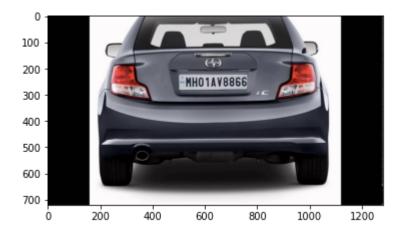
```
In []: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In []: car_img= plt.imread("car.jpg")
    logo_img= plt.imread("Honda logo.jpg")
In []: plt.imshow(car_img)
Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1efdc7961c0>
```



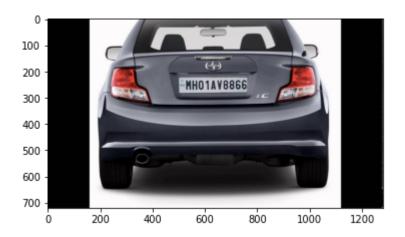
```
In [ ]: plt.imshow(logo_img)
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1efddcf2070>



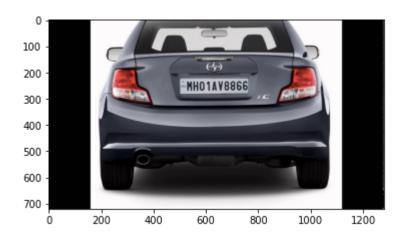
```
In [ ]: logo_height, logo_width= logo_img.shape[:2]
In [ ]: result_image = car_img.copy()
    plt.imshow(result_image)
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1efddd479a0>



```
In [ ]: import cv2
import numpy as np
```

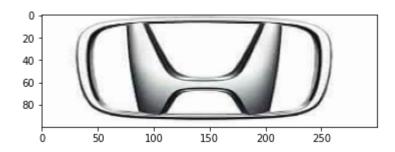
```
In [ ]: car_img= cv2.imread('car.jpg')
    logo_img= cv2.imread('Honda logo.jpg')
    result_image= car_img.copy()
```



```
In [ ]: x, y, width, height= (500, 200, 300, 100) # dekho ye coordinates mene upar wali image
    resized_logo = cv2.resize(logo_img, (width, height))
```

In []: plt.imshow(resized_logo)

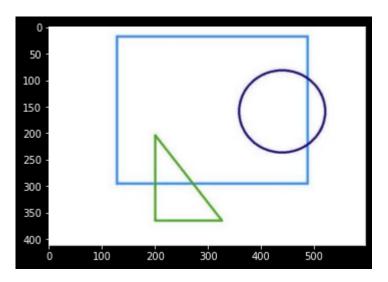
Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1efddd80880>



```
In [ ]: result_image[y:y+height, x:x+width] = resized_logo
```

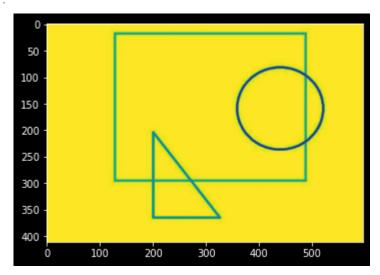
```
In [ ]: result_image= cv2.cvtColor(result_image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
```

```
plt.imshow(result_image)
In [ ]:
         <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1efdde2e5e0>
Out[]:
           0
         100
         200
         300
         400
         500
         600
         700
                                                         1200
                   200
                           400
                                   600
                                          800
                                                 1000
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
         matrix= [
In [ ]:
             [1, 1, 1, 1],
             [2, 2, 2, 2],
             [3, 3, 3, 3],
             [4, 4, 4, 4],
         ]
         matrix
         [[1, 1, 1, 1], [2, 2, 2, 2], [3, 3, 3, 3], [4, 4, 4, 4]]
Out[]:
In [ ]:
         matrix.pop()
         array([1, 2, 3, 4])
Out[ ]:
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
         import cv2
In [ ]:
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         image= cv2.imread('Input.jpg')
In [ ]:
         plt.imshow(image)
         <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1777334f0a0>
Out[]:
```



```
In [ ]: gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
    plt.imshow(gray_image)
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1777344c220>

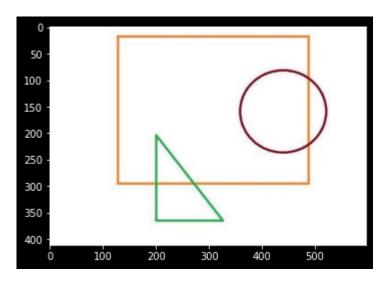


```
if len(approx) == 4:
                 rectangle_contour = contour
            elif len(approx) > 6:
                 circle contour = contour
In [ ]: rectangle_contour
        array([[[ 0,
                        0]],
Out[]:
               [[ 0, 410]],
               [[596, 410]],
               [[596,
                        0]]], dtype=int32)
        circle_contour
In [ ]:
In [ ]: img = cv2.imread('Input.jpg')
        gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        ret,thresh = cv2.threshold(gray,127,255,1)
         contours,h = cv2.findContours(thresh,1,2)
        for cnt in contours:
            approx = cv2.approxPolyDP(cnt,0.01*cv2.arcLength(cnt,True),True)
            print (len(approx))
            if len(approx)==5:
                 print ("pentagon")
                 cv2.drawContours(img,[cnt],0,255,-1)
            elif len(approx)==3:
                 print ("triangle")
                 cv2.drawContours(img,[cnt],0,(0,255,0),-1)
            elif len(approx)==4:
                 print ("square")
                 cv2.drawContours(img,[cnt],0,(0,0,255),-1)
            elif len(approx) == 9:
                 print ("half-circle")
                 cv2.drawContours(img,[cnt],0,(255,255,0),-1)
            elif len(approx) > 15:
                 print( "circle")
                 cv2.drawContours(img,[cnt],0,(0,255,255),-1)
        cv2.imshow('img',img)
         cv2.waitKey(0)
         cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

```
4
square
4
square
square
square
6
6
6
4
square
6
4
square
6
4
square
square
6
6
4
square
6
4
square
4
square
square
square
4
square
square
9
half-circle
6
4
square
4
square
6
15
14
(new_img)= plt.imread('Input.jpg')
plt.imshow(new_img)
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x17775d6c520>
```

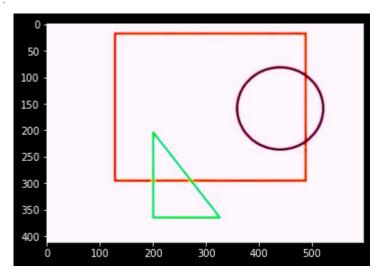
In []:

Out[]:



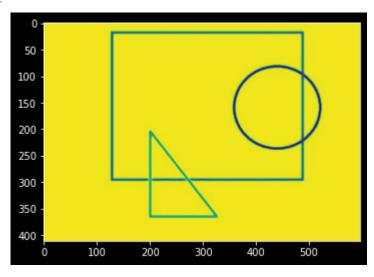
```
In [ ]: (new_img)= plt.imread('Input-1.jpg')
    plt.imshow(new_img)
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x17775db2820>



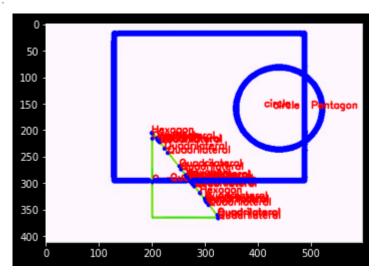
In []: new_img= cv2.cvtColor(new_img, cv2.COLOR_RGB2BGR)
 gray_image= cv2.cvtColor(new_img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
 plt.imshow(gray_image)

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x17775f680d0>



```
In [ ]: import cv2
        import numpy as np
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        # reading image
        img = cv2.imread('Input-1.jpg')
        # converting image into grayscale image
        gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        # setting threshold of gray image
        _, threshold = cv2.threshold(gray, 127, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY)
        # using a findContours() function
        contours, _ = cv2.findContours(
                threshold, cv2.RETR_TREE, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
        i = 0
        shape= img.shape
        img_copy= np.zeros(shape=shape)
        # list for storing names of shapes
        for contour in contours:
                # here we are ignoring first counter because
                # findcontour function detects whole image as shape
                if i == 0:
                         i = 1
                         continue
                # cv2.approxPloyDP() function to approximate the shape
                approx = cv2.approxPolyDP(
                         contour, 0.01 * cv2.arcLength(contour, True), True)
                # using drawContours() function
                cv2.drawContours(img, [contour], 0, (0, 0, 255), 5)
                cv2.drawContours(img_copy, [contour], 0, (0, 0, 255), 5)
                # finding center point of shape
                M = cv2.moments(contour)
                if M['m00'] != 0.0:
                        x = int(M['m10']/M['m00'])
                        y = int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
                # putting shape name at center of each shape
                if len(approx) == 3:
                         cv2.putText(img, 'Triangle', (x, y),
                                                 cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.6, (255, 0, 0), 2)
                elif len(approx) == 4:
                         cv2.putText(img, 'Quadrilateral', (x, y),
                                                 cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.6, (255, 0, 0), 2)
                elif len(approx) == 5:
                         cv2.putText(img, 'Pentagon', (x, y),
```

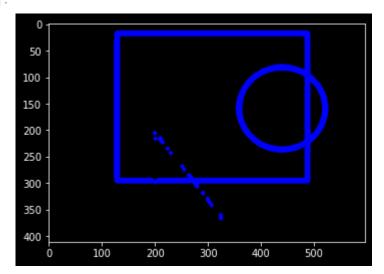
Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x17775fe6fd0>



```
In [ ]: plt.imshow(img_copy)
```

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x17776041550>



In []: import cv2
import numpy as np

```
# Load the image
image = cv2.imread("Input-1.jpg") # Replace with the actual path to your image
# Convert the image to grayscale
gray image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
# Apply contour detection
contours, _ = cv2.findContours(gray_image, cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
# Filter the contours based on their shapes (rectangle and circle)
rectangle contour = None
circle_contour = None
for contour in contours:
   area = cv2.contourArea(contour)
    perimeter = cv2.arcLength(contour, True)
   approx = cv2.approxPolyDP(contour, 0.04 * perimeter, True)
   if len(approx) == 4:
        rectangle contour = contour
   elif len(approx) > 6:
        circle contour = contour
# Find the bounding rectangles for the rectangle and circle contours
rect_x, rect_y, rect_width, rect_height = cv2.boundingRect(rectangle_contour)
circle_x, circle_y, circle_radius = cv2.minEnclosingCircle(circle_contour)
circle radius = int(circle radius)
# Calculate the area of intersection between the two bounding rectangles
x1 = max(rect x, int(circle x - circle radius))
y1 = max(rect_y, int(circle_y - circle_radius))
x2 = min(rect x + rect width, int(circle x + circle radius))
y2 = min(rect_y + rect_height, int(circle_y + circle_radius))
width = max(0, x2 - x1)
height = max(0, y2 - y1)
intersection area = width * height
# Fill the intersection area with an orange color
if intersection area > 0:
   intersection_mask = np.zeros_like(gray_image)
   cv2.drawContours(intersection mask, [rectangle contour, circle contour], -1, 255,
   orange_color = (0, 165, 255)
   image with intersection = cv2.addWeighted(image, 1, cv2.cvtColor(intersection mask
else:
   print("No intersection between the rectangle and the circle.")
   image with intersection = image.copy()
# Display the image with the filled intersection area
cv2.imshow("Image with Filled Intersection Area", image with intersection)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last)
error
c:\Deepankar\Placement-Prep\temp\HarshadBhai\HarshadBhai.ipynb Cell 36 in <cell line:</pre>
29>()
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/c%3A/Deepankar/Placement-Prep/temp/HarshadBhai/Ha</pre>
rshadBhai.ipynb#X46sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=26'>27</a> # Find the bounding rectangles for t
he rectangle and circle contours
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/c%3A/Deepankar/Placement-Prep/temp/HarshadBhai/Ha
rshadBhai.ipynb#X46sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=27'>28</a> rect_x, rect_y, rect_width, rect_hei
ght = cv2.boundingRect(rectangle_contour)
---> <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/c%3A/Deepankar/Placement-Prep/temp/HarshadBhai/Ha
rshadBhai.ipynb#X46sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=28'>29</a> circle_x, circle_y, circle_radius =
cv2.minEnclosingCircle(circle contour)
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/c%3A/Deepankar/Placement-Prep/temp/HarshadBhai/Ha
rshadBhai.ipynb#X46sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=29'>30</a> circle_radius = int(circle_radius)
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/c%3A/Deepankar/Placement-Prep/temp/HarshadBhai/Ha
rshadBhai.ipynb#X46sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=31'>32</a> # Calculate the area of intersection
between the two bounding rectangles
error: OpenCV(4.7.0) D:\a\opencv-python\opencv\modules\imgproc\src\shap
edescr.cpp:201: error: (-215:Assertion failed) count >= 0 && (depth == CV 32F | dept
```

h == CV_32S) in function 'cv::minEnclosingCircle'