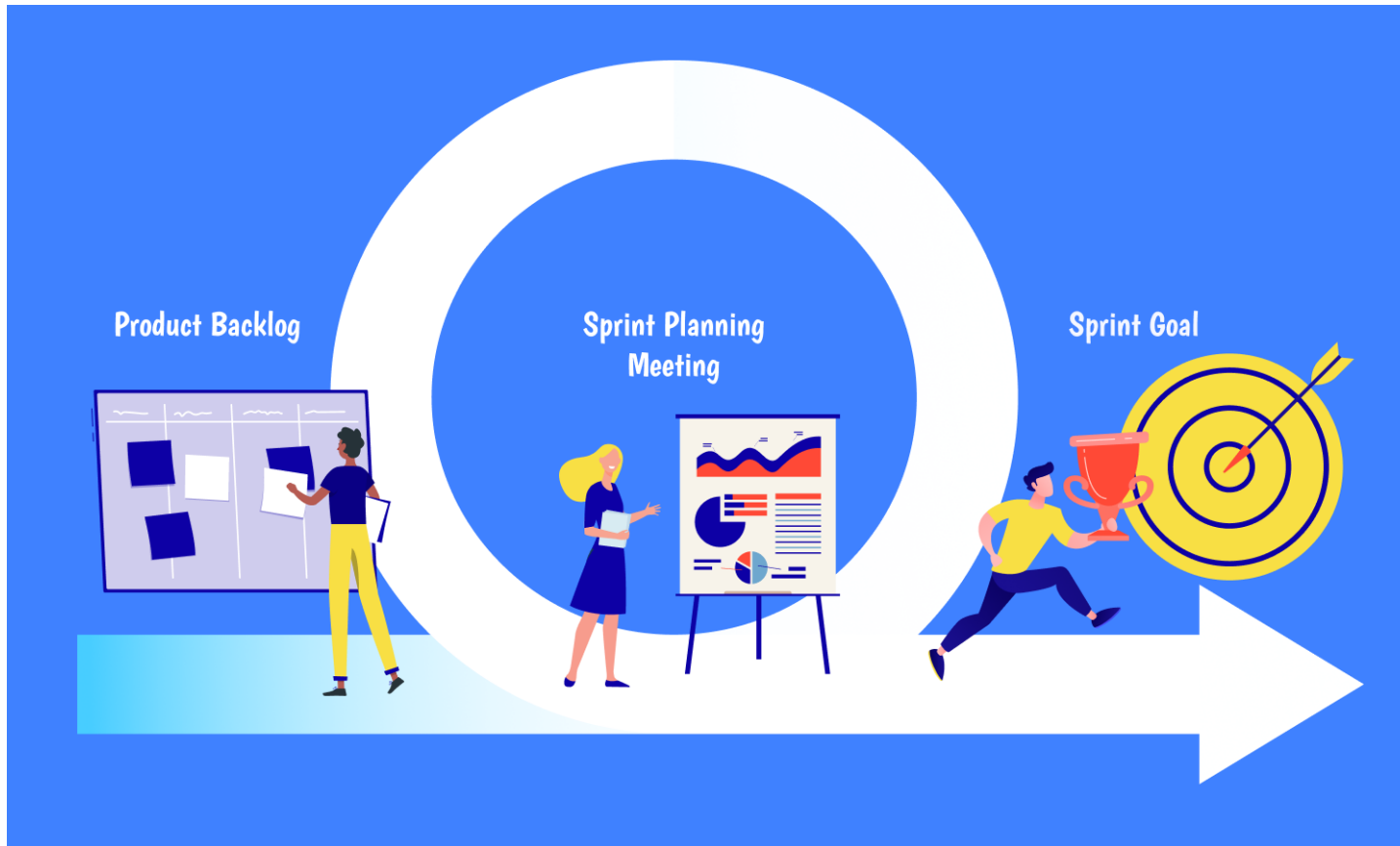


WORKFLOW ORGANIZATION



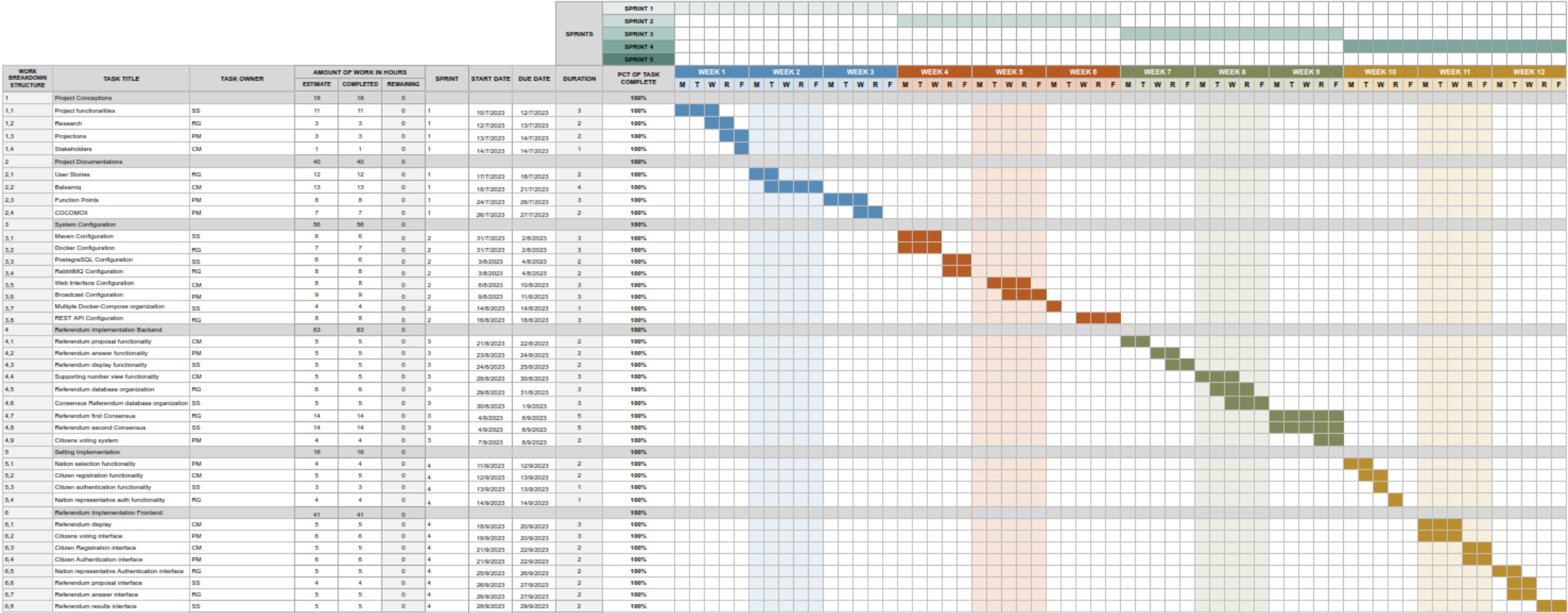
SPRINT PLANNING

- ❖ Create a product backlog, which included a list of features and requirements
- ❖ Prioritize the items in the backlog, based on their value to the end-users and the organization.
- ❖ Select a set of items from the product backlog and created a sprint backlog, which included a list of tasks and objectives for the sprint.



SCRUM PROJECT MANAGEMENT GANTT CHART

GANTT CHART AND BURNDOWN



BURNDOWN DATA

	ESTIMATE	COMPLETED	REMAINING	DAYS	ESTDAYS
TOTAL HOURS	234	234	0	60	3,9
* Enter number of days					

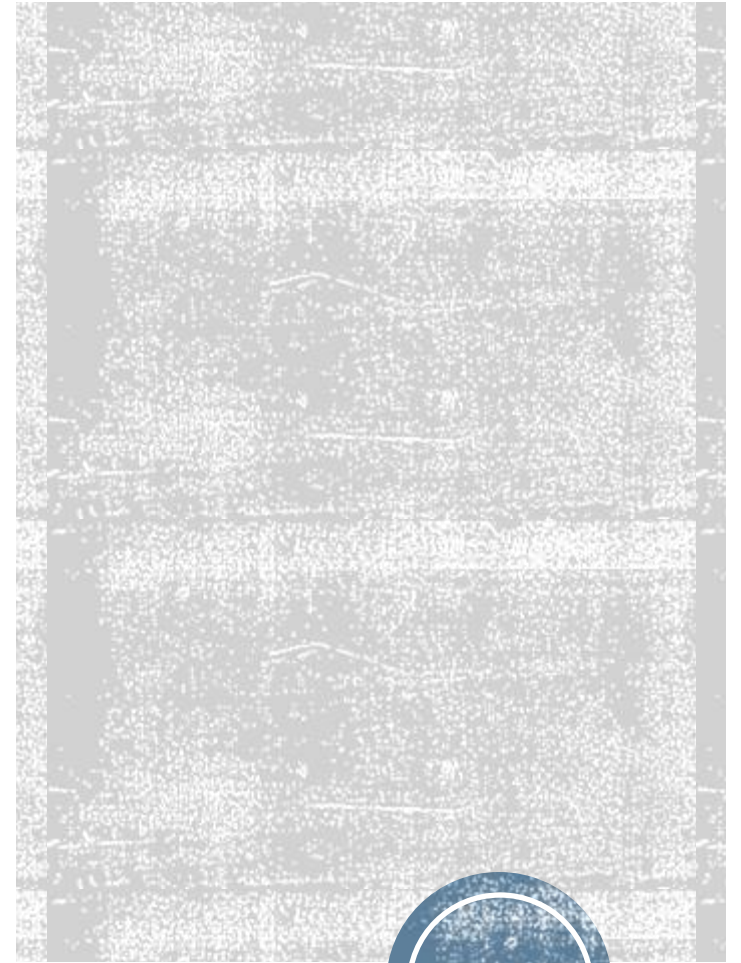
Enter hours completed per day →

DAY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
PLAN	234	230	226	222	218	215	211	207	203	199	195	191	187	183	179	175	172	168	164	160	156	152	148	144	140	137	133	129	125	121	117	113	109	105	101	97	94	90	86	82	78	74	70	66	62	58	55	51	47	43	39	35	31	27	23	19	15	11	5	4
ESTIMATE	234	228	224	221	218	216	213	209	204	194	191	187	184	180	176	172	168	163	156	149	146	141	135	128	120	125	122	120	119	115	112	108	103	96	93	90	86	82	75	70	65	57	54	49	45	41	37	33	29	25	19	16	11	5	1					
HRS COMPLETED	5	5	3	3	2	6	7	4	5	3	4	3	4	4	0	4	5	7	7	0	3	5	6	3	4	0	3	3	2	2	3	3	4	3	2	5	5	3	1	7	7	5	5	8	3	5	4	4	0	4	4	3	5	6	3	5	6	4	1	
HRS REMAINING	229	224	221	218	216	210	203	199	194	191	187	184	180	176	172	168	163	156	149	146	141	135	128	120	125	122	120	119	115	112	108	103	96	93	90	86	82	75	70	65	57	54	49	45	41	37	33	29	25	19	16	11	5	1	0					

TOTAL HOURS

7163
234
0929

PRODUCT BACKLOG



PRIORITY	SPRINT	FUNCTIONALITY	TASK TITLE	TASK DESCRIPTION	TASK OWNER	WORK ESTIMATE IN HOURS	STATUS
High	1	Project Conceptions	Project functionalities	Building the idea of the project	SS	11 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	1	Project Conceptions	Research	Doing research of the tools	RG	3 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	1	Project Conceptions	Projections	Define the projections and the workflow	PM	3 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	1	Project Conceptions	Stakeholders	Define the stakeholders of the project	CM	1 ▾	Completed ▾
High	1	Project Documentations	User Stories	Define the user stories of the system	RG	12 ▾	Completed ▾
High	1	Project Documentations	Balsamiq	Build the project from scratch	CM	13 ▾	Completed ▾
High	1	Project Documentations	Function Points	Fix the function points	PM	8 ▾	Completed ▾
High	1	Project Documentations	COCOMOII	Use of COCOMO Method	PM	7 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	2	System Configuration	Maven Configuration	Setup the Maven deployments	SS	6 ▾	Completed ▾
High	2	System Configuration	Docker Configuration	Setup the JAVA User API server as a docker image	RG	7 ▾	Completed ▾
High	2	System Configuration	PostgreSQL Configuration	Setup and configure the PostgreSQL as a Docker image	SS	6 ▾	Completed ▾
High	2	System Configuration	RabbitMQ Configuration	Setup and configure the RabbitMQ server as a Docker image	RG	8 ▾	Completed ▾
High	2	System Configuration	Web Interface Configuration	Create the Web Interface Configuration and create basic preliminary GUI	CM	8 ▾	Completed ▾
High	2	System Configuration	Broadcast Configuration	Configure the Broadcast Service to allow the exchange of messages between different Nations	PM	9 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	2	System Configuration	Multiple Docker-Compose organization	Setup and organise the different Docker-Compose	SS	4 ▾	Completed ▾
High	2	System Configuration	REST API Configuration	Setup the REST API Configuration	RG	8 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Referendum proposal functionality	Create functionality to propose referendum	CM	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Referendum answer functionality	Create functionality to answer referendum	PM	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Referendum display functionality	Create functionality to display referendum on page	SS	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Supporting number view functionality	Create functionality to display info about the referendum (number of votes)	CM	5 ▾	Completed ▾
High	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Referendum database organization	Organise the object Referendum in the database	RG	6 ▾	Completed ▾
High	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Consensus Referendum database organization	Organise the object Consensus Referendum in the database	SS	5 ▾	Completed ▾
High	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Referendum first Consensus	Build the Consensus primitive to decide if the nations want to do the Referendum	RG	14 ▾	Completed ▾
High	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Referendum second Consensus	Build the Consensus primitive to decide if the citizens agree with the Referendum	SS	14 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	3	Referendum Implementation Backend	Citizens voting system	Build the primitive to allow the citizens to vote	PM	4 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Setting Implementation	Nation selection functionality	Create functionality to allow selection of the Nation	PM	4 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Setting Implementation	Citizen registration functionality	Create functionality to allow registration of the user	CM	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Setting Implementation	Citizen authentication functionality	Create functionality to allow authentication and access of the user	SS	3 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Setting Implementation	Nation representative auth functionality	Create functionality to allow authentication and access of the nation	RG	4 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Referendum display	Build interface for the display of the Referendum	CM	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Citizens voting interface	Build interface for the voting of the citizens	PM	6 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Citizen Registration interface	Build interface for the Citizen registration	CM	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Citizen Authentication interface	Build interface for the Citizen authentication	PM	6 ▾	Completed ▾
Low	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Nation representative Authentication interface	Build interface for the Nation representative authentication	RG	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Referendum proposal interface	Build interface for the proposal of the Referendum	SS	4 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Referendum answer interface	Build interface for the answer of the Referendum	RG	5 ▾	Completed ▾
Medium	4	Referendum Implementation Frontend	Referendum results interface	Build interface for the results of the Referendum	SS	5 ▾	Completed ▾

FUNCTION POINTS



FUNCTION POINTS INTERACTION WITH THE USER

Citizen web interface

- A citizen can login on the interface by submitting username and password, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 2 DET:
0-1 FTR and 1-4 DET EI => 3 FP
- A citizen can register by submitting all citizen fields, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 14 DET:
0-1 FTR and 5-15 DET EI => 3 FP
- A citizen can get the referendum list, with all fields for each referendum, so we have an EQ with 1 FTR and 13*(number of referendum) DET
EQ:
0-1 FTR and 20+ DET EQ => 4 FP
- A citizen can access to the voting page of a single referendum, getting the details of a single referendum and submitting the vote to that specific referendum:
EQ with 1 FTR and 13 DET. 0-1 FTR and 6-19 DET EQ => 3 FP
EI with 1 FTR and 1 DET. 0-1 FTR and 1-4 DET EI => 3 FP

FUNCTION POINTS INTERACTION WITH THE USER

Representative web interface

- A national representative can login on the interface by submitting username and password, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 2 DET:
0-1 FTR and 1-4 DET EI => 3 FP
- A national representative can publish a referendum by submitting title and text, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 2 DET:
0-1 FTR and 1-4 DET EI => 3 FP
- Finally, a national representative get the referendum list, with all fields for each referendum, so we have an EQ with 1 FTR and 13*(number of referendum) DET EQ:
0-1 FTR and 20+ DET EQ => 4 FP

Hence, the cost of the interaction with the user is the following one:

$$\text{Cost(User)} = \text{Cost(Citizen web interface)} + \text{Cost(Representative web interface)} = (16 \text{ FP}) + (10 \text{ FP}) = 26 \text{ FP}$$

FUNCTION POINTS INTERACTION WITH RABBITMQ

- The application receives a referendum proposal from RabbitMQ Broker, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 13 DET.
0-1 FTR and 5-15 DET EI => 3 FP
- When proposing a referendum, the application sends a referendum proposal to other nations, so we have an EQ with 1 FTR and 13 DET.
0-1 FTR and 6-19 DET EQ => 3 FP
- When receiving a referendum proposal, the application sends a response for the first consensus, so we have an EO with 1 FTR and 8 DET.
0-1 FTR and 6-19 DET EO => 4 FP
- The application receives a response during first consensus execution, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 8 DET.
0-1 FTR and 5-15 DET EI => 3 FP
- After receiving a referendum result from the voting process of citizens, the application sends this result to other nations, so we have an EO with 1 FTR and 8 DET.
0-1 FTR and 6-19 DET EO => 4 FP
- The application receives a referendum result from another nation, so we have an EI with 1 FTR and 8 DET.
0-1 FTR and 5-15 DET EI => 3 FP

Cost(Other applications) = 20 FP

FUNCTION POINTS

TOTAL COST

CitizenUser table has 13 mandatory fields and 1 optional field, InstUser table has 13 mandatory fields (representative ID instead of national ID) and 1 optional field (cellular), Referendum table has 13 fields and ReferendumConsensus table has 8 fields. So, we can consider the DB as a single ILF with 4 RET of 1-19 DET each one, since it can be accessed through the REST API internal component. For this ILF, we have 7 FP. This is the contribution related to the ILF of our application.

- $\text{Cost(DB)} = 7 \text{ FP}$
- $\text{Total cost} = \text{Cost(DB)} + \text{Cost(User)} + \text{Cost(Other applications)} = (7 \text{ FP}) + (26 \text{ FP}) + (20 \text{ FP}) = 53 \text{ FP}$
- HTML/JS: $\text{Cost(User)} = 26 \text{ FP}$
- JAVA: $\text{Cost(DB)} + \text{Cost(Other applications)} = 27 \text{ FP}$

COCOMO II

Scaling Factors				
SF	Description	Level	Value	Instructions/Comments
Maturity	Process Maturity	Low	6.24	Recommended values for <u>CMMi</u> level 2 companies is Nominal. For Level 3 its High
<u>PREC</u>	Experience of similar Projects	Low	4.96	For Projects of new domain (that is domain we have not worked on) always select low. Select Nominal or High for projects that we are creating from scratch but we have some knowledge about domain. Select very high or extremely high for Next Releases of existing projects
FLEX	Flexibility required in the System	Low	1.01	We usually use Nominal but check comments on description for details
TEAM	Team Cohesiveness	Very High	1.1	Team Cohesiveness is always extremely high in projects where team is small and not distributed across the globe
<u>RESL</u>	Project Risk and Architectural Complexity	High	4.24	We usually use Nominal but check comments on description for details
Effort Multiplier EM				
EM	Description	Level	Value	Instructions/Comments
<u>RCPX</u>	System reliability, complexity and size indicator	Nominal	1	The kind of projects we have in <u>Technosoft</u> we normally use extra low or very low. Check comments on description for details
RUSE	<u>Reusability</u> concern with respect to current and future projects	Very Low	0.95	We usually use Low but check comments on description for details
<u>PDIF</u>	Platform Difficulty	Nominal	1	We usually use Very Low but check comments on description for details
<u>PERS</u>	Personal capability of team. Like technical capability of Programmers, Designers and testers.	High	0.83	We usually use High but check comments on description for details
<u>PREX</u>	Application, Language and tool experience	High	0.87	We usually use High but check comments on description for details
<u>FCIL</u>	Using Case tools for development etc	Nominal	1	We usually use High for .NET and Nominal for java but check comments on description for details
<u>SCED</u>	Schedule Pressure	Very Low	1	We usually use Nominal but check comments on description for details

COCOMO II

HTML/JS: 26 FP



1222 SLOC

JAVA: 27 FP



1431 SLOC

Assumptions				
Test Planning, Documentation and Management activities are carried out in parallel to other main activities of design, development and testing				
Resources				
Designers	1			
Developers	2			
Testers	1			
Others				
Communication Delay in Analysis and Design	20%			
Possible Critical Chain Delay in Development	15%			
Possible Fixation Delay in Testing	20%			
Working days in a month	26			
Ratio of calendar days	1.19230769231			
Project Plan				
Phase		Duration (days)	Duration (months)	
Requirements/Design Phase		31.2	1 Month 6 Day	
Development Phase		40.0	1 Month 17 Day	
Testing Phase		22.2	0 Month 26 Day	
Total		93.4	3 Month 18 Day	
Slack		0.0		
Grand Total		93.4	3 Month 18 Day	



Future improvements

So, a more complete list of future improvements is the following one:

- Security measures implementation (verification and validation)
- Removal of no failure assumption with failure detector implementation
- Removal of SPoF with the use of multiple RabbitMQ brokers
- Implementation of Byzantine tolerant protocols

Another important improvement is to design ad-hoc solutions in order to better cope with some undetachable context-related problems:

- Data partition and heterogeneity
- Unpredictable latencies





DEMO LIVE

[https://github.com/RicGobs/EP
O-European-Parliament-Online](https://github.com/RicGobs/EP-O-European-Parliament-Online)





THANK YOU

