CrikeyCon 2017

Fast Math Solution by Michael 'codingo' Skelton

Category: Coding Points: 300 Solves: 14

Description: crikeyconctf.dook.biz:23776

Probing the host

Before doing anything else on this host I attempted to ncat to it, receiving the following:

```
root@kali:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@kali:~# ncat crikeyconctf.dook.biz 23776

Question 1: 675995 - 300568 = ? Timeout! The answer was 375427

^C

root@kali:~# ncat crikeyconctf.dook.biz 23776

Question 1: 5228 * 4933 = ? Timeout! The answer was 25789724
```

The time between being presented with the challenge and receiving a timeout was a mere two seconds. Although handy with a calculator this wouldn't be possible without a script/bot. I also noted that the response and timing to answer didn't change on a second connection, but the base operator did. I then felt comfortable writing a script to connect to the host and return an answer to basic math questions (+-/*).

First answer script attempt

I put together a bot which would connect to the host and parse the challenge question using regex so it could answer it using an expression. This resulted in the following spaghetti code:

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
import socket
import re
import operator
MAXBUF = 4096
SENTINEL = 'flag'
CTF_BOT = ('crikeyconctf.dook.biz', 23776)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    client = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    client.connect(CTF_BOT)
    while True:
        data = b''
        # receive and store data
        while True:
            chunk = client.recv(MAXBUF)
            data += chunk
            if len(chunk) < MAXBUF:</pre>
                break
        # store decoded data for future usage
        decoded = data.decode('utf-8')
        #temporary
        print(decoded)
        # our flag likely contains flag{}, once it's revealed print received data and
exit
        if SENTINEL in decoded:
            print(decoded)
            break
        match = re.search('[^\:\s]\d+.{3}\d+', decoded)
        if not match:
            raise ValueError("Invalid expression string")
        expression = match.group(0)
        # properly handle division
        if '/' in expression:
            expression = expression.replace('/', '//')
        result = eval(expression)
        # print results to screen to see script progress
        print(expression + ' = ' + str(result))
        # encode and transfer
        data = str(result).encode('utf-8') + b'\n'
        print('Sending: ' + str(result))
        client.send(data)
```

Regular expression (attempt)

The most important line here was the regex which consisted of the following (see if you can spot the mistake!):

```
match = re.search('[^\:\s]\d+.{3}\d+', decoded)
```

This would skip everything proceeding the colon and whitespace and then group both sets of numbers, and the whitespace/operator between them for evaluation.

The response to this was the following:

```
×
 Command Prompt
C:\Users\mskel>python C:\Users\mskel\Source\Repos\CTFs\CTFStaging\temp.py
Question 1: 231629 + 227431 = ?
231629 + 227431 = 459060
Sending: 459060
459060 is correct
459060 = 459060
Sending: 459060
Question 2: 790950 + 975895 = ?
790950 + 975895 = 1766845
Sending: 1766845
459060 is not correct
459060 = 459060
Sending: 459060
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "C:\Users\mskel\Source\Repos\CTFs\CTFStaging\temp.py", line 41, in <module>
    raise ValueError("Invalid expression string")
ValueError: Invalid expression string
C:\Users\mskel>
```

I spent far more time on this part of the challenge than I care to admit. I didn't entirely read my logs and spent my time stuck on the two lines where I have *Sending 1766845* and the response *459060 is not correct* and put a lot of focus into trying to identify why a different response was being sent to what was calculated (not the truth, but it's what I was thinking).

Adding further regular expressions to catch x=x

Eventually I identified that the response to an answer was:

AnswerProvided is correct

AnswerProvided = AnswerProvided

And then the next question would be presented. This was causing issues with my regex as I was passing values from the previous answer into my group, ultimately preventing the correct evaluation from sending.

I resolved this by continuing back to the beginning of my loop if there wasn't a mathematical operator in my decoded string, putting this after the sentinel check as I didn't want to miss my flag (which likely wouldn't contain an operator). This looked like the following:

```
if not re.search('[-+/*]', decoded):
    continue
```

Updating regular expression to handle more than one digit

This got me to question number 10 – at which point I realised that my regex of:

```
match = re.search('[^\:\s]\d+.{3}\d+', decoded)
```

Would only work if I were to be presented with a single digit question. I updated this to the following:

```
match = re.search('[^\:\s]\d+\d+.{3}\d+', decoded)
```

Essentially the same as above, but it would now capture two digits over one as I didn't expect the challenges to go past 99 (although could use \d* if they were to).

Flag Reveal

After making the changes above and letting the bot run for fifty questions I was then rewarded with the flag (redacted):

```
Command Prompt
                                                                                ×
1771836 // 866 = 2046
Sending: 2046
2046 is correct
Question 48: 752949 + 510809 = ?
752949 + 510809 = 1263758
Sending: 1263758
1263758 is correct
Question 49: 6157 * 1256 = ?
6157 * 1256 = 7733192
Sending: 7733192
7733192 is correct
Question 50: 571751 - 425933 = ?
571751 - 425933 = 145818
Sending: 145818
145818 is correct
flag{
flag{
C:\Users\mskel>cls
```

```
Final Script
#!/usr/bin/python3
import socket
import re
import operator
MAXBUF = 4096
SENTINEL = 'flag'
CTF_BOT = ('crikeyconctf.dook.biz', 23776)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    client = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    client.connect(CTF_BOT)
    while True:
        data = b''
        # receive and store data
        while True:
            chunk = client.recv(MAXBUF)
            data += chunk
            if len(chunk) < MAXBUF:</pre>
                break
        # store decoded data for future usage
        decoded = data.decode('utf-8')
        # print out response packet
        print(decoded)
        # our flag contains flag{}, once it's revealed print recevied data and exit
        if SENTINEL in decoded:
            print(decoded)
            break
        # bot sends the last answer back as x=x to confirm, skip this itteration
        if not re.search('[-+/*]', decoded):
            continue
        match = re.search('[^{\t}]\d+\d+.{3}\d+', decoded)
        if not match:
            raise ValueError("Invalid expression string")
        expression = match.group(0)
        # properly handle division
        if '/' in expression:
            expression = expression.replace('/', '//')
        result = eval(expression)
        # print results to screen to see script progress
        print(expression + ' = ' + str(result))
        # encode and transfer
        data = str(result).encode('utf-8') + b'\n'
        print('Sending: ' + str(result))
        client.send(data)
```