

Create

From existing directory
`cd <project_directory>`
`git init`
`git add .`

Or using single command
`git init <project_name>`

From existing repo in the filesystem
`git clone local_repo new_local_repo`
existing should be created with `--bare` option

From remote location
`git clone you@host.org:dir/project.git`

Browse

State of working directory/current branch etc
`git status`
Or minimalistic version with `-sb` flag

Changes to tracked files
`git diff [--word-diff]`

Changes between commit1 and commit2
`git diff <COMMIT1_HASH> <COMMIT2_HASH>`

History of changes
`git log [-p]`

Who changed what and when in a file
`git blame <file>`

A commit identified by COMMIT ID
`git show <HASH>`

A specific file from a specific ID
`git diff <HASH>:<FILE>`

Search for patterns
`git grep <pattern> [path]`

Change

using your editor of choice

`git add <file>`
Starts tracking new file or add changes to staging area

Recovery

Return to the previous commit
`git reset [--hard] HEAD^`
you cannot undo a hard reset
(unless you know reflog ;))

Revert the last commit
`git revert HEAD`
Creates a new commit

Revert specific commit
`git revert <HASH>`
Creates a new commit

Fix the last commit
`git commit --amend`
Lets you add modification from staging and change msg
Checkout the particular version of a file
`git checkout <HASH> <file>`

Branching

List all branches
`git branch`

Switch to the BRANCH branch
`git checkout <BRANCH>`

Merge branch B1 into branch B2
`git checkout <B2>`
`git merge <B1>`

Create branch based on HEAD
`git branch <BRANCH>`

Create branch based on another
`git branch <new_branch> <base>`

Delete a branch
`git branch -d <branch>`

Update

Fetch latest changes from the remote repository
`git fetch`
this just creates remote branches in your local repository,
but does not merge them back to your own branches

Pull latest changes from the remote
`git pull`
does a fetch followed by a merge

Apply a patch that someone sent you
`git am -3 patch.mbox`
In case of conflict, resolve the conflict and:
`git am --resolve`

Commit

Commit all local changes
`git commit -a`
optionally with `-m` "message" to skip commit editor

Publish

Push changes to origin
`git push [origin] [branch]`

Mark a version or a milestone
`git tag <version_name>`

Prepare a patch for other developers
`git format-patch origin`



git

Remotes

```
git remote add <remote> <remote_URL>
```

adds a remote repository. Can be then fetched locally.

Example:

```
git remote add coreteam  
git://github.com/wycats/merb-plugins.git  
git fetch coreteam
```

```
git remote -v
```

Lists current remotes

```
git remote show <remote>
```

shows information about the remote server.

```
git remote rm <remote>
```

removes selected remote

```
git push <remote> :<branch>
```

deletes a branch in a remote repository

```
git push <remote> <remote>:<remote_branch>
```

creates a branch on a remote repository

Example:

```
git push origin origin:new_feature_name
```

```
git remote prune <remote>
```

prunes deleted remote-tracking branches

Stashing

```
git stash
```

```
git stash save <optional-name>
```

saves your local modifications to a new stash

```
git stash apply
```

restores the changes recorded in the stash on top of the
current working tree state

```
git stash drop [<stash-name>]
```

deletes the stash git stash clear delete all current
stashes

```
git stash pop
```

restores the changes from the most recent stash, and
drops it from the stack of stashed changes

```
git stash list
```

lists all current stashes

```
git stash show <stash-name> -p
```

shows the content of a stash

Useful tips

<TAB> (autocompletion) is your friend

When in doubt:

```
git help [command]
```

More details in the log

```
git log --oneline --decorate
```

Graphical log

```
git log --graph --abbrev-commit
```

Push branch to remote

```
git push <origin> <branch>
```

Delete remote branch

```
git push <origin> :<branch>
```

Staging all changes (including rm)

```
git add -A .
```

Interactive stashing – walk through all changes in the files

```
git add -p
```

Configuration

```
git config [--local|--global|--system]
```

--local: (default) local repository config
--global is unique per user
--system is os-wide

User data

```
user.name $name
```

```
user.email $email
```

mandatory before we can start any work with git

Resolve merge conflicts

View merge conflicts

```
git diff
```

View merge conflicts against base file

```
git diff --base <FILE>
```

View merge conflicts against other changes

```
git diff --theirs <FILE>
```

View merge conflicts against your changes

```
git diff --ours <FILE>
```

After resolving conflicts, merge with

```
git add <CONFLICTING_FILE>
```

```
git rebase --continue
```

