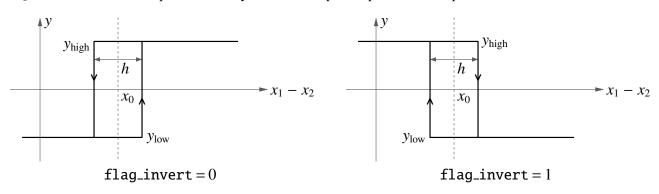
## **Attributes**

```
xbe name=cmprh_2_1 evaluate=yes limit_tstep=yes save_history=yes
# if x1-x2 > x0 + /- h/2, y = high, else low
# (reverse if flag_inverting=1)
# h is the hysterisis band, centred around x0
Jacobian: variable
input_vars: x1 x2
output_vars: y
aux_vars:
iparms:
  flag_invert=0
  flag_quad=0
sparms:
rparms:
  x0=0
  y_low=0
  y_high=1
  h=0.1
  x1_1=0
  x1_2=0
  x2_1=0
  x2_2=0
   t_1=0
  t_2=0
  eps1=1.0e-6
  delt_min=1.0e-6
  delt_nrml=0.001
  hby2=0
  y_old=0
  y_half=0
stparms:
igparms:
outparms: x1 x2 y
```

## **Description**

cmprh\_2\_1.xbe is a comparator with hysterisis. Its input-output relationship is shown below.



The parameters delt\_min, delt\_nrml, and epsl are used for controlling the simulator time steps. Additional time points are forced, depending on the values of delt\_min and delt\_nrml, when  $x_1 - x_2$  is within  $\epsilon$  of the threshold point  $(x_0 + h/2)$  or  $x_0 - h/2$ . This feature allows accurate simulation without having to make the average time step very small. Generally, delt\_nrml should be made equal to the typical simulator time step while delt\_min should be made much smaller (say, by a factor of 100).

flag\_quad decides the type of interpolation used to estimate the cross-over time. If flag\_quad is 0, linear interpolation is used; if it is 1, quadratic interpolation is used. For more details, see Ref. [1].

## References

1. M.B. Patil, R.D. Korgaonkar, K. Appaiah, "GSEIM: A General-purpose Simulator with Explicit and Implicit Methods," submitted to Sādhanā, also available at https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.06621