



Building
privacy-protecting
infrastructure.

Why, what and how?



About

—

Vac builds public good protocols
for the decentralized web.

—

vac.dev / [@vap2p](https://twitter.com/vap2p)

oskarth.com / [@oskarth](https://twitter.com/oskarth)



Principles

—

I. Liberty

II. Censorship resistance

III. Security

IV. Privacy

V. Transparency

VI. Openness

VII. Decentralization

VIII. Inclusivity

IX. Continuance

X. Resourcefulness



Why?

—

Privacy is the power to selectively reveal yourself.

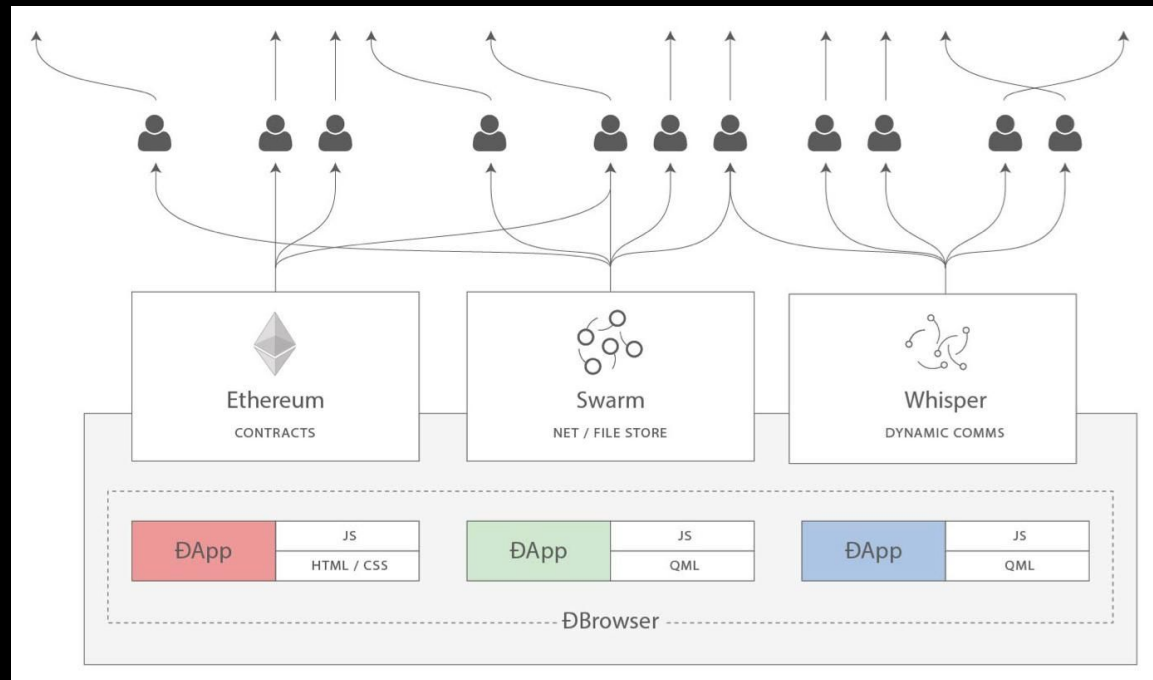
Base layer requirement.

Natural privacy and the Internet.

Building infrastructure.



Web3 Infrastructure

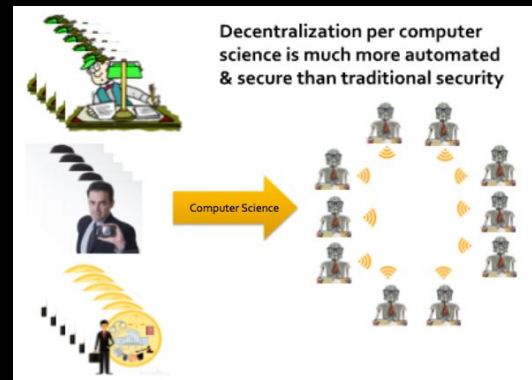
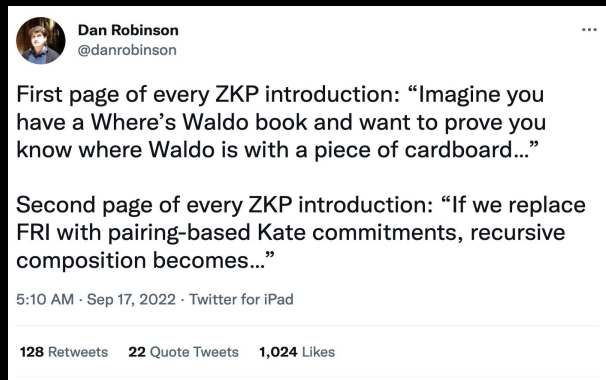




Zero-Knowledge

—

For
privacy-protecting
infrastructure



Zerocash: Decentralized Anonymous Payments from Bitcoin (extended version)

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Ian Miers[‡] Eran Tromer[§] Madars Virza[†]

May 18, 2014



Waku

—

Waku is the communication layer for Web3.

Set of modular protocols.

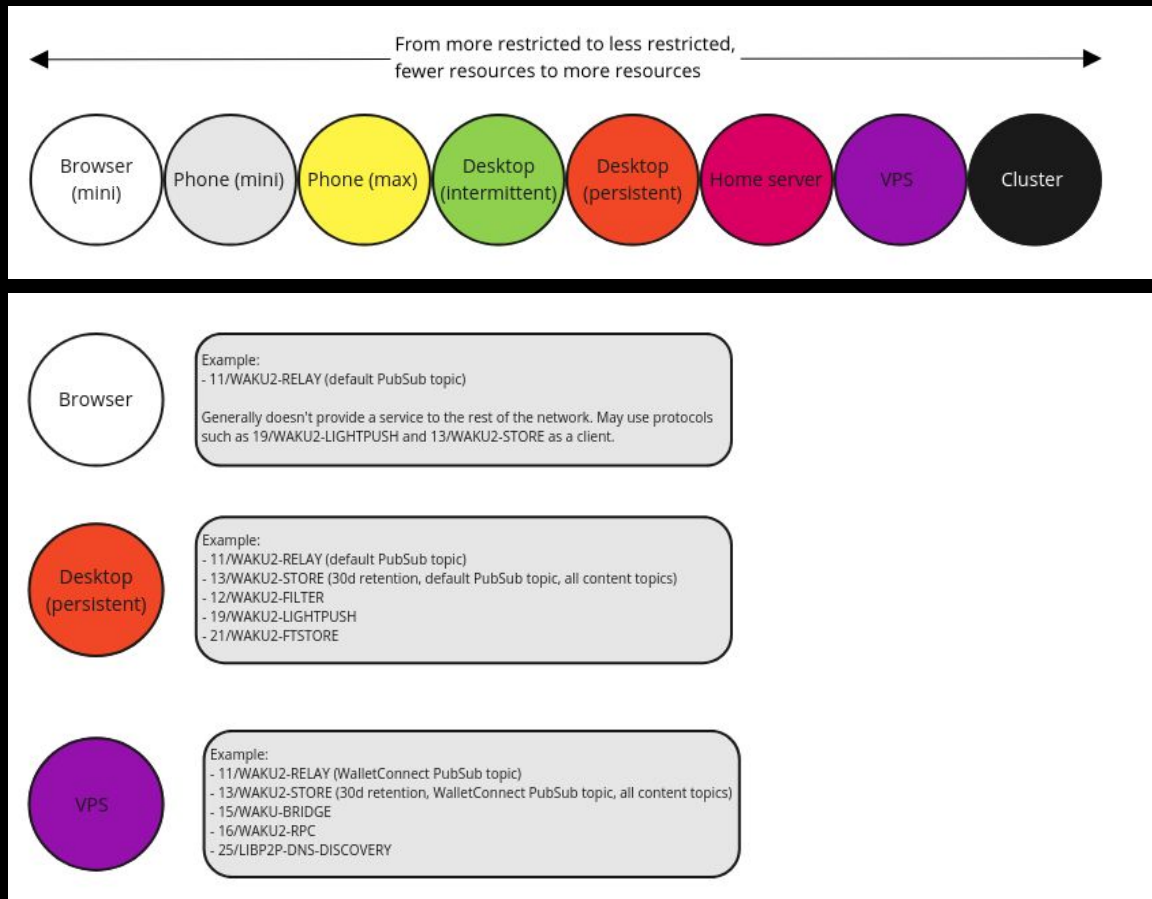
Private, secure, runs anywhere.

Spiritual successor to Whisper.



Waku

Adaptive nodes

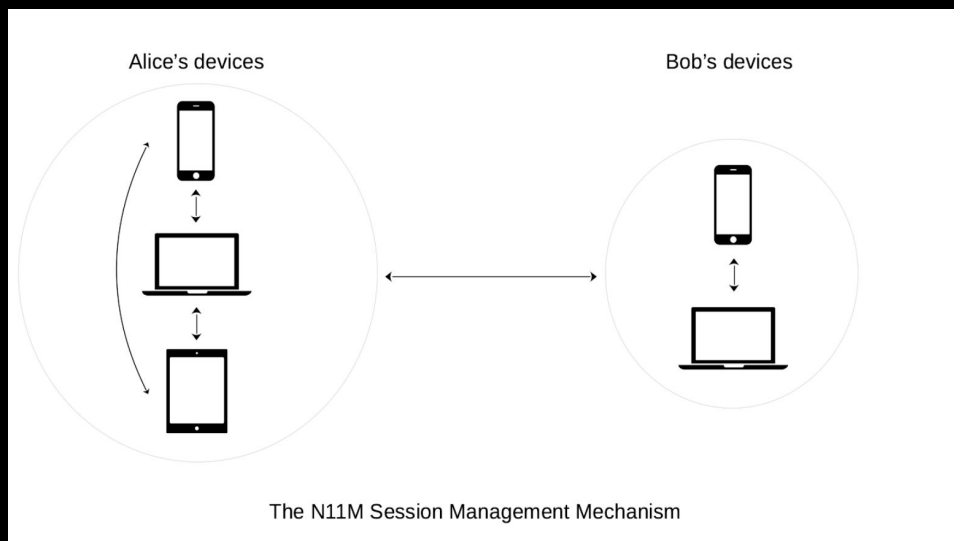
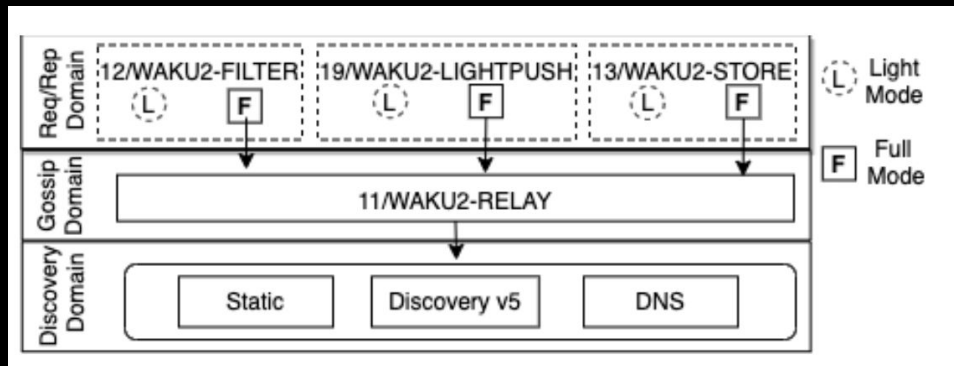




Waku

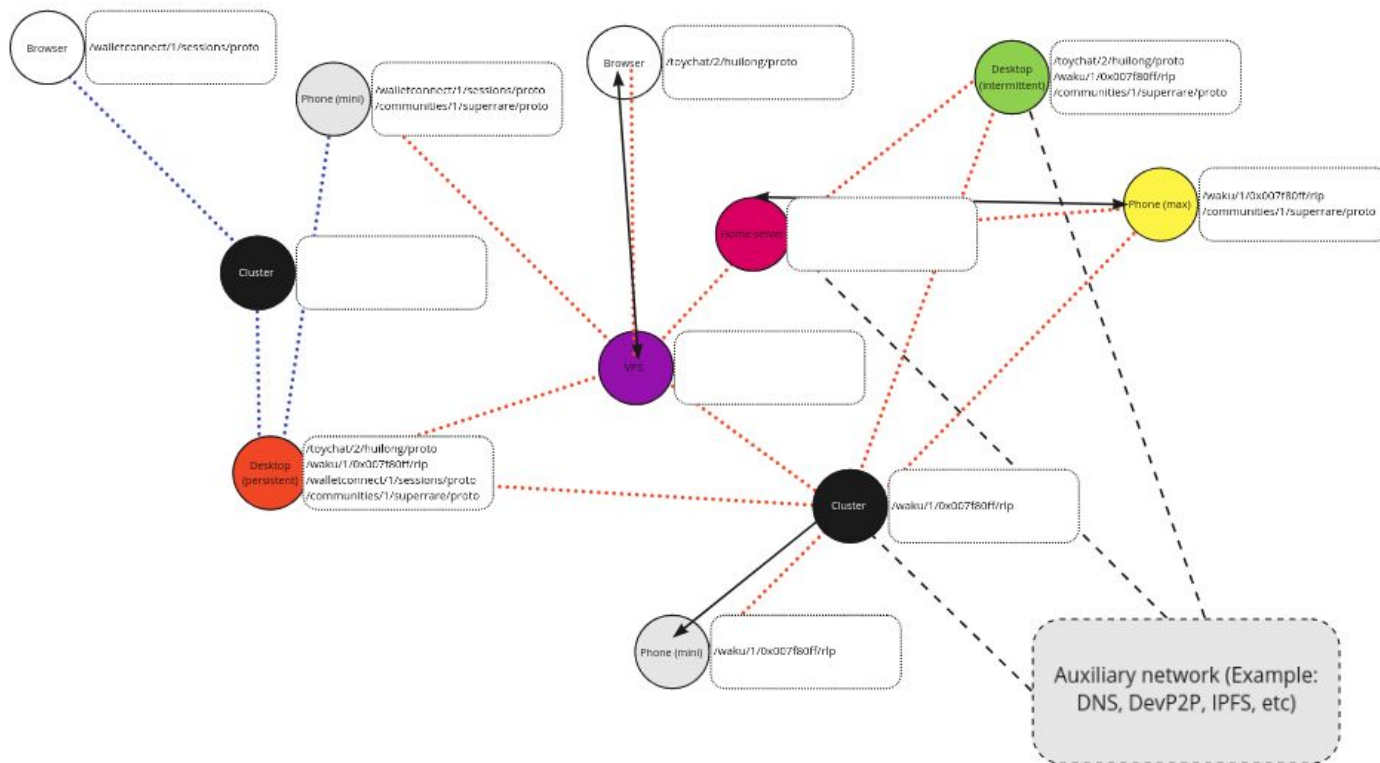
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Protocol interactions





Waku Network





RLN

—

Motivation

Dealing with network spam.

Phone numbers, PoW, peer scoring.

RLN: Private, economic spam
protection using zkSNARKs.



RLN

—

Overview

Rate Limiting Nullifier

Anonymous rate limiting.

Registration, signalling and verification.





RLN

—

Circuit

```
// Private input
signal input identity_secret;
signal input path_elements[n_levels][1];
signal input identity_path_index[n_levels];

// Public input
signal input x; // signal_hash
signal input epoch; // external_nullifier
signal input rln_identifier;

// Circuit output
signal output y;
signal output root;
signal output nullifier;
```



RLN

—

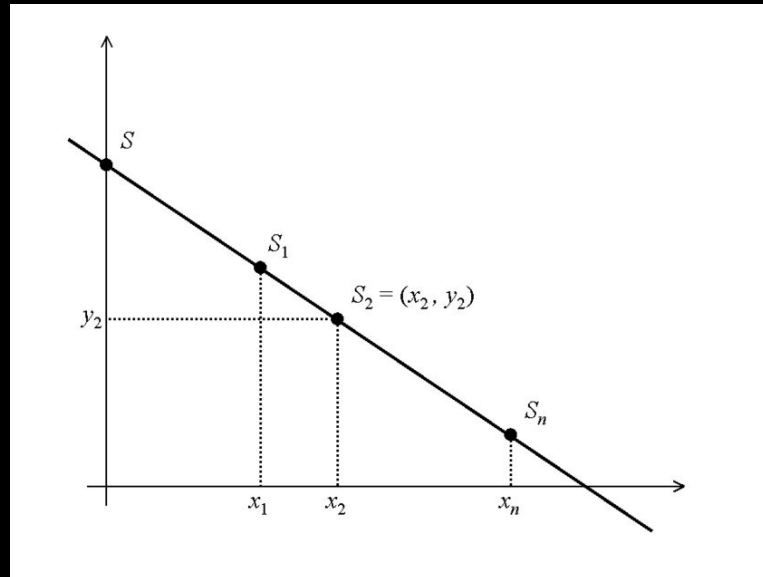
Shamir's secret
sharing

$a_0 = \text{identity_secret} \text{ // secret } S$

$a_1 = \text{poseidonHash}([a_0, \text{external_nullifier}])$

$y = a_0 + x * a_1$

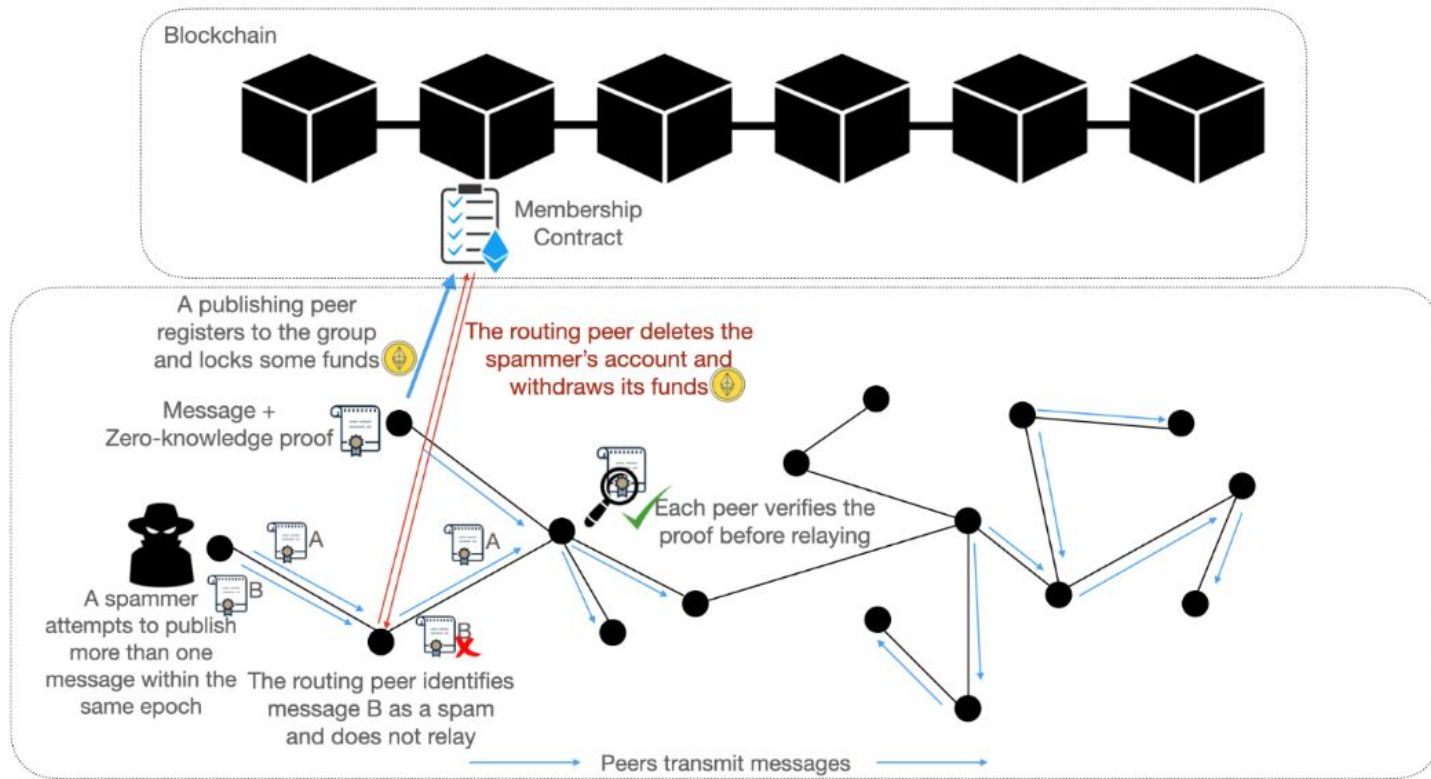
$\text{internal_nullifier} = \text{poseidonHash}([a_1, \text{rln_identifier}])$





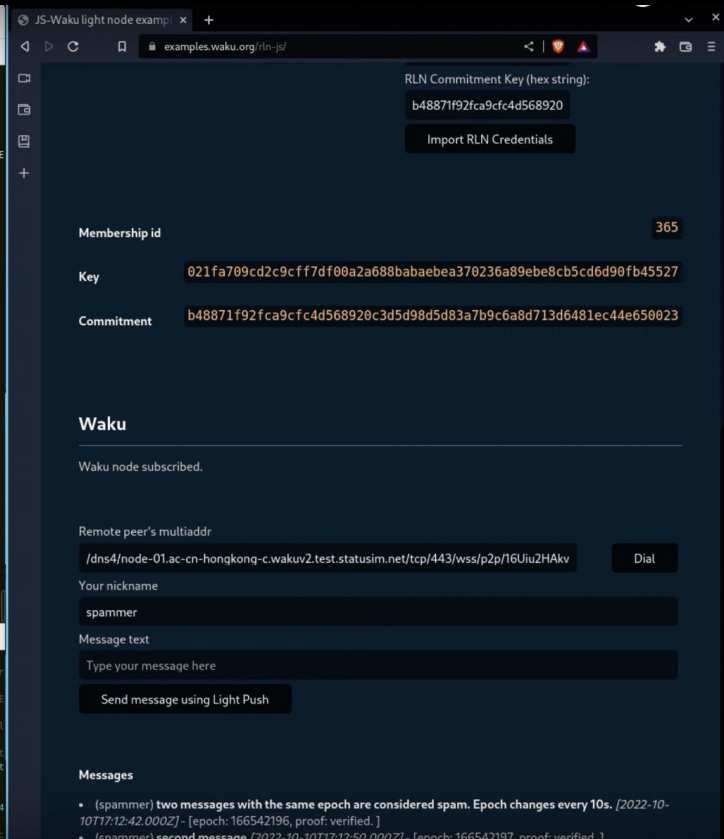
RLN

—





Cross-client testnet



Service
credentials

—

Service network.

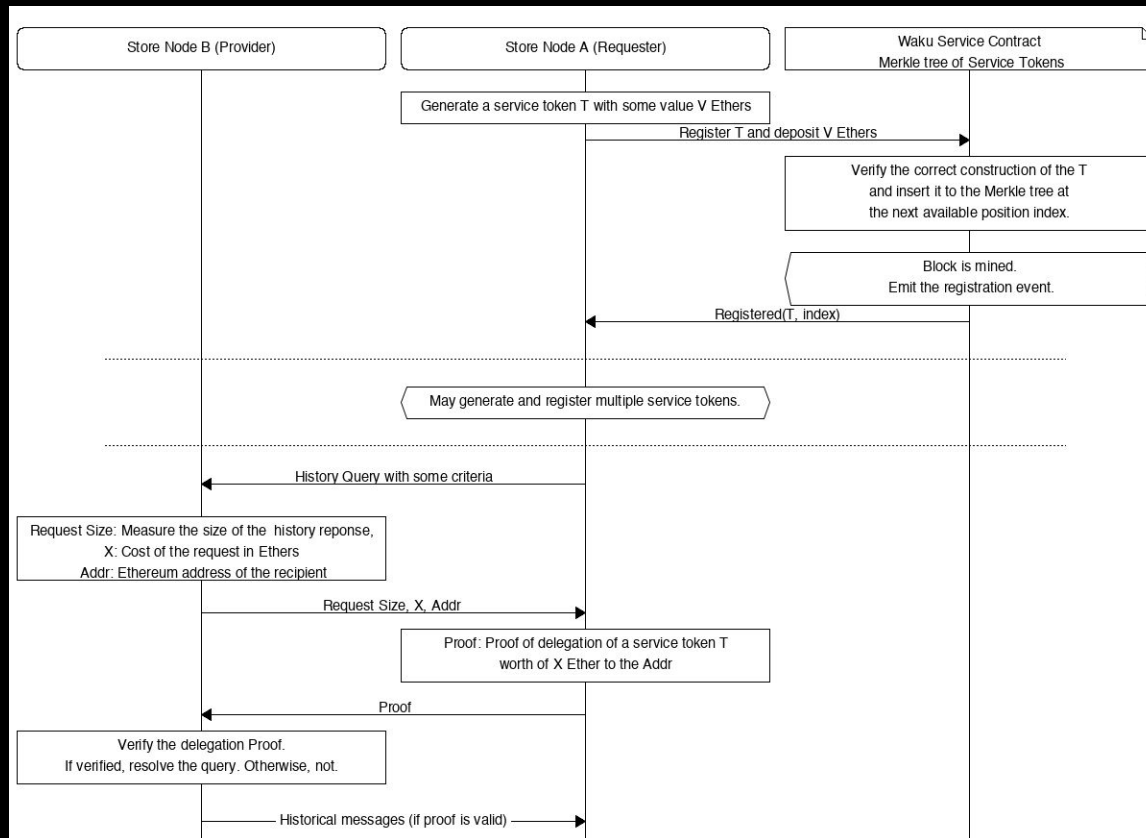
Private settlement.

Byproduct, altruism and incentives.

Req/Resp protocols.



Service credentials





Zerokit

—

Set of ZK modules in Rust.

Circom/Solidity/JS + Rust/ZK Ecosystem.

Expose a Rust, C FFI and WASM API.

RLN module.

Lower barrier to entry.



Other research

Specs, papers, device pairing, network privacy

Specs

10/WAKU2

Waku v2

[status draft](#)

- Status: draft
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Abstract

Waku v2 is family of modular peer-to-peer protocols for secure communication. The protocols are designed to be secure, privacy-preserving, censorship-resistant and being able to run in resource restricted environments. At a high level, it implements Pub/Sub over libp2p and adds a set of capabilities to it. These capabilities are things such as: (i) retrieving historical messages for mostly-offline devices (ii) adaptive nodes, allowing for heterogeneous nodes to contribute to the network (iii) preserving bandwidth usage for resource-restricted devices

This makes Waku ideal for running a p2p protocol on mobile and in similarly restricted environments.

Abstract

Motivation and goals

Network interaction domains

Protocols and capabilities

Use of libp2p and protocol

Gossip domain

Direct use of libp2p protocols

Discovery domain

Request/Reply domain

Overview of protocol interaction

Appendix A: Upgradability and Compatibility

Compatibility with Waku v1

Primary Adversarial Model

Security Features

Pseudonymity

Anonymity / Unlinkability

Spam protection

Data confidentiality, integrity, and Authenticity

Security Considerations

Appendix C: Implementation Notices

Implementation Matrix

Recommendations for clients

Device Pairing

The handshake, detailed in next section, can be summarized as:

```
WakuPairing:
a.  <- eB          {H(sB||r), contentTopicParams, messageNameTag}
...
b.  -> eA, eAeB    {H(sA||s)} [authcode]
c.  <- sB, eAsB    {r}
d.  -> sA, sAeB, sAsB {s}

{: payload, []: user interaction
```

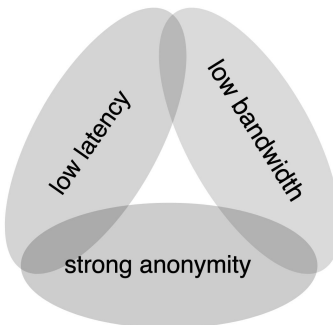
Protocol Flow

- The device **B** exposes through a QR code a Base64 serialization of:
 - An ephemeral public key **eB**;
 - The content topic parameters `contentTopicParams = {application-name}, {application-version}, {shard-id}`.
 - A (randomly generated) 16-bytes long `messageNameTag`.
 - A commitment `H(sB||r)` for its static key **sB** where **r** is a random fixed-length value.
- The device **A**:
 - scans the QR code;

Network Privacy

Anonymity Trilemma

The *Anonymity Trilemma* states that only two out of *strong anonymity*, *low bandwidth*, and *low latency* can be guaranteed in the global on-net attacker model. Waku's goal, being a modular set of protocols, is to offer any combination of two out of these three properties, as well as blends. An example for blending is an adjustable number of pubsub topics and peers in the respective pubsub topic mesh; this allows tuning the trade-off between anonymity and bandwidth.



Papers

Privacy-Preserving Spam-Protected Gossip-Based Routing

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Abstract—WAKU-RLN-RELAY is an anonymous peer-to-peer gossip-based routing protocol that features a privacy-preserving spam-protection with cryptographically guaranteed economic incentives. While being an anonymous routing protocol where routed messages are not attributable to their origin, it allows

expensive hence not suitable for resource-constrained devices. The peer scoring is also prone to censorship and inexpensive attacks where millions of bots can be deployed to send bulk





Summary

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Privacy-protecting infrastructure is important.

ZK is a fundamental building block.

We can build it.

Come help :)

Links

—

Thanks!

Questions?

- vac.dev / [@vacp2p](https://twitter.com/vacp2p)
- waku.org / [@waku_org](https://twitter.com/waku_org)
- oskarth.com / [@oskarth](https://twitter.com/oskarth)
- Hiring for Waku, private computation (zk-WASM), etc
 - Protocol engineers, senior rust engineers, ZK researchers, compiler engineer, production engineers
 - See jobs.status.im

