



Why Account Abstraction is a Game-Changer for Dapps

Scaling self-custody

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Section 1

Self-Custody Matters!

Blockchains enable true digital ownership.
But you don't own an asset if you don't have custody!

THE LEDGER • CRYPTOCURRENCY

Crypto lender Celsius suspends withdrawals, locking up billions in user funds amid 'extreme market conditions'

BY EAMON BARNETT
June 13, 2022 9:20 AM GMT+0

But Self-Custody is hard

 **stazie** @stazie · Jul 31 ...
1/9 I lost my punks and a bunch of ETH ↓

232 356 1K

 **stazie** @stazie · Jul 31 ...
2/9 I was lying in bed yesterday evening, mind was very foggy, casually browsing. Saw this bot in Discord and clicked the link. The site looked like Cryptopunks, and had a popup that looked like Metamask...

 **shan** @shan_crypt0 · Aug 4 ...
my wallets were drained today gg

here's ur reminder to employ the best opsec

115 52 493

 **Matthew Cuthbertson** @bodymindenergy · Aug 10 ...
@MetaMask my account has been **hacked** by someone posing as Your company support on here. They have already taken a large amount from me and continue to attempt to take more. Is there any way of resetting the key Phrase? Your support articles aren't helping me at all.

9 2 2

 **Nexus Mutual** @NexusMutual · Dec 14, 2020 ...
At 9:40am this morning **@HughKarp**'s personal address was attacked and drained by a member of the mutual. Only Hugh's address was affected in this targeted attack and there is no subsequent risk to Nexus Mutual or any members.

 Ethereum Transaction Hash (Txhash) Details | Eth...
Ethereum (ETH) detailed transaction info for txhash ...
etherscan.io

40 197 312

 **Ben Hunt** @EpsilonTheory · Aug 10 ...
If my tradfi account is hacked, my loss is \$0.

If my credit card is stolen, my loss is \$50.

If my DeFi account is exploited, my loss is everything.

This isn't a DeFi growing pain. This is a permanent, structural feature of decentralization. Can we just be honest about that?

135 162 1K

The problem: Ethereum Accounts

Two types of Accounts on Ethereum:

- Externally Owned Account (EOA) → can initiate transactions
- Contract Account (CA) → can contain logic

An (**EOA**) Account has:

- an **address** for identification
- a **nonce** to make sure transactions are unique
- a **balance** in ETH to pay fees

A user *owns* an EOA through a pair of cryptographic keys (aka a **Signer**):

- The address of the account is derived from the **public key**
- Transactions from the account must be signed by the **private key**

The signature scheme of Ethereum is ECDSA on the elliptic curve secp256k1.

The problem: Ethereum Accounts

Signer

$(k_{\text{priv}}, k_{\text{pub}})$



EOA

address = $\text{keccak}(k_{\text{pub}})[12:32]$

nonce + balance

EVM logic to **validate** transactions $f(k_{\text{priv}})$

EVM logic to **execute** transactions



ECDSA on Secp256k1

User

Ethereum

The problem: Ethereum Accounts

Signer

$(k_{\text{priv}}, k_{\text{pub}})$



EOA

address = $\text{keccak}(k_{\text{pub}})[12:32]$

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EVM logic to **validate** transactions $f(k_{\text{priv}})$

EVM logic to **execute** transactions

User

Ethereum

ECDSA on Secp256k1

The concept of **Signer** and the concept of **Account** are merged.

Authorised to spend your tokens

Holds your tokens

**This will not work for
mainstream adoption!**

EOAs are the Problem

If the Signer **IS** the Account, and vice versa, then...

- If you lose your Signer you lose your Account!
- If I have your Signer I have your Account!



The entire security of Ethereum relies on users
managing a single secret (k_{priv})



There is no safety net; users can't make
mistakes



Section 2

Can we do better?

Account Abstraction!

Decouple the relation between Account and Signer

→ Signer \neq Account

The Account is a smart-contract that defines what a valid transaction is:

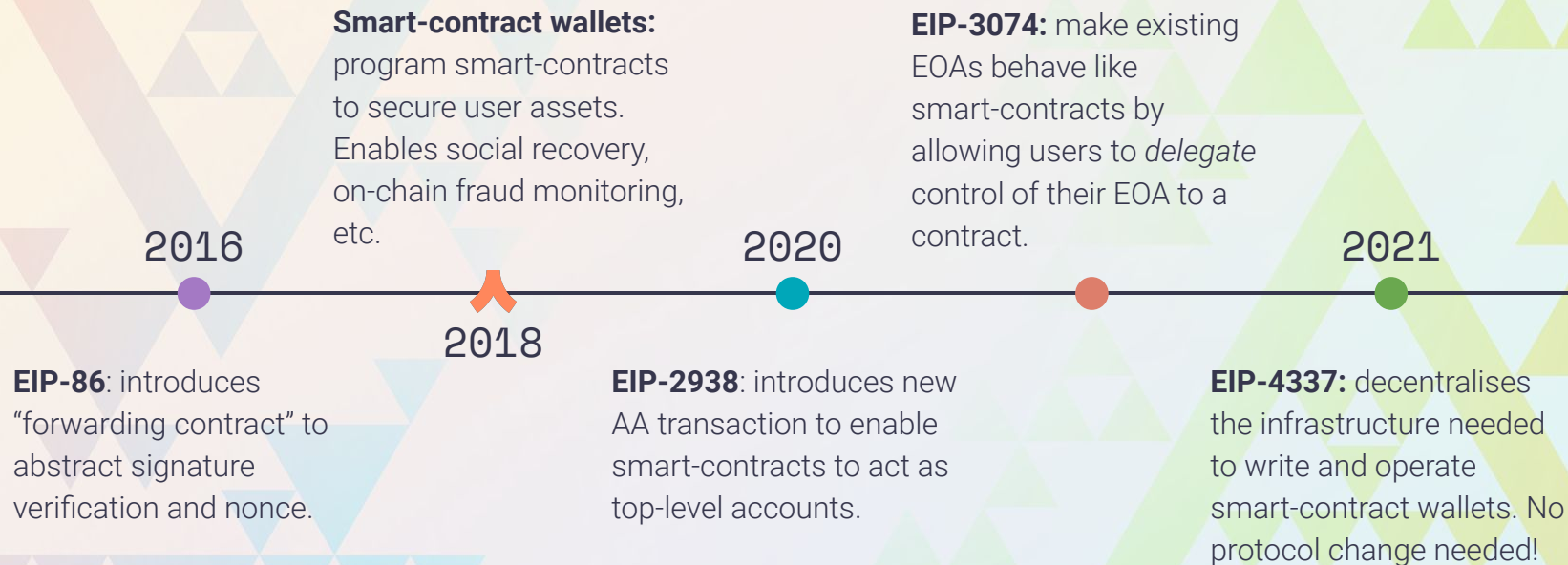
- Different Signature scheme?
- Different elliptic curve?
- Multiple Signers?
- Signer can be replaced?

Account Abstraction means every account is a Smart-contract wallet that can initiate transactions and pay the fee.

No more EOAs!!!

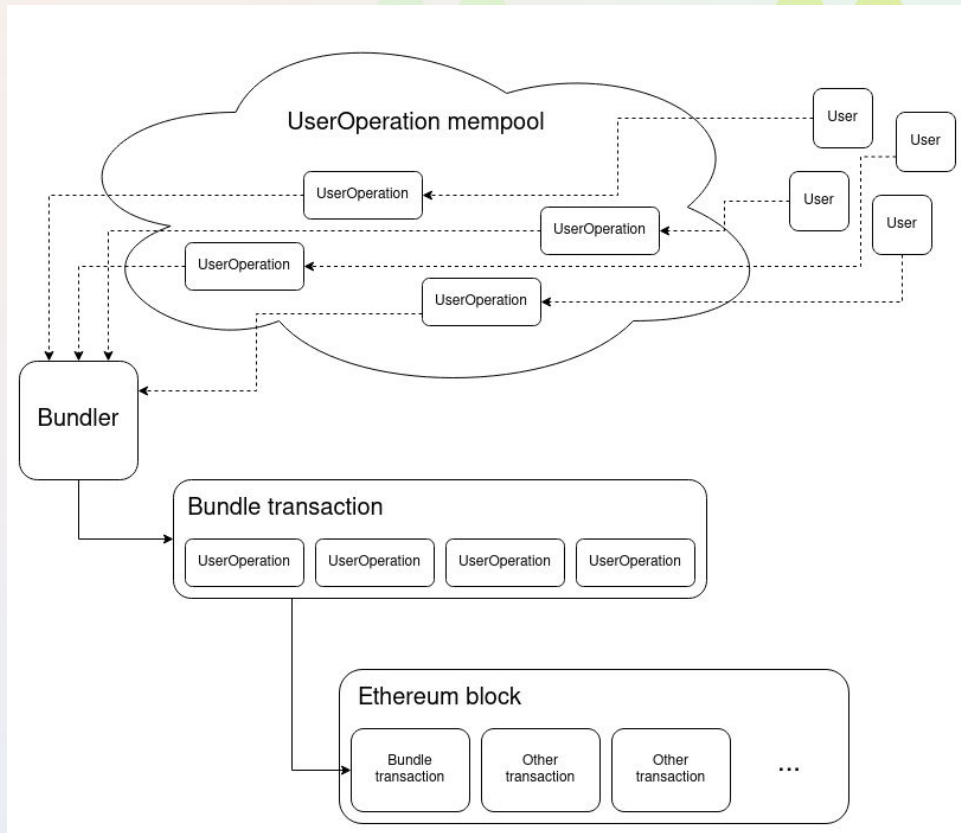


AA was always on the Ethereum roadmap



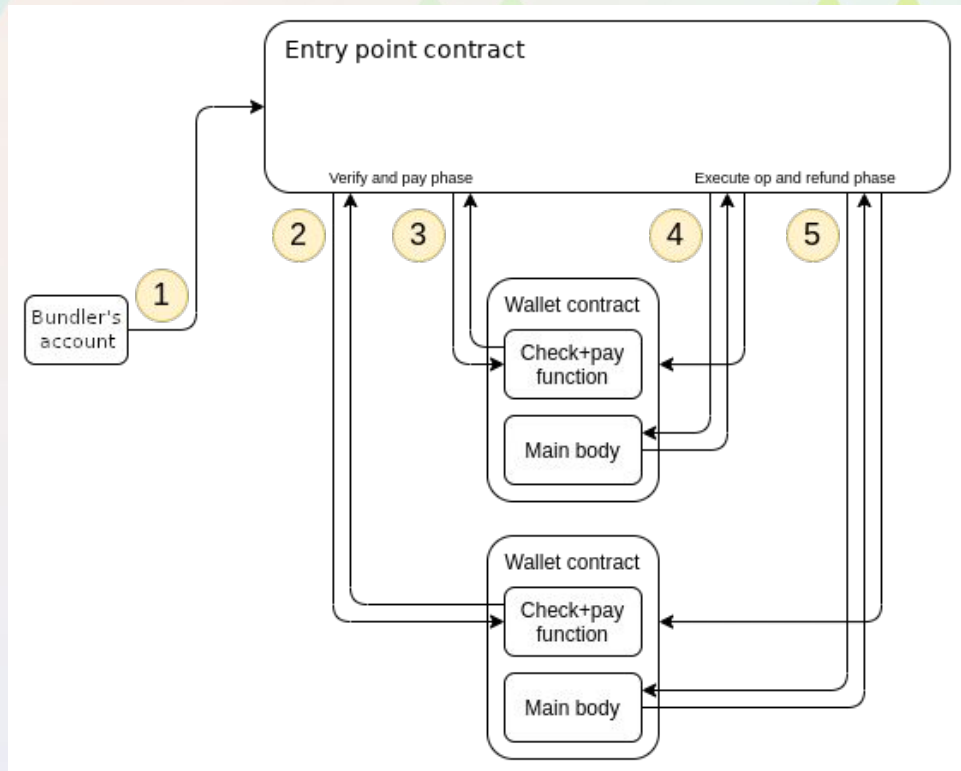
EIP 4337

1. User sends **UserOperation** to higher level mempool
2. **Bundler** bundles UserOperations into a bundle transaction.
3. Bundle transaction is sent to the **EntryPoint** contract. Bundler pays the transaction fee.



EIP 4337

1. For each UserOperation the EntryPoint contract calls the **validateUserOp** method of the target wallet. The wallet validates the operation (signature, nonce, etc) and pays the fee.
2. For each (validated) UserOperation the EntryPoint contract calls an execution method that can interpret the calldata and **execute** the call(s).



What's next for Account Abstraction?

Each of these EIPs (86, 2938, 3074, 4337) delivers some of the features of Account Abstraction.

EIP-4337 comes close, but like smart-contract wallets, 4337 wallets remain second class citizens on a blockchain designed for EOAs.

What we need is to bring EIP-4337 from the application layer to the protocol layer and remove EOAs!

L2 is the perfect opportunity to fix the limitations of Ethereum and bring AA to users



Section 3

Native Account Abstraction on StarkNet (and ZkSync)


The IAccount interface*

```
namespace IAccount {  
    struct Call {  
        to: felt,  
        selector: felt,  
        data_len: felt,  
        data: felt*  
    }  
  
    func __validate__(calls_len: felt, calls: Call*) -> (success: felt){}  
  
    func __validate_declare__(class_hash: felt){}  
  
    func __validate_deploy__(class_hash: felt, ctr_arg_len: felt, ctr_args: felt*, salt: felt){}  
  
    func __execute__(calls_len: felt, calls: Call*) -> (response_len: felt, response: felt){}  
  
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}
```


The IAccount interface

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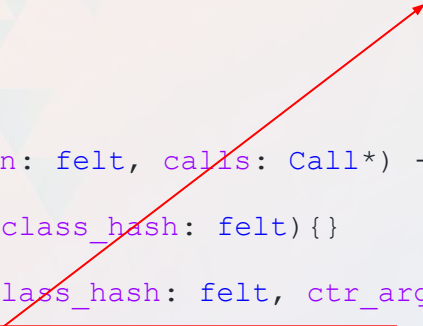
Validates a transaction



The IAccount interface

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Executes a transaction



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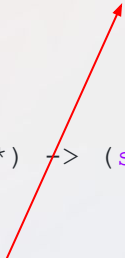
Yeah multicalls!!!



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```

The account can pay for its own deployment



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}
```

Verify off-chain signatures (EIP-1271)



Account Abstraction for devs

1. Accounts are smart-contracts and must be deployed
2. The address of the Account is computed like a smart-contract (not derived from the Signer)
3. Transactions can have multiple signatures
→ $\text{sig} = [\text{sig1}, \text{sig2}, \dots, \text{sigN}]$
4. Off-chain signatures (e.g. EIP712) must be validated on-chain by the Account
→ You cannot use `ecrecover(m, sig)` locally!
→ You must use **`account.is_valid_signature(m, sig)`**
5. You can (and should!) use multicalls

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All you need to remember!

Argent X, first Wallet with native Account Abstraction!

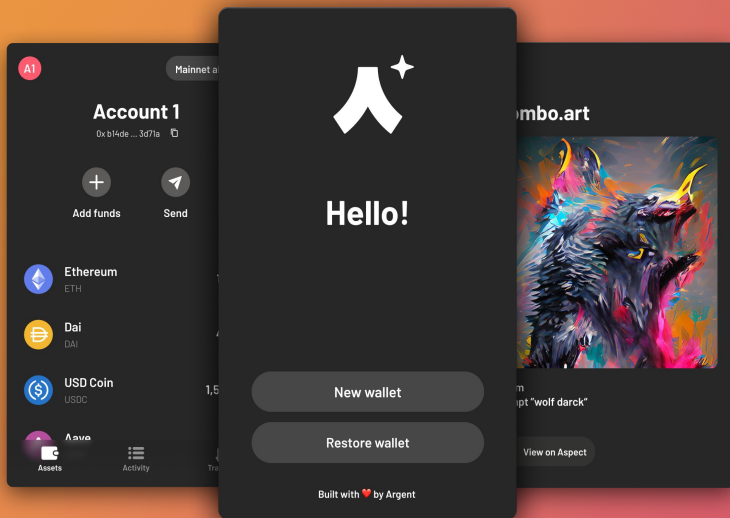
- First Wallet on StarkNet
- Browser extension (Chrome/Firefox)
- Multi-account / multi StarkNet network
- Send and receive tokens/NFTs
- Interact with dapps
- 100% Open source



250k+ downloads

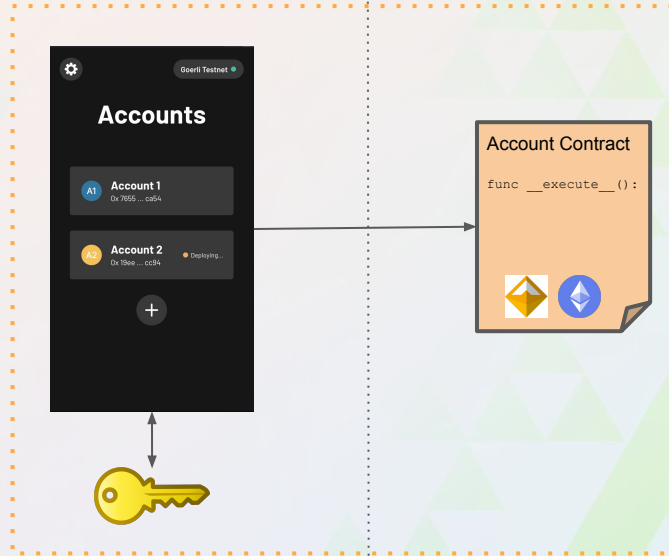


>90% of all StarkNet
funds



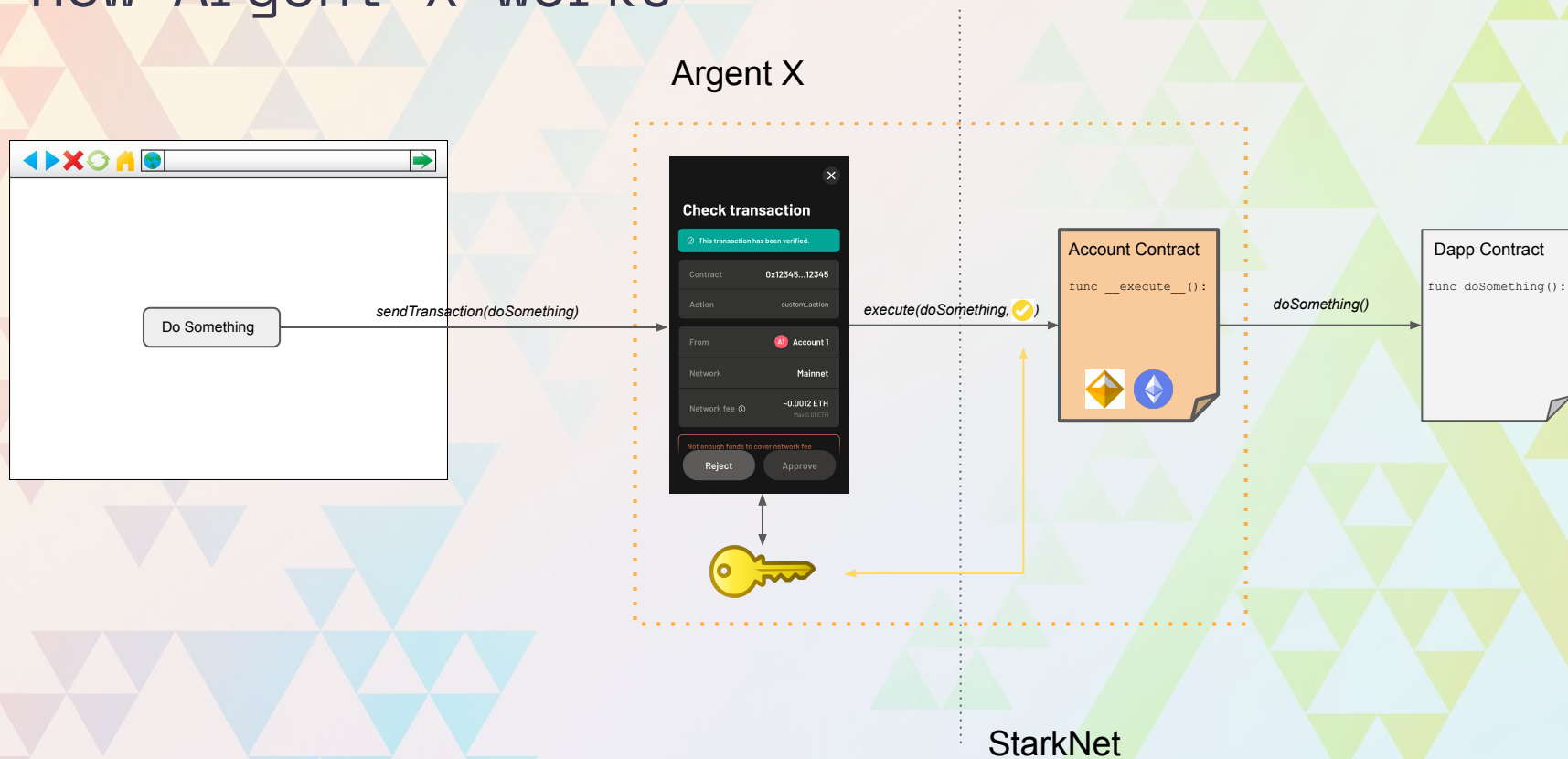
How Argent X works

Argent X

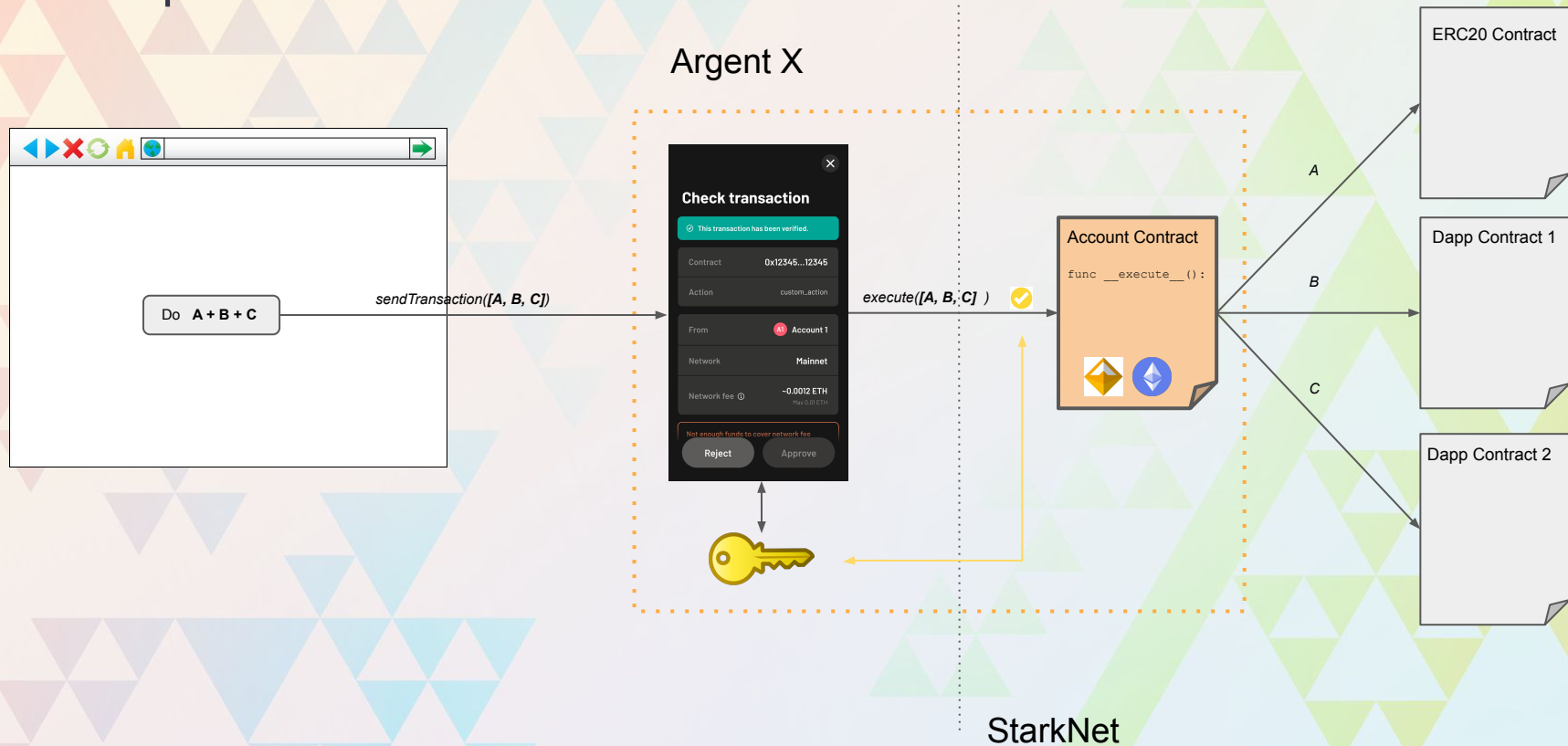


StarkNet

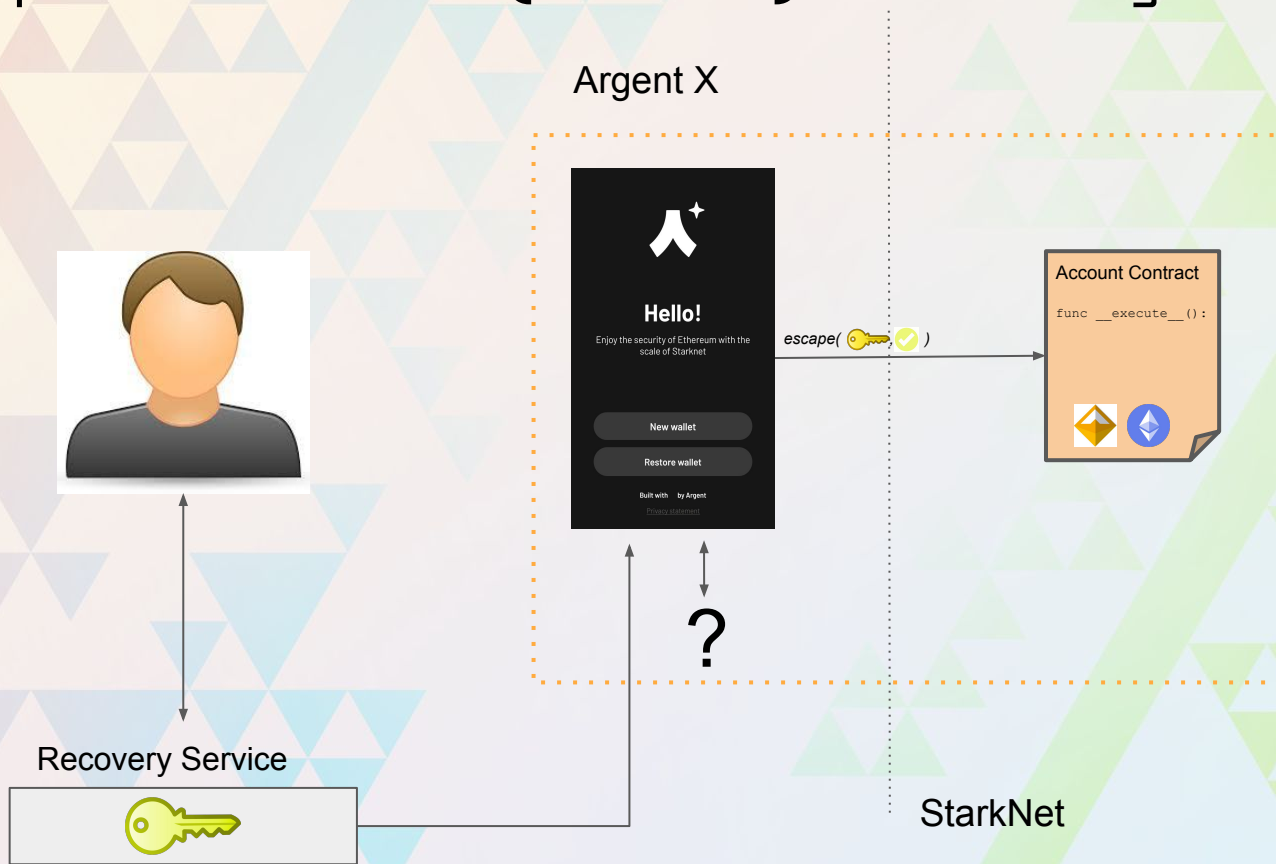
How Argent X works



Unique Feature: Multicalls

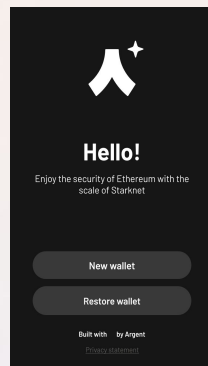


Unique Feature: (Social) Recovery

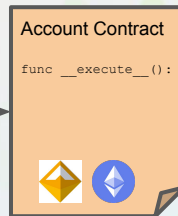


Unique Feature: (Social) Recovery

Argent X



escape(🔑✅)

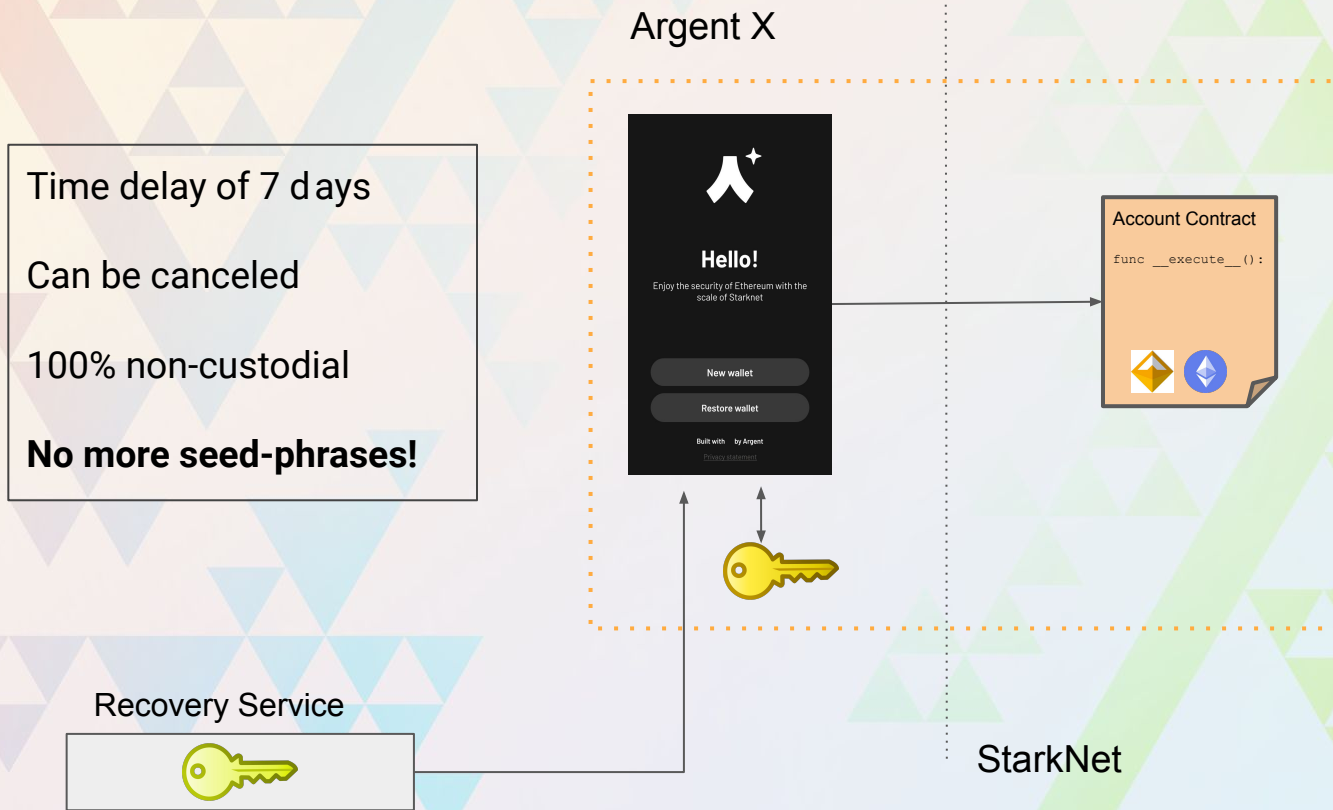


?

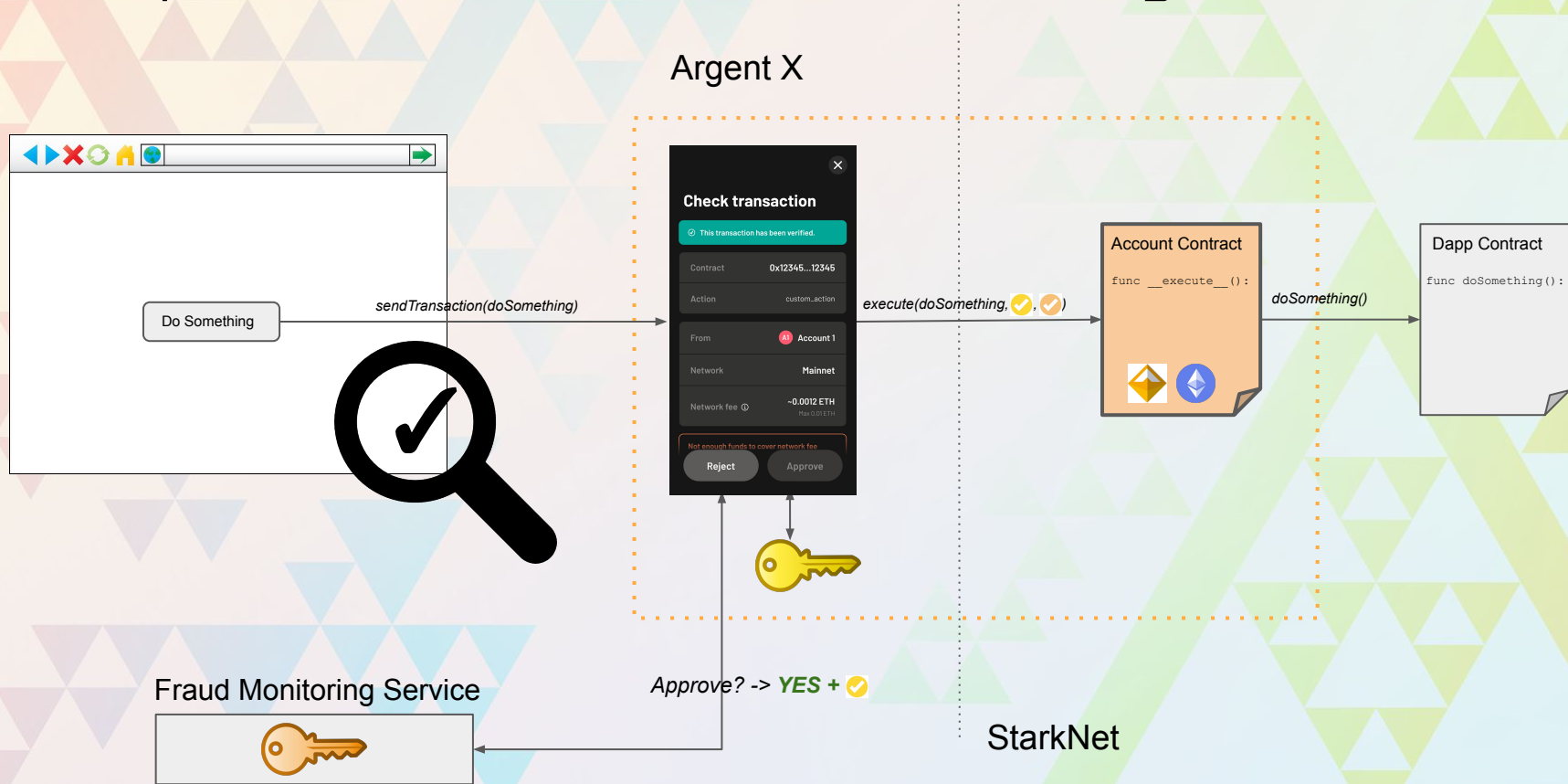


StarkNet

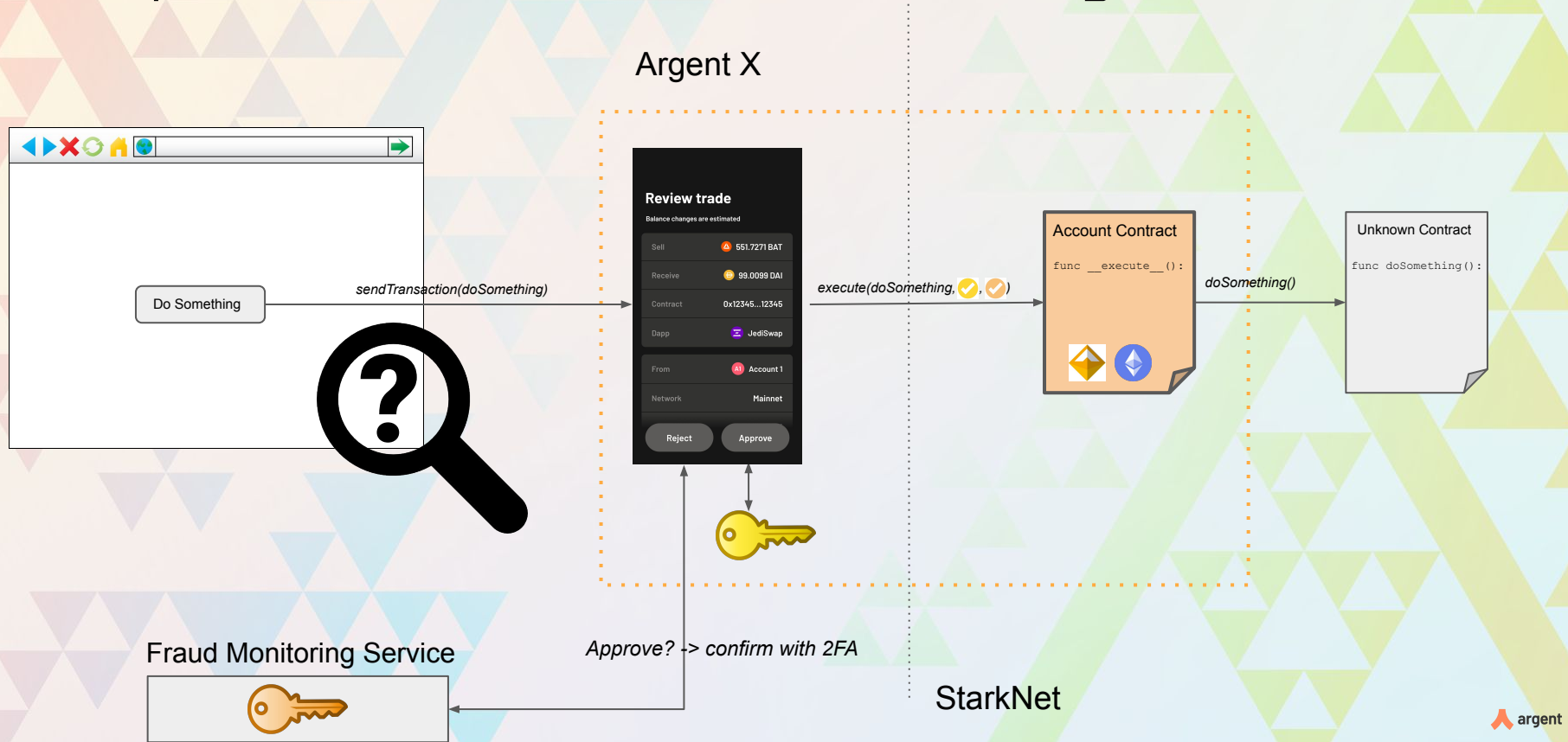
Unique Feature: (Social) Recovery



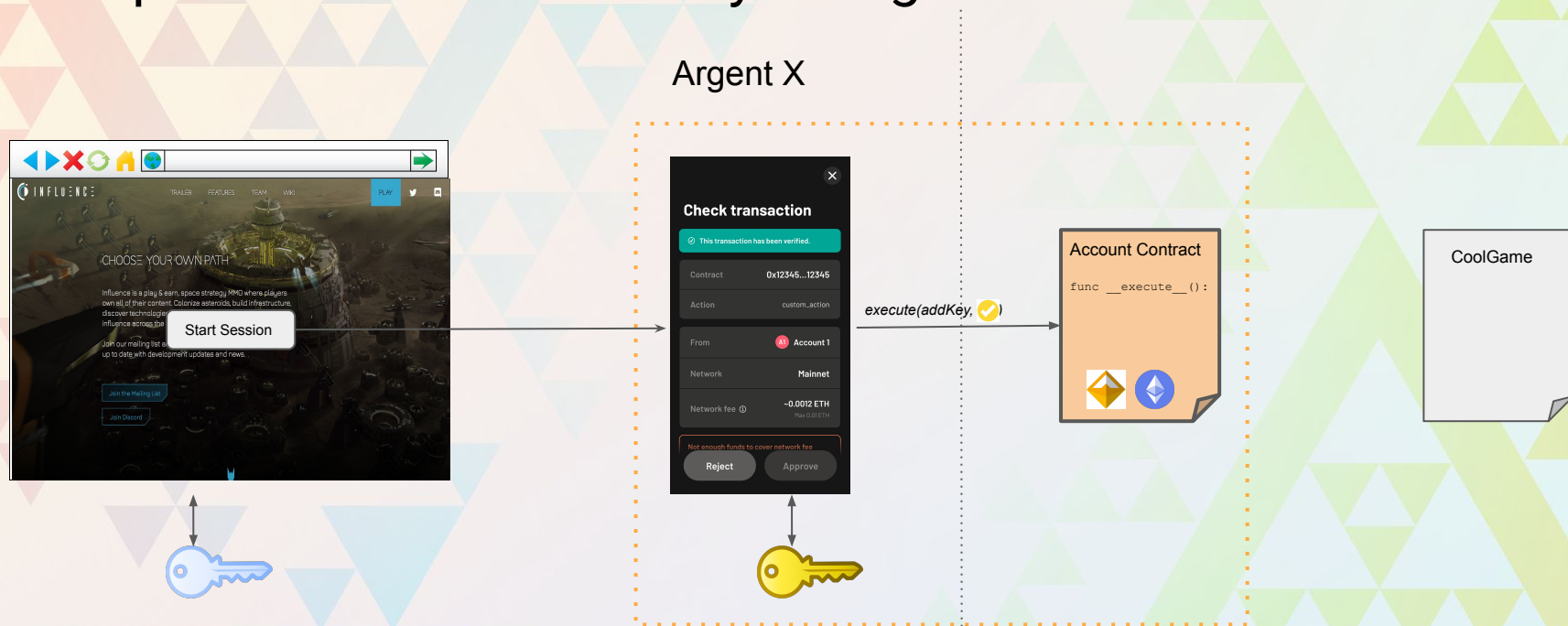
Unique Feature: Fraud Monitoring / 2Fa



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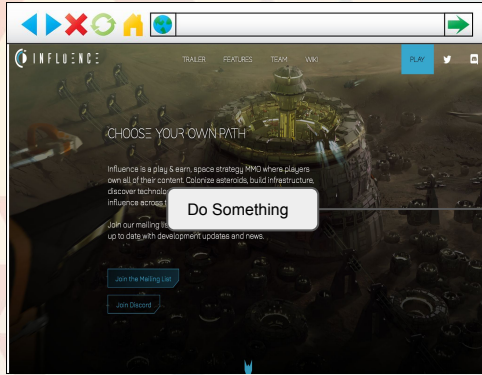



Unique Feature: Session keys for games

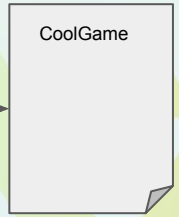
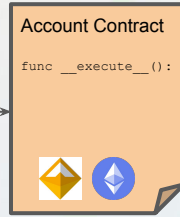


1. Approve session key with security rules (authorised contracts, max spending, etc)

Unique Feature: Session keys for games

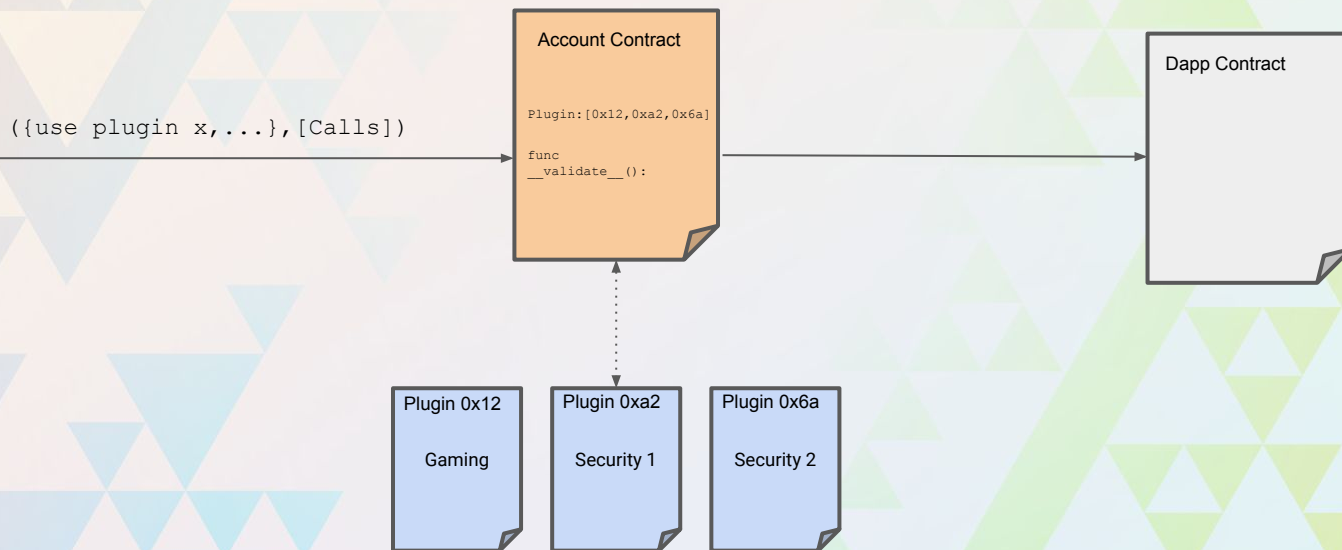


`execute(doSomething, )`



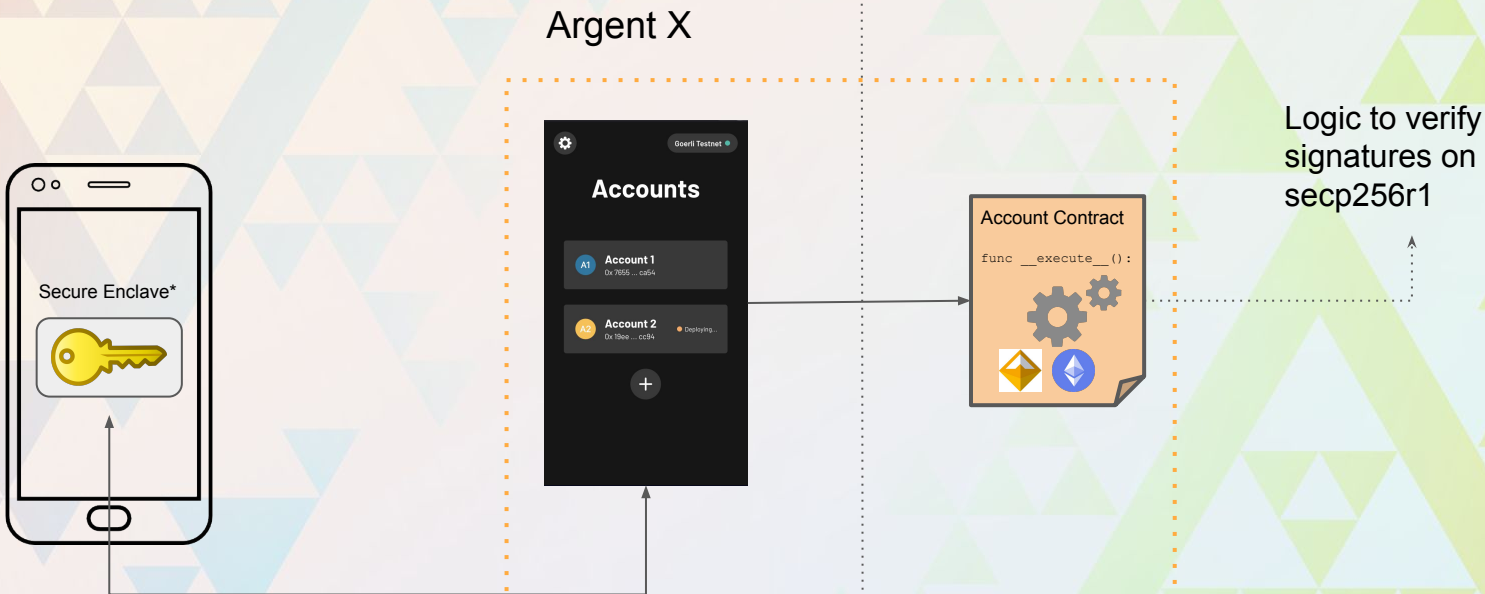
2. Execute game actions without the need to approve on Argent X

Unique Feature: Plugins*



*Collaboration with Ledger and Cartridge

Unique Feature: Use the Secure Enclave



* Uses a different elliptic curve (secp256r1) approved by the NIST

StarkNet

Account Abstraction is needed to
scale the UX of self-custody.
Let's make it happen!





Thank you!


Julien Niset

co-founder@Argent

julien@argent.xyz



@jniset



Section 1 details with an image. Enter title here.

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Section 4

Section 4 title here.



Section 4 details with a main point. Enter title here.

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Enter your main point
/ statement here.

Here's the timeline.

Event 1



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Event 2



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Event 3



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Account Abstraction!

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- Sollicitudin
- Consectetur
 - Condimentum
 - **Magna**
 - **Ligula**

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The background of the slide is a complex geometric pattern. It features a large, light blue triangle on the left side, which is composed of many smaller triangles in various shades of blue, green, and yellow. To the right of this, there are several vertical lines and more triangles in shades of orange, red, and yellow. The overall effect is a vibrant, abstract design that fills the entire slide.

Section 2 details with an image. Enter title here.

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