

 $Summary: \ \ This \ document \ contains \ the \ subject \ for \ Module \ 06 \ of \ the \ C++ \ modules.$ 

Version: 5

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## Chapter I

### General rules

For the C++ modules you will use and learn C++98 only. The goal is for you to learn the basic of an object oriented programming language. We know modern C++ is way different in a lot of aspects so if you want to become a proficient C++, developer you will need modern standard C++ later on. This will be the starting point of your C++ journey it's up to you to go further after the 42 Common Core!

- Any function implemented in a header (except in the case of templates), and any unprotected header means 0 to the exercise.
- Every output goes to the standard output and will be ended by a newline, unless specified otherwise.
- The imposed filenames must be followed to the letter, as well as class names, function names, and method names.
- Remember: You are coding in C++ now, not in C anymore. Therefore:
  - The following functions are FORBIDDEN, and their use will be punished by a 0, no questions asked: \*alloc, \*printf and free.
  - You are allowed to use everything in the standard library. HOWEVER, it would be smart to try and use the C++-ish versions of the functions you are used to in C, instead of just keeping to what you know, this is a new language after all. And NO, you are not allowed to use the STL until you are supposed to (that is, until module 08). That means no vectors/lists/maps/etc... or anything that requires an include <algorithm> until then.
- Actually, the use of any explicitly forbidden function or mechanic will be punished by a 0, no questions asked.
- Also note that unless otherwise stated, the C++ keywords "using namespace" and "friend" are forbidden. Their use will be punished by a -42, no questions asked.
- Files associated with a class will always be ClassName.hpp and ClassName.cpp, unless specified otherwise.
- Turn-in directories are ex00/, ex01/, ..., exn/.

C++ - Module 06 C++ Casts

• You must read the examples thoroughly. They can contain requirements that are not obvious in the exercise's description.

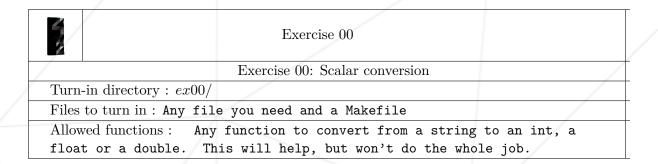
- Since you are allowed to use the C++ tools you learned about since the beginning, you are not allowed to use any external library. And before you ask, that also means no C++11 and derivatives, nor Boost or anything else.
- You may be required to turn in an important number of classes. This can seem tedious unless you're able to script your favorite text editor.
- Read each exercise FULLY before starting it! Do it.
- The compiler to use is c++.
- Your code has to be compiled with the following flags: -Wall -Wextra -Werror.
- Each of your includes must be able to be included independently from others. Includes must contain every other includes they are depending on.
- In case you're wondering, no coding style is enforced during in C++. You can use any style you like, no restrictions. But remember that a code your peer-evaluator can't read is a code they can't grade.
- Important stuff now: You will NOT be graded by a program, unless explicitly stated in the subject. Therefore, you are afforded a certain amount of freedom in how you choose to do the exercises. However, be mindful of the constraints of each exercise, and DO NOT be lazy, you would miss a LOT of what they have to offer
- It's not a problem to have some extraneous files in what you turn in, you may choose to separate your code in more files than what's asked of you. Feel free, as long as the result is not graded by a program.
- Even if the subject of an exercise is short, it's worth spending some time on it to be sure you understand what's expected of you, and that you did it in the best possible way.
- By Odin, by Thor! Use your brain!!!

# Chapter II Bonus rules

• For each exercise, any cast situation is solved by a specific cast. The evaluation will check if your choice corresponds to the expected cast.

## Chapter III

## Exercise 00: Scalar conversion



Write a program that takes a string representation of a C++ literal value (in its most common form) as a parameter. This literal must belong to one of the following a scalar types: char, int, float or double. Only the decimal notation will be used.

Examples of char literal values: 'c', 'a'... To simplify, please note that: non displayable characters can't be passed as a parameter to your program, and if a conversion to char is not displayable, output a notification instead.

Examples of int literal values: 0, -42, 42...

Examples of float literal values: 0.0f, -4.2f, 4.2f... You will also accept these pseudo literals as well, you know, for science: -inff, +inff and nanf.

Examples of double literal values: 0.0, -4.2, 4.2... You will also accept these pseudo literals as well, you know, for fun: -inf, +inf and nan.

Your program must detect the literal's type, acquire that literal in the right type (so it's not a string anymore), then convert it **explicitly** to each of the three other types and display the results using the same formatting as below. If a conversion does not make sense or overflows, display that the conversion is impossible. You can include any header you need to handle numeric limits and special values.

#### Examples:

./convert 0
char: Non displayable
int: 0
float: 0.0f
double: 0.0
./convert nan
char: impossible
int: impossible
float: nanf
double: nan
./convert 42.0f
char: '\*'
int: 42
float: 42.0f
double: 42.0

# Chapter IV

## Exercise 01: Serialization

Exercise 01	
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Turn-in directory : $ex01/$	
Files to turn in : Any file you need and a Makefile	
Allowed functions : None	

Write a function "uintptr\_t serialize(Data\* ptr);". This function will return the parameter in an integer type.

Write a function "Data\* deserialize(uintptr\_t raw); ". This function will return the raw data you created using "serialize" to a Data structure.

Wrap these two functions in a program that proves that everything works as intended. You must create a valid data structure.

Take a Data address use serialize on it.

Send the return value in deserialize.

Check if the return value is equal to the first pointer.

Do not forget to include the Data structure you used.

## Chapter V

## Exercise 02: Identify real type

	Exercise 02	
/	Exercise 02: Identify real type	
Turn-in directory : $ex02/$		/
Files to turn in : Any fil	/	
Allowed functions : None	/	

Create a class Base that only possesses a public virtual destructor. Create three empty classes A, B and C that publicly inherit from Base.

Write a function "Base \* generate(void);" that randomly instanciates A, B or C and returns the instance as a Base pointer. Feel free to use anything you like for the randomness.

Write a function "void identify(Base\* p); " that displays "A", "B" or "C" according to the real type of p.

Write a function "void identify(Base& p);" You should never use a pointer inside this function. that displays "A", "B" or "C" according to the real type of p.

Wrap these functions in a program that proves that everything works as intended. <typeinfo> is forbidden.