

Exploiting Inattention & Optimism in DAOs

How I stole from a DAO using standard governance tools (and how to protect yourself)

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Logos DAO, Metagov











Attention is the most scarce resource in DAOs. Design your governance tooling accordingly.

Optimistic consensus relies on people paying attention

SafeSnap relies on Reality.ETH, a
Q&A oracle with bonded answers

Moloch DAOs use lazy consensus and have no minimum quorum for proposals to pass*

*but they do need to be sponsored by a member

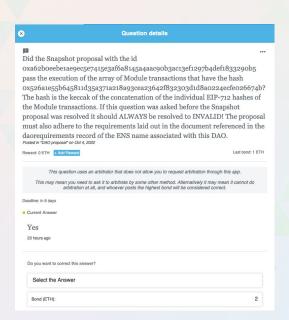
Reality. ETH is a Q&A Oracle

Many DAOs use Reality.ETH to make off-chain votes executable on-chain

Did the DAO vote to pay me \$20k DAI?



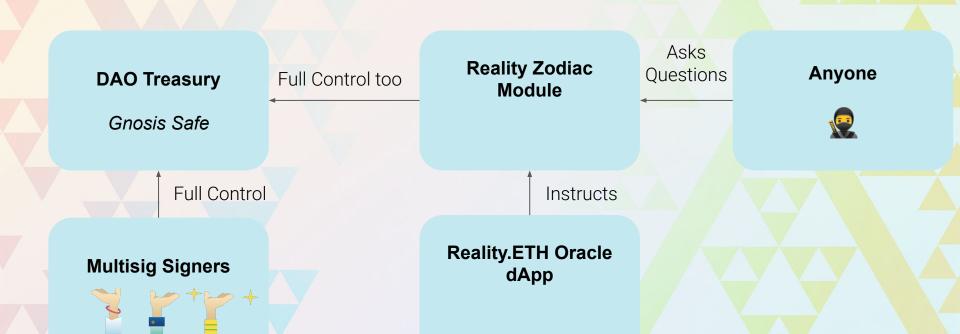
1. Ask the question



2. Answer the question

3. Execute

Reality.ETH can execute transactions on a Gnosis Safe through a Zodiac Module



Multisig Owners Choose the Configuration

Timeout - Duration during which answers can be submitted

Cooldown - Optional duration after Oracle finalization, before execution

Expiration - Optional duration during which finalized answer can be executed

Bond - Minimum bond for answer to be accepted

Arbitrator - Optional 3rd party that can settle Oracle disputes

Question Template - How should questions look to Reality. ETH dApp users



1. DAO Vote on Snapshot

- 2. Ask Reality.ETH if it passed
- 3. Answer honestly

Timeout

4. Execute

Expiration

Cooldown

Cooldown Duration after Orgala finalization before execution

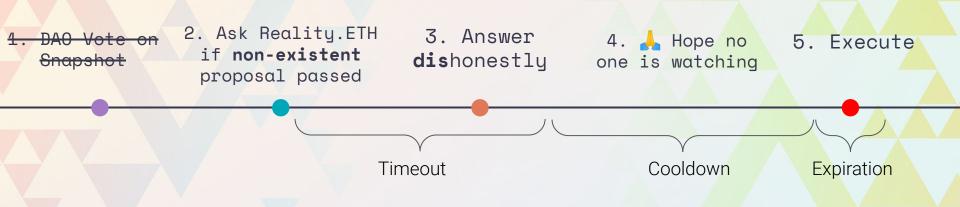
Timeout - Duration during which answers can be submitted

Cooldown - Duration after Oracle finalization, before execution

Expiration - Duration during which finalized answer can be executed



😕 Scenario 2: Dishonest Oracle



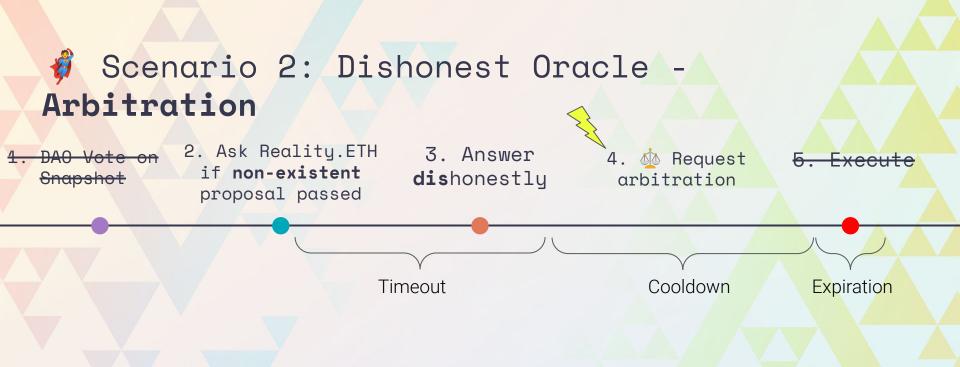
An attacker can pose a non-existent proposal as a question to Reality.ETH, and submit a fraudulent answer by putting down a bond in ETH



Scenario 2: Dishonest Oracle - Override



An honest person can override the malicious answer and claim the bonded ETH



An **arbitrator** can step in to override the malicious answer (IF one is configured)



Scenario 2: Dishonest Oracle - Veto



Multisig owners can veto the malicious answer during cooldown (if it is configured)

Misconfiguration can make exploits trivial

Timeout - Too short of a timeout can make it hard to catch malicious transactions

Cooldown - 0 second cooldown removes veto period

Bond - Low minimum bond makes it cheap to try and exploit

Arbitrator - Absent arbitrator removes final safeguards

Vetoer - Absent or negligent multisig signers remove veto safeguard

We will see examples of ALL of these misconfigurations in mainnet exploits (coming up next...)





🥷 Real Exploits 😩



How I exploited a DAO and how others are attacking them as we speak

\$100Ms of DAO treasuries are at risk of inattention attacks

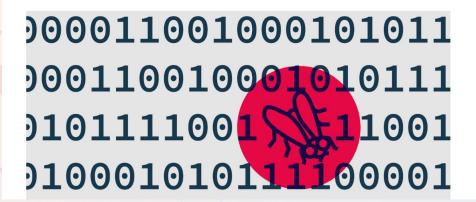






Gnosis Safe Module: SafeSnap Bug Bounty

Earn over \$54,000 for finding a bug in the HoneypotDAO with SafeSnap enabled.



Exploiting the SafeSnap Honeypot

Gnosis set up a bug bounty for the Reality.ETH module in Spring 2021 and it sat dormant for over a year

https://etherscan.io/address/0x0a147ddf0817ade66 4eb9cb343d96a21ed857d11



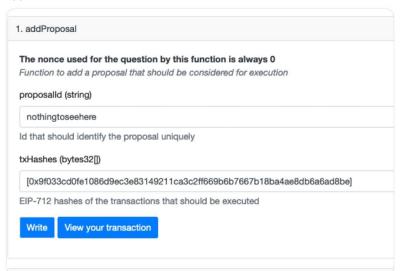
Isaac | (,) @isaacpatka · 5/24/22

Replying to @isaacpatka @gnosisSafe and 3 others

On the Etherscan page for the module I was able to call 'addProposal' with a transaction I crafted locally

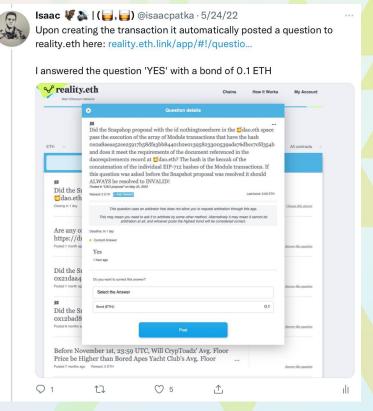
etherscan.io/address/0x1c51...

This transaction would have sent me \sim 20k DAI from the safe if it was approved





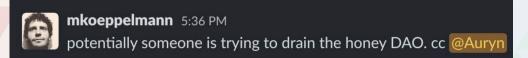
Crafting the Exploit



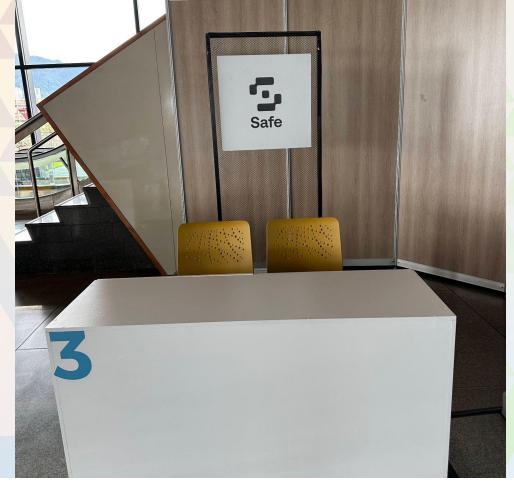


Defenders take notice









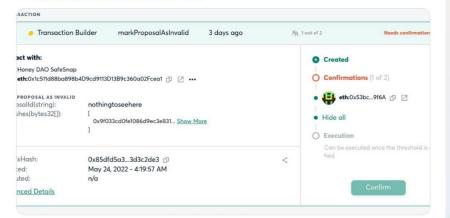
"Is anyone available to sign this transaction?"

But it was too late

W.

Isaac ♥ № | (,) @isaacpatka · 5/27/22 Successfully drained 19420.69 \$DAI from the The multisig signers were not able to veto the proposal in time

@GnosisGuild let me know if you'd like this \$DAI back... etherscan.io/tx/0xc13084ad8...



This exploit was successful because...

Arbitration could not be requested

Cooldown was a short 24hr and the vetoers were AFK

No one else on Reality.ETH was paying attention

Then it started happening for real...



Ali Nuraldin | opium.team | 🚵 🜓

1/

We at @OpiumNetwork have just detected another attack on the @GnosisGuild Reality module (DAOModule).

At 28 Sep 21:12 UTC, our monitoring systems detected a new proposal on the Opium Network DAO.

Share and help finding the owners of these safes and pass them the info

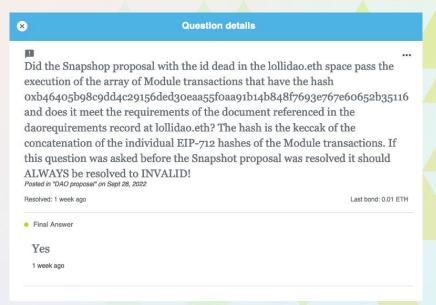
8:13 PM · Sep 28, 2022 · Twitter Web App

While monitoring their own Gnosis
Safe & Reality module, the Opium
Network team discovered a series of
fraudulent transactions attacking DAO
treasuries

Attack 1 - easy target

The attacker found a DAO with a Reality module configured with just 24hr cooldowns, little activity, and no minimum bond

They stole **7.5 ETH** after putting down a 0.01 ETH bond



0x84d3656163005ecdec0339b502068fc8e520feb1 (GnosisGuild DAOModule Exploiter)





O Attacks 2-7+

The attacker used the 7.5 ETH bond to place fraudulent answers in at least 6 other DAOs

They primarily targeted NFT collections including SZNS

The SZNS team had 7 day voting periods & 1 ETH minimum bonds so the attacker was limited in how many they could attempt

I was able to thwart the attack by overriding their answer, but if the attacker was more highly capitalized it would have been harder to defend Open Upcoming Resolved

Open	Upcoming	Resolved	
Did the Snapshot proposal w of the array of Module transa Closing in 10 hours Reward: 0 ETH	with the id dead pass the execution actions that have the hash	No	Change this answer
Did the Snapshot proposal with the id dead pass the execution of the array of Module transactions that have the hash Closing in 10 hours Reward: 0 ETH		No	Change this answer
Did the Snapshot proposal w of the array of Module transs Closing in 11 hours Reward: 0 ETH	with the id dead pass the execution actions that have the hash	No	Change this answer
Did the Snapshot proposal w of the array of Module trans:	with the id dead pass the execution actions that have the hash	No	Change this answer
Did the Snapshot proposal woxa62b0eebe1ae9ec5e7415e.	vith the id 3af6a8145a4aac9ob3ac13ef1297b4de	Yes Bond: 1 ETH	Change this answer

\$100Ms of DAO treasuries are at risk of inattention attacks

We need more monitoring infrastructure for DAO treasuries & governance tooling

We need **configuration audits**, just as much as we need smart contract audits

Attacks like this are only going to start happening more frequently



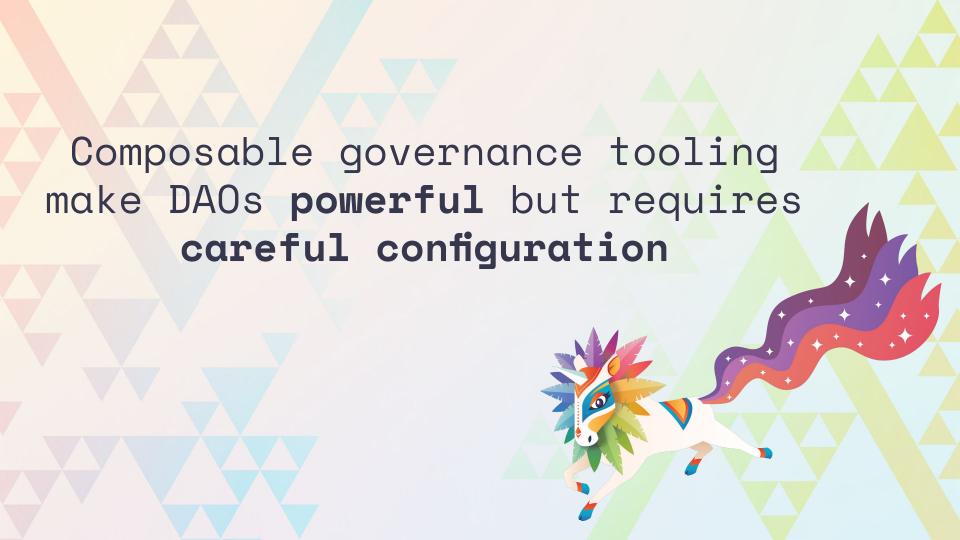


10 Steps to keep your DAO Safe:

- 1) Make a resiliency & continuity plan
- 2) Keep track of who has administrative controls over smart contracts (ideally 0 or limited multisigs)
- 3) Set up monitoring infrastructure
 - a) Etherscan alerts, OpenZeppelin Sentry
- 4) Leverage automation tools to **pause** contracts if exploit conditions are detected
 - a) OpenZeppelin Defender
- 5) Use simulation tools to check what proposals are going to change **before** you execute them
 - a) Tenderly
- 6) Conduct regular configuration audits, especially focusing on new tools that can execute proposals
- 7) Minimize cross-chain communication
 - a) It's always the bridges that get hacked
- 8) Implement spending limits & transaction guards on Safe treasuries
- 9) Use hardware wallets & never back up your seed phrase online (including password managers)
- 10) Use on-call shifts to track availability of multisig signers

Regularly Audit your DAO's tooling stack and set up robust monitoring infrastructure

Reach out to LOGOS DAO & isaacalogos.xyz





Thank you!

Isaac Patka

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