

DATA SCIENCE WITH R

HYPOTHESIS TESTING

Introduction to Hypothesis Testing



Basic Framework of a Hypothesis Test

Distance Measures

Central Limit Theorem

Types of Hypothesis Tests



Basic Set up of a Hypothesis Test

Null Hypothesis (H^0):



Basic Set up of a Hypothesis Test

Null Hypothesis (H^0):

- Example: Production process is fine



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Test Distribution:



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Test Distribution:

- Appropriate distribution to be used to calculate probability of outcome



Basic Set up of a Hypothesis Test

Significance Level (alpha : α)

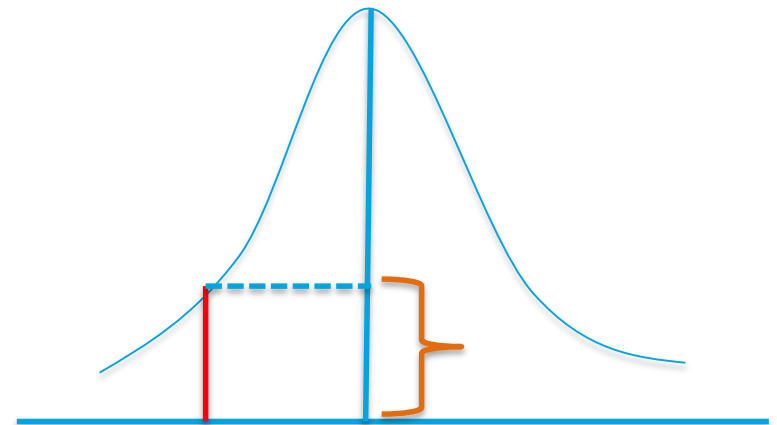


Basic Set up of a Hypothesis Test

Significance Level (alpha : α)

Criterion used for rejecting the null hypothesis

Red line in figure

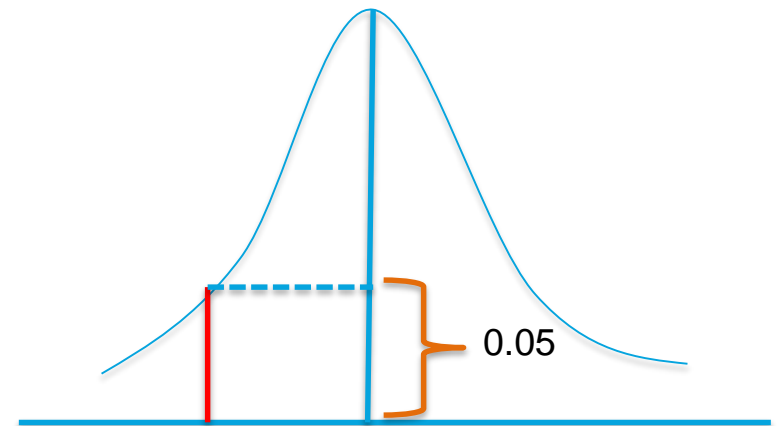


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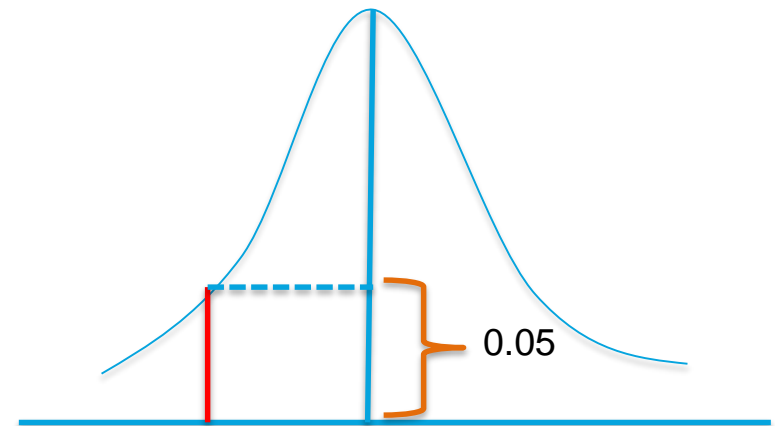
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P-Value:

The probability of outcomes more extreme than the observed outcome, assuming the null is true



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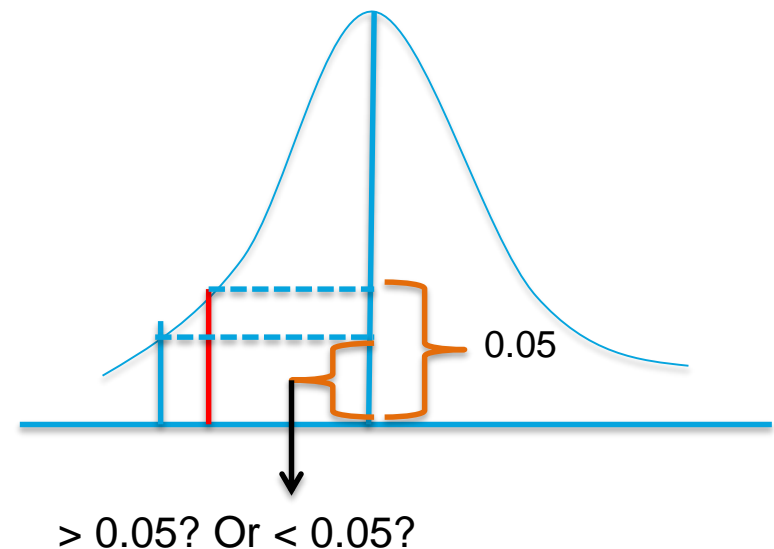
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P-Value:

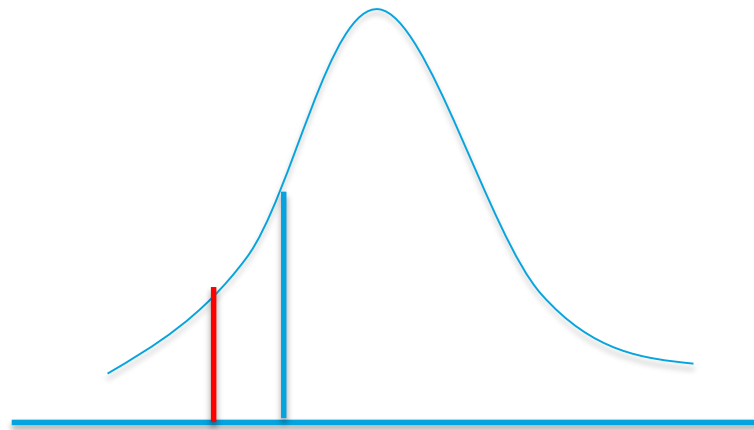
The probability of outcomes more extreme than the observed outcome, assuming the null is true

Area to the left of the blue line



Basic Set up of a Hypothesis Test

What if $p\text{-value} > \text{significance level}$?



Conclusion?



Recap



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- **Test Distribution:** Normal
- **Significance value:** 5%
- **P –value** (using norm.dust) function = 0.07



Recap

- **Null:** H_0 : Process is fine, sample not different from population
- **Alternate:** H_1 : Process not fine, sample wts $>$ population wt
- **Test Distribution:** Normal
- **Significance value:** 5%
- **P –value** (using norm.dust) function = 0.07
- **Conclusion?** Fail to reject the null



THANK YOU

