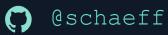
ZoKrates

I know that I learn nothing.

zkSNARKs for Developers





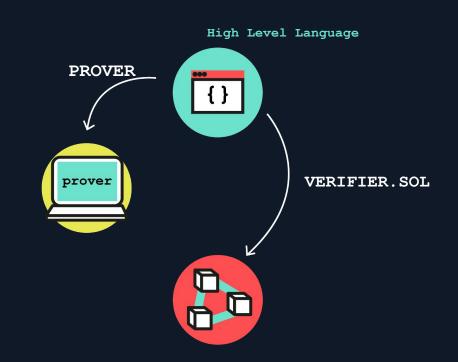
Design principles

- > High level language
- > Compiles to R1CS
- > Modular backend implementations
- > Heavy use of optimisation



Where does it run?

- > Compiler: native, Remix, playground
- > Schemes: g16, gm17,
 marlin, nova
- > Proving: bellman, ark, bellperson, snarkjs
- > Verifier: EVM, CLI, js



Hello world

```
hello.zok

def main(private field a, private field b, field c) {
    assert(a*b == c);
}
```

bash

- > zokrates compile -i hello.zok
- > zokrates compute-witness -a 3 3 9
- > zokrates generate-proof
- > zokrates export-verifier

Language features

sha256.zok

```
from "./IVconstants" import IVconstants;
from "./shaRound" import shaRound;
def sha256<K>(u32[K][16] a) -> u32[8] {
   u32[8] current = IVconstants;
   for u32 i in 0..K {
      current = shaRound(a[i], current);
   return current;
```

Non-optimal compiler output

sha256round.zok

```
u32 res = (a & b) ^ (a & c) ^ (b & c);

// bc === b * c
// bc - res === (2 * bc - b - c) * a;
```







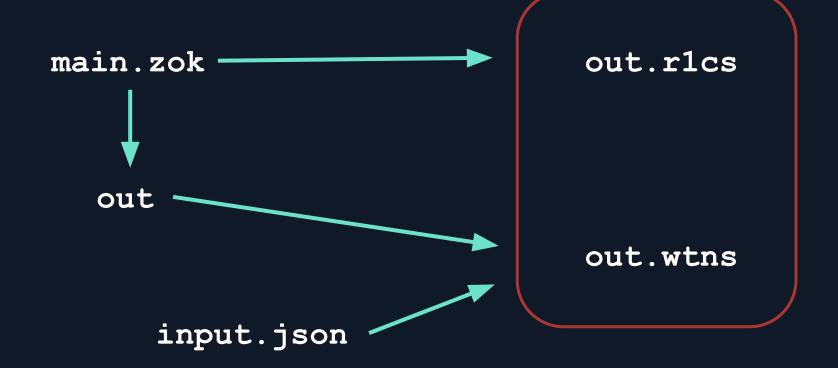
```
Abi
18
        bool[32]
                  c_bits = cast(c);
                                                              Output
                                                                      Execute
19
20
                                                              2022-10-88T17:15:49.78BZ)
         // create bits of the result
                                                              Compilation successful 126#
21
         bool[32] mut res_bits = [false; 32];
                                                              constenints) (took 354.10 ms) <
22
23
         for m32 i in 0..32 {
24
             field a = bool_to_field(a_bits[i]);
25
             field b = bool_to_field(b_bits(i));
26
             field c = bool_to_field(c_bits[i]);
27
28
29
9E
    def main(u32 a, u32 b, u32 c) -> u32 {
31
         return default(a, b, c);
32
33
```

Isolating potentially unsafe behavior

- > Most ZoKrates code uses guarantees of the compiler
- > Performance critical parts in assembly blocks

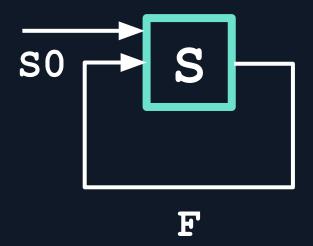


ZoKrates + snarkjs



Incrementally verifiable computation

- > Start with state S0
- > Apply F to find S1
- > Repeat!
- > Use recursive SNARKs to prove correct execution of the program so far



$$y = F(F(...F(S0)))$$

Some use cases

- > Succinctly verifiable
 blockchains
- > VDFs
- > and more!





Nova support (soon!)

```
cube.zok

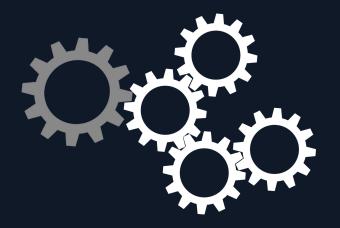
def main(field a) -> field {
   return a**3;
}
```

bash

- > zokrates compile -i cube.zok --curve pallas
- > zokrates nova prove --init --steps 3 -a 42

In other news

- Powers of tau
- Log statements
- Marlin
- New syntax
- play.zokrat.es





zokrates.github.io

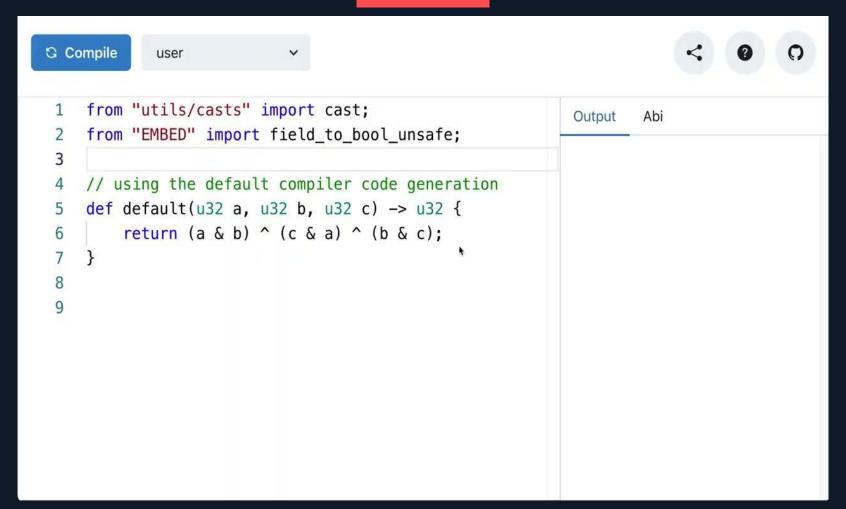
gitter.im/ZoKrates











Assembly

assembly.zok

```
def hand_optimized(u8 a, u8 b, u8 c) -> u8 {
    bool[8] a_bits = cast(a);
    bool[8] b_bits = cast(b);
    bool[8] c_bits = cast(c);
    bool[8] mut res_bits = [false; 8];
    for u32 i in 0..8 {
        field a = bool_to_field(a_bits[i]);
        field b = bool_to_field(b_bits[i]);
        field c = bool_to_field(c_bits[i]);
```

Assembly

assembly.zok

```
field mut res = 0;
    field bc = b * c;
    asm {
       res <-- bc - (2 * bc - b - c) * a;
       bc - res === (2 * bc - b - c) * a;
    res_bits[i] = field_to_bool_unsafe(res);
return cast(res_bits);
```