

Installed summary

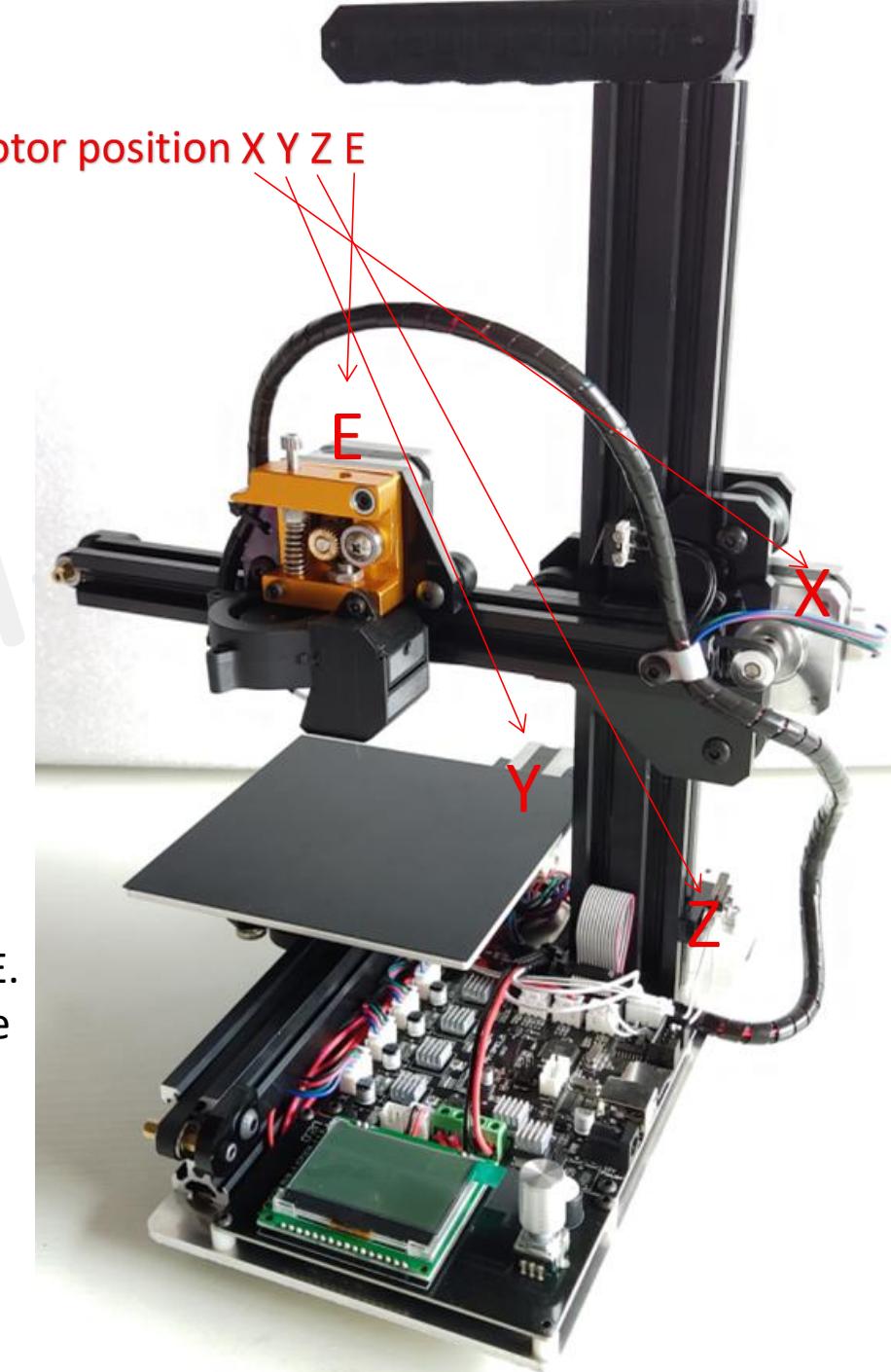
When assembling, look at the drawing carefully, pay more attention to the description and the place marked on the drawing, pay attention to the length and type of the screw mark, look at the place with text, and be sure to follow the order.

(It is recommended that the computer check, not recommended to print out, not only waste paper but also can not see clearly)

Introduce structure coordinates

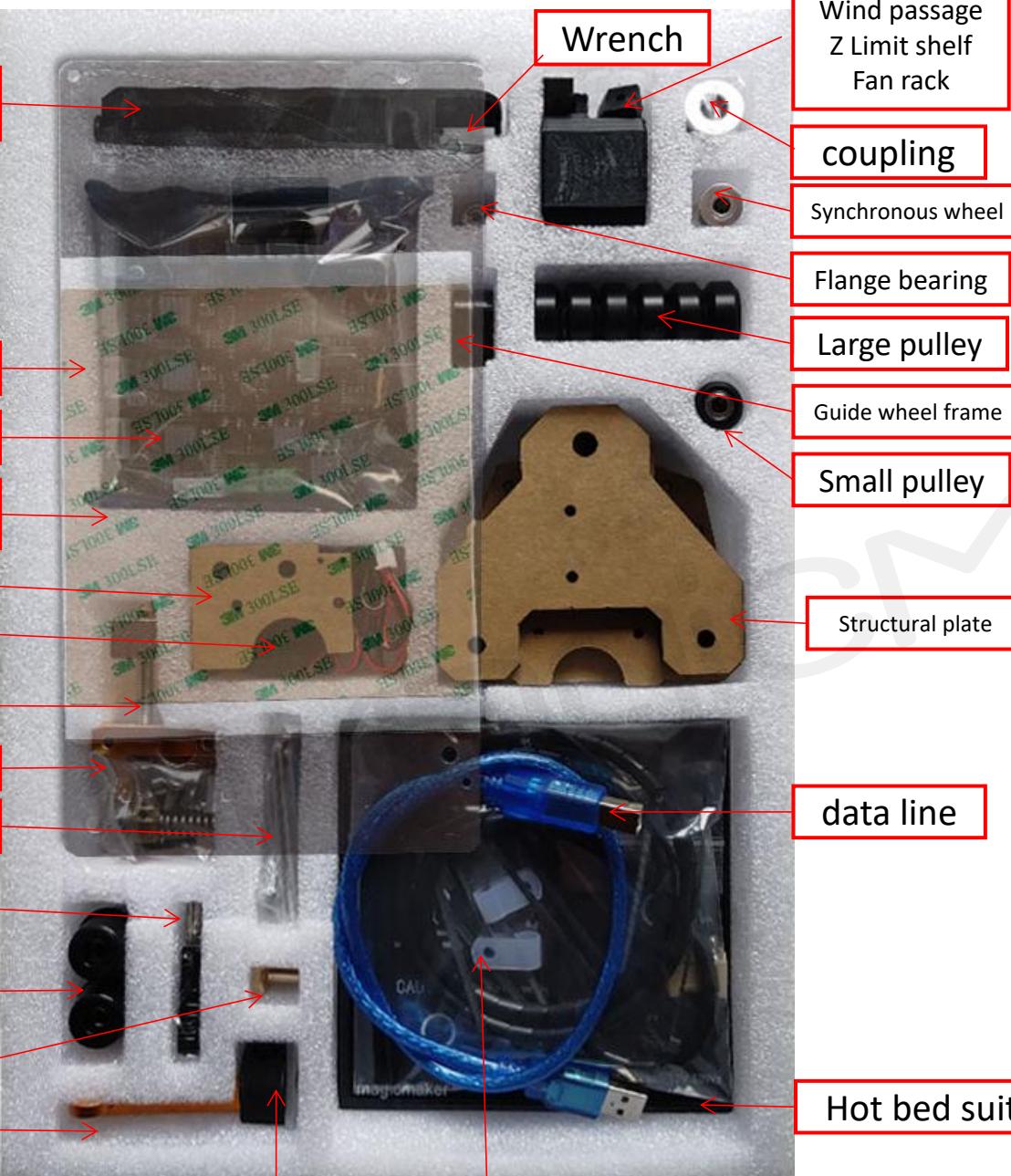
It's the x-axis that moves left and right, The platform for forward and backward motion is the Y-axis, It's the Z-axis that moves up and down, Extrusion motor is E. The zero point of the x-axis is on the right (maximum point), The zero point of the y-axis is behind, The zero point of the Z axis is below, There is no zero point on the e-axis. Clockwise rotation is positive.

Motor position X Y Z E



There is no need to count, Direct assembly. If you can't find any accessories, you can come back and have a look

Material shelf



Wind passage
Z Limit shelf
Fan rack

Screw rod

Motor wire

Power Supply

Screw

Structural floor

a main board

High temperature
twin adhesive

Y Motor frame

Fan

Nozzle assembly

Extrusion accessories

inner hexagon spanner

TF card
card reader

rubber feet

Screw rod nut

Extrusion arm



Aluminum profile

display screen +Flat Cable

Screw identification

Not all the screws have been given too much. Pay attention to collecting them and don't lose them

There are not many species, which can be distinguished according to size and length, and can be measured with a ruler



Basic framework

There may be some traces on the back of the aluminum plate, which does not affect the use

Look at the position in the figure, use a 5 * 10 round head to put on the bottom, and put on the M5 square nut



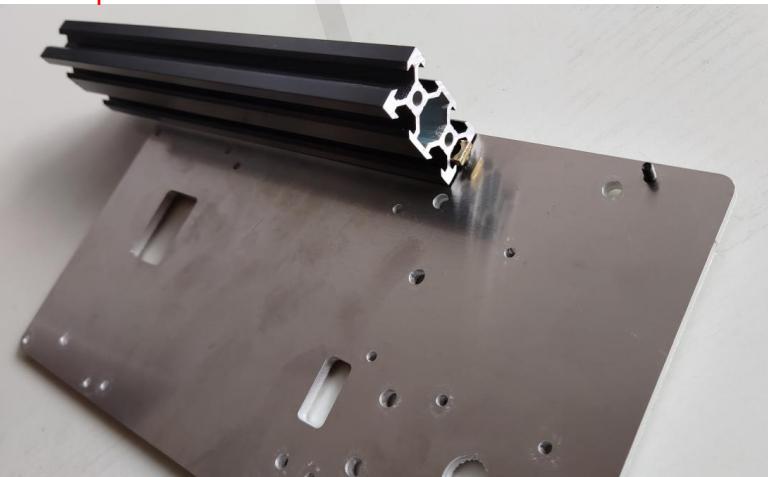
Screw 3 * 10 cup head into the marked position from the bottom



Hold the M3 screw against the profile, align the edge of the profile with the edge of the aluminum plate, and then tighten the 5 * 10 round head at the bottom to fix it



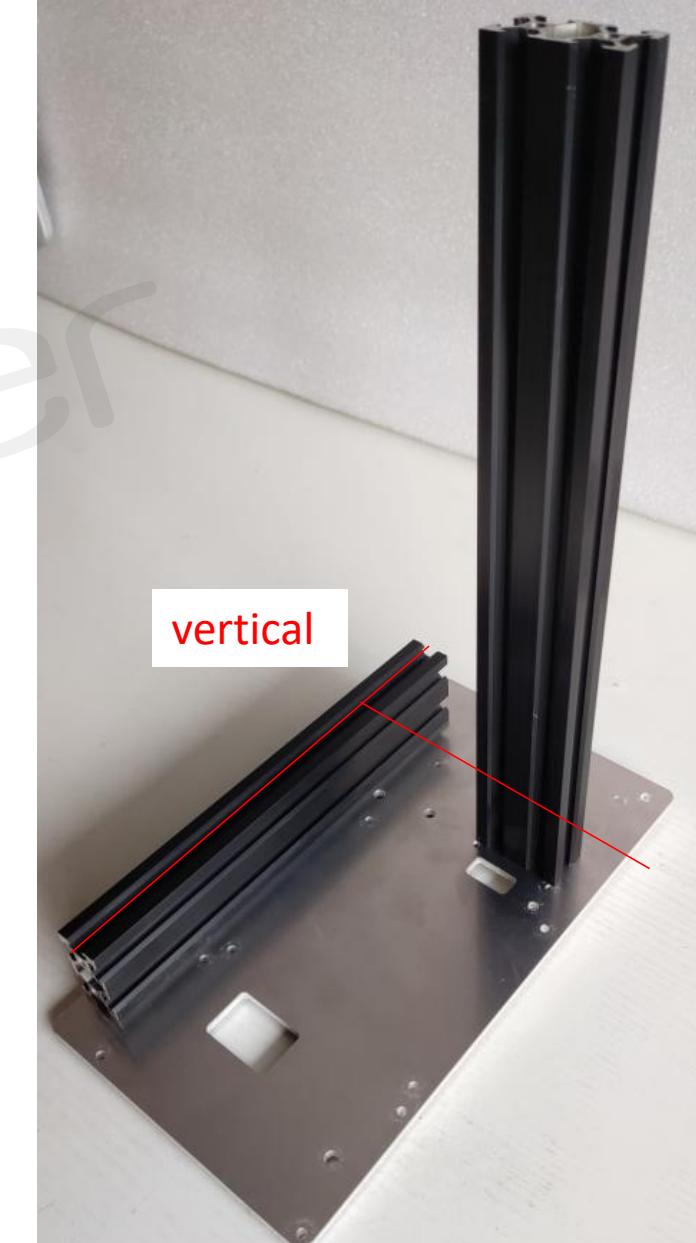
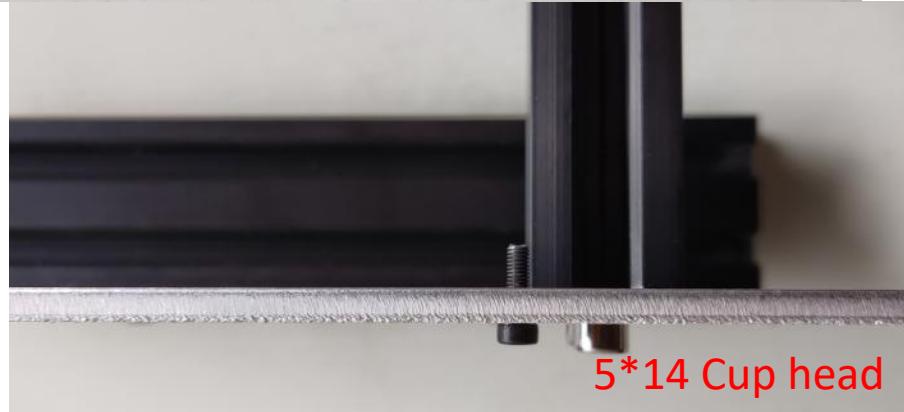
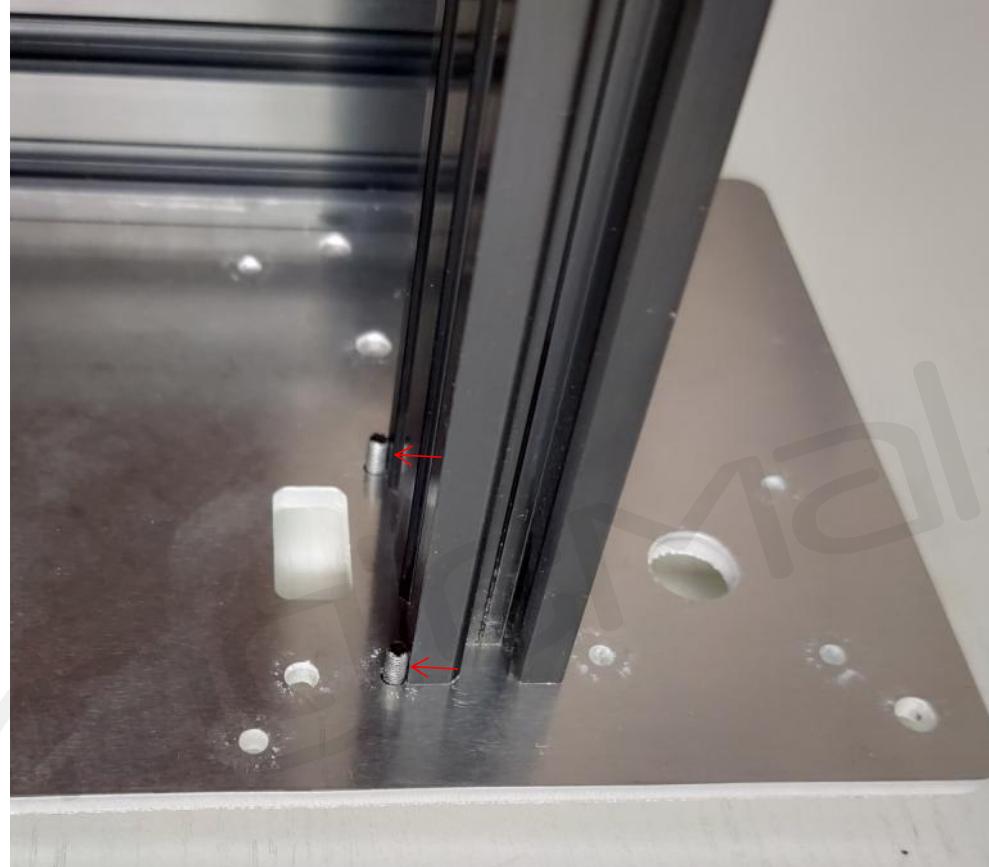
The shortest Aluminum profile slides into the nut



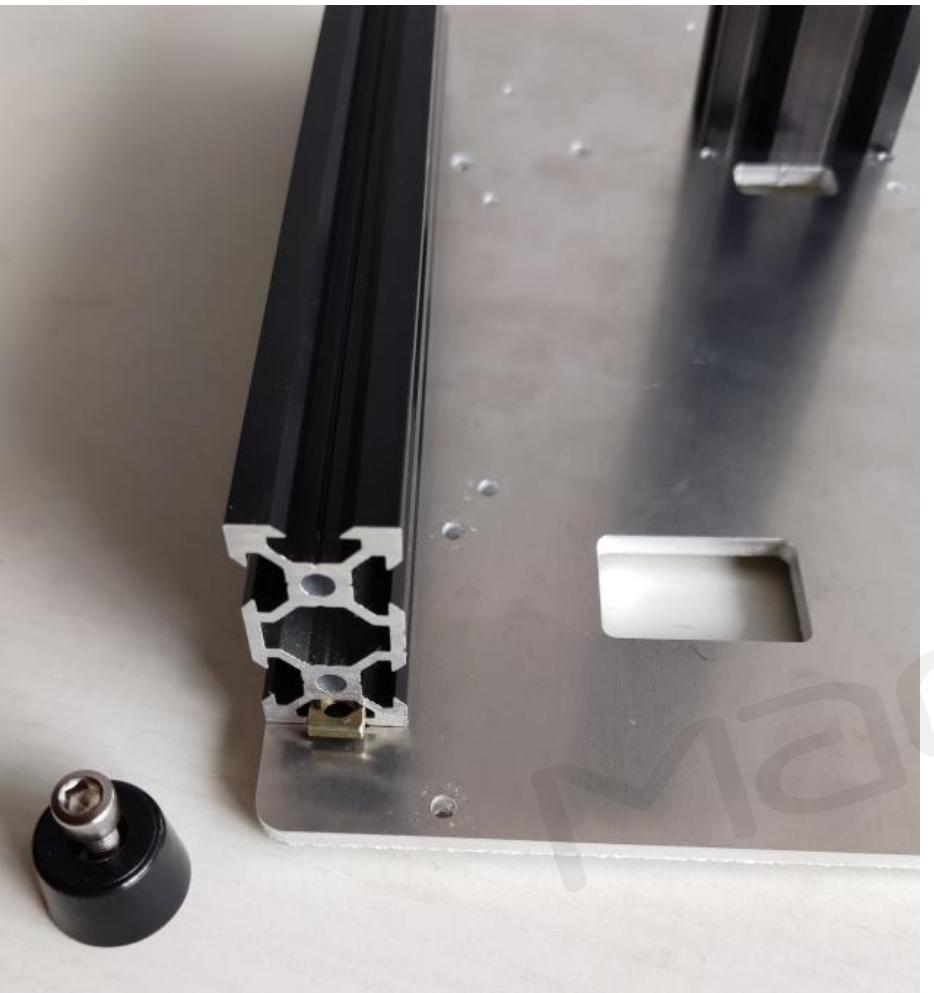
Take out the 3 * 10 cup head on the previous page,
The position in the picture is from screw in 2 3 * 10 Cup heads



Place the longest profile, screw 5 * 14 cup head into the back of the bottom plate to fix, and the back edge against the M3 screw previously screwed in, Then tighten the 5 * 14 cup head on the back



foot mat

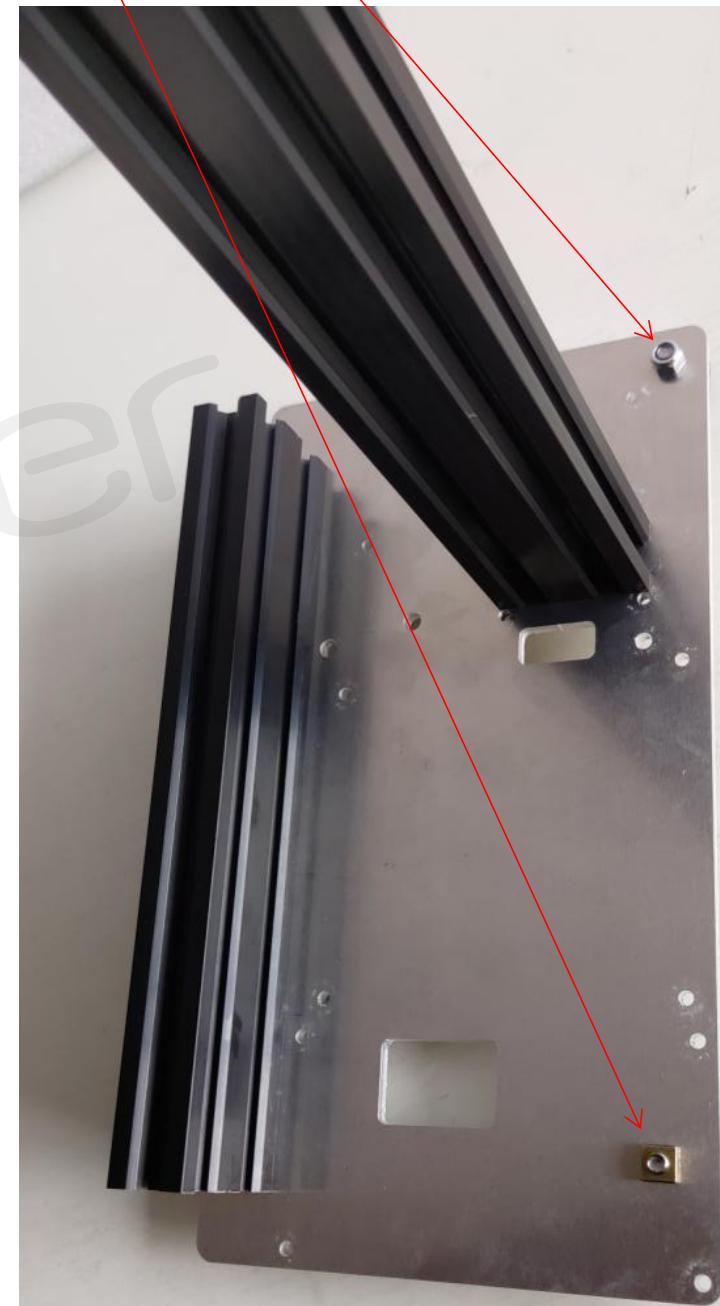


Insert M5 square nut into profile, Push to the corresponding position of the floor hole, Then screw the 5 * 14 cup head through the rubber foot and screw in the nut to fix it
The back foot does the same thing

Fix the 4 feet according to the position in the picture

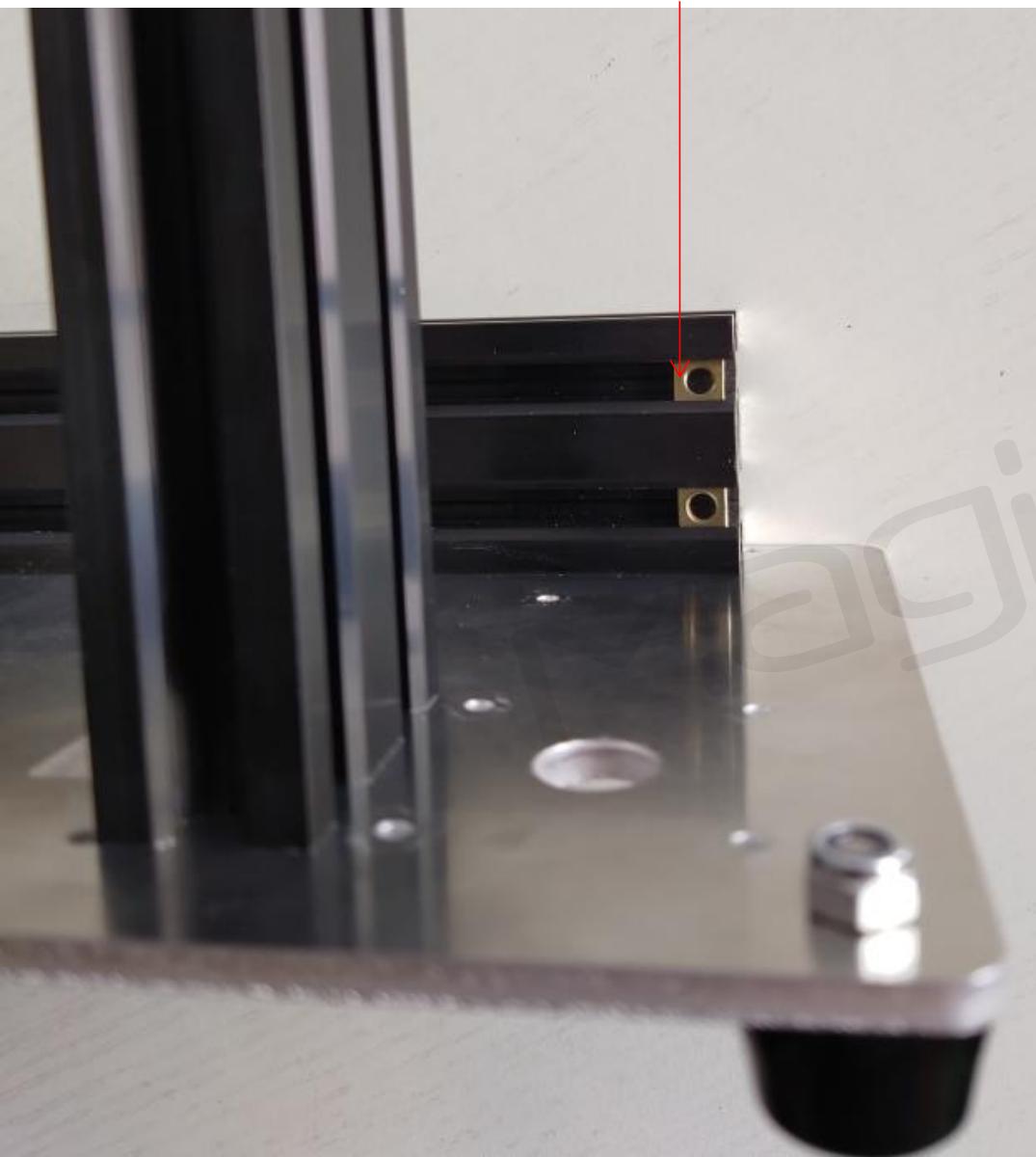


M5 square nut is used for the right front, and M5 lock nut is used for the right rear

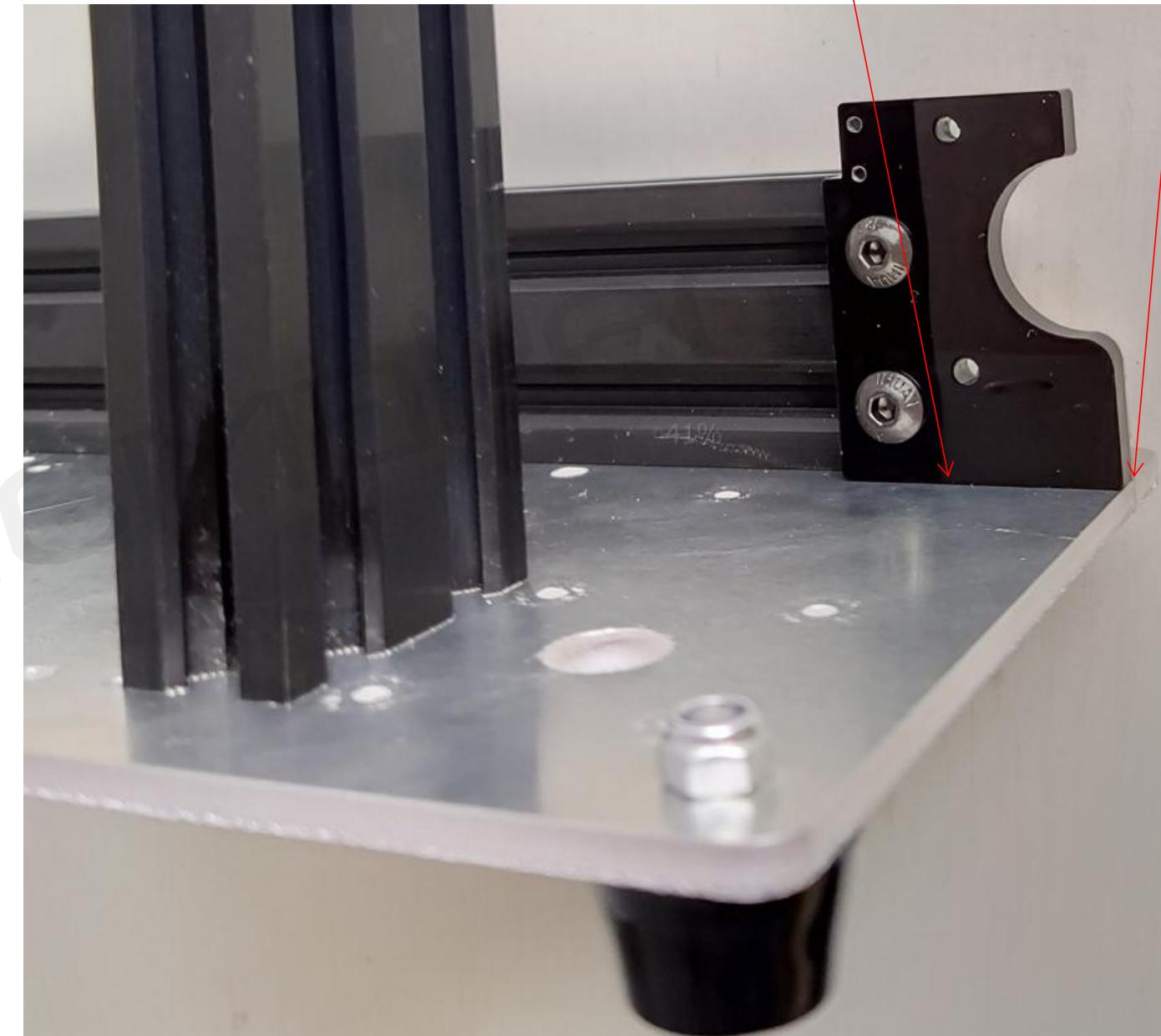


Y motor frame

Insert 2 M5 square nuts into the rear of aluminum profile



5 * 10 round head fixed



Bottom tight, Edge alignment

Z motor

Screw out two diagonal screws on one motor



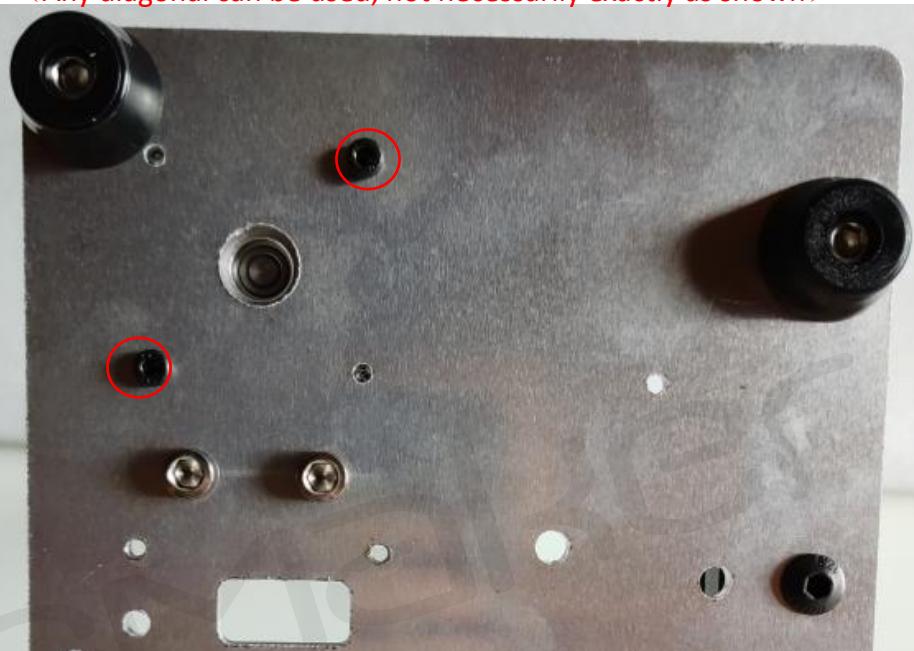
The motor direction
is shown in the figure



Pay attention to the direction of the plug

Insert two 3 * 30 cup heads into the bottom for fixation

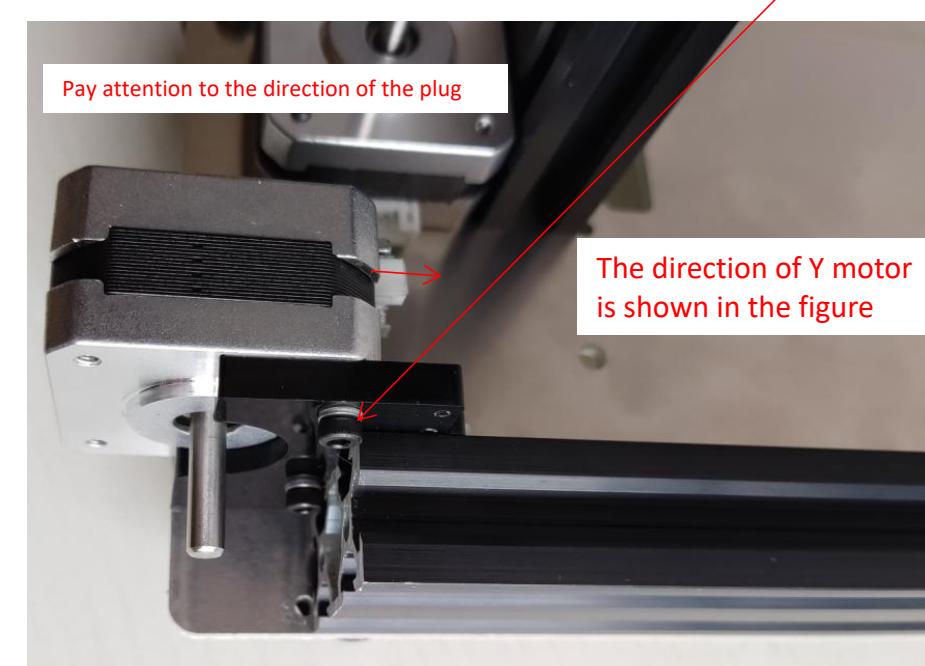
(Any diagonal can be used, not necessarily exactly as shown)



3*10 Cup head,
Wear 2 gaskets

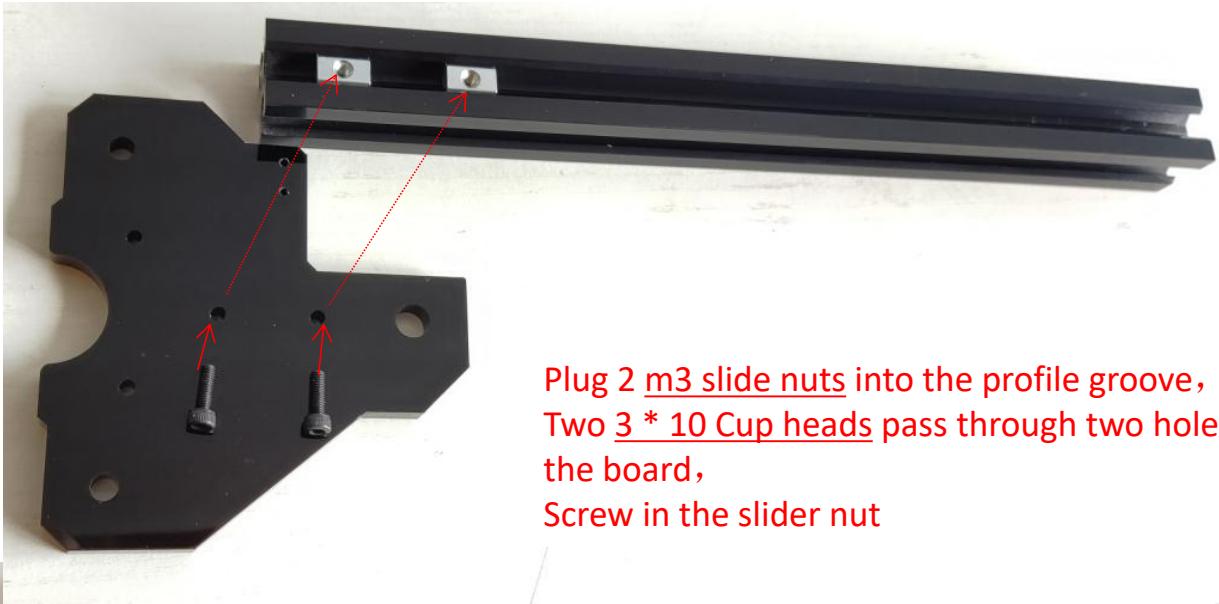


Pay attention to the direction of the plug

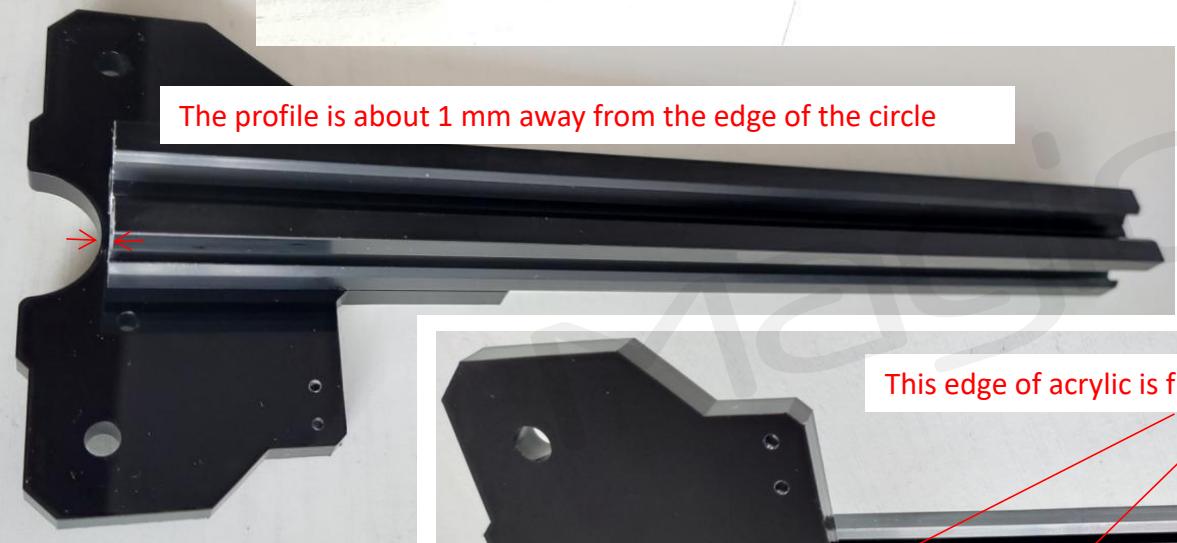


The direction of Y motor
is shown in the figure

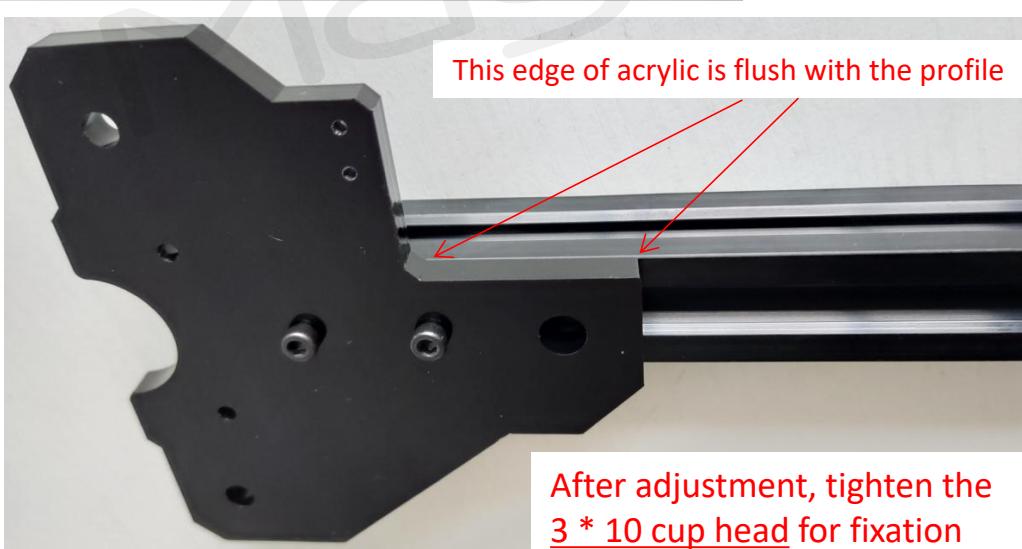
X axis



Plug 2 m3 slide nuts into the profile groove,
Two 3 * 10 Cup heads pass through two holes in
the board,
Screw in the slider nut

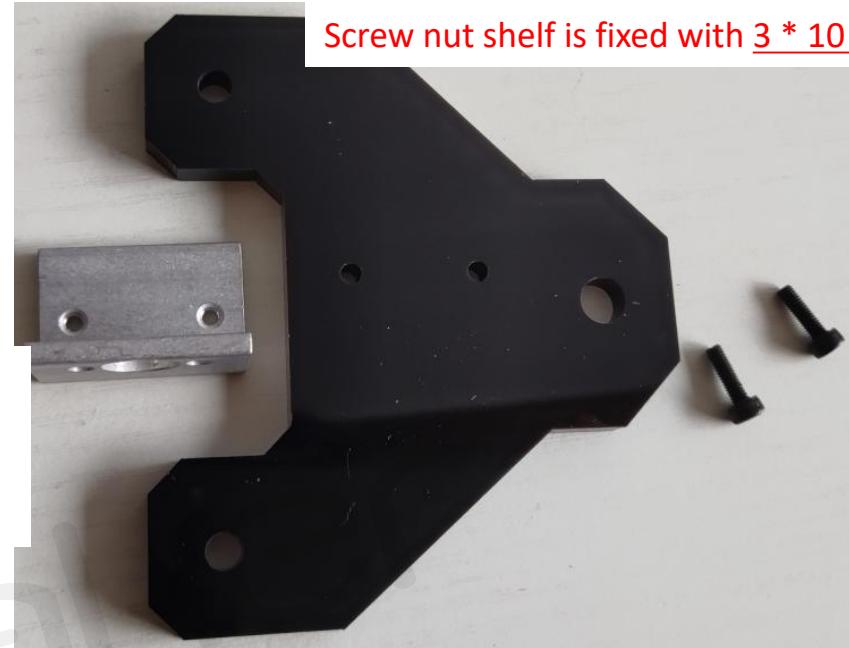


The profile is about 1 mm away from the edge of the circle



This edge of acrylic is flush with the profile

After adjustment, tighten the
3 * 10 cup head for fixation



Screw nut shelf is fixed with 3 * 10 cup head

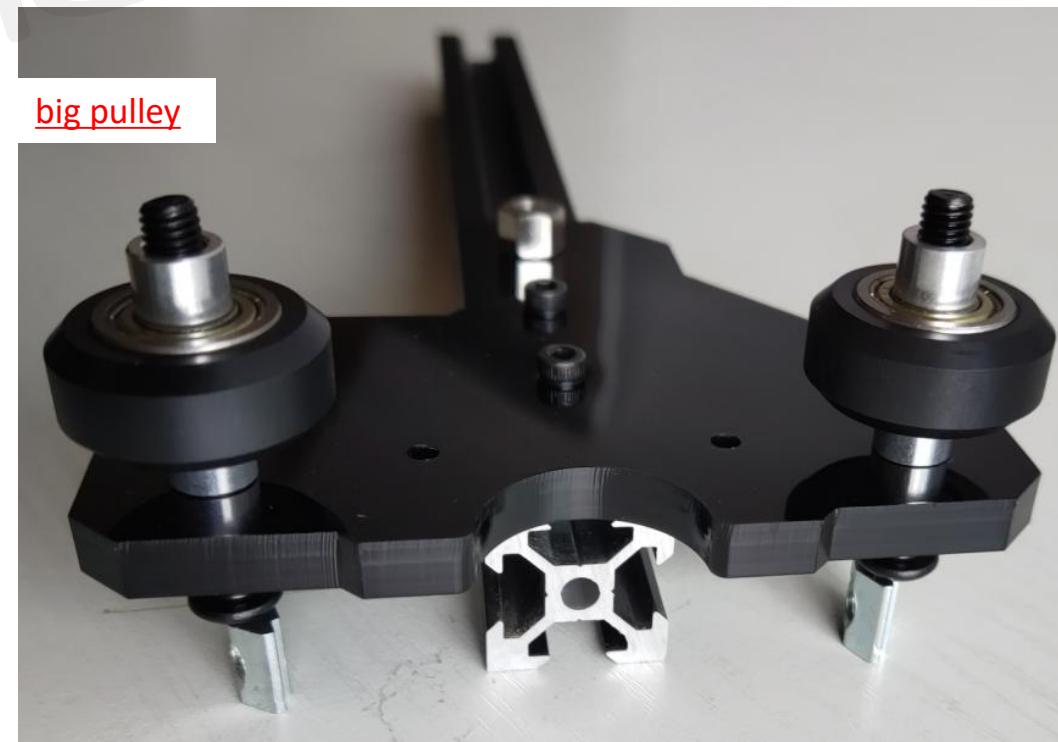
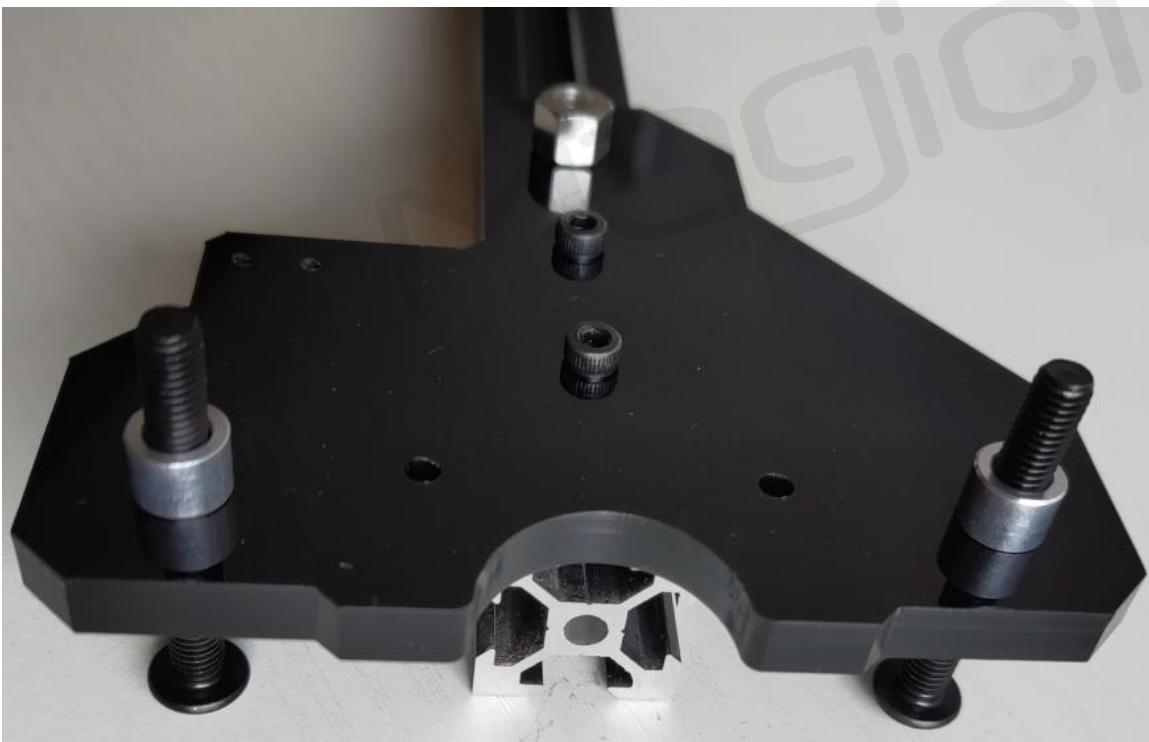
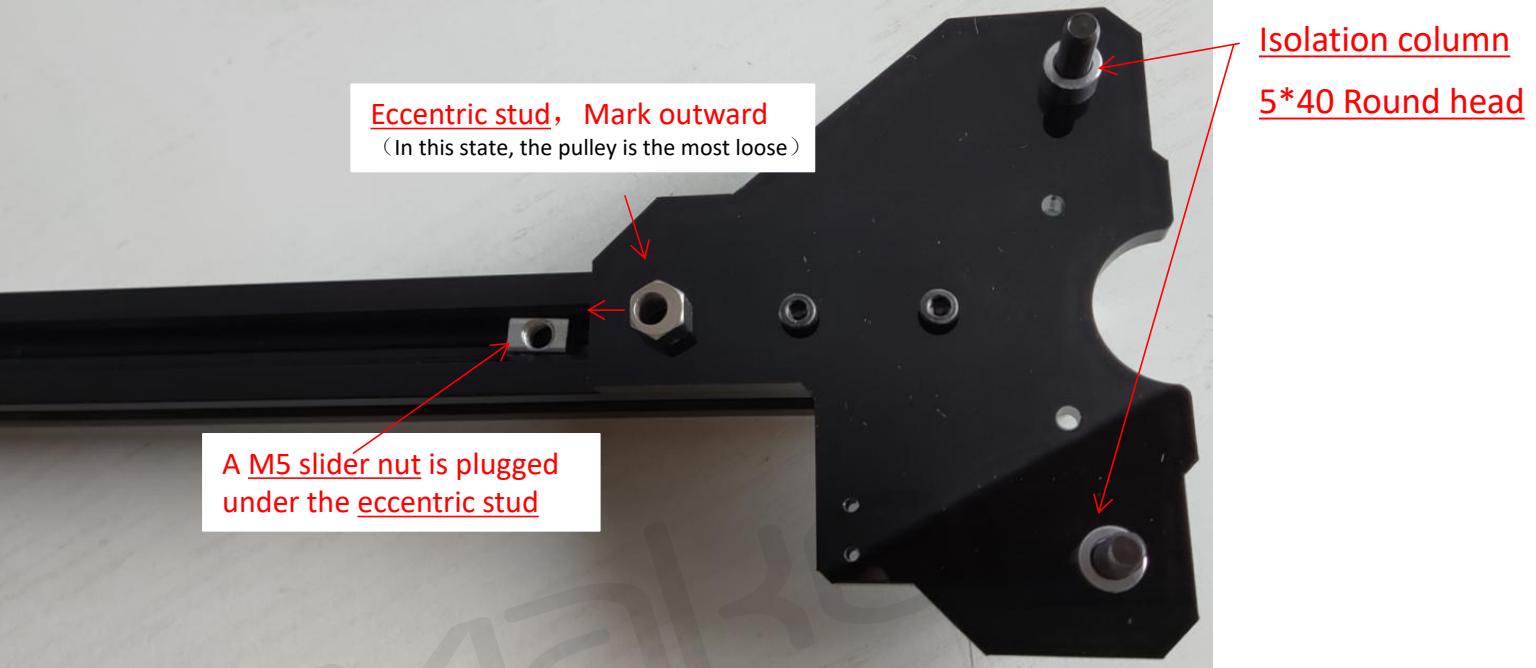
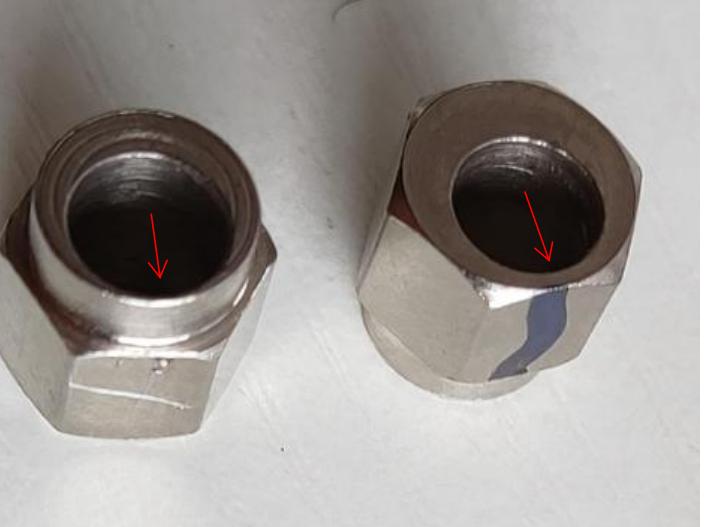


Acrylic direction is
shown in the figure

Screw in the screws
from the back



Prepare 2 Eccentric stud first,
Make a mark on the nearest side of the circle
You can use a marker,, Or with a knife, If you can see it clearly

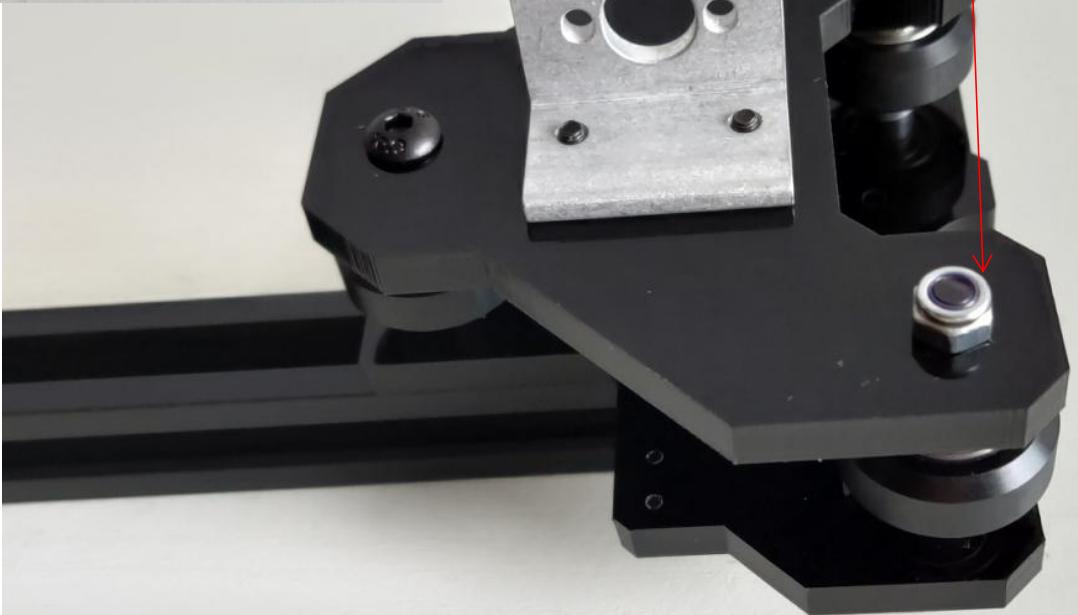


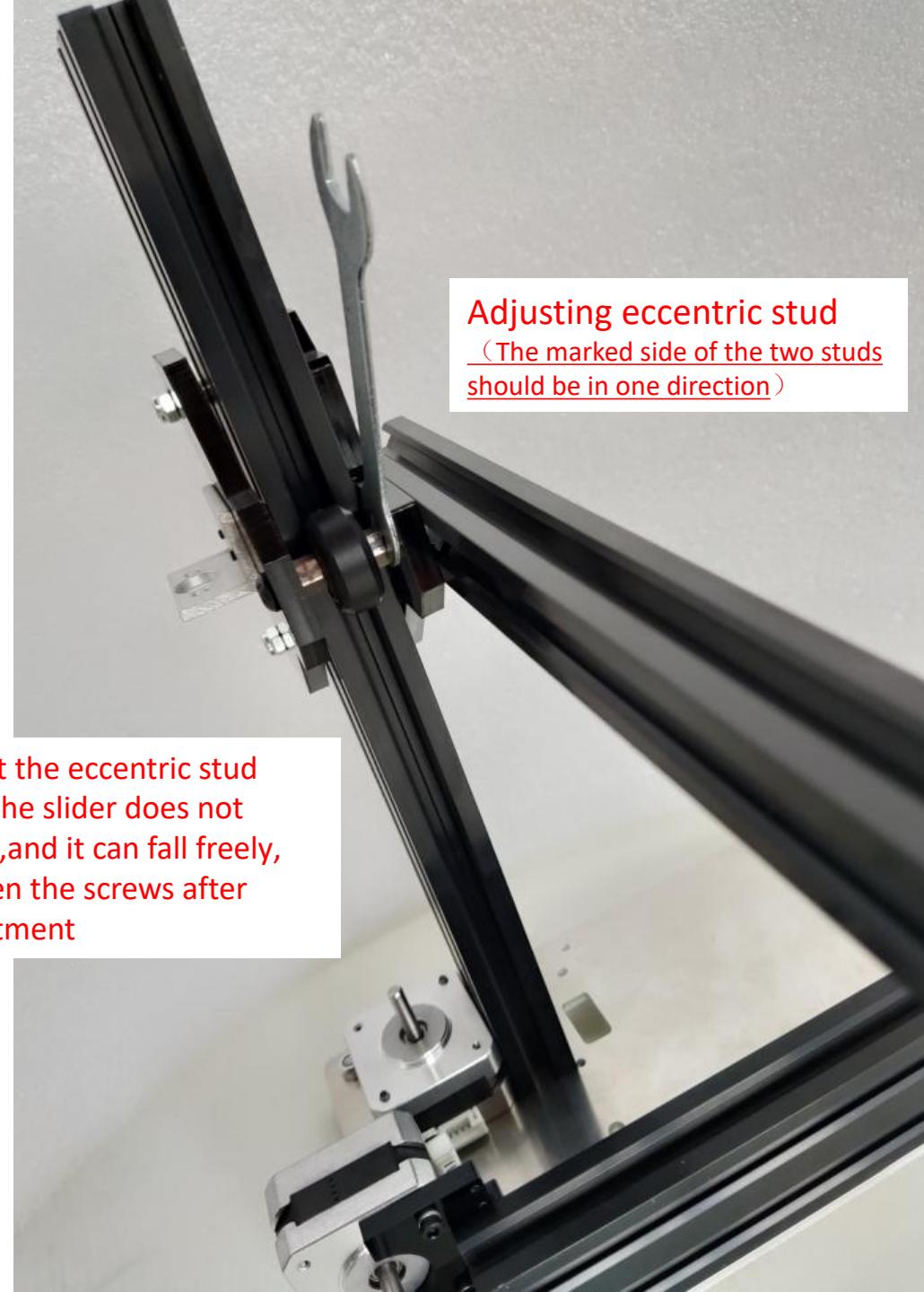
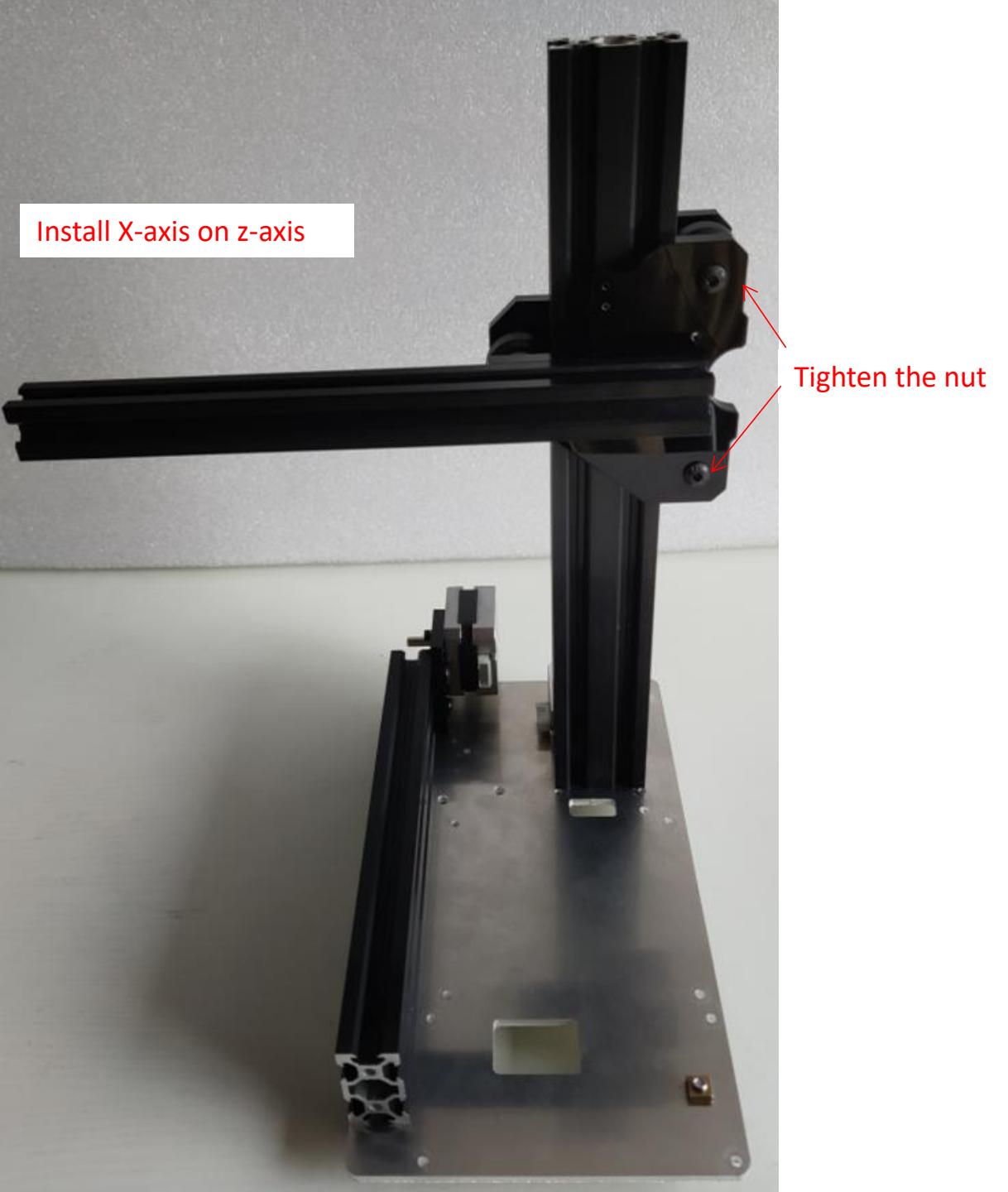


Through the back,
5*40 Round head

Don't tighten the nuts yet

m5 Lock nut

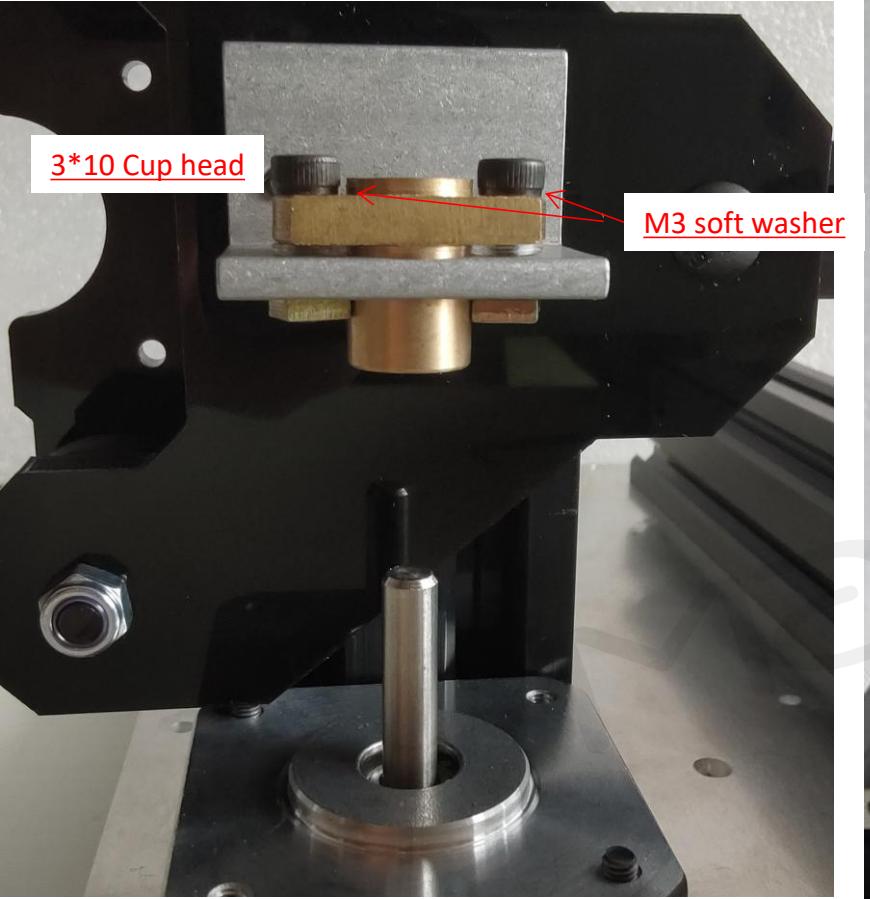




Screw rod

(At this stage, please be serious,
Will affect the printing effect.)

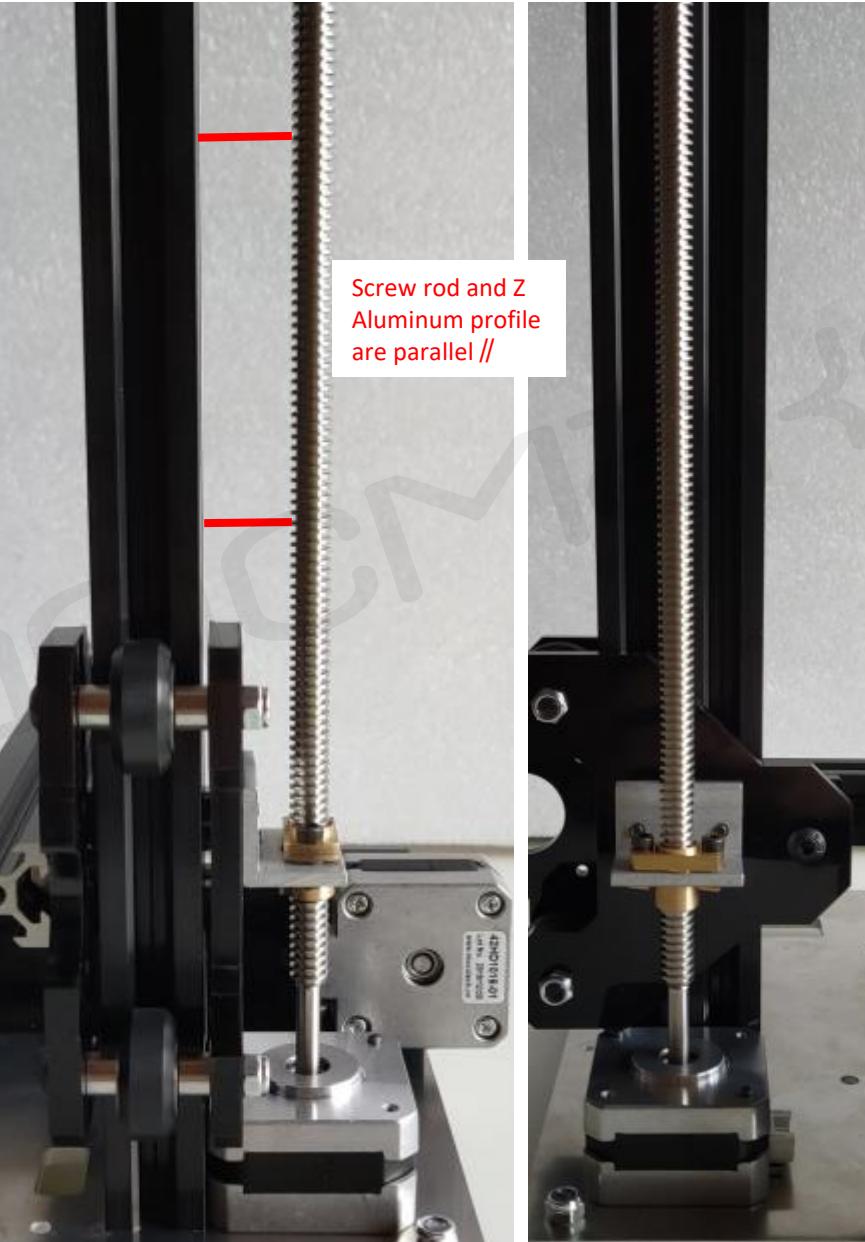
A M3 soft washer is placed between the screw rod nut and the shelf, Install m3 nut below, do not tighten it first



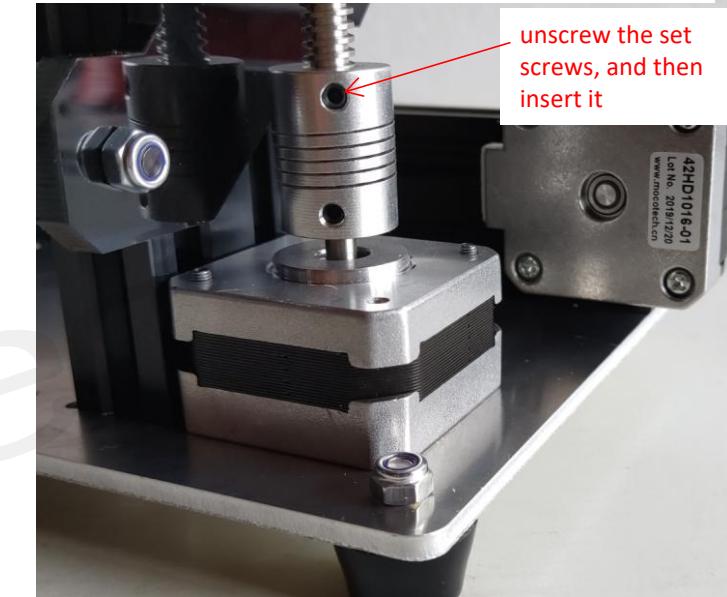
(The soft washers be stacked together, pull open)

If u have lube,
can lubricating the screw rod

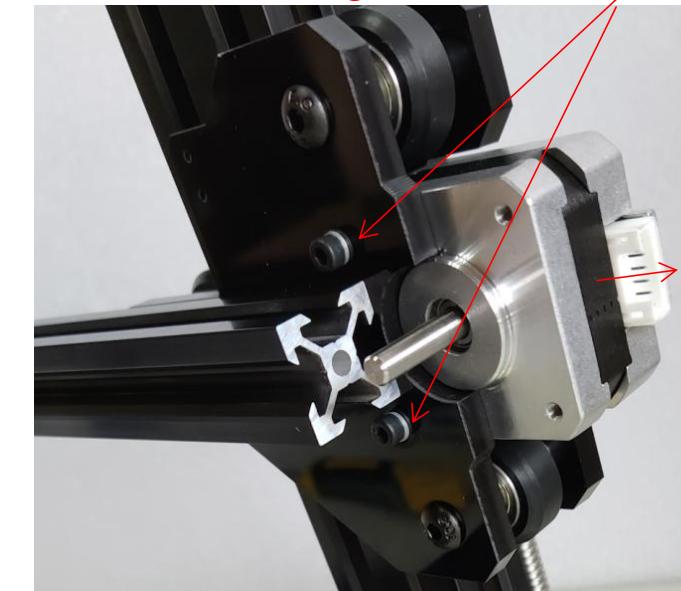
Adjust the screw rod until it is vertical to align the motor shaft below, and then tighten the screw to fix the screw rod nut., (in order not to affect the function of the soft washer, do not tighten it hard, only need the nut will not be loose)



The coupling is installed between the screw rod and the motor joint, Screw and motor shaft close, do not leave gap



X Motor, 3*10 Cup head, each screw needs to install two gasket.



Guide wheel seat

3*25 Cup head, Screw on the copper pillar



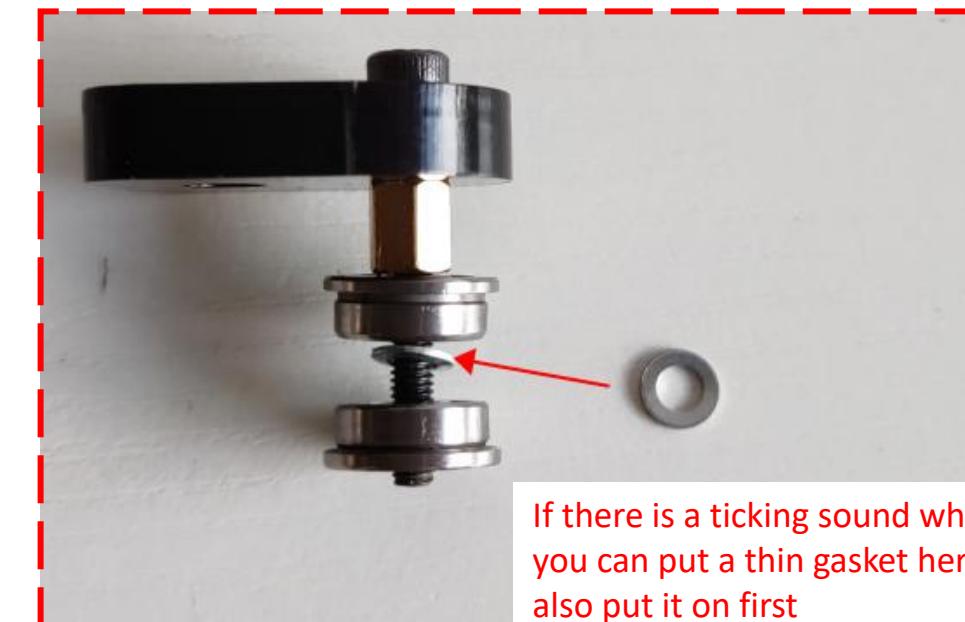
As the picture, install 2 flange bearings,
Screw on the copper pillar to fix



5*10 round head screwed on the slider nut, not tightened



There are two sets like this

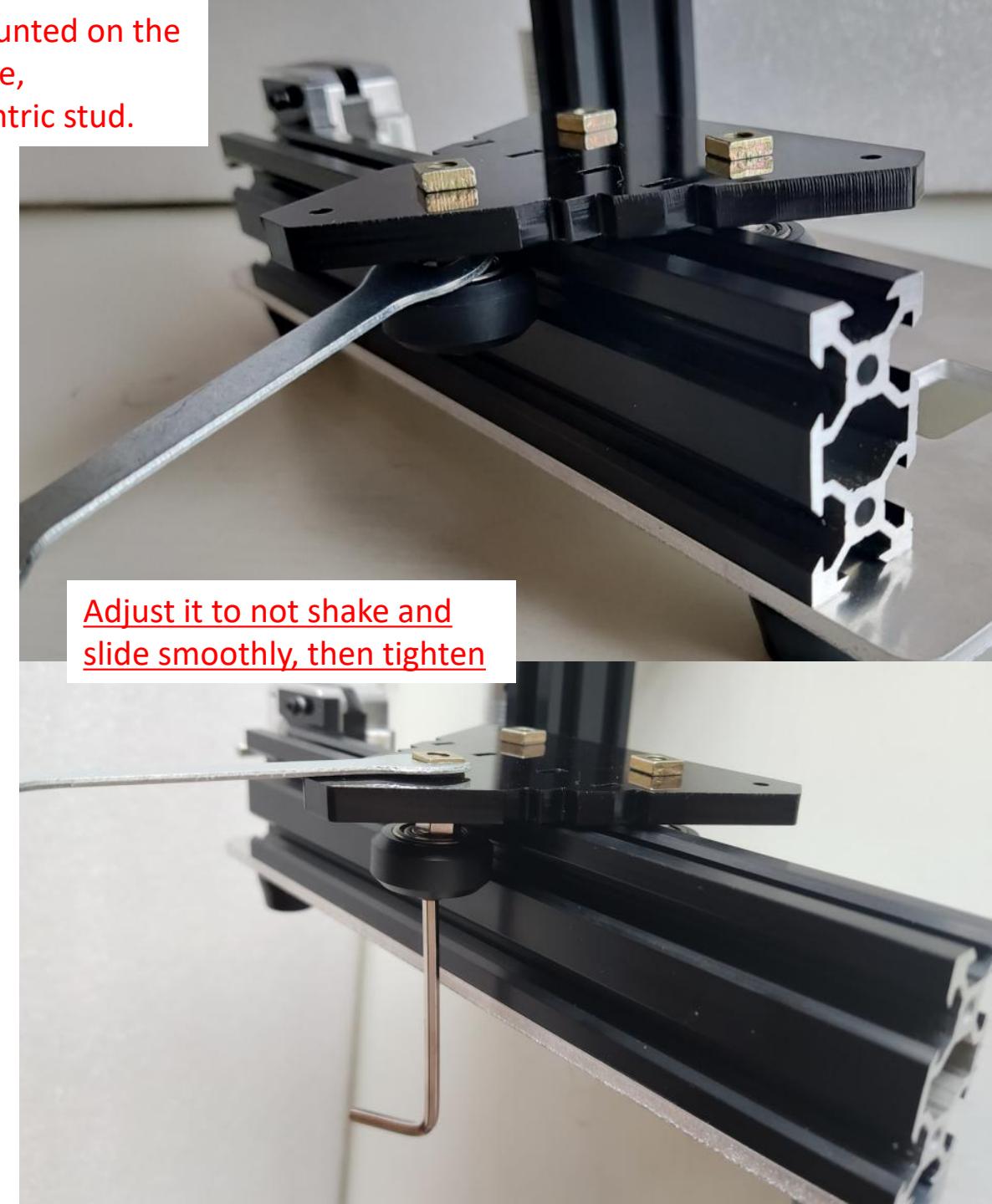


If there is a ticking sound when printing,
you can put a thin gasket here, or you can
also put it on first

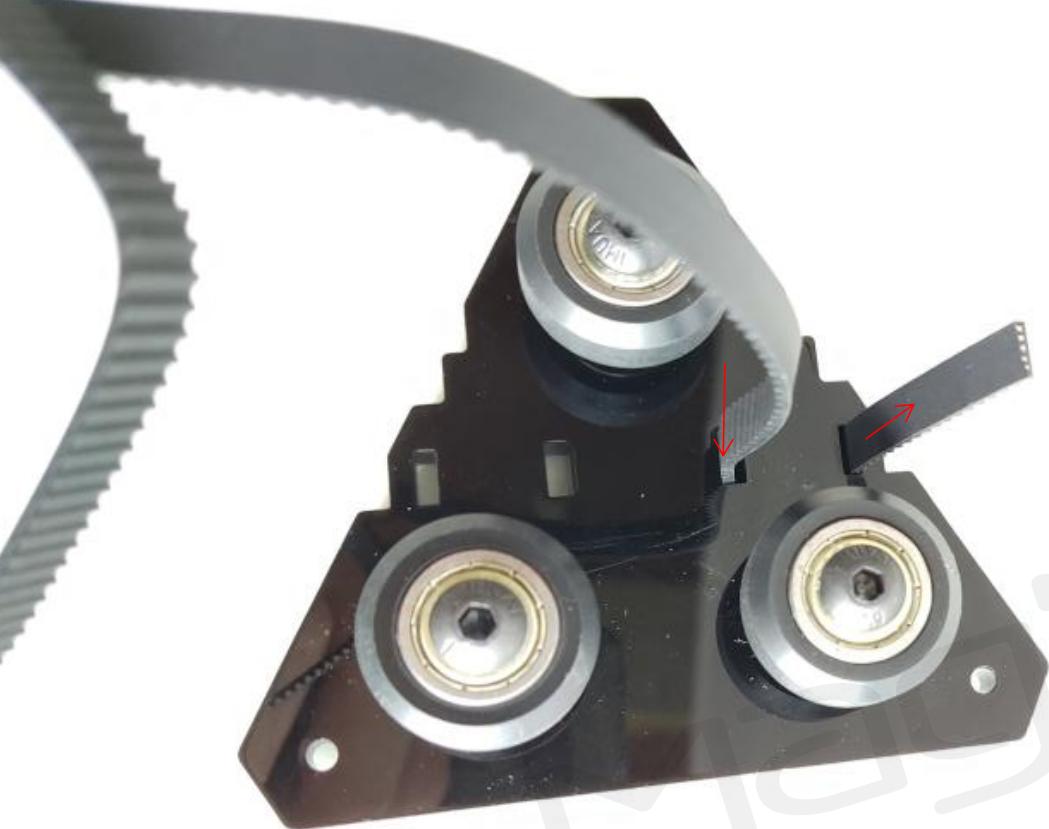
Y slider



The slider is mounted on the
aluminum profile,
Adjust the eccentric stud.



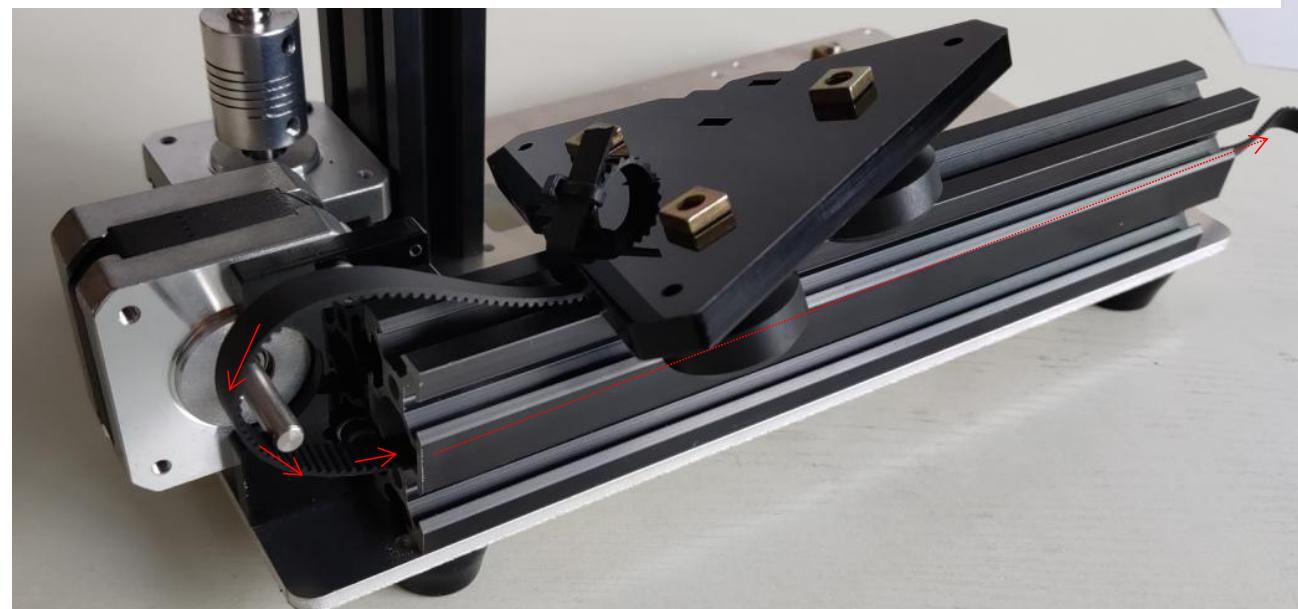
As shown through, The belt passes through the slider



As shown , bundle the belt with a cable tie to fix it



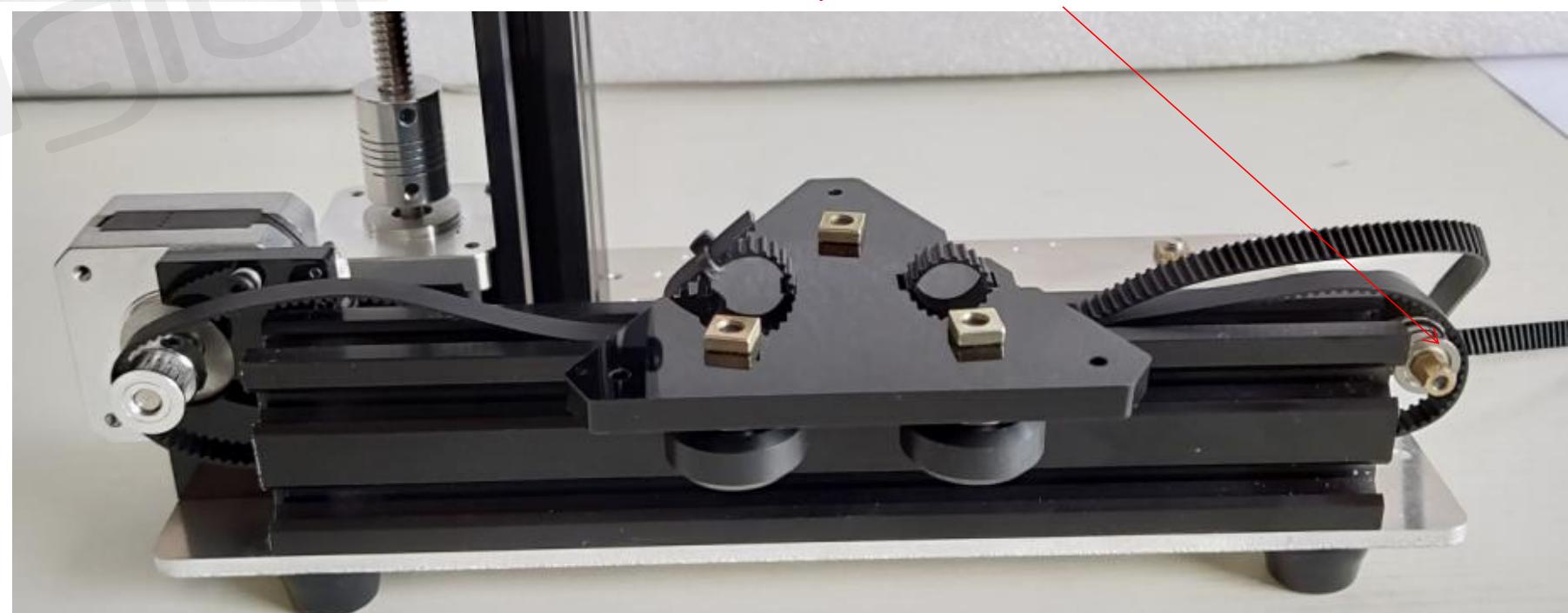
The belt goes through the hole in the Aluminum profile of the profile



The other side passes through the acrylic plate as before

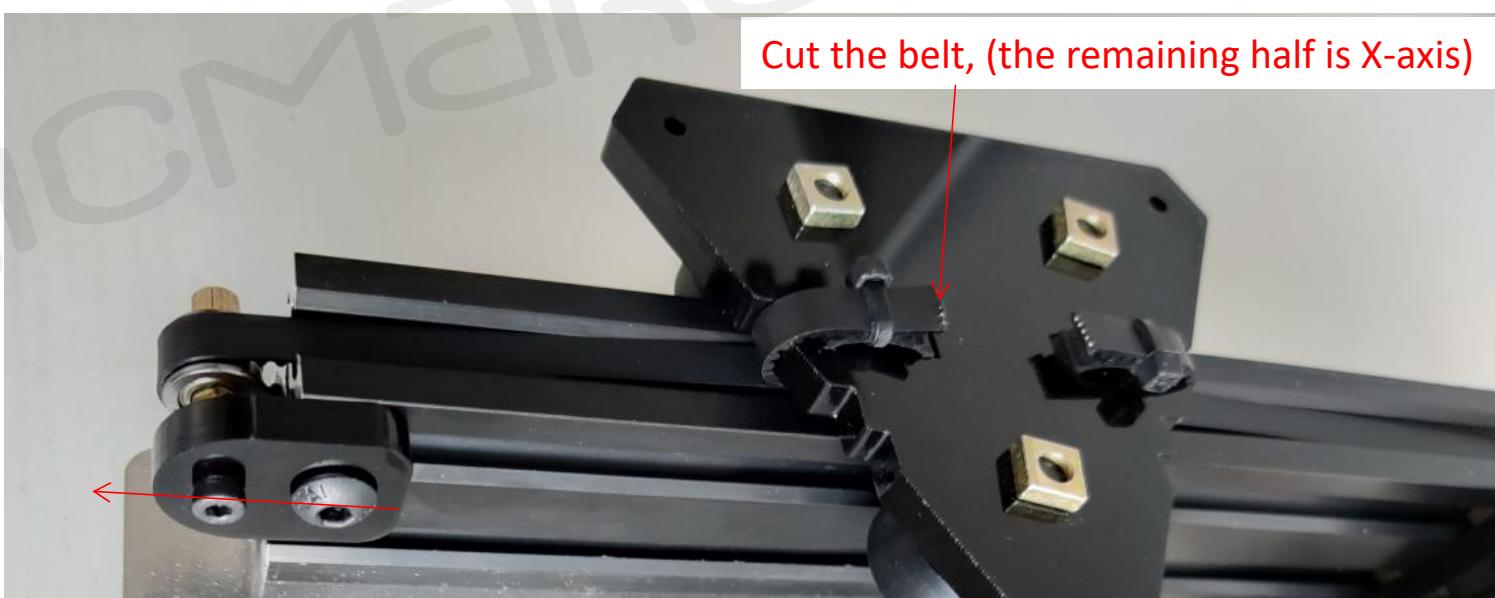
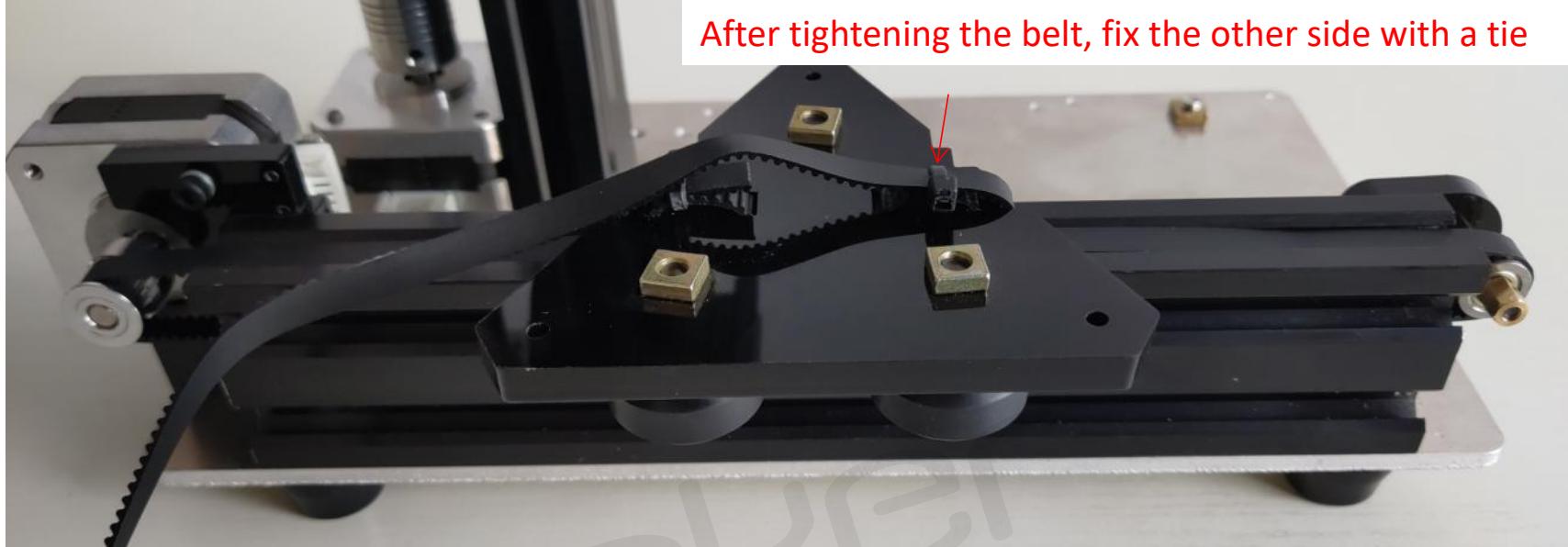
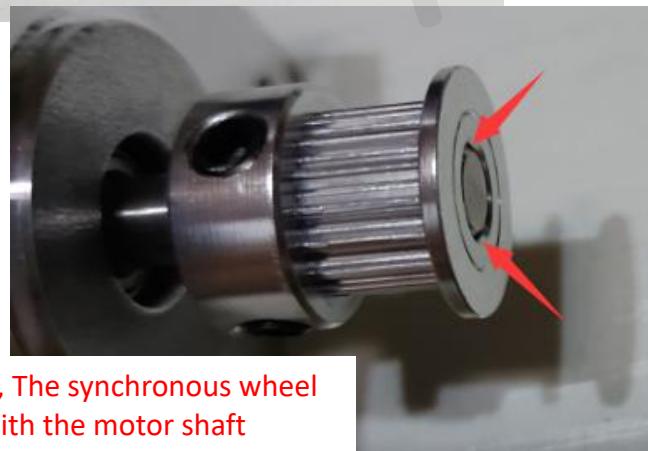
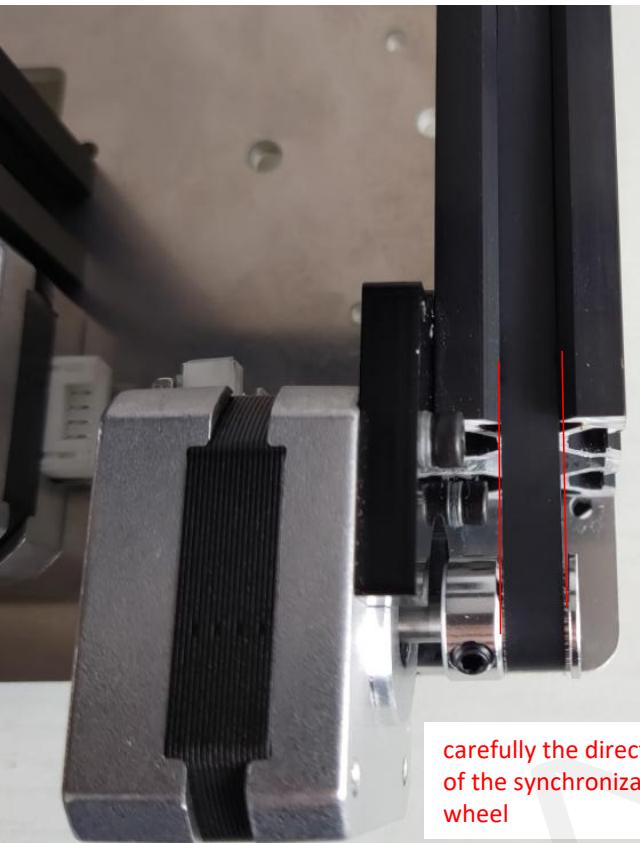


Slider slides into Aluminum profile



The guide wheel seat is fixed against the profile (no need to tighten it)

Install the synchronous wheel on the motor,The groove of the synchronous wheel is aligned with the groove of the aluminum profile, then the synchronous wheel is fixed.

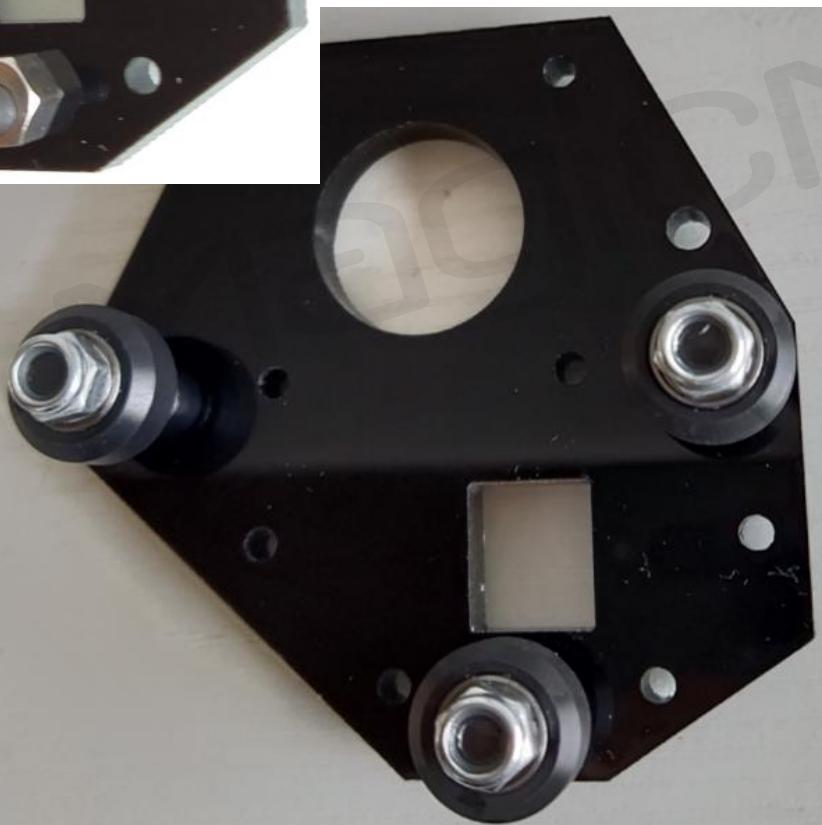


Loosen the guide wheel seat, Move outward to tighten the belt, and then fix it

X slider



Install the small pulley,
Screw on M5 Lock nut

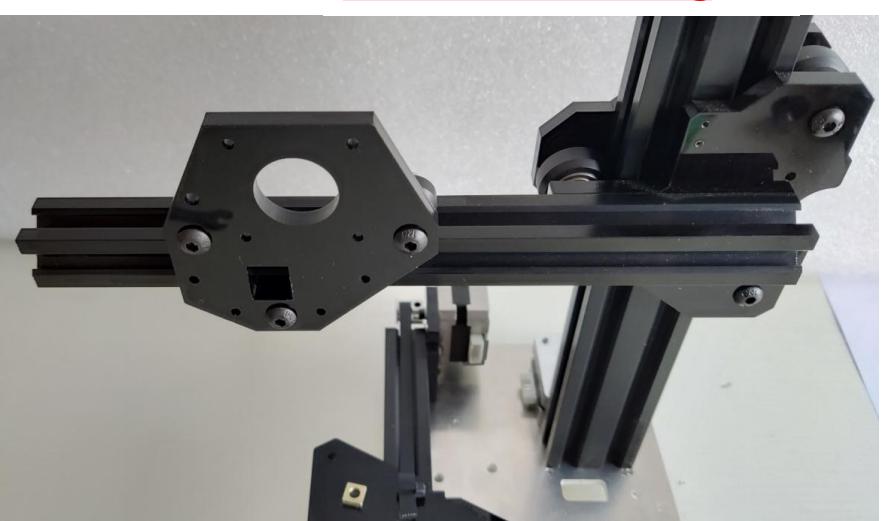


The bearing of the small pulley is relatively fragile and does not need to be tightened too tightly

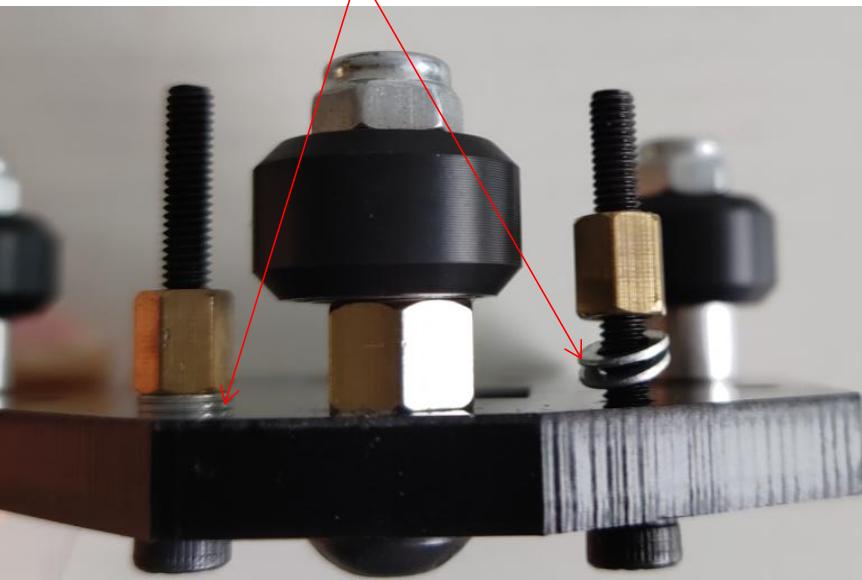
The slider is mounted on the aluminum profile,
then adjust the eccentric stud.



Adjust to no shaking
and smooth sliding



3*25 Cup head, Plug 2,gaskets and screw on the copper column



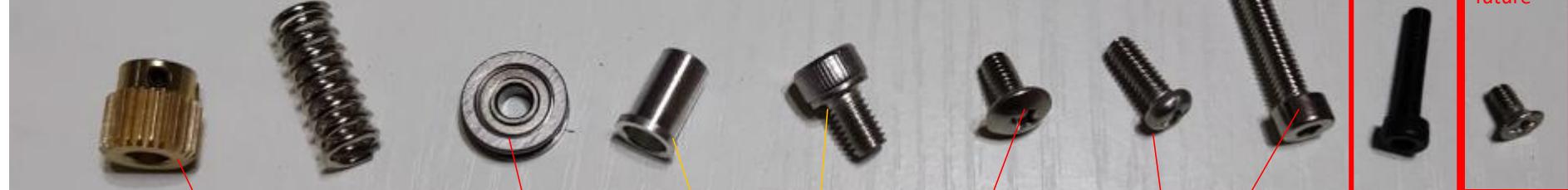
Screw the 3*10 cup head to fix the fan rack



Put in the M3 square nut



Accessories for extruders



useless

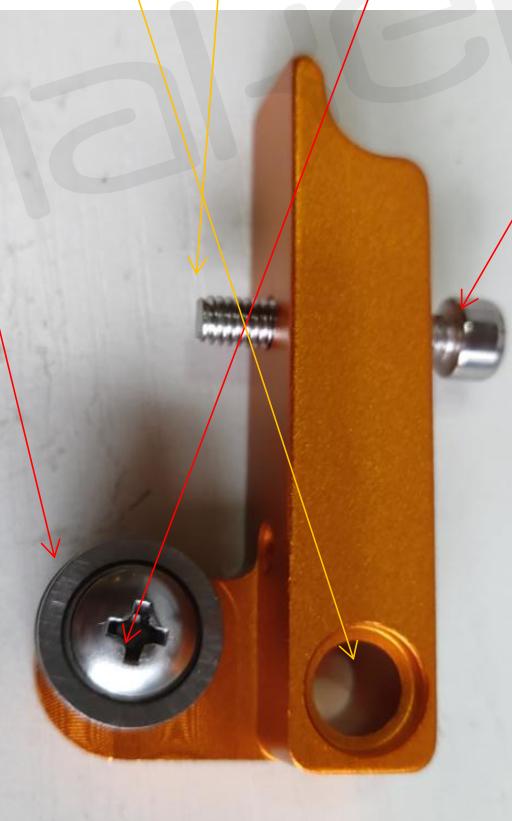
It's useful
in the
future

Use a knife to cut off the fan at least 1mm, be sure to cut.

Be careful not to drop the wires



Tighten the screws

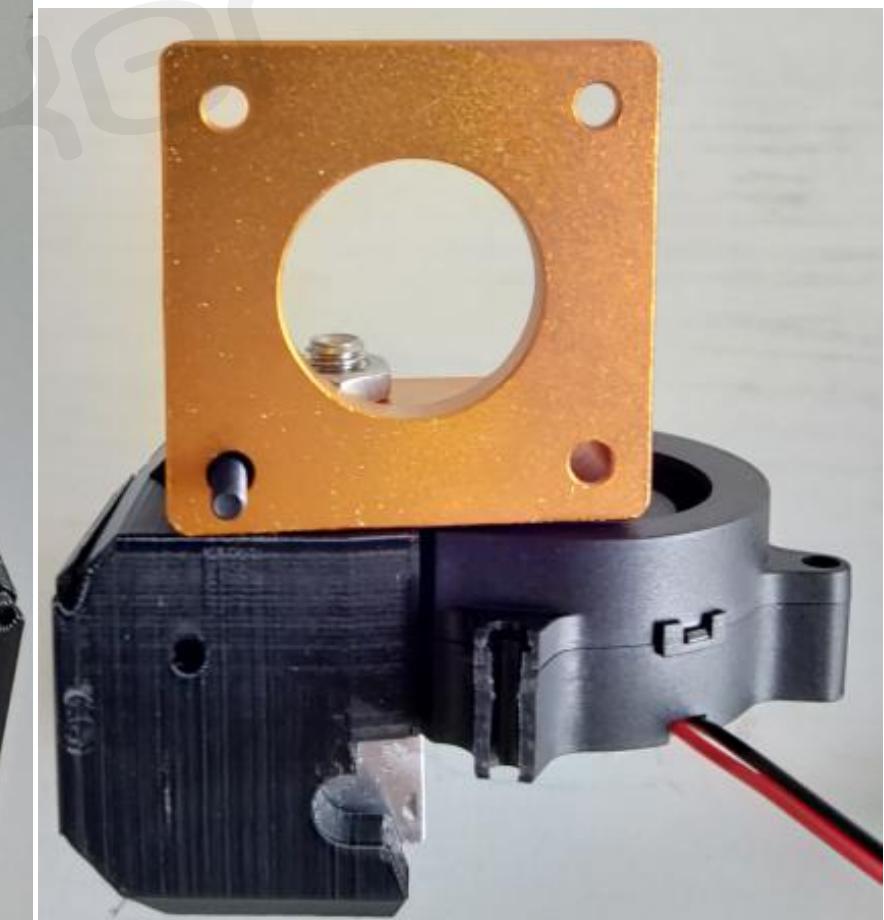
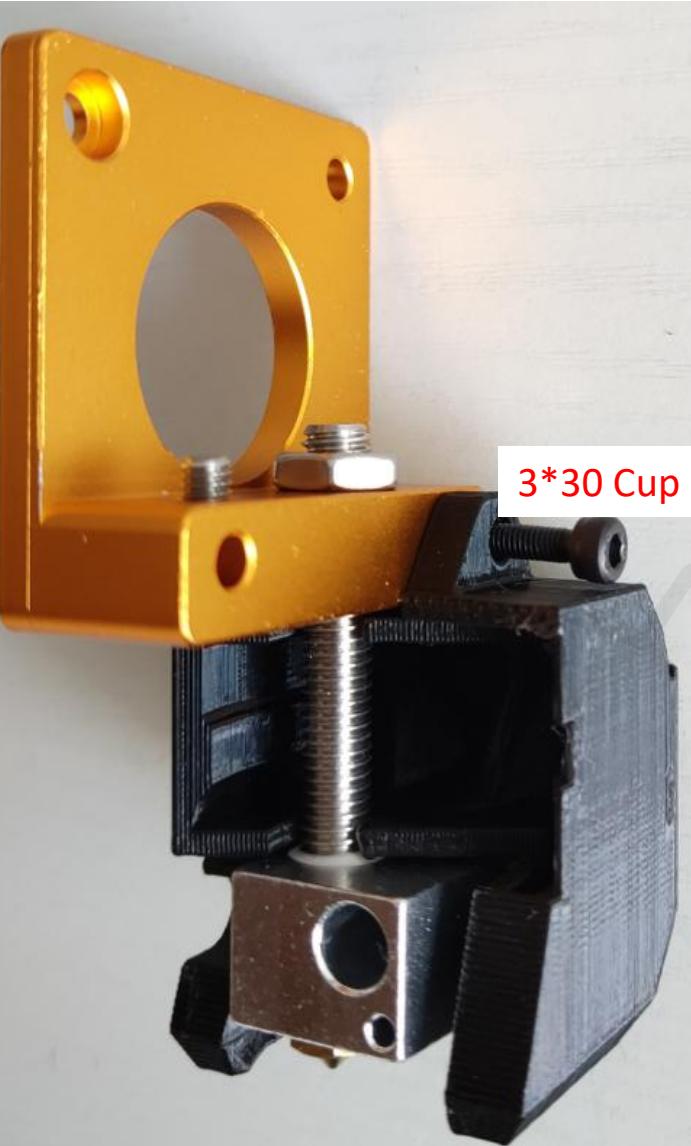


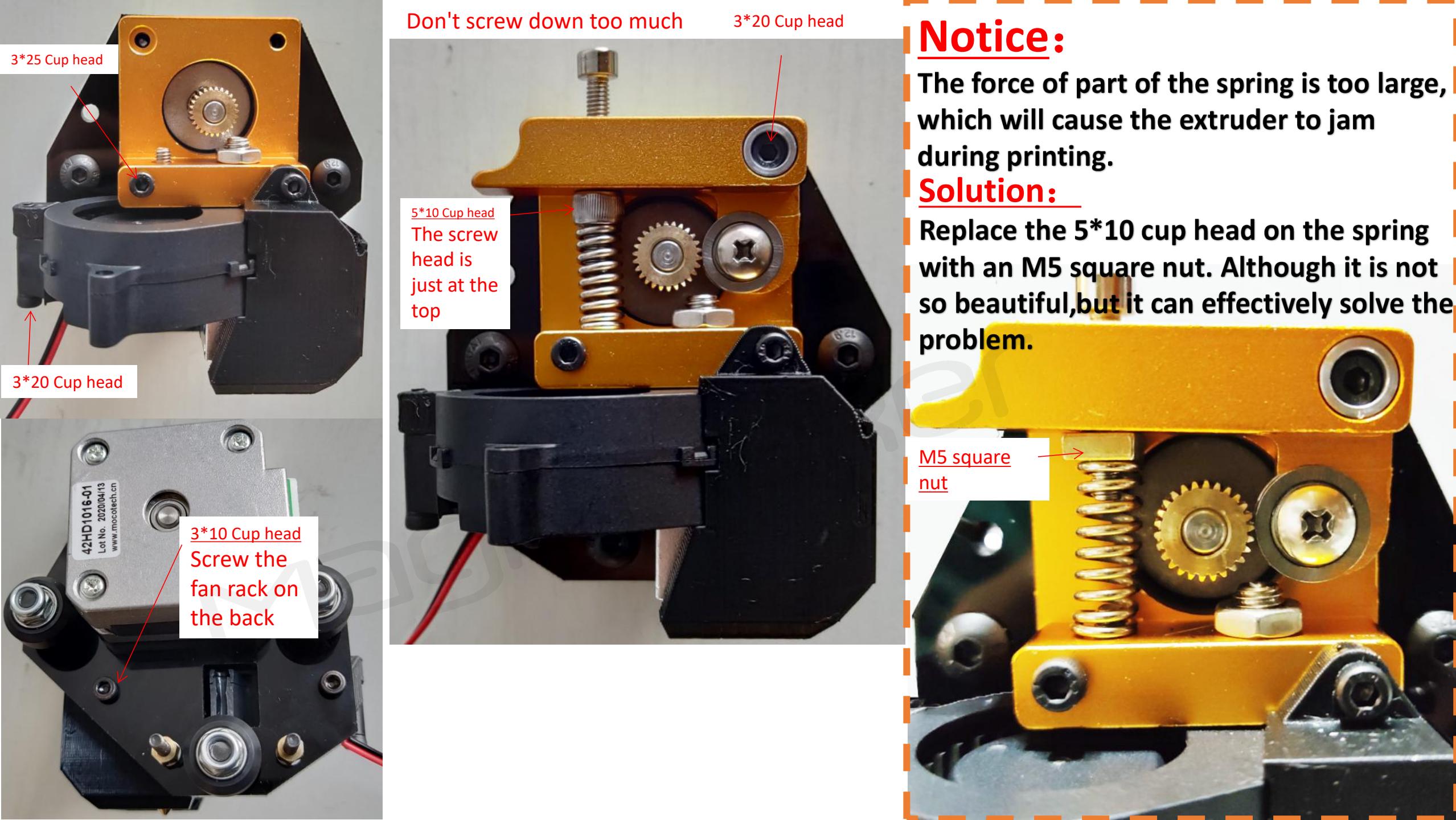
The direction is as shown,
flush with the motor shaft



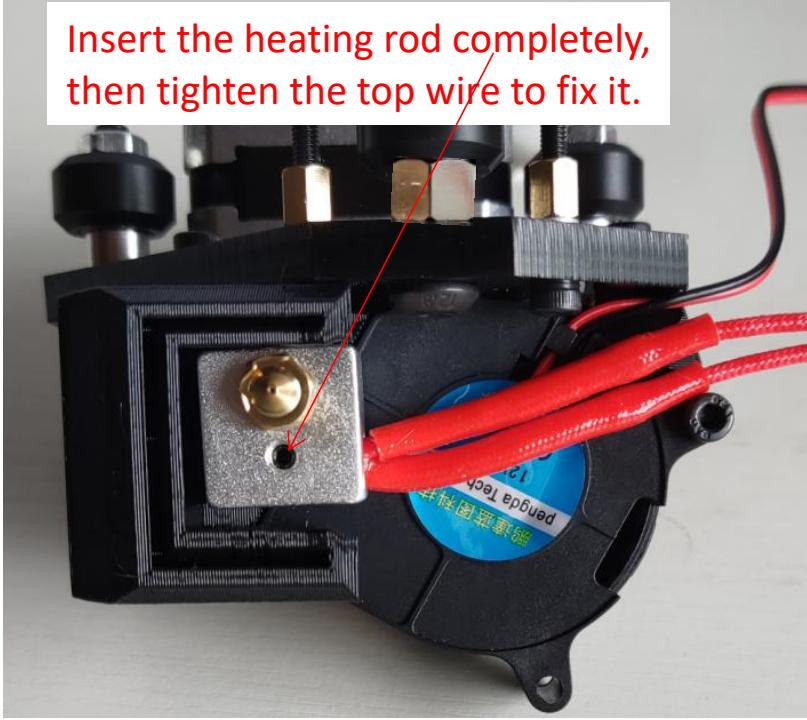
挤出机

Insert the fan diagonally into the fan cover slot as shown



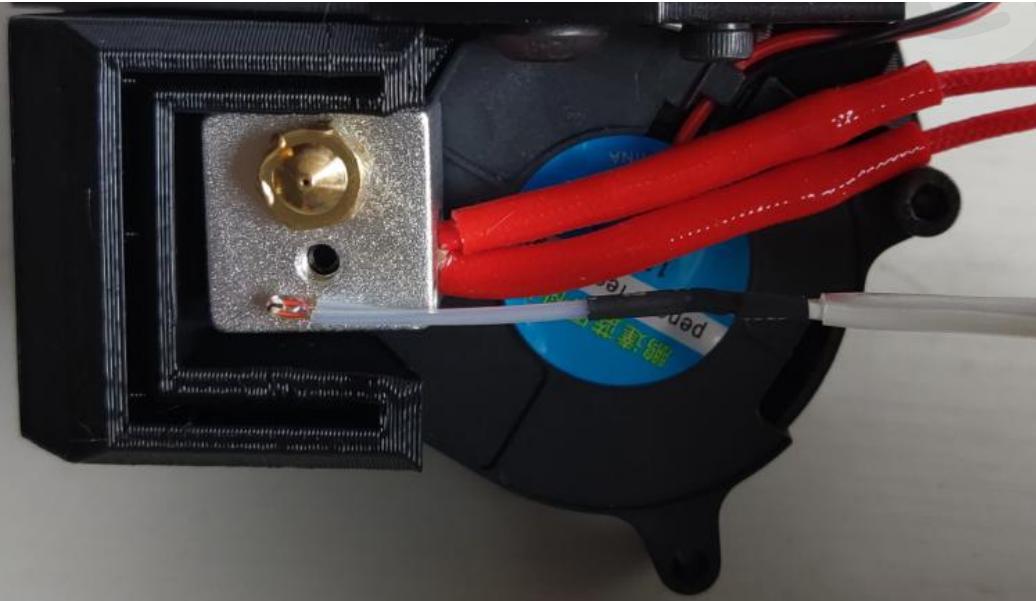


Heating rods

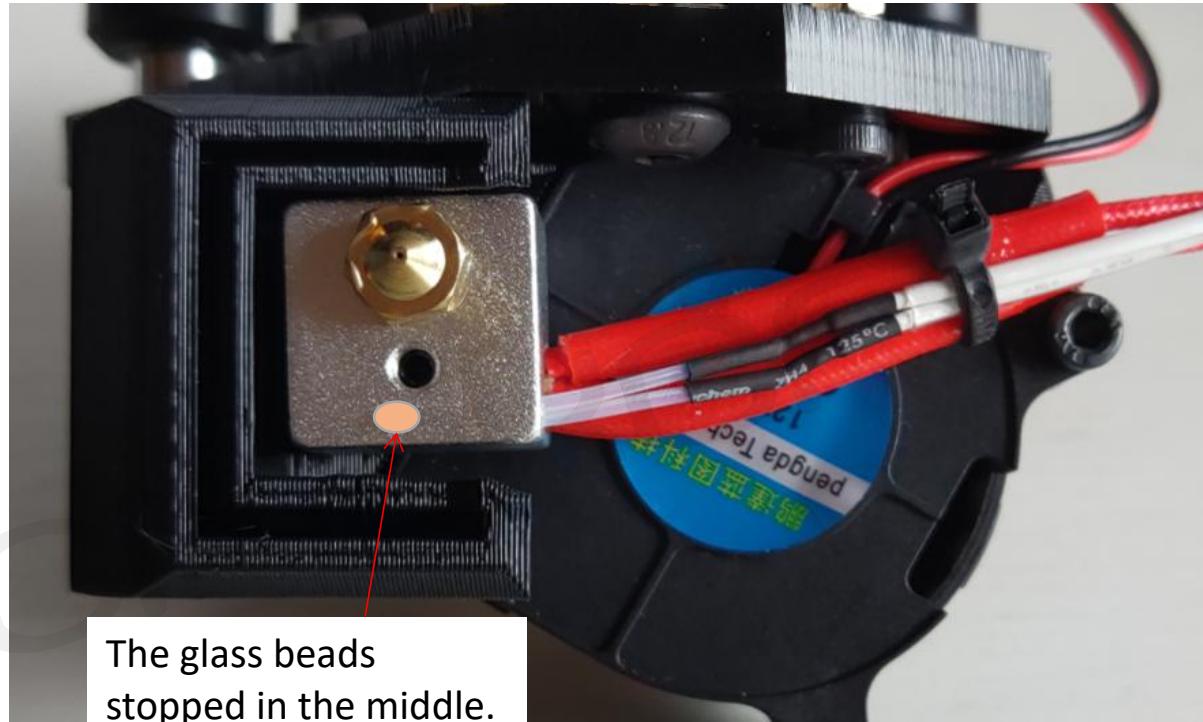


Insert the heating rod completely, then tighten the top wire to fix it.

The thermal glass ball is inserted a little bit more in the middle of the aluminum block.



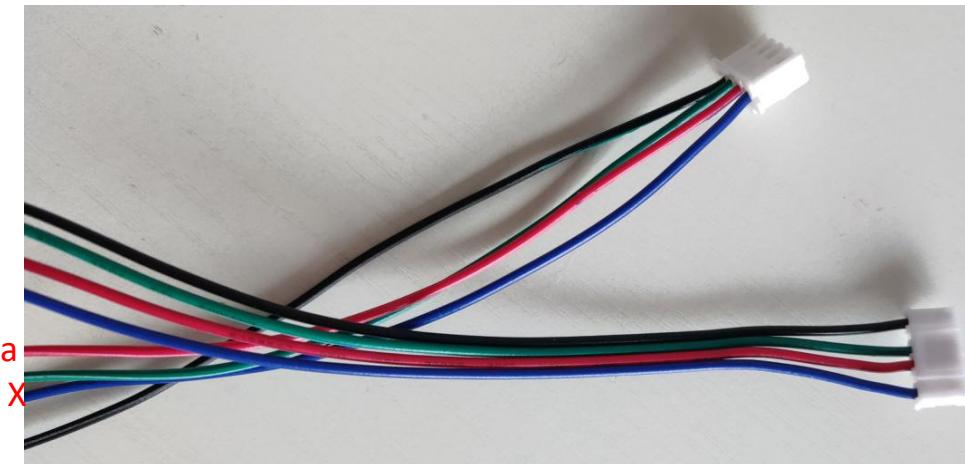
Use a cable tie to tie the heating rod and the heat sensitive, which should be tied to the position of the heat sensitive rubber sleeve (do not tie the black position)



The glass beads stopped in the middle.

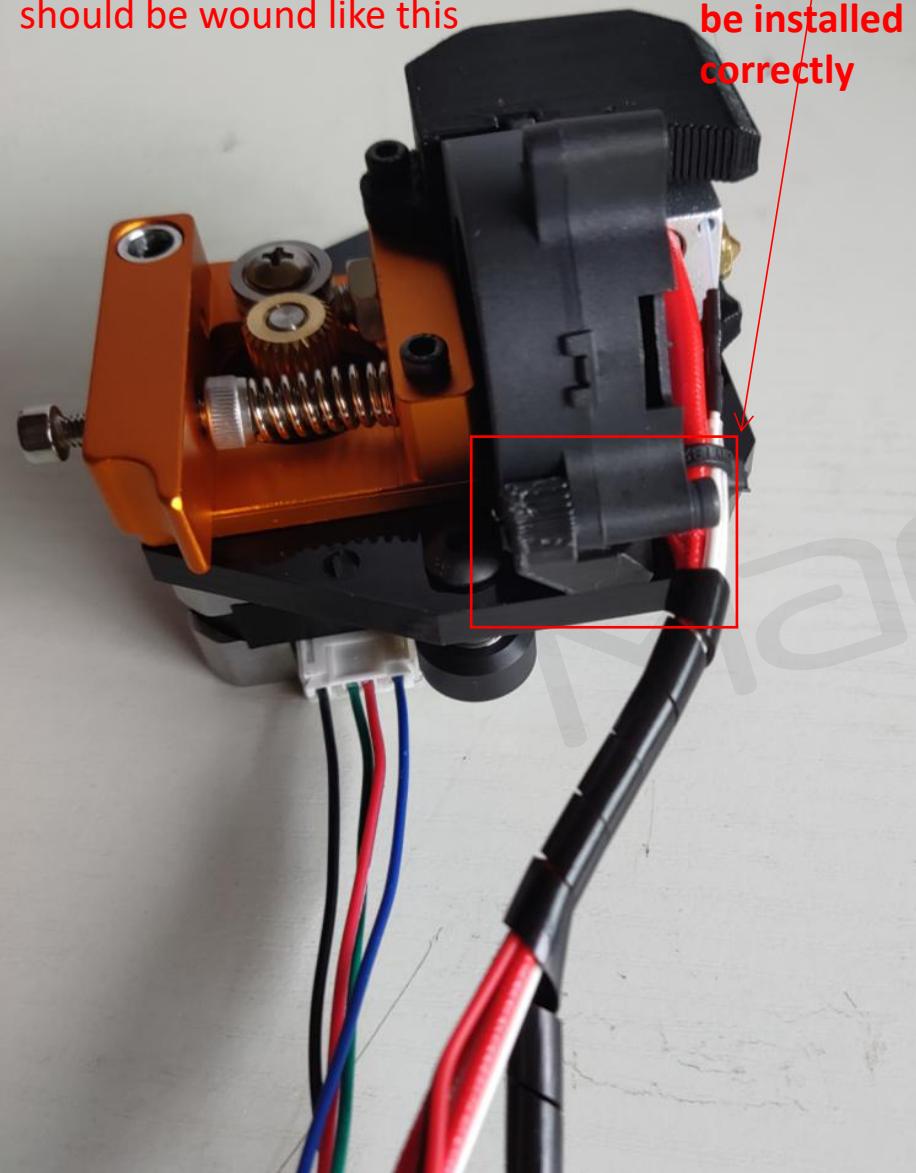
Tear the motor wires one by one, be careful not to tear the ends off.

E motor-wire, plug it into the main board and make a label to distinguish it from X motor-wire.

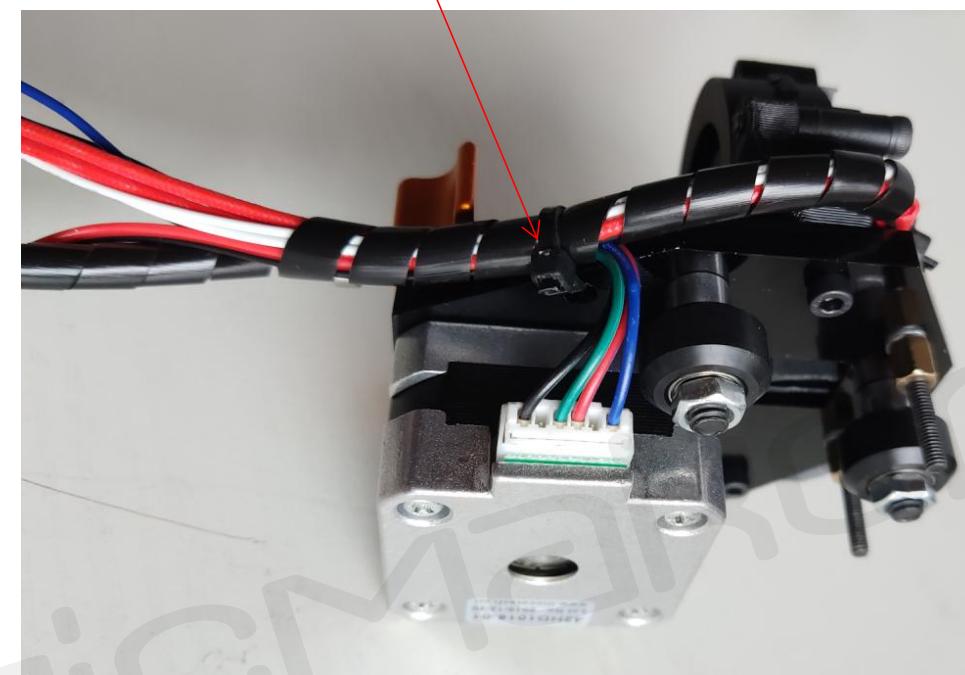


E motor-wire is the longest one

As shown, the wound tube
should be wound like this



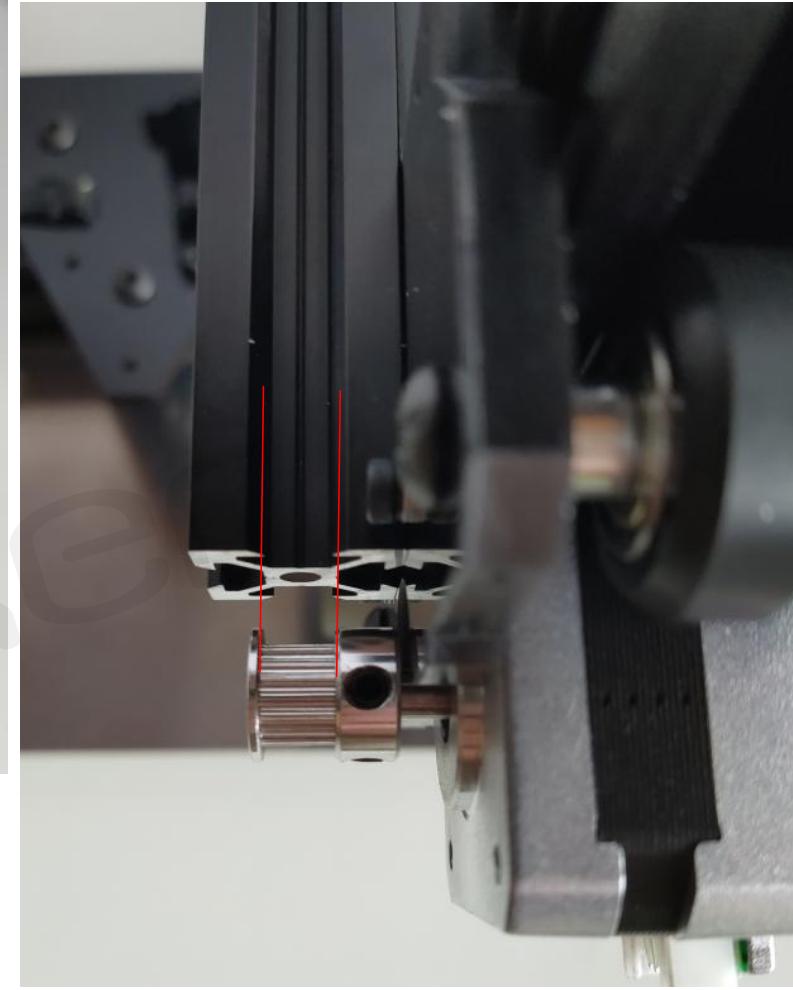
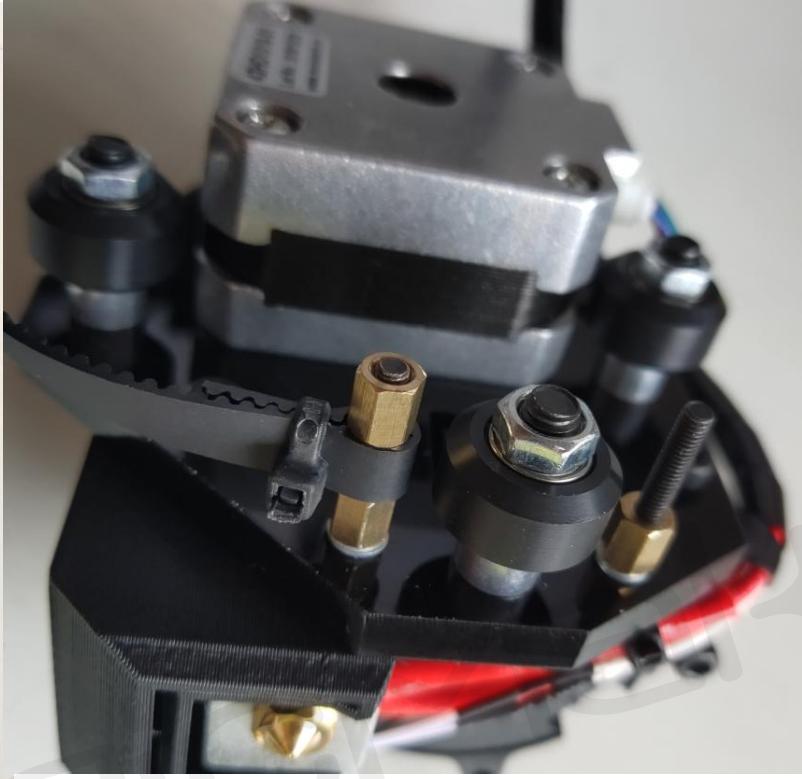
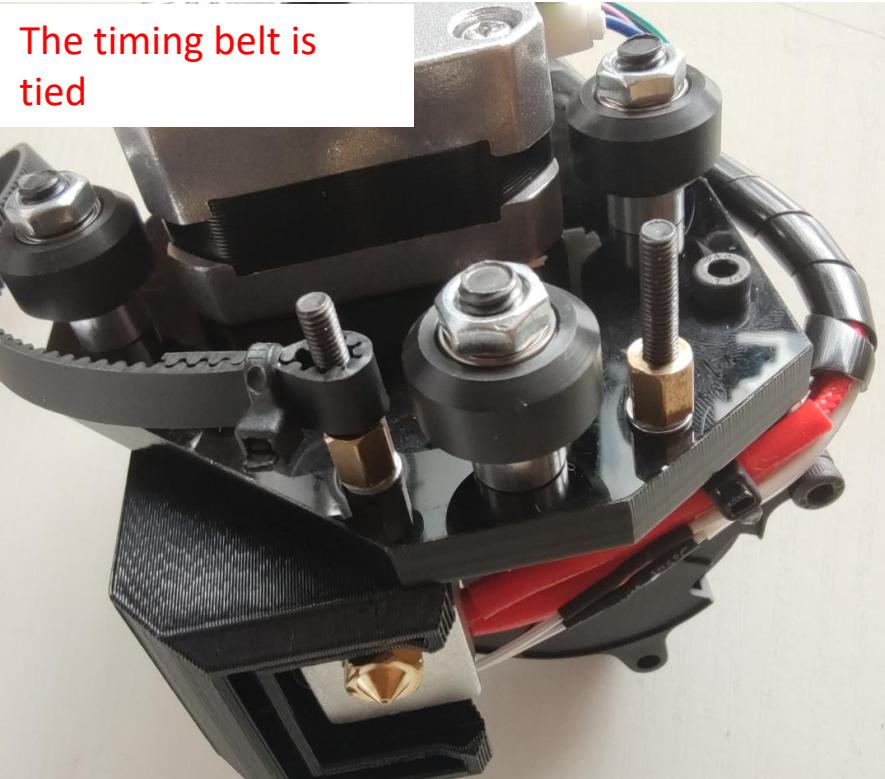
Tie it to the side hole



The length of the winding is as long as the X axis first



The timing belt is tied



Wear the timing belt

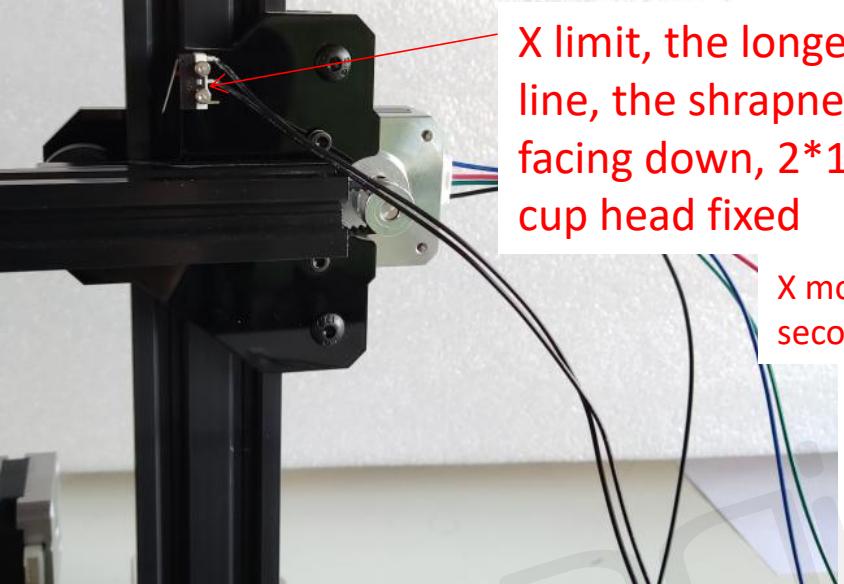


After the tooth groove of the synchronous wheel is aligned with the groove of the profile, fix the synchronous wheel

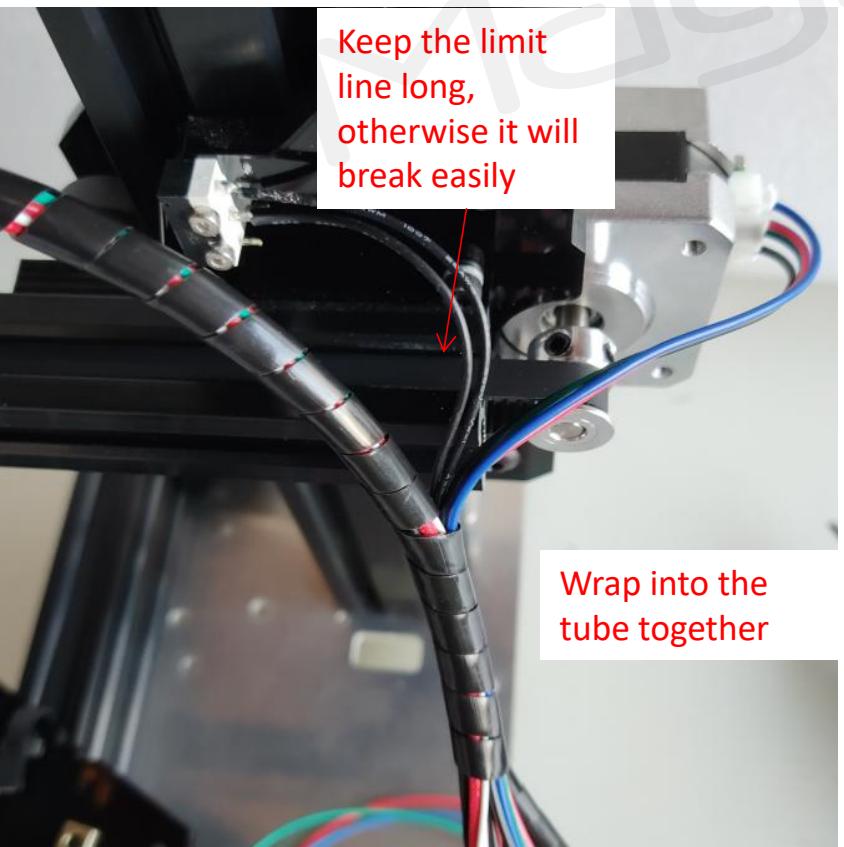


When the synchronization wheel is flush with the shaft, it is also aligned with the profile

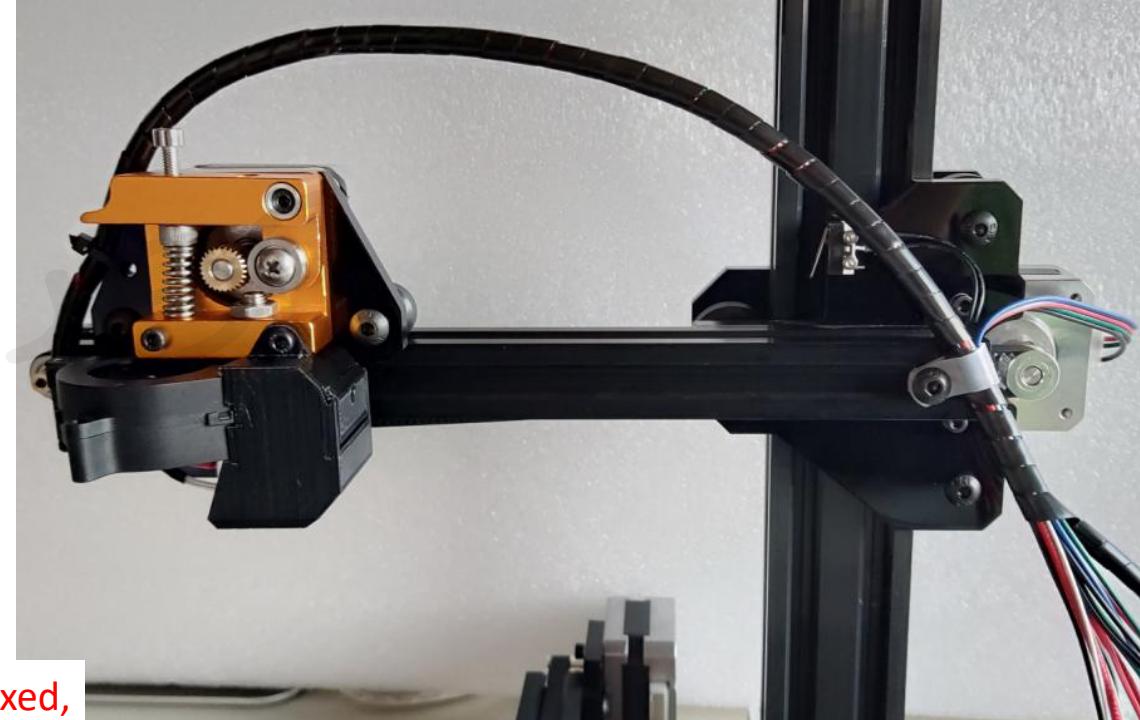
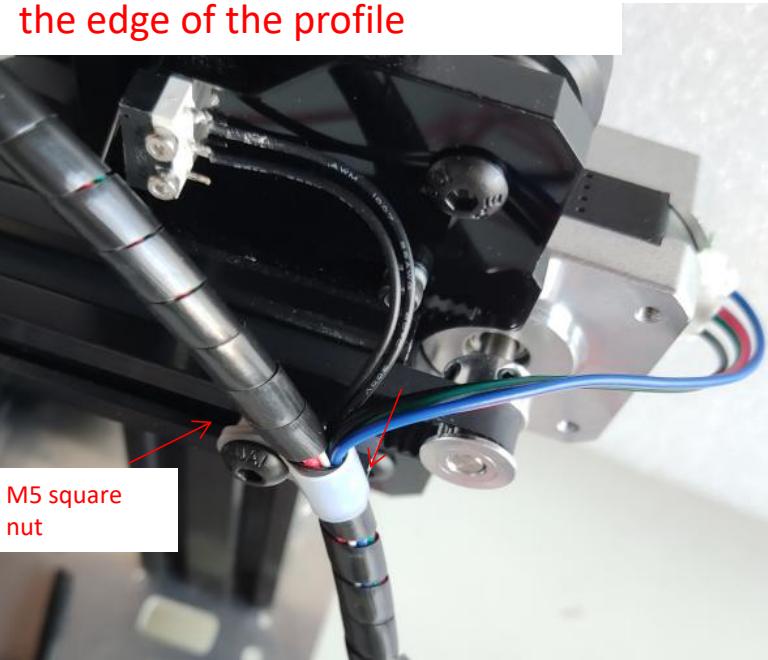




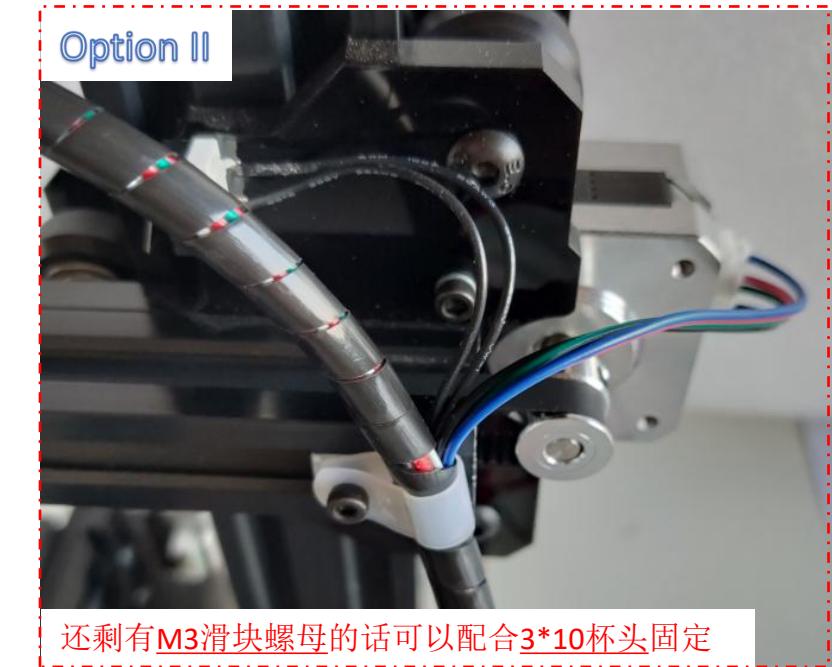
X motor wire is the second in length

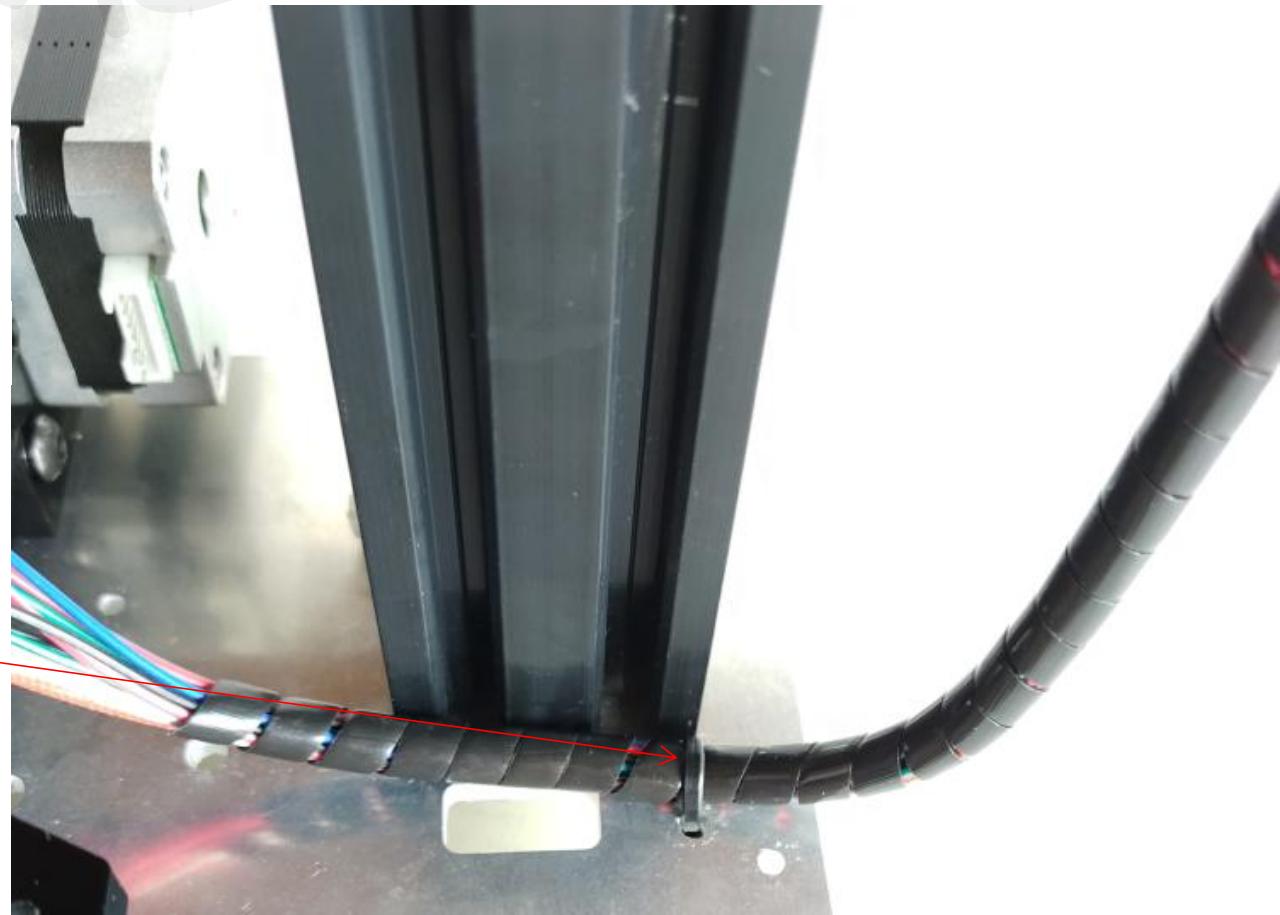
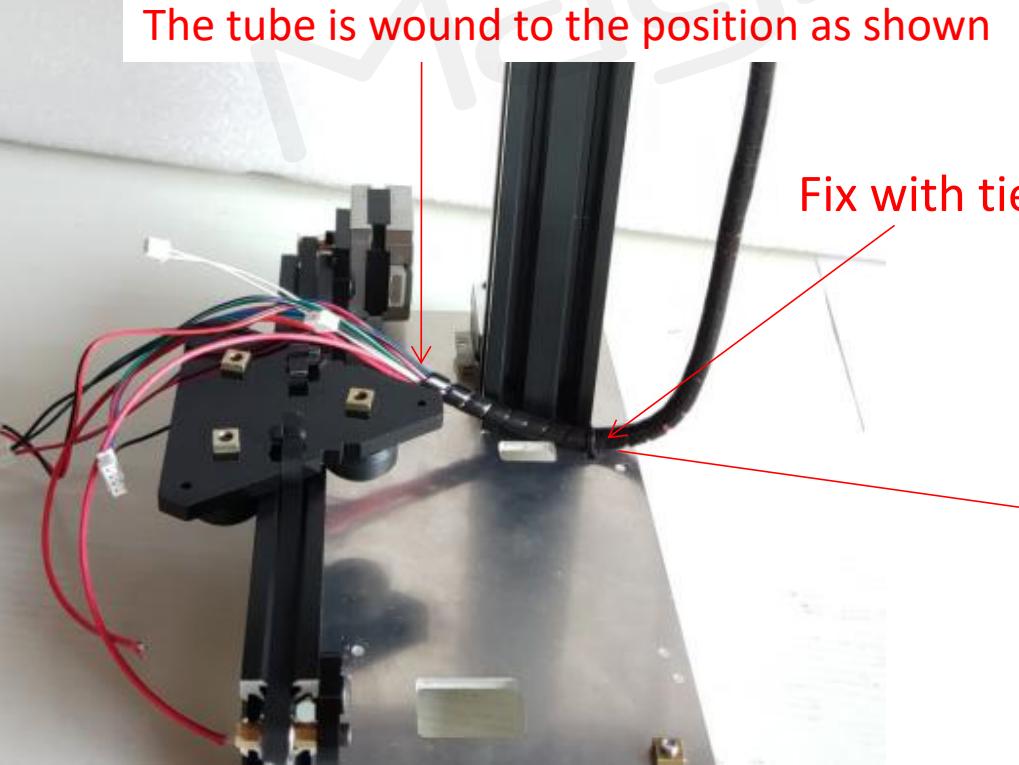
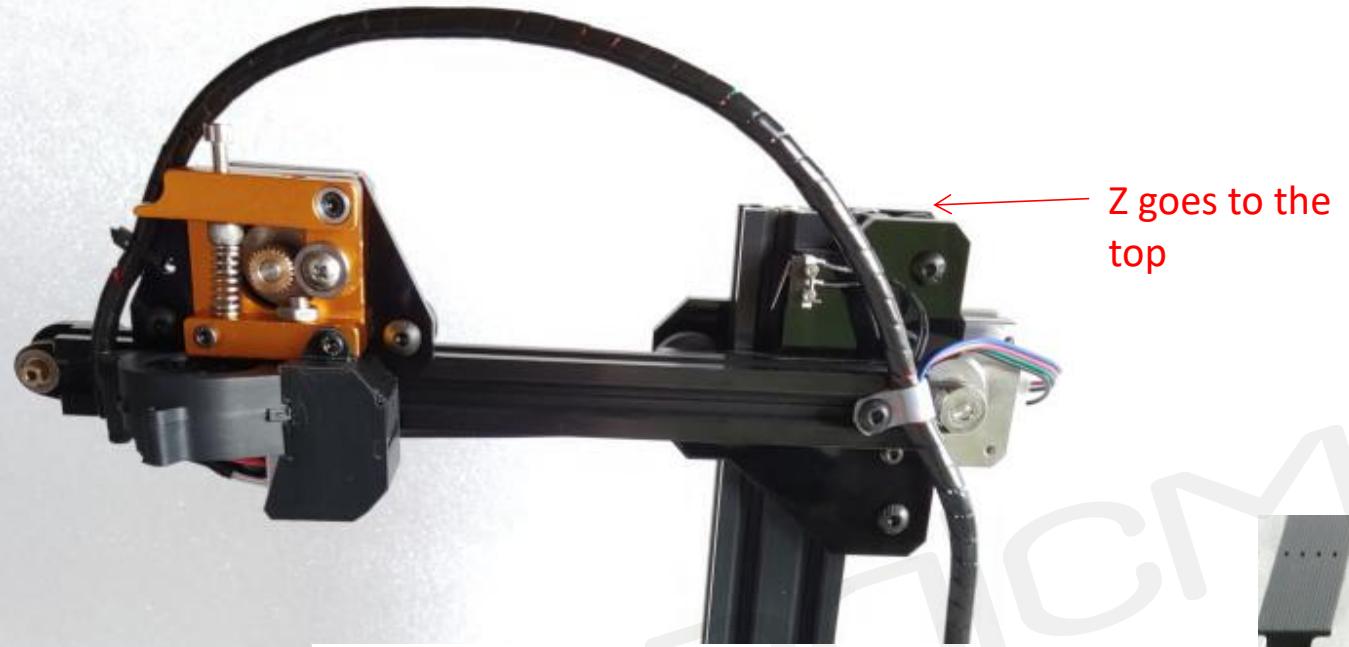


R line card 5*10 round head fixed, the line card position is just at the edge of the profile

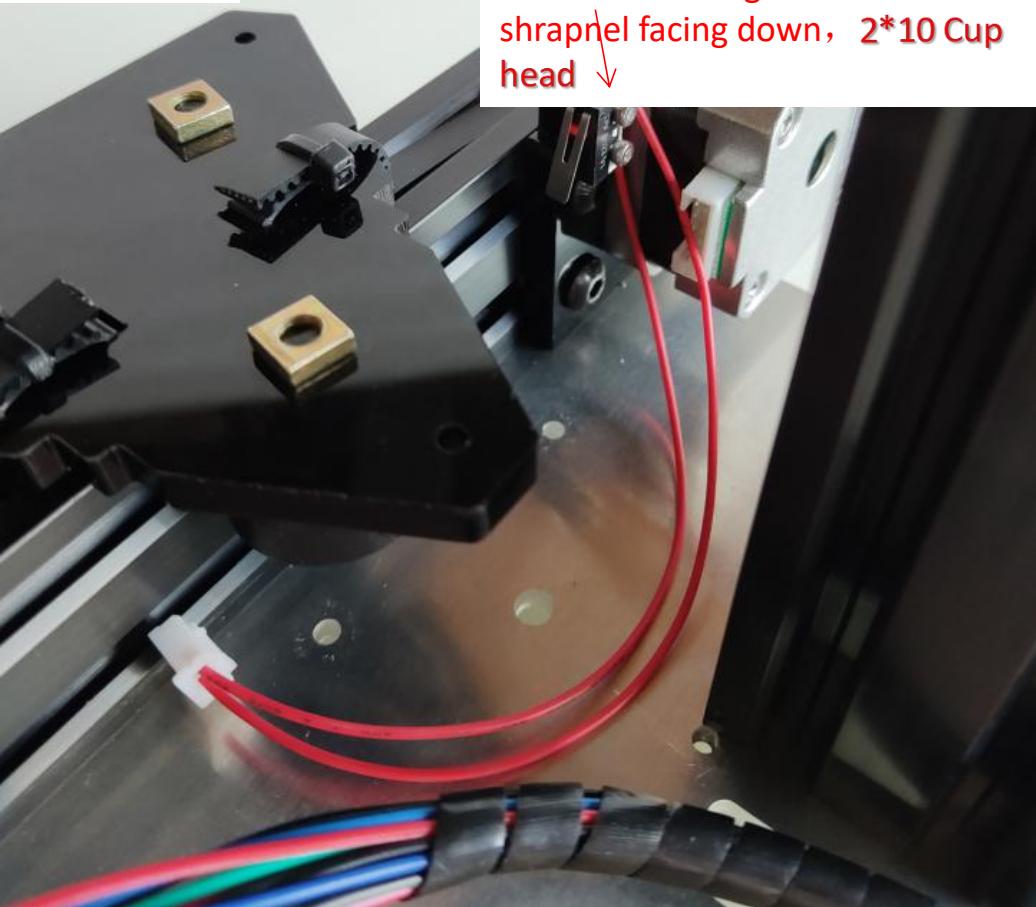


Option II



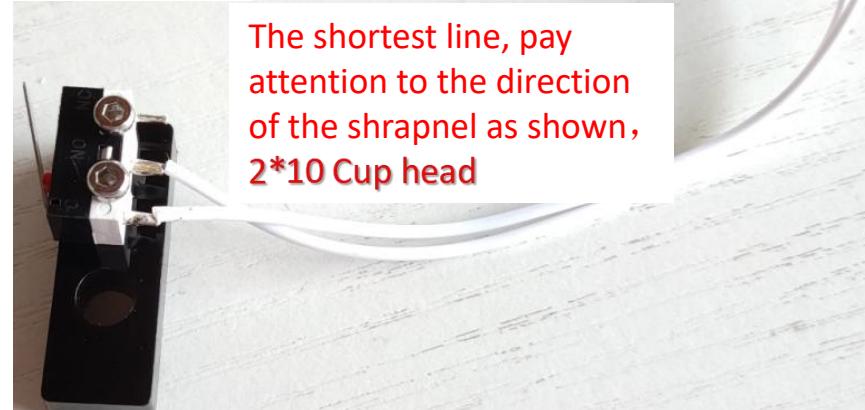


Y limit

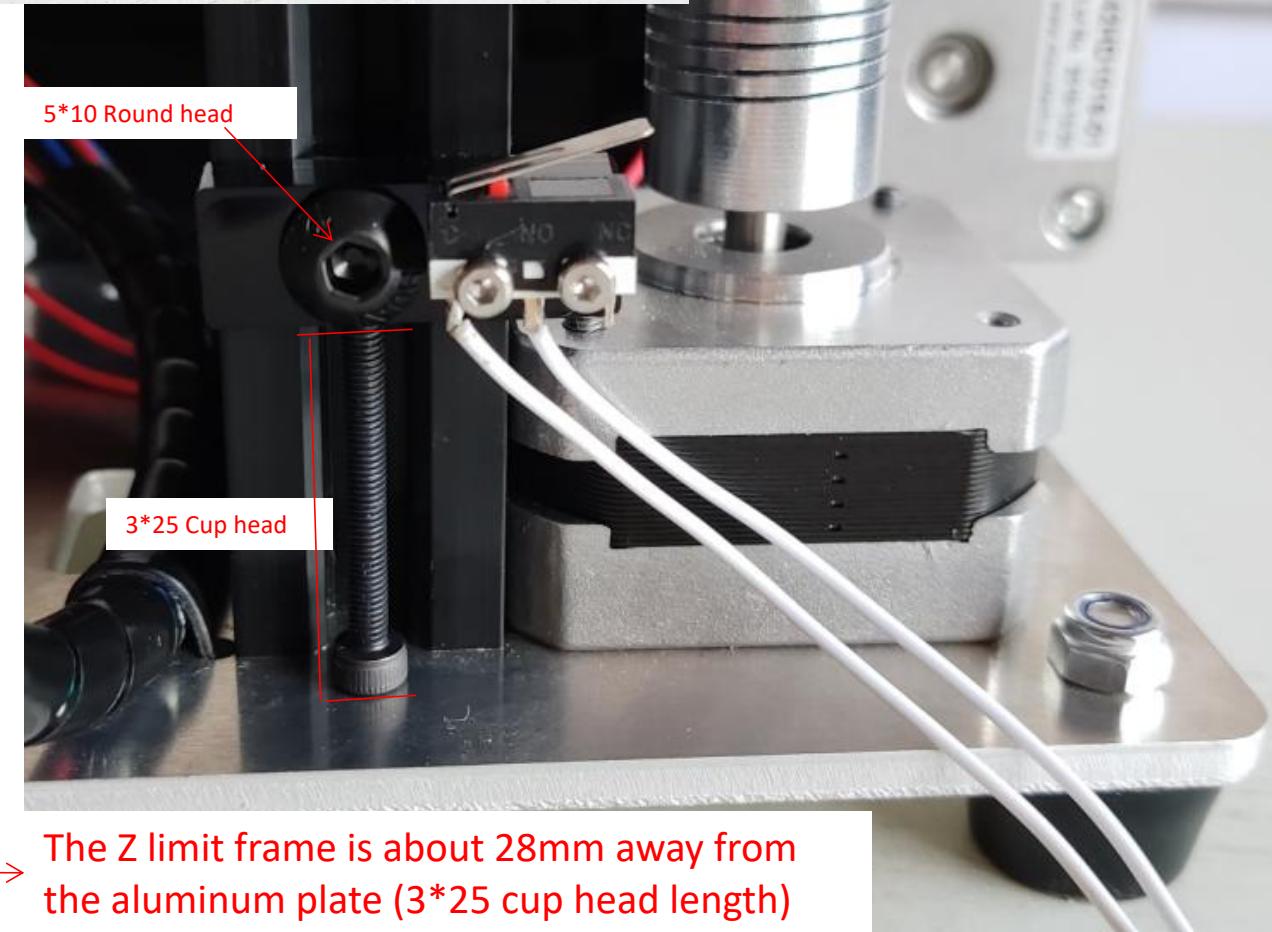


As shown , install it on the limiter,
the medium-long line with the
shrapnel facing down, 2*10 Cup
head

Z limit



The shortest line, pay
attention to the direction
of the shrapnel as shown,
2*10 Cup head



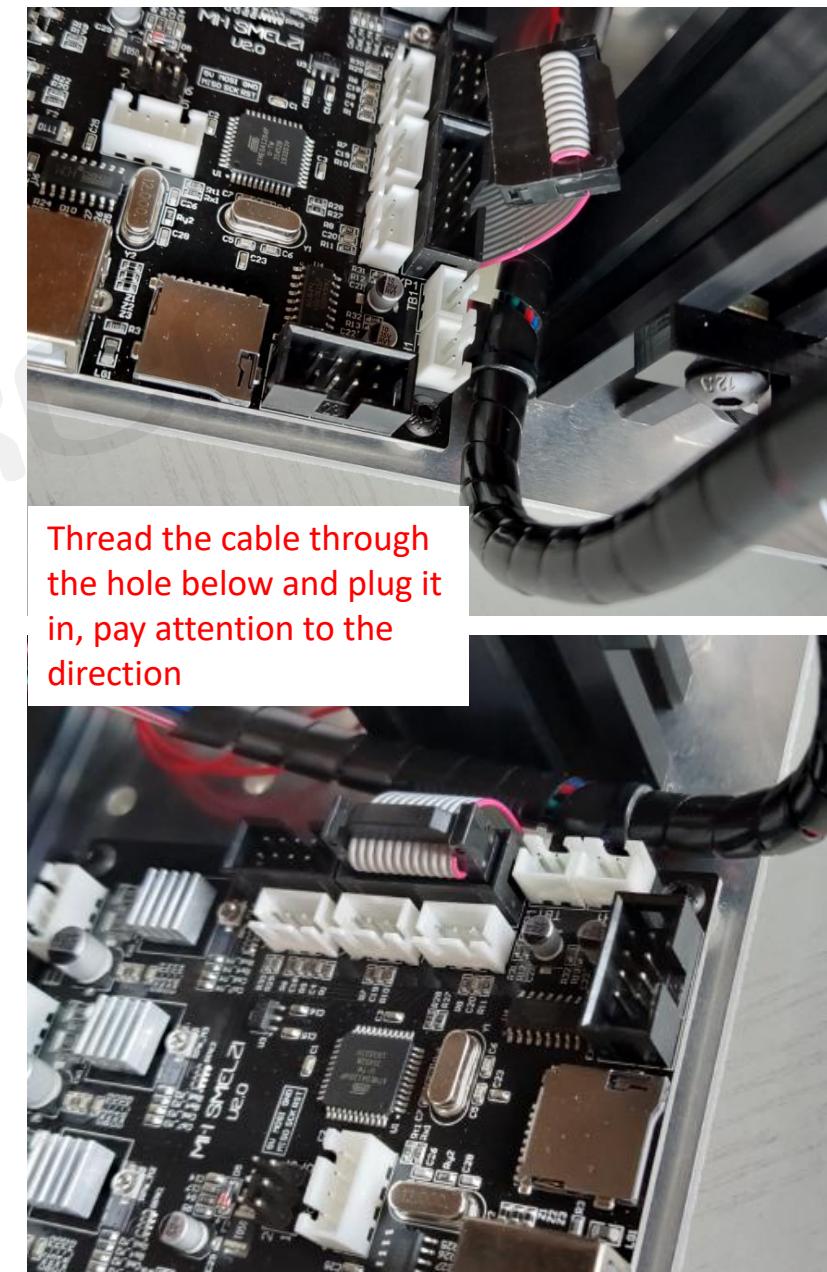
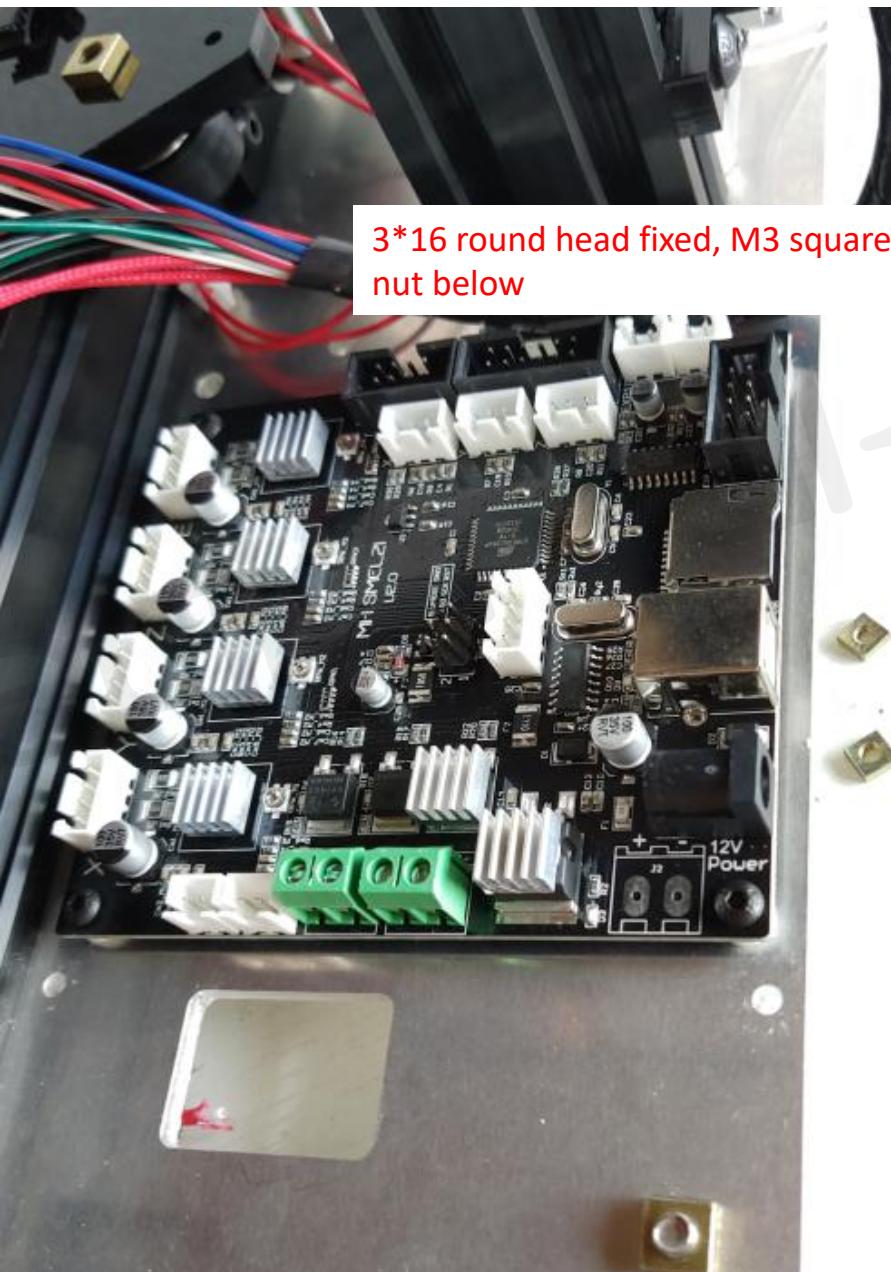
The Z limit frame is about 28mm away from
the aluminum plate (3*25 cup head length)

Pay special attention to the Z limit installation height, install strictly according to the requirements, and also pay attention not to use the wrong screws, and the limit frame is flat

If the limit is installed higher → Z axis zero point becomes higher → the leveling platform becomes higher → the leveling spring becomes loose → the nut falls during printing → the main board is short-circuited → GG now you can understand the leveling when you can't understand it, install it as required correct

Main board

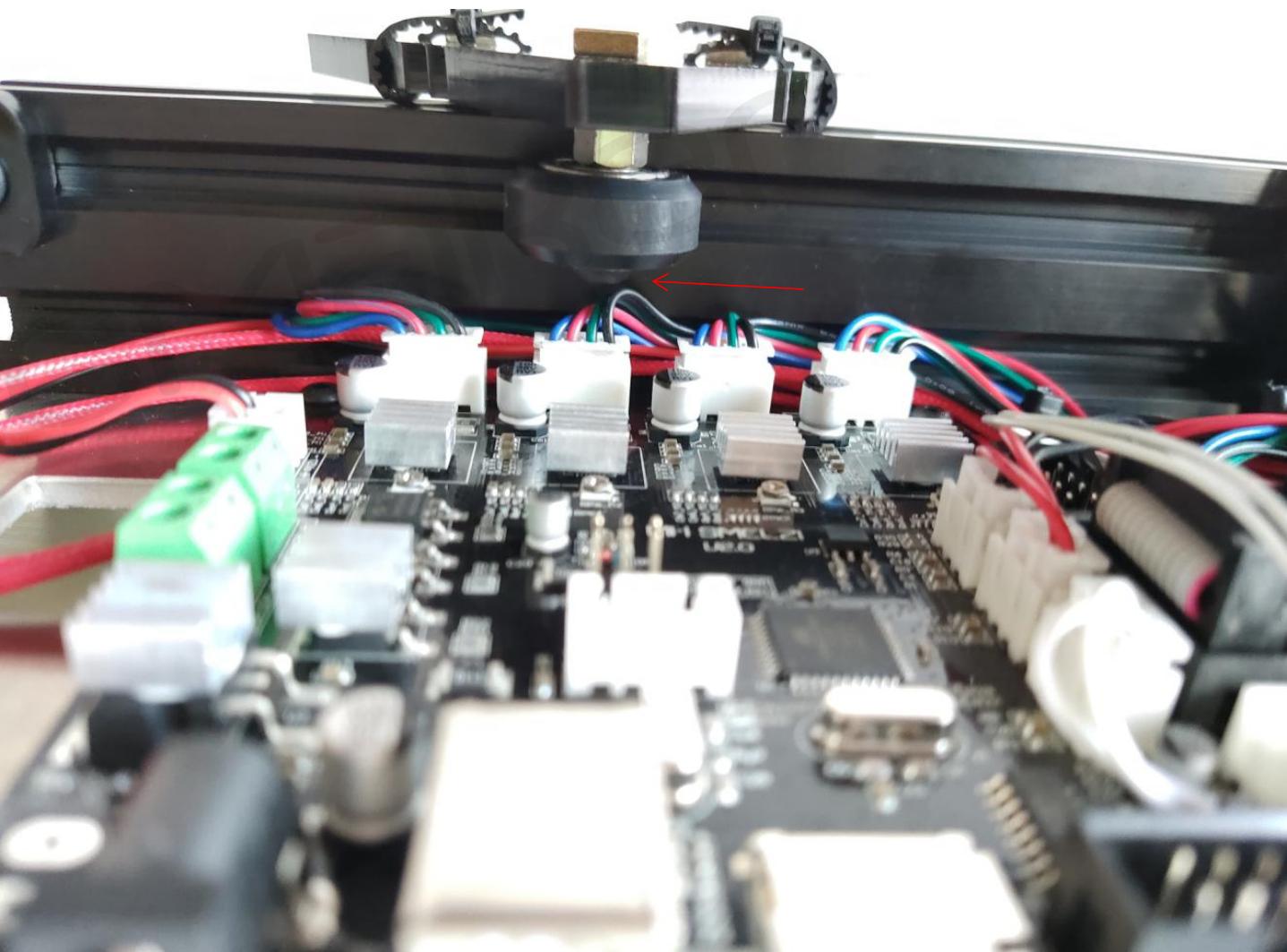
During installation and use, please pay attention to the type of screw and iron chip falling on the mainboard, which will cause a short circuit and burn the mainboard.

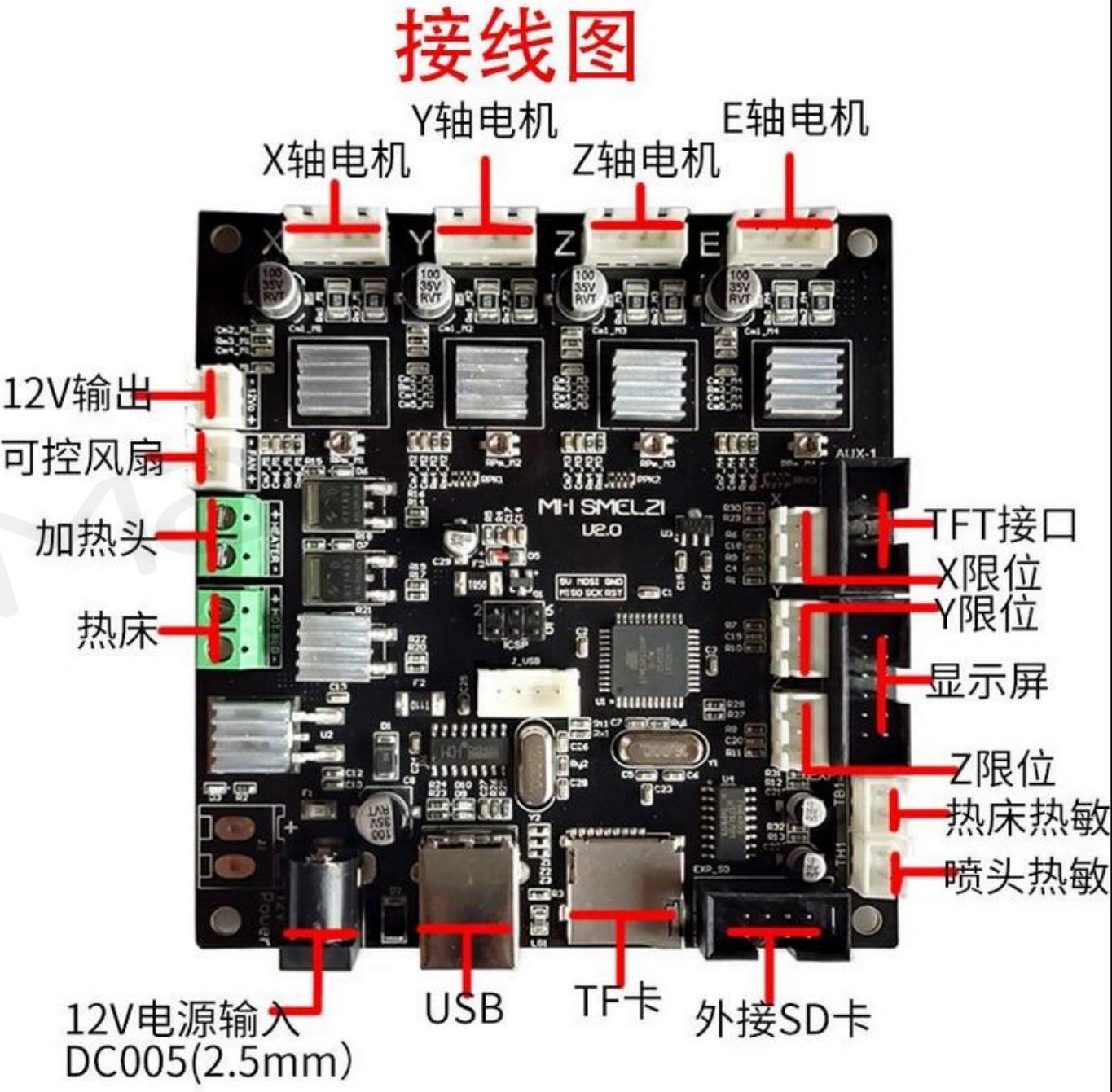
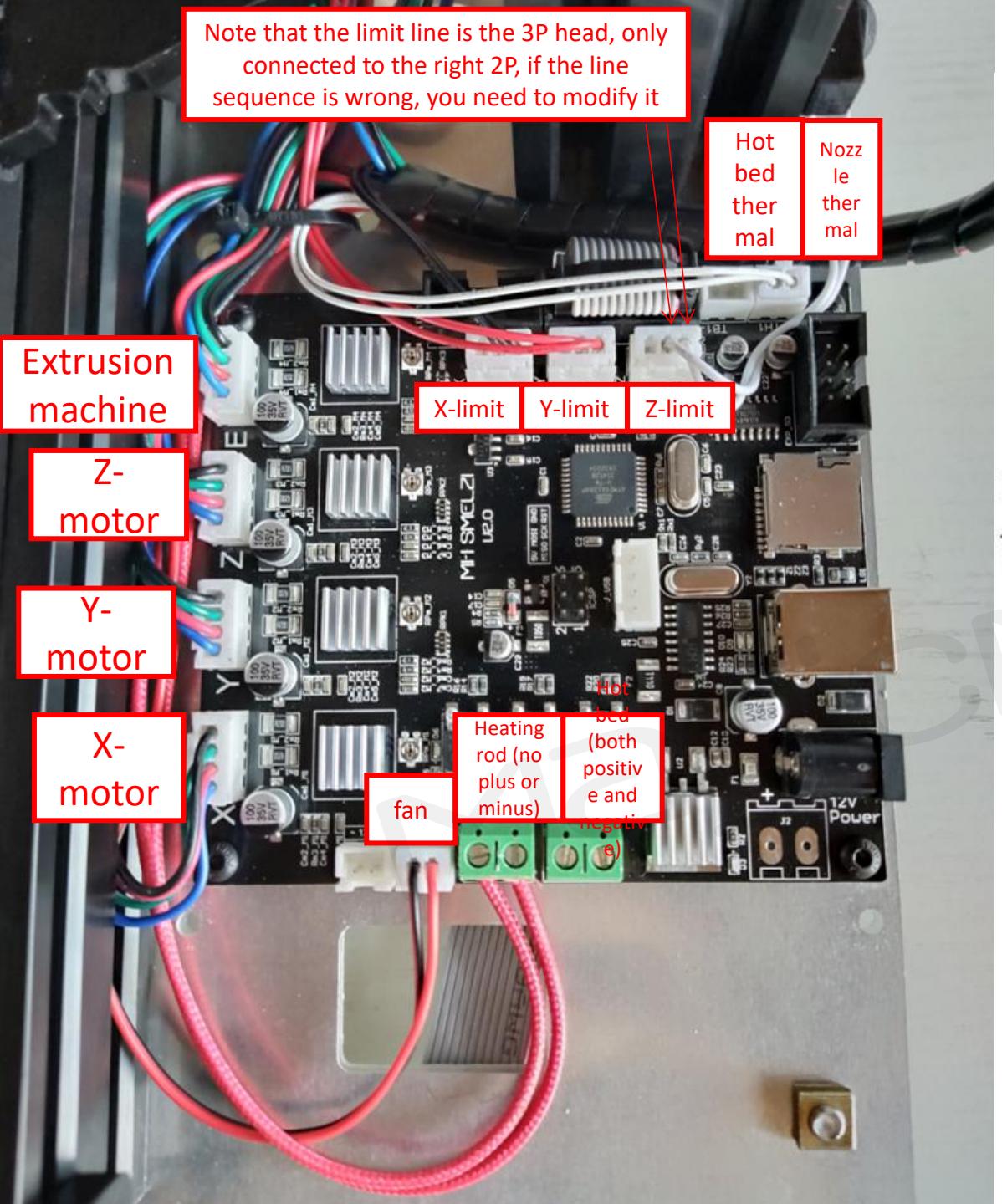


Wire up



Note that the motor cable should be pressed down and inserted into the groove of the profile, otherwise the slider will hang

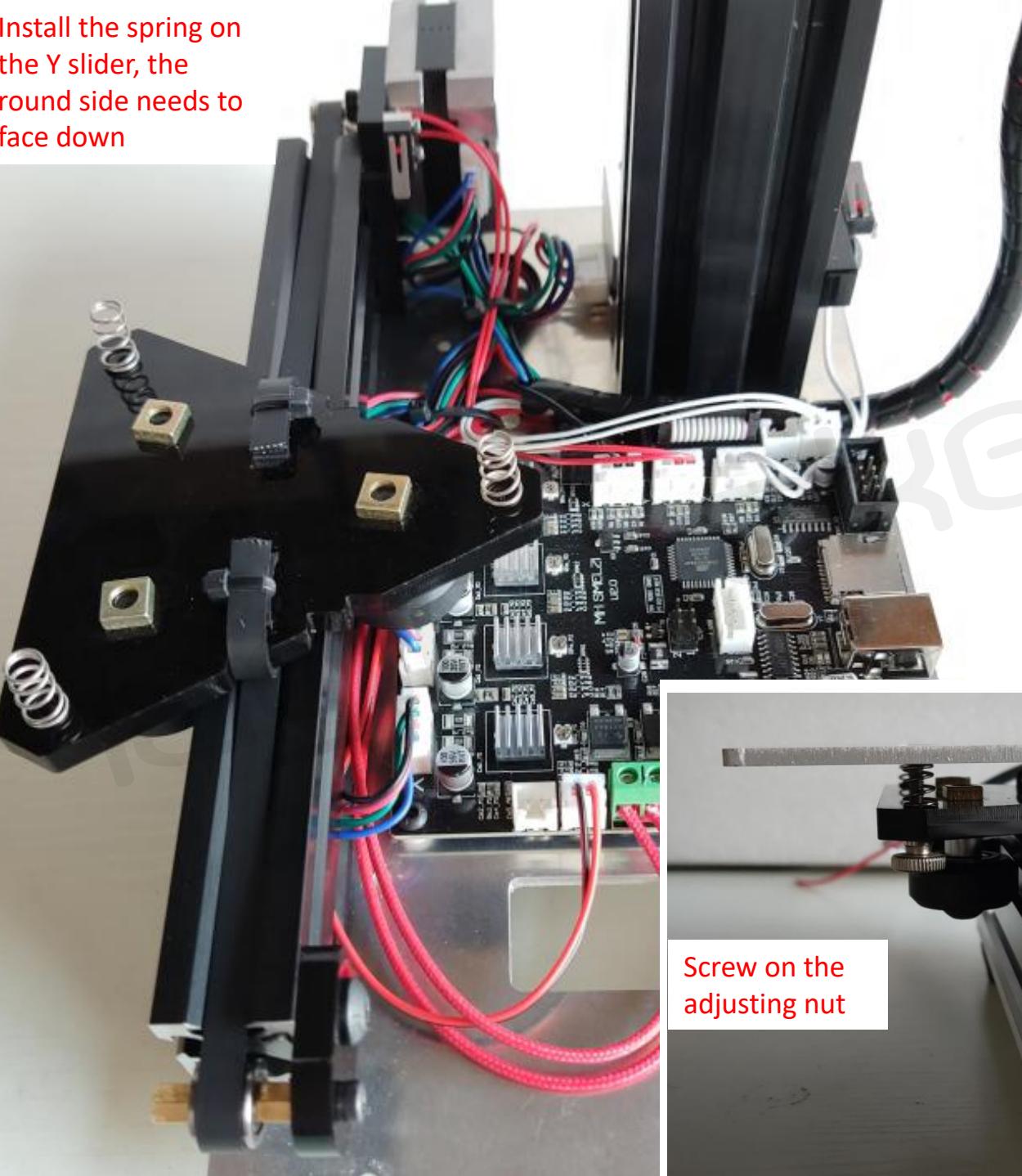




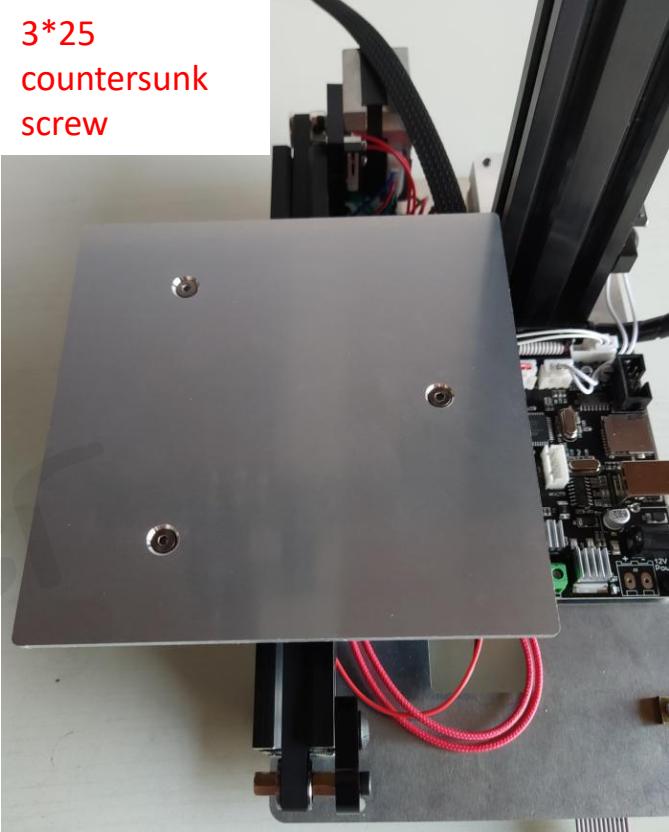
Remove the protective film from the hot bed



Install the spring on the Y slider, the round side needs to face down



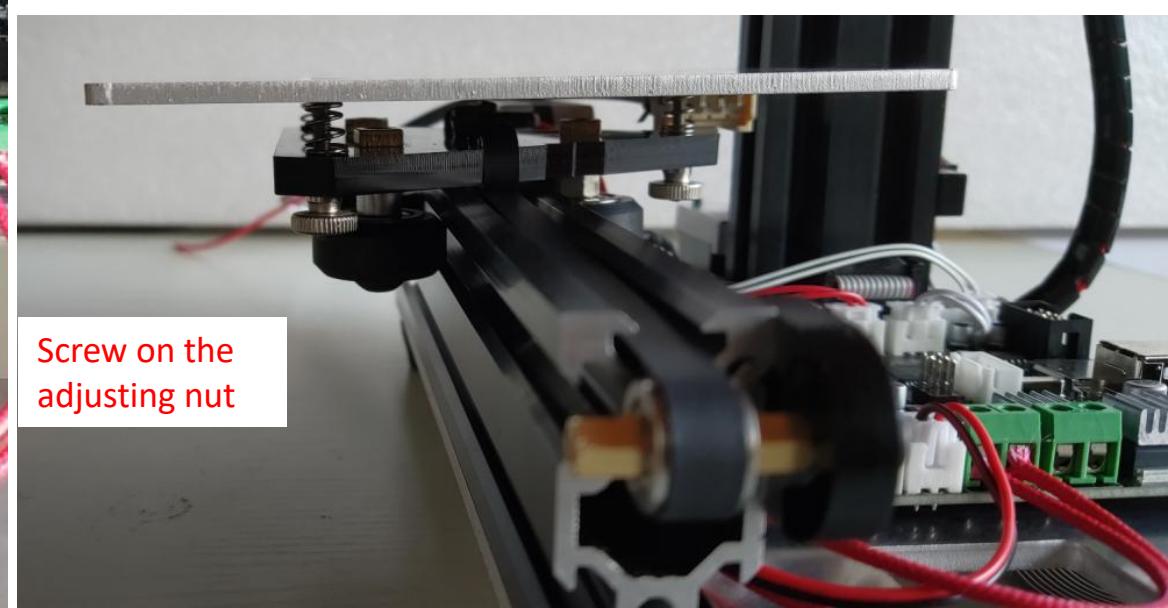
3*25 countersunk screw



Plug in

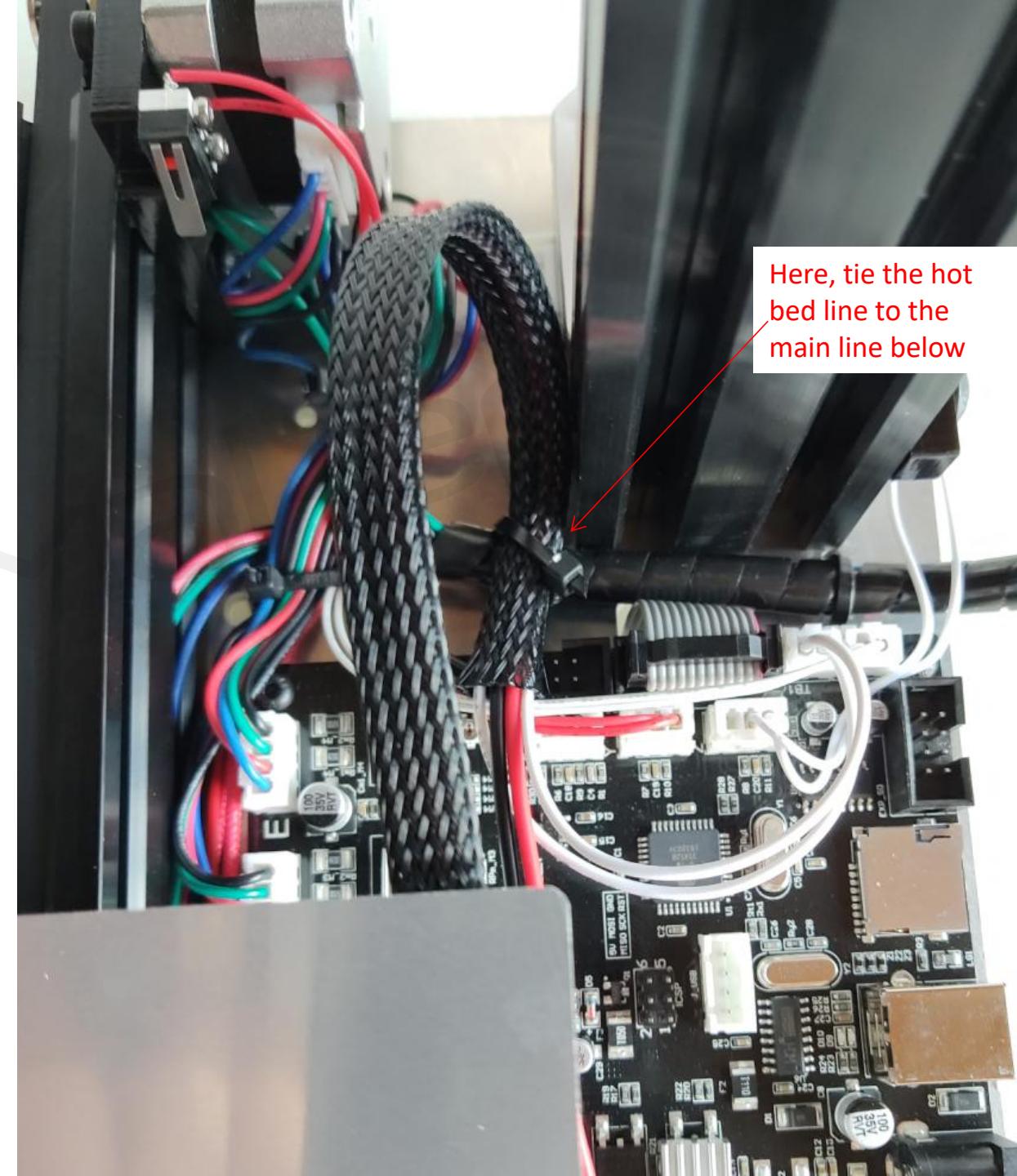
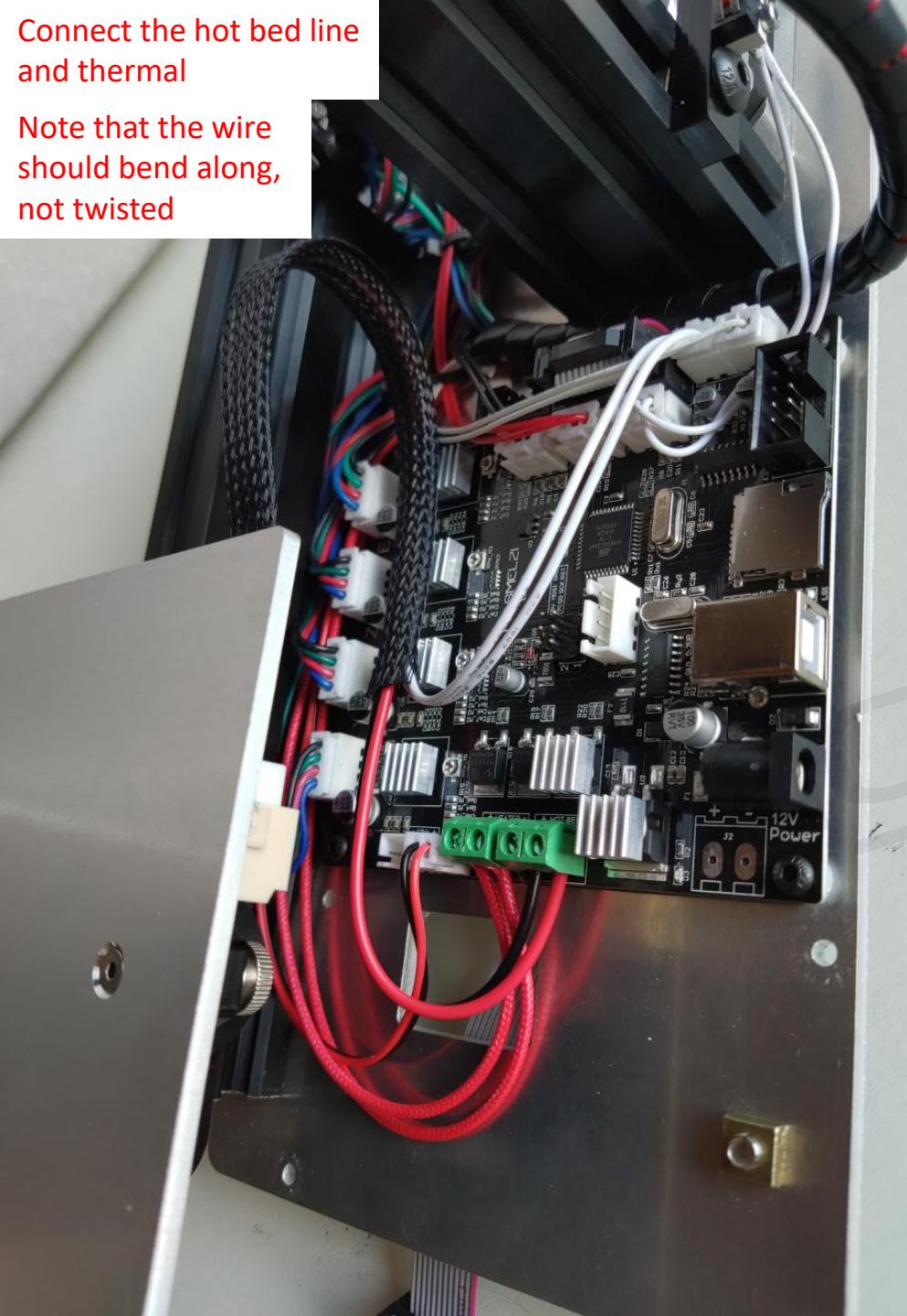


Screw on the adjusting nut

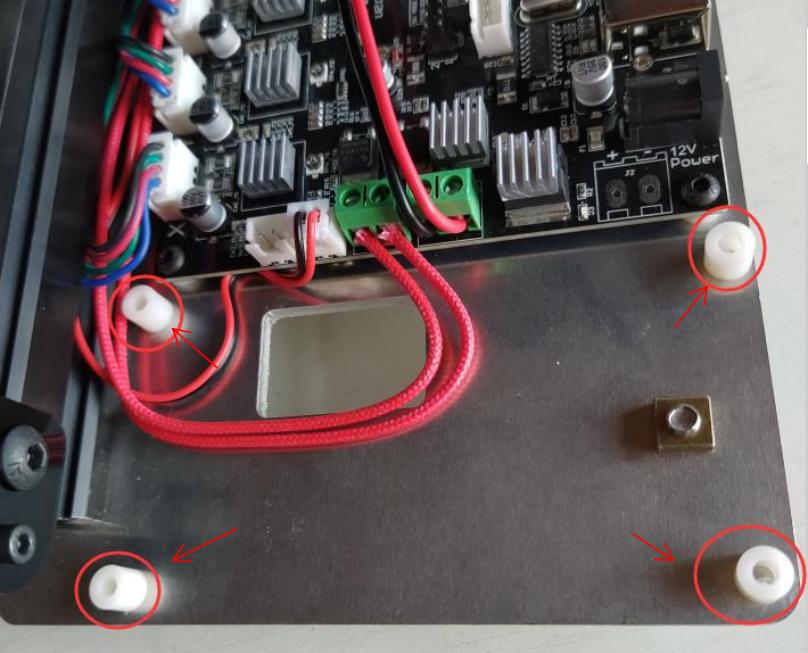


Connect the hot bed line
and thermal

Note that the wire
should bend along,
not twisted



Here, tie the hot
bed line to the
main line below

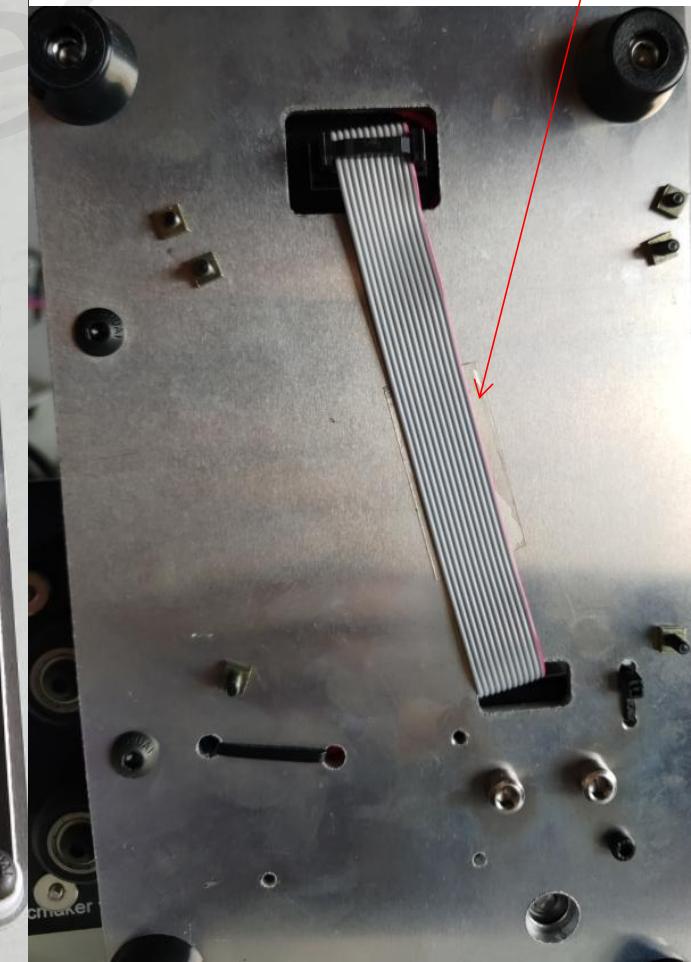


Padded the gasket, the display should pad the higher one.

Install the display, 3*16 Round head, m3 square nut below



Plug in the cable, if you have double-sided tape, you can paste it down



Attach 3M glue

3M glue on the bright
side of the black film



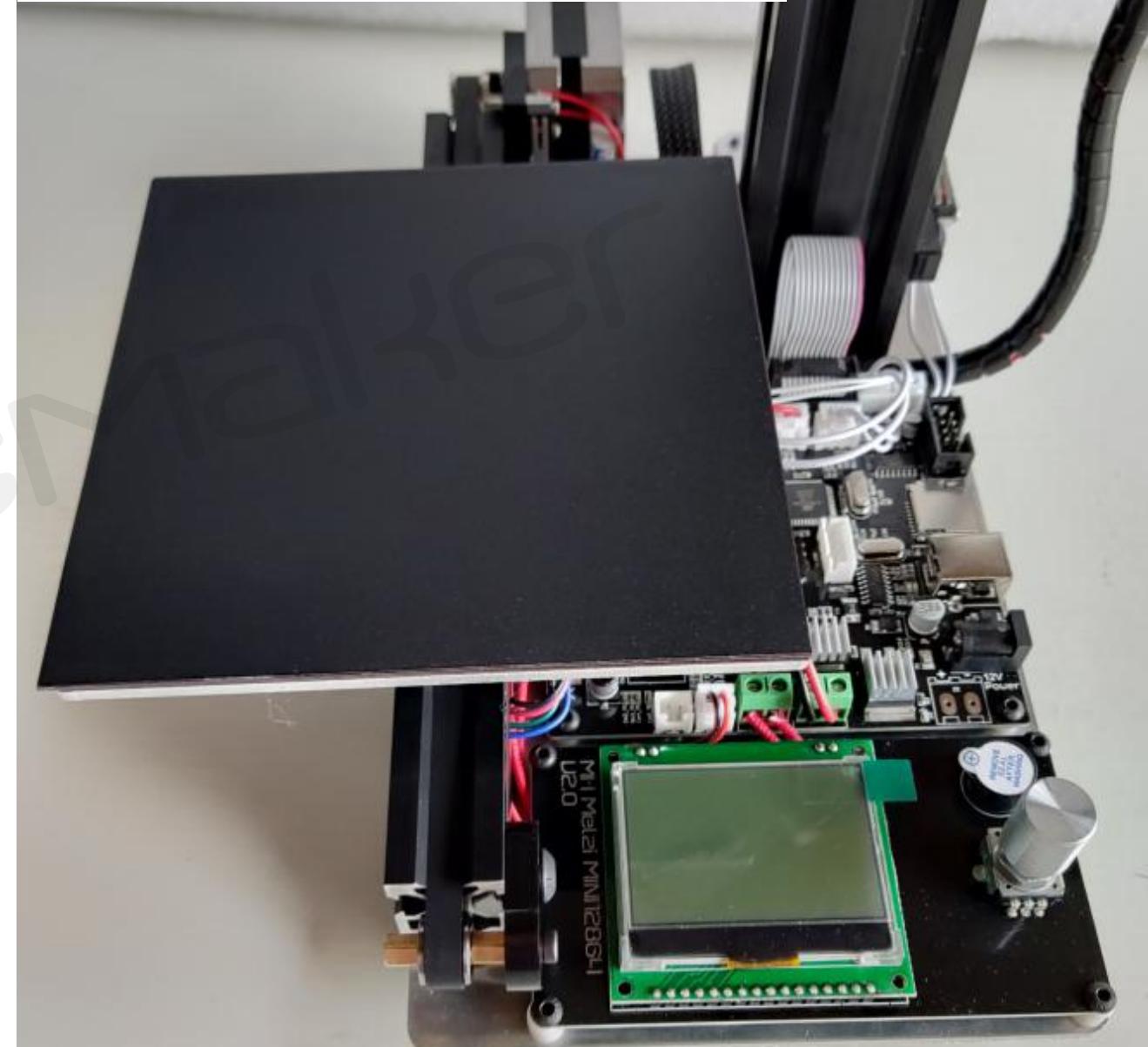
Paste slowly, put it
neatly, and put as few
bubbles as possible

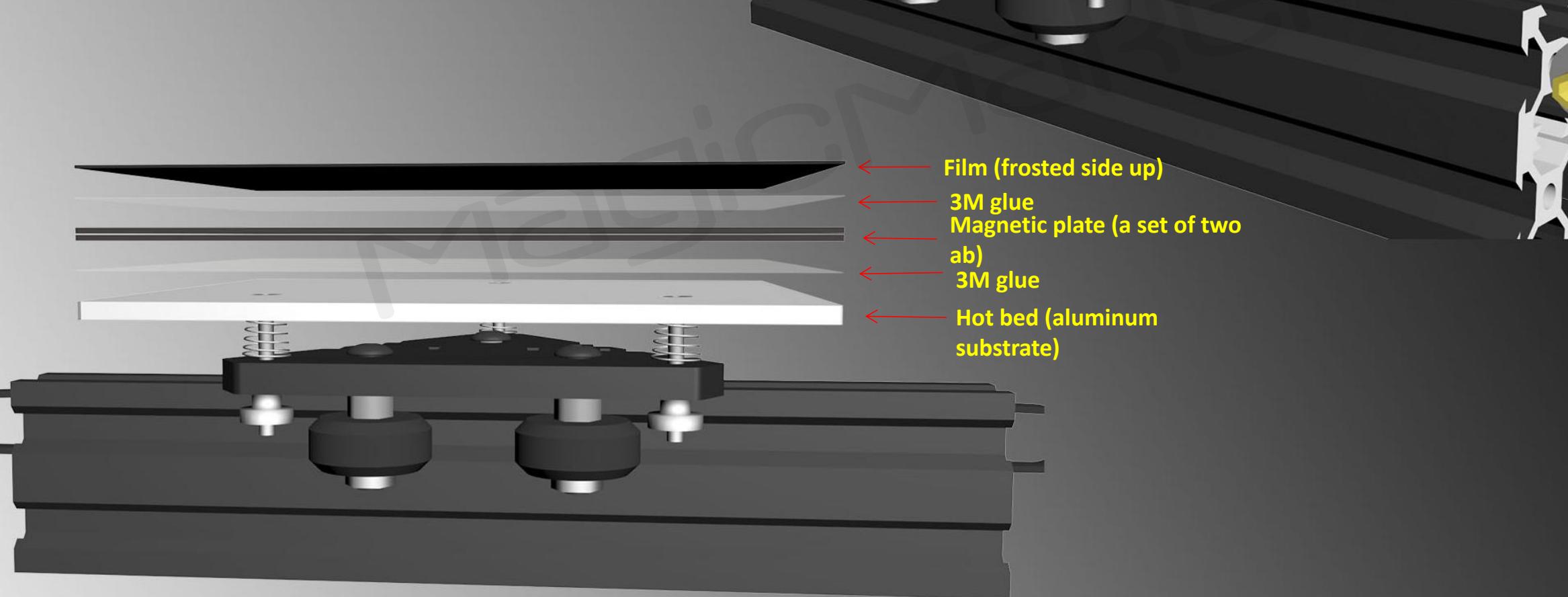
Magnetic sleeve stick 3M glue

磁吸板光滑的朝内互磁的，
3M贴磨砂的外面



Stick a black film on one side (black matte facing outward)
One side on the hot bed





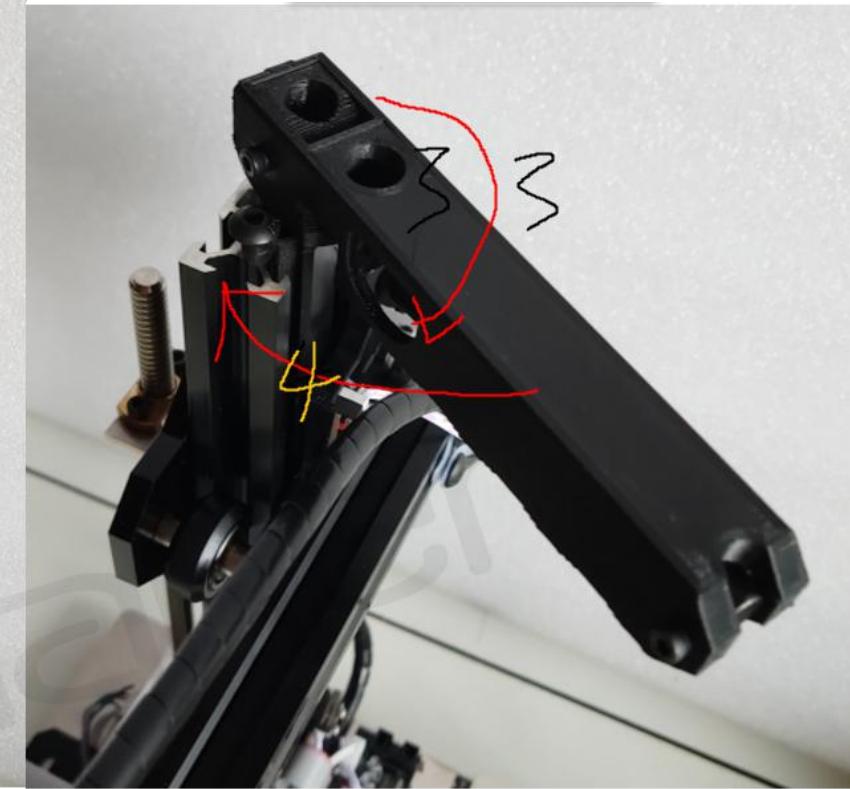
Material rack, if there is foothold, remove the foothold first



The material rack seat is screwed to the end with a 5*10 round head in the direction shown in the figure (not tightened)



3*20 cup head
screw on the rack



The 5*10 round head is adjusted to a suitable height, so that the material rack arm can slide out

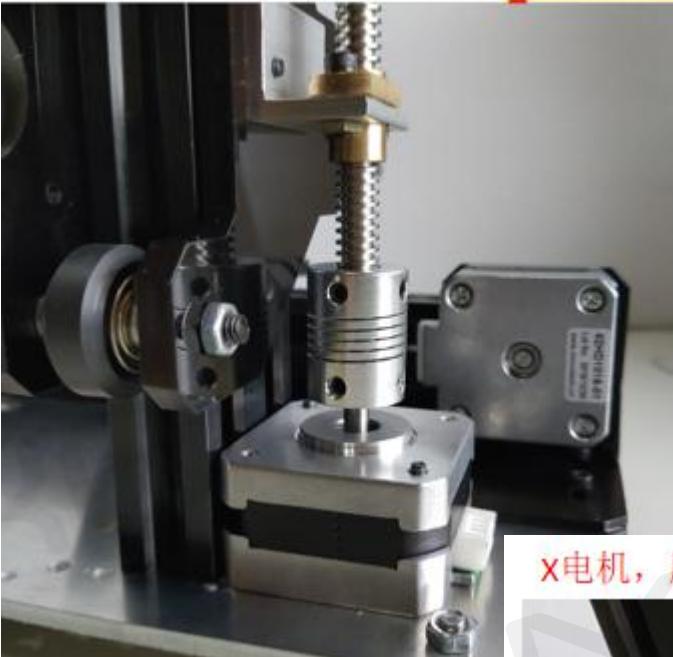


When the height is
adjusted properly,
you can drop 502
to fix it



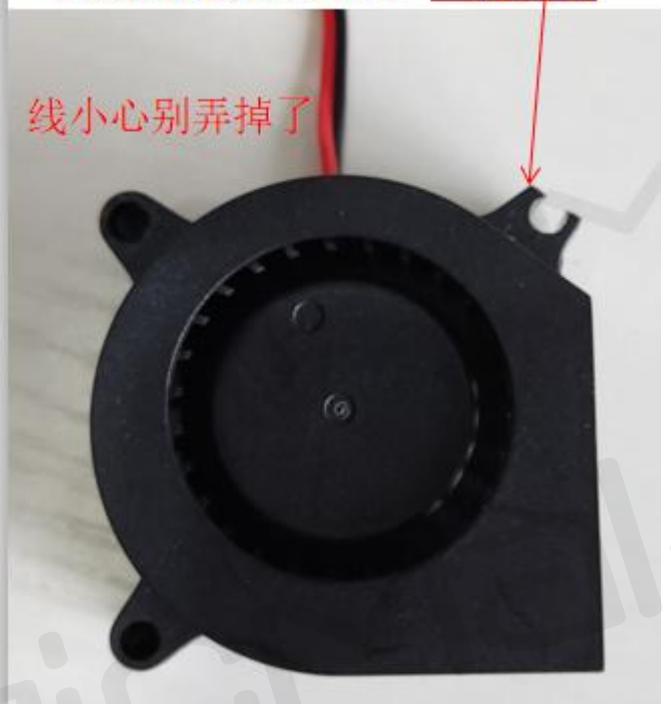
易漏点

装上联轴器，丝杆和电机轴中间不要有间隙



风扇用刀切掉1mm，一定要切

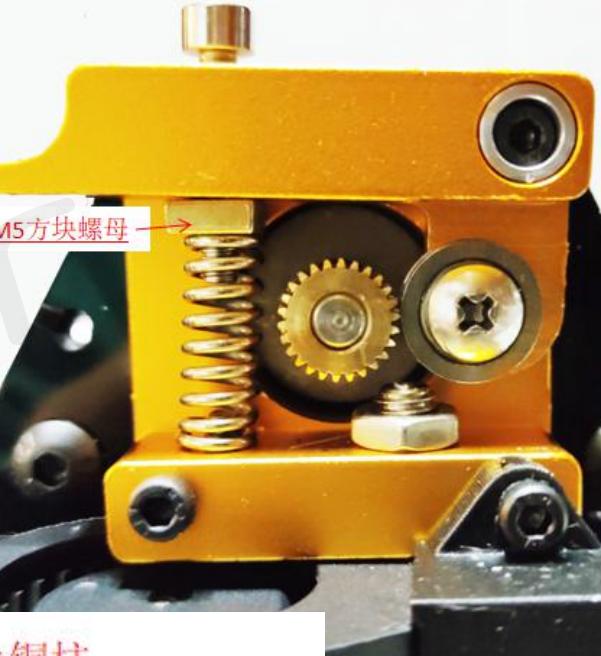
线小心别弄掉了



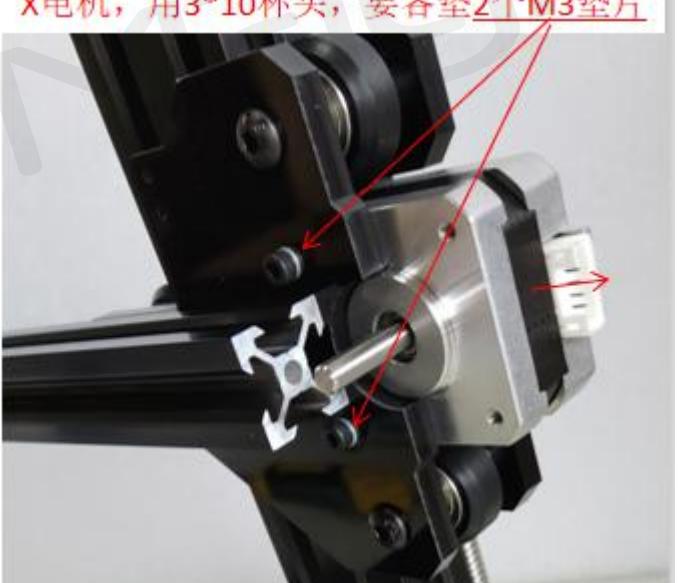
部分弹簧的力太大，会造成了打印的时候挤出机卡住不出料

解决办法：

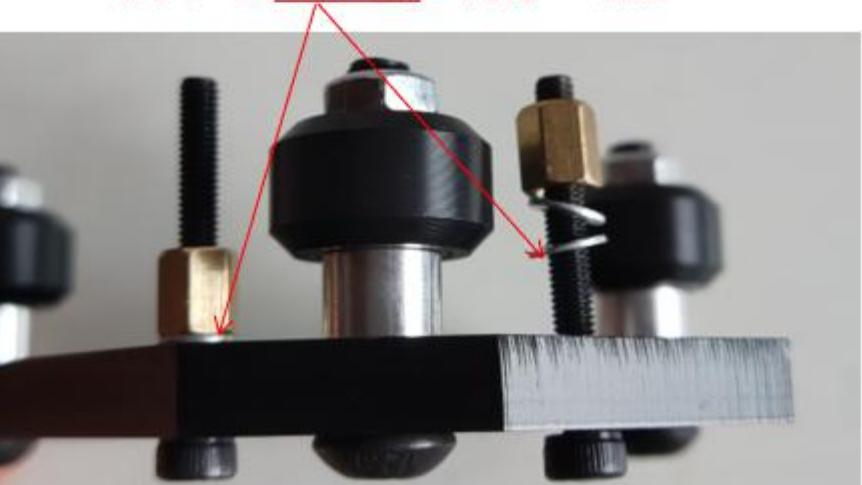
把弹簧上面的5*10杯头换成M5方块螺母，虽然没那么好看，但能有效解决问题



X电机，用3*10杯头，要各垫2个M3垫片



3*25杯头，塞2个垫片，再拧上铜柱



When the assembly of Mini Luban is completed, please follow the manual for operation and leveling

After leveling, you can print the test.

There are slicing software and cut test models in the group.

It is best to print the test model first after leveling.

群文件 > ★★★小鲁班切片软件		
文件	更新时间	过期时间
小鲁班CURA4.4配置教程1.3.pdf	2020-05-03 1:37	永久
切片软件ideamaker.rar	2020-04-15 16:24	永久
小鲁班切片安装配置教程-视频版.flv	2020-04-05 0:29	永久
Ultimaker_Cura-4.4.1.ApplImage	2020-03-24 15:57	永久
Ultimaker_Cura-4.4.1-Darwin.dmg	2020-03-24 15:57	永久
_MACOSX.rar	2020-03-24 15:56	永久
小鲁班cura4.41配置文件热床版.3mf	2020-03-17 16:58	永久
猫头鹰（小鸟）.stl	2020-03-01 18:56	永久
32位切片软件Cura_15.04.0211.rar	2020-01-11 17:16	永久
Ultimaker_Cura-4.4.1-win64.exe	2020-01-08 0:16	永久
官方切好测试文件，小鲁班第一打，自己改拼音.gcode	2020-01-08 0:14	永久
小鲁班cura4.41配置文件.3mf	2020-01-08 0:14	永久

If you need the mainboard shell, you need to print it yourself, the colors can be matched at will.or other unofficial design shells in the group, but you need to find it yourself.

群文件 > ★★★小鲁班打印文件		
文件	更新时间	
可控风扇罩（完美版）.rar	前天	
屏盖（初版分离.STL）	2020-04-30 2:3	
键盖（初版分离.STL）	2020-04-30 2:3	
线盖1.4.STL	2020-04-30 2:3	
屏键盖一体2.1.STL	2020-04-30 2:3	
主板盖2.2（加热床线导口.STL）	2020-04-30 2:3	
可控风扇罩（带勾).STL	2020-04-13 0:4	
Y同步带防刮改善教程1.1.pptx	2020-01-17 16:	
Y轴增高垫（防刮同步带.STL）	2020-01-17 16:	
切好层厚0.2.rar	2020-01-09 14:	

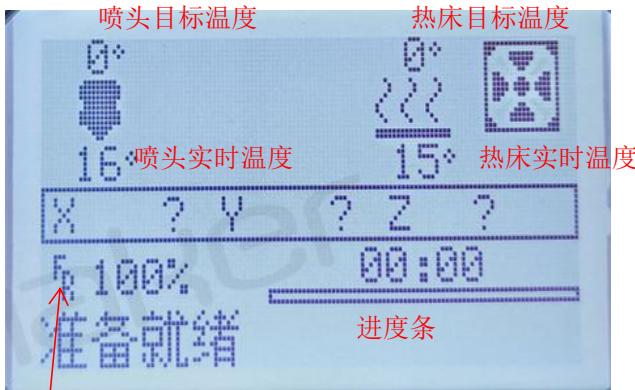


Notes (must read)

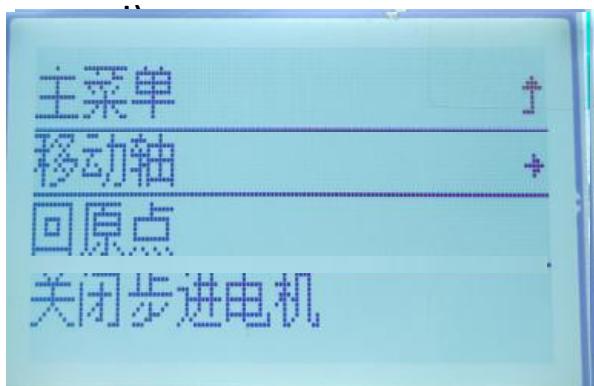
1. The first printing must be leveled, and the platform nozzles must be re-leveled after disassembly
2. Do not frequently push any motor of the machine, it may burn out the driver chip
3. The fan will only turn when the temperature of the nozzle exceeds 40 degrees. In order to prevent the nozzle from damaging the parts, please unplug the power after the fan does not turn (forced shutdown, etc., you can unplug it and plug it in immediately)
4. If the platform is unstable because the gap between the nozzle and the platform is large, if the model is too tight, it is because the gap is too small, but in any case, the nozzle should not touch the platform
5. If there is a printing problem, first eliminate the slicing problem, first print the test file that I uploaded in the "SLuban slice software" folder
6. Pay attention to the same direction when releasing the magnetic suction platform, the suction will become weak after rotating
7. Low proficiency is not recommended for layer thickness above 0.2
(recommended 0.1 and 0.2)
8. The file name does not recognize Chinese, please change to pinyin or number after importing the memory card
9. When encountering problems, read the tutorial carefully and think more

It must be leveled before printing, please see the manual for details

Knob operation, rotating button = select instruction, press button = confirm



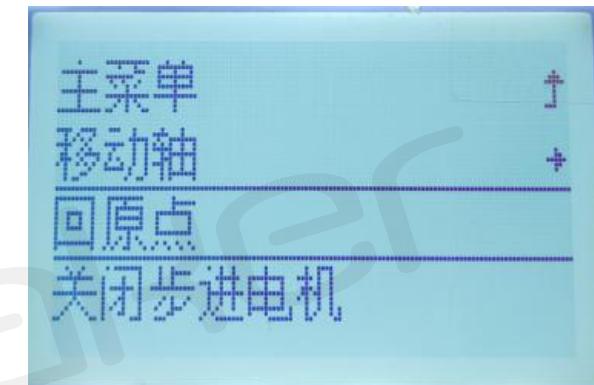
Normal boot screen,
temperature display is similar
to room temperature
(temperature display -14
means no thermal plug is
connected)



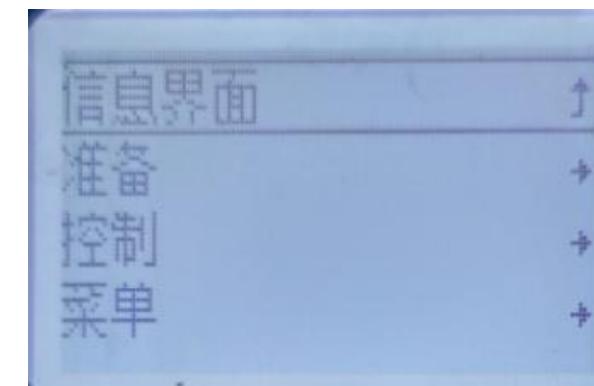
点移动轴，可以单独移动每根轴，
移动量只能在坐标范围内，E轴有
挤出保护，喷头温度预热上180度
才会转(刷新固件可以关)



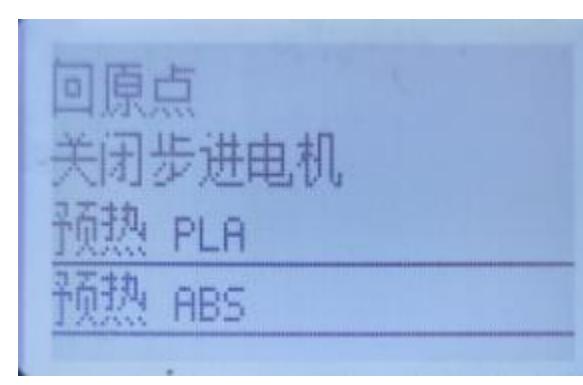
Click to enter the first-level
menu, no card inserted or
poor card quality will show
no card (rate above C4),
after plugging qualified
card, you can enter the
menu and select the file for
printing



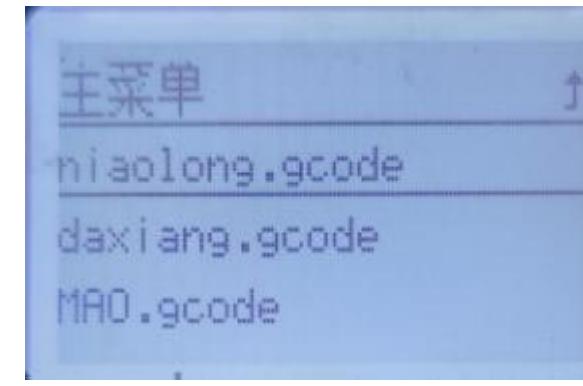
点下准备进入二级菜单
点回原点，检查电机和
限位是否正常，接着可
以进行调平



插卡后点菜单，就可以选
择文件打印



需要单独加热喷头点
预热PLA (180°C) 或
ABS (240°C)



文件名不能为中文

Leveling (this step must be done)

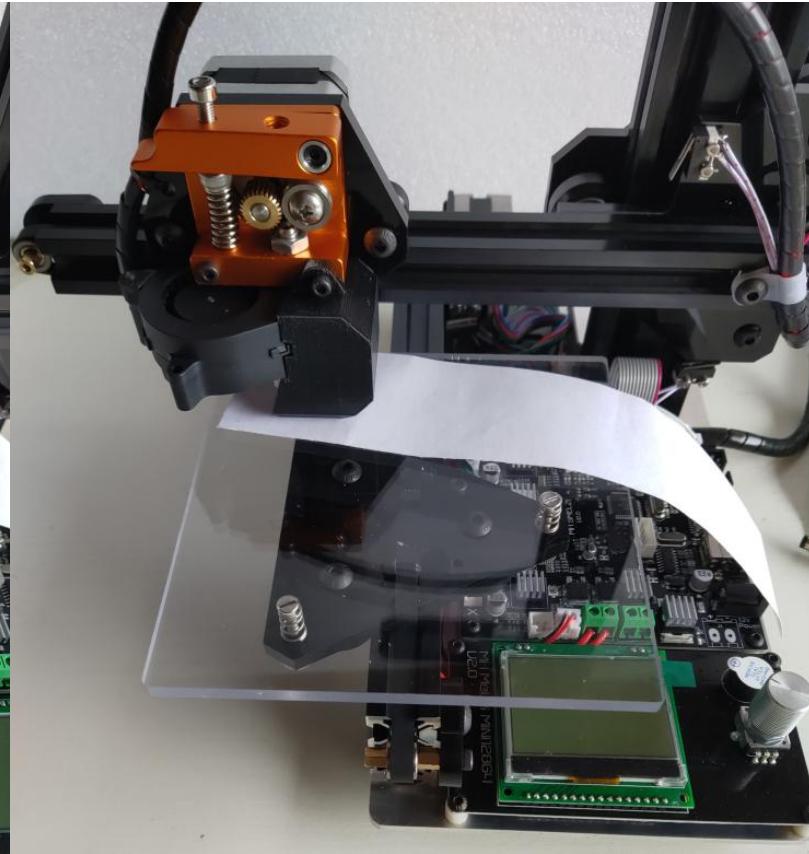
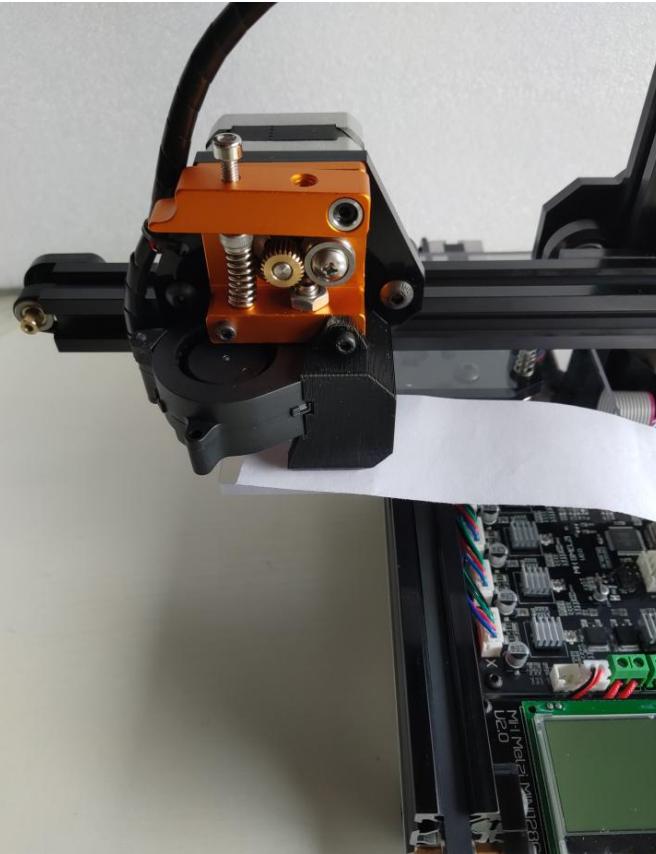
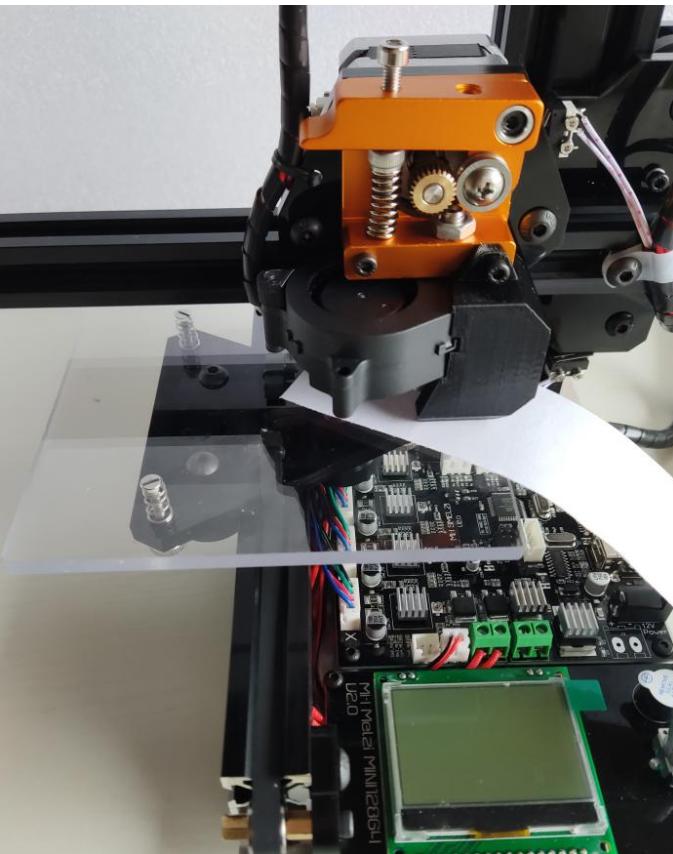
Step1 先把3个调节螺母紧到底，然后点回原点让三轴归零

Step2 关机，在喷嘴和平台间放一张A4复印纸，微调平台下面的3个调节螺母，调节到喷嘴和平台的间距为A4纸的厚度

Step3 纸在喷嘴下面边调节边拖动A4纸，纸能拖动刚刚有点刮纸就合适了，依次把喷头移动到平台3个角调节，3个角喷嘴和平台的间距调好了，整个平台间距就对了，3个角轮回调两遍。

Leveling Description: leveling platform is adjusted so that the same nozzle and distance of each platform location, if not leveled, it will cause the nozzle blown thereby damaging the nozzle.

following leveling course, very simple, sure to operate patiently



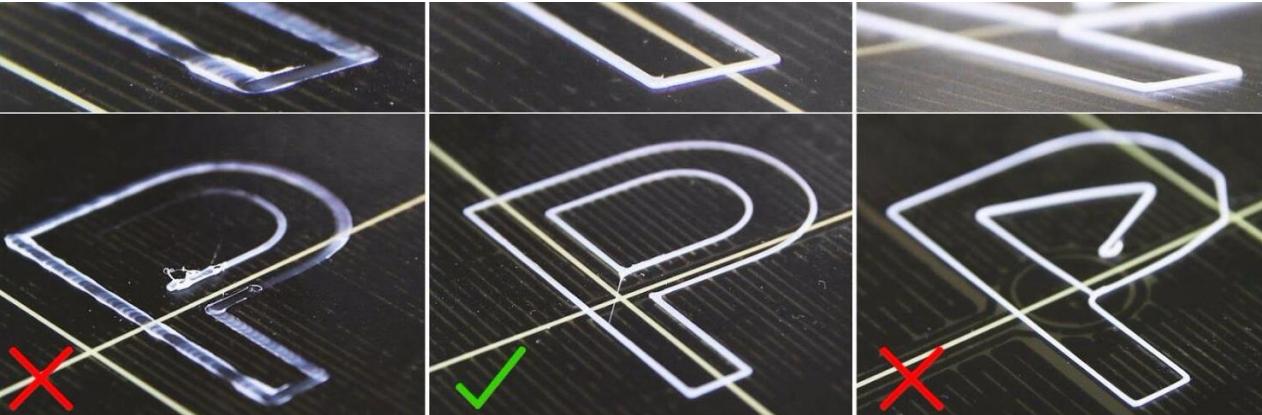
依次移动到3个角重复调平操作，轮回调两三圈

打印的时候可以先等着开始打印，画完第一层任务外圈，确认调平没问题再离开机器

(特别是打印体积大的模型，建议每次检查)

Leveling

As shown in the normal state



Small spacing,
extruding sheet,
scraping platform

Good spacing and
good effect

Large spacing,
unstable adhesion

The same process above, without using A4 paper, directly observe the distance between the nozzle and the platform on the side of the screw on the 3 sides, just adjust the nozzle to leave the platform, you can see that there are seams.

Reference operation demonstration

video <https://www.bilibili.com/video/BV1Fz411i7m6/>



注意调平后观察平台下面，热床不能被弹
簧以外的东西顶住，会使热床变弯，
解决办法：把Z限位向上移动一点，再重新调平

装卸材料

Loading materials: The middle finger or index finger drags the fan frame, press the extruding arm with the thumb, and insert the filament directly. It is best to straighten the filament before inserting. If it cannot be inserted normally, please adjust the insertion direction and insert it along the groove of the bearing.到底

Be sure to press the extruding arm with two fingers, only pressing on it may cause the X axis to be slanted



Replace material: If you finish printing normally before, and the nozzle has cooled down (below 50 degrees), there is a high chance that you can pull it out gently. If it doesn't work or it's struggling, follow the normal procedure.

Turn on first, then operate on the operation panel to warm up

Point preparation---preheating---preheating PLA---sprinkler

After the nozzle is up 180 degrees, press and hold the extruder arm, and continue to insert the original wire in to see if there is any wire from the nozzle below. After the wire is drawn, insert about 2cm, then quickly pull it out, and then replace the new wire. Just insert it to the end.

It looks very complicated, if you can understand it, it is very simple. It will be completed in a few seconds after preheating. Follow the procedure to greatly reduce the chance of jamming.

Change material during printing: Tentatively print, wait for the machine to stop, press the extruder arm, pull it out directly, and then insert the new material directly, and then click to continue printing. The new material is prepared first. This process is as fast as possible, so that the model will be less affected.

Print test

Download the cut test model in the official group, import the memory card, and then insert the memory card into the printer, select the cut file ***.gcode to print, and the machine will first preheat the print head to the printing temperature. Start printing, observe whether there is a scraping platform on the first layer of nozzles, and whether there is a sticky platform on the exit wire, and the first layer of printing can leave the machine without any problems

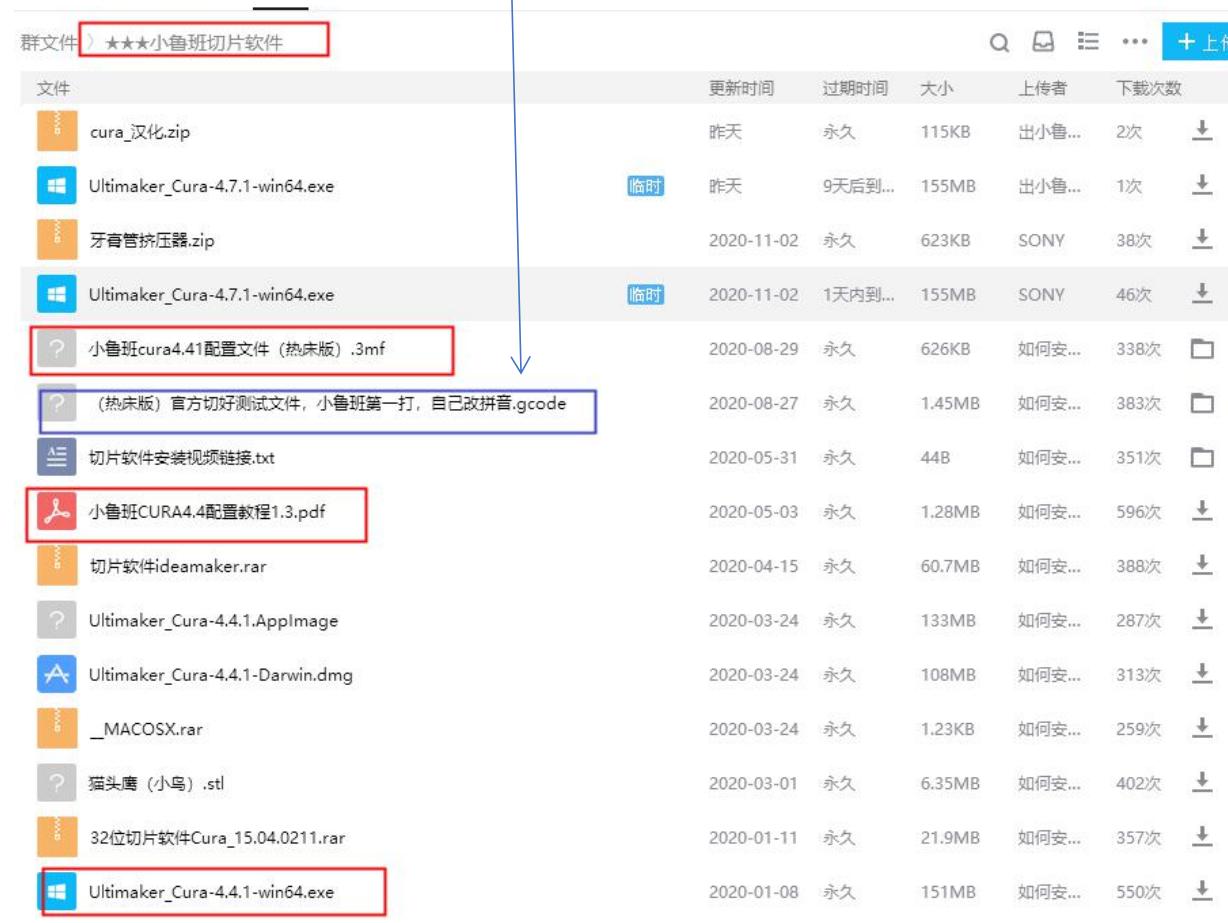
In the later stage, if the nozzle, platform has been adjusted or large-scale movement to make the platform uneven, you need to re-level it

It is recommended to print a larger model and observe carefully in the early stage of printing, whether the nozzle is scratched or not sticky, stop in time if this situation occurs, and then level again

sliced(Convert the STL model file into a machine-recognizable code file)

Download the slice software and tutorial, follow the slice tutorial operation, video tutorial link:

<https://www.bilibili.com/video/BV17K4y1t77R/>



Slicing software is the software that converts the model file in .stl format into a printable .gcode format

.stl is a three-dimensional model, which can be designed with three-dimensional modeling software, or can be downloaded online, and it needs to be a closed polygon.

.goced is the code file after the stl file is converted by the slice software. The file is a bunch of G code, and you can edit and change it yourself.(Don't understand too clearly)

All in all, the model you design needs to export .stl, and the downloaded model needs to be .stl.

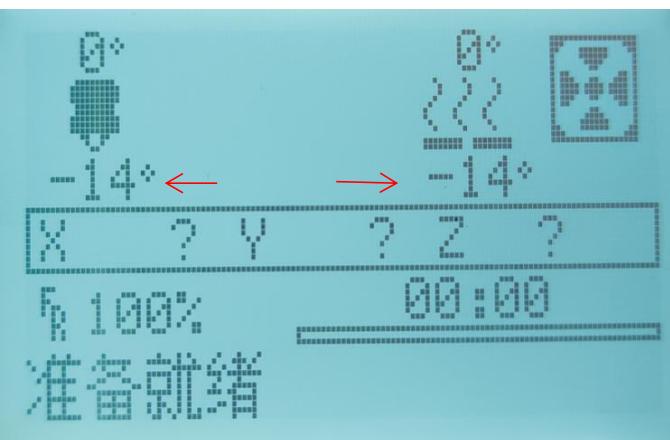
When imported into the machine, the executable file of the machine is .goced.

SLuban can only understand English and numbers

Error analysis



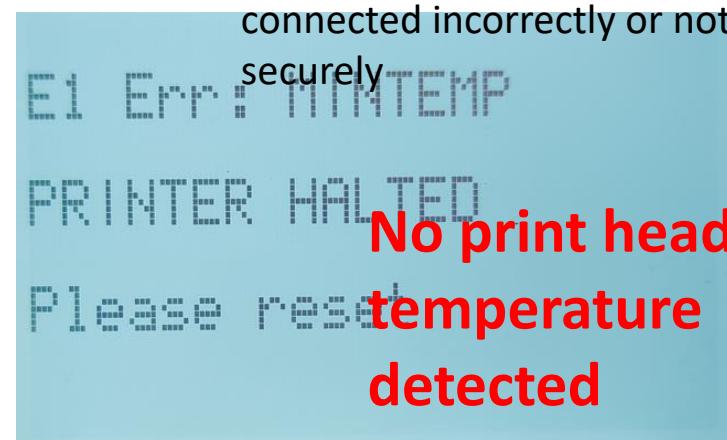
Common reasons:
1. The limit is inserted incorrectly
2. Wrong plug in motor



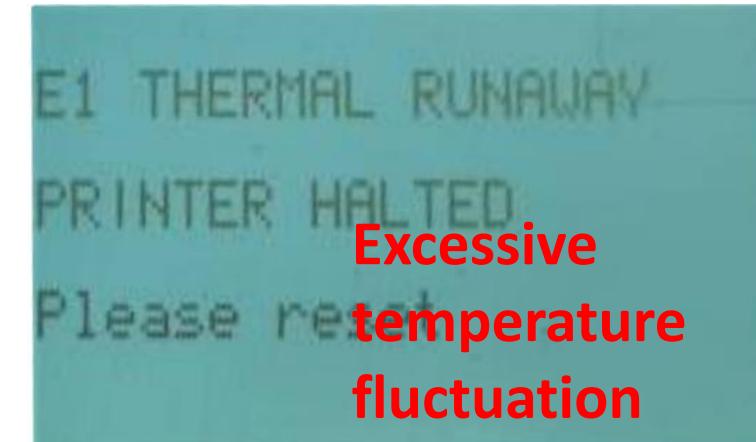
Temperature display -14 means that the thermal sensor is not installed, check the thermal line and thermal plug.
The nozzle on the left, the hot bed on the right



Common reasons:
1. The thermal bead is not stuffed in the middle of the aluminum block
2. The heater wire is connected incorrectly or not securely



Check the thermal line and head of the print head



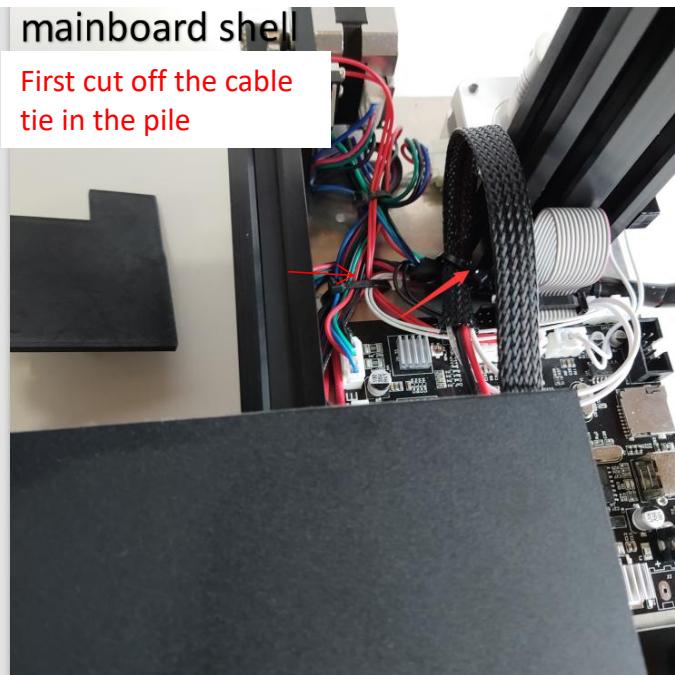
Solution:
1. Check whether the thermal plug is good
2. Open the fan cover to print
3. Flash the latest version 2.3 or higher firmware



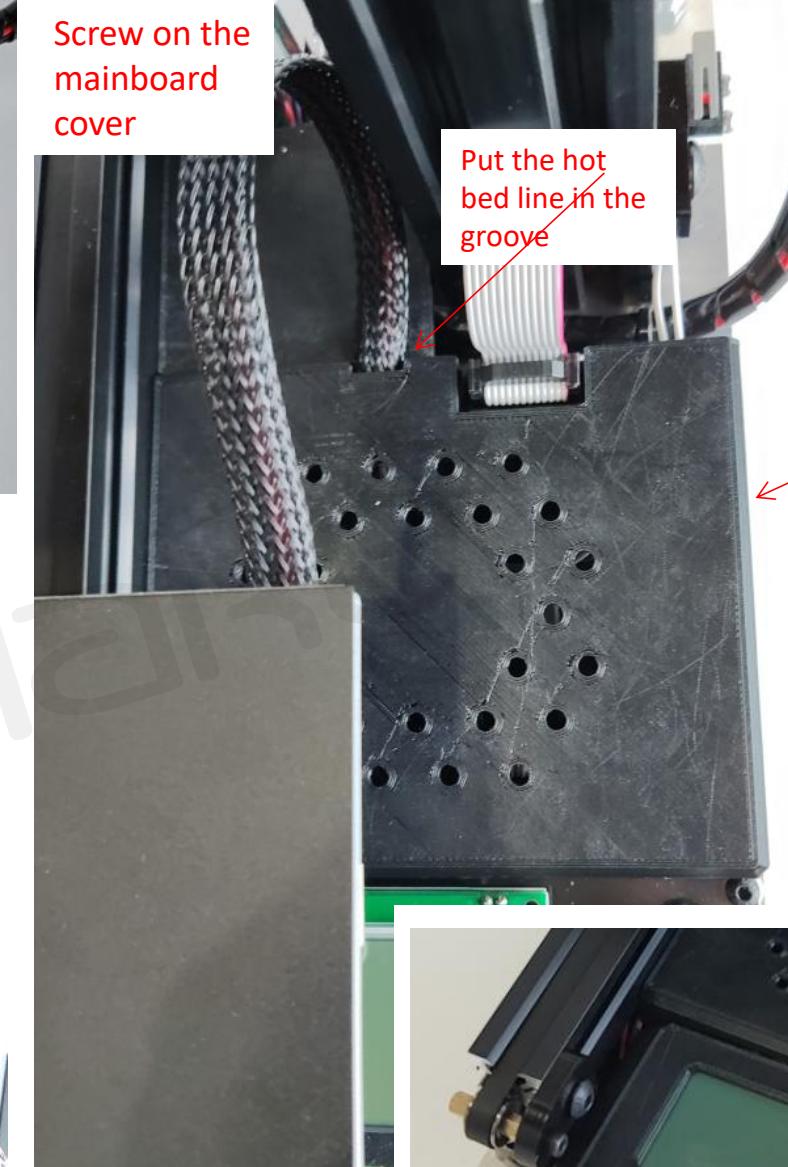
Check the thermal line and head of the hot bed

Install after printing the mainboard shell

First cut off the cable tie in the pile



Screw on the mainboard cover



When installing and removing the mainboard cover, be sure to pull out the card first

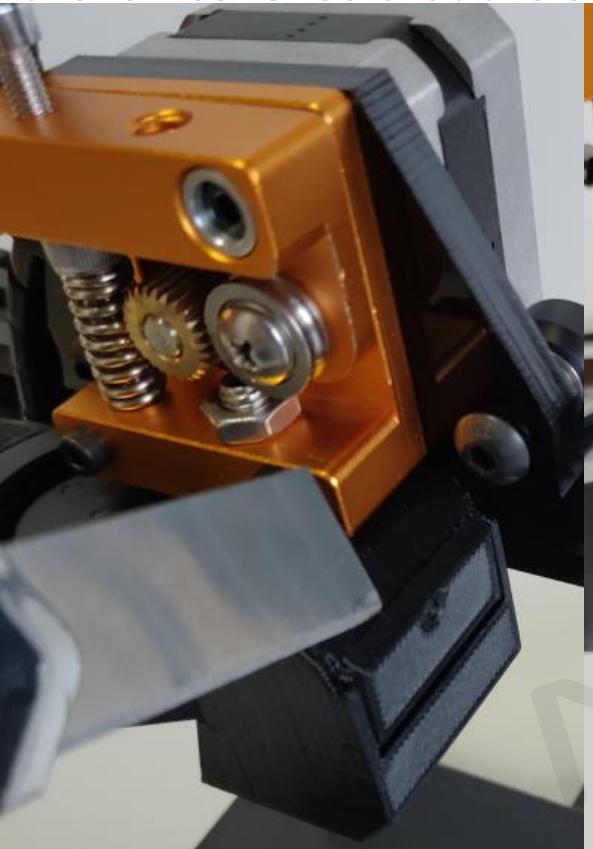


The screen cover is installed in the same way

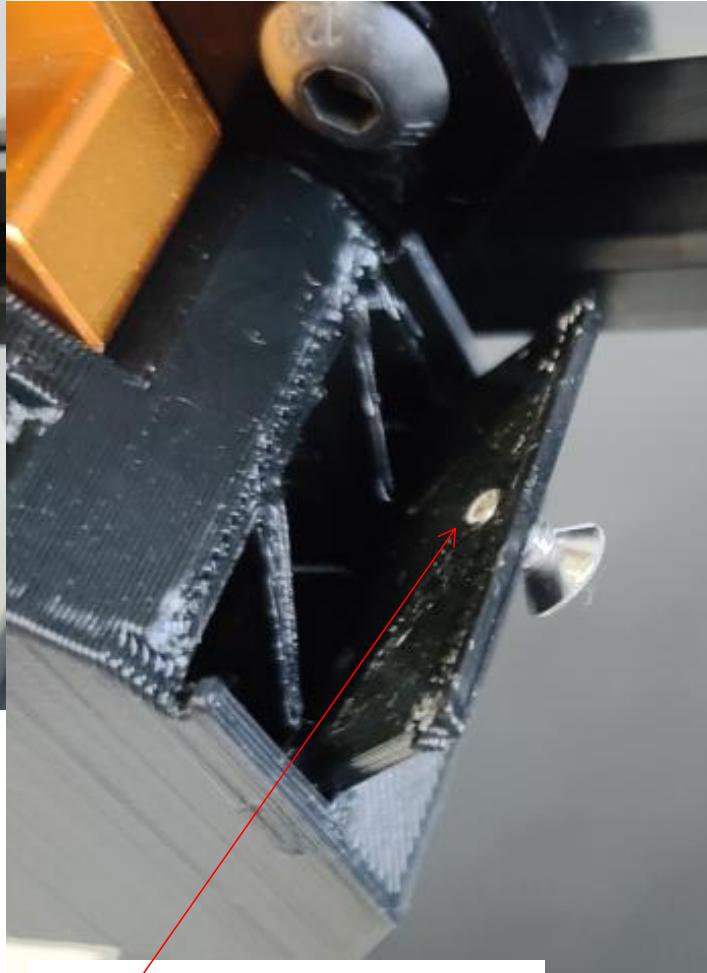


Controllable fan cover (ABS needs to be unsealed)

Use a knife to cut into the slit in the back cover of the fan cover so that the cover can be opened

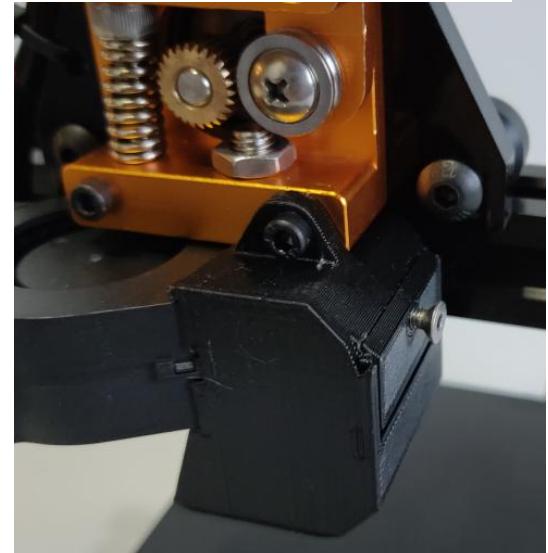


Twist a short M3 screw (the one in the extrusion bag)

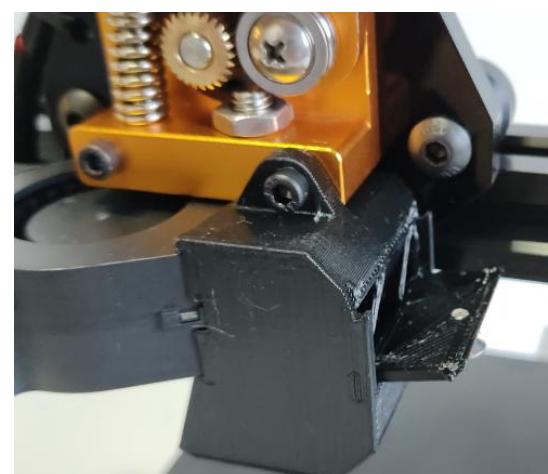


Screw not to exceed the cover

Covered status:
The model is freezes fast, suitable for PLA



Open state:
The model freezes slowly,suitable for ABS



Material break detection

Function: It will automatically pause when the material is broken, and continue printing after resuming

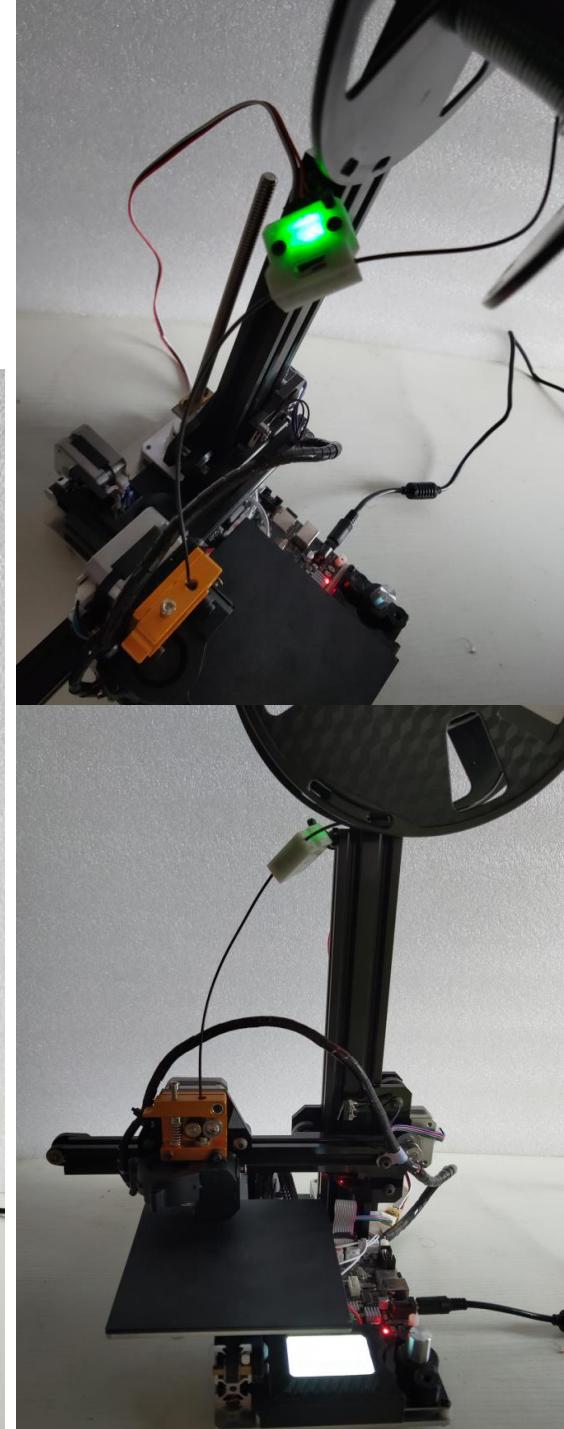
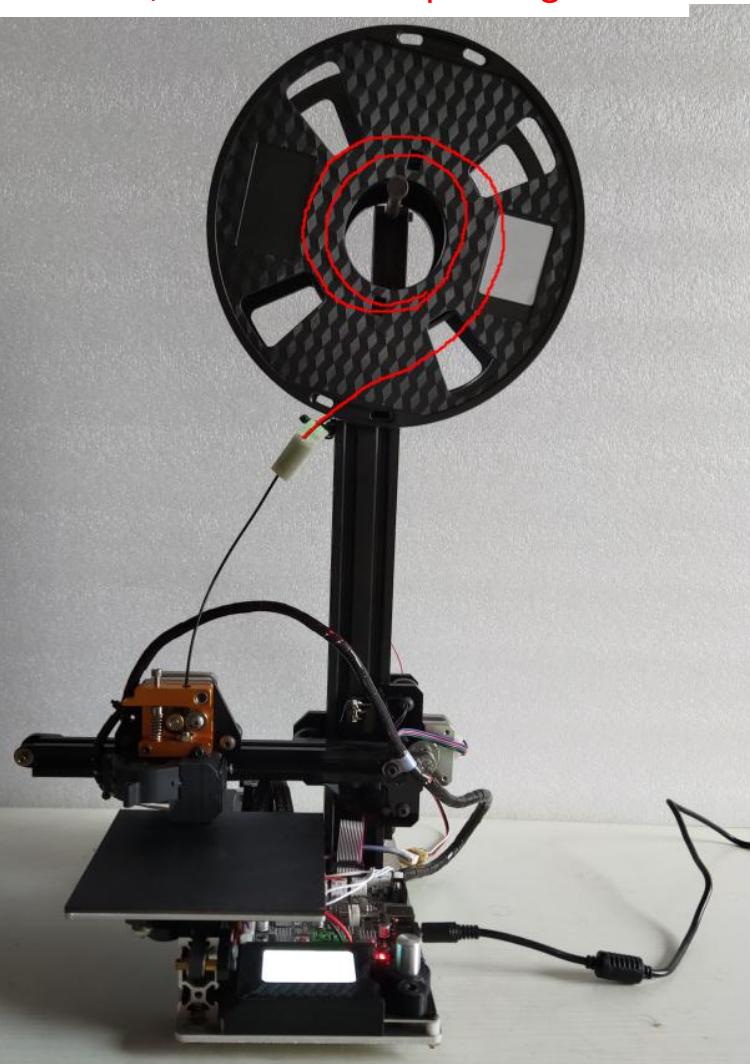


Fix one M5 screw + M5 square nut on the top of the side, and 2 tie straps are tied and fixed as shown in the figure. The tie straps should not be tightened and can be moved flexibly



The material break detection is an external component, which is not mandatory.
It is recommended to test and print before installation
装上后耗材必须先从模块上穿过。

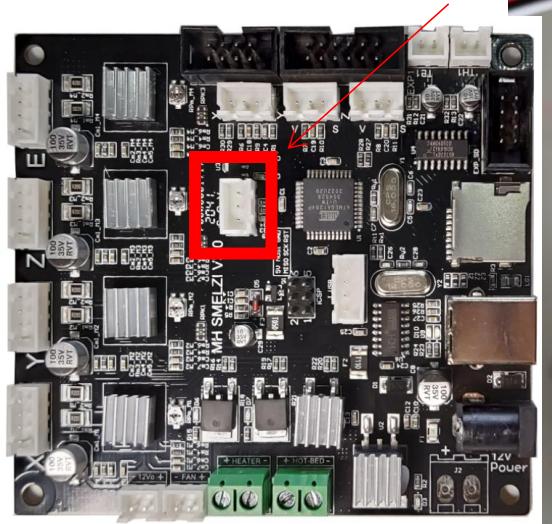
The material tray is placed as shown in the figure, and it must pass through the material break detection module, and then start printing



Material break detection module

0.5m 3P line

Wire the socket of the module and the mainboard



挤出丢步缺丝问题解析

1. Poor throat heat dissipation

checking point:
a. Fan rotates normally
b. The fan is not installed as required, air leakage

2. The nozzle is blocked

Check method: preheat the nozzle and manually extrude, and observe whether the filament is smooth

Solution:

- Preheat to 230 degrees and forcefully squeeze out the material for a section, if it is caused by the scraping platform, this method may be dredged
- Find a needle with a diameter of less than 0.4mm and pass it through (the silk glue that bundles the power cord is stripped and straightened)



3. Spring force is too large

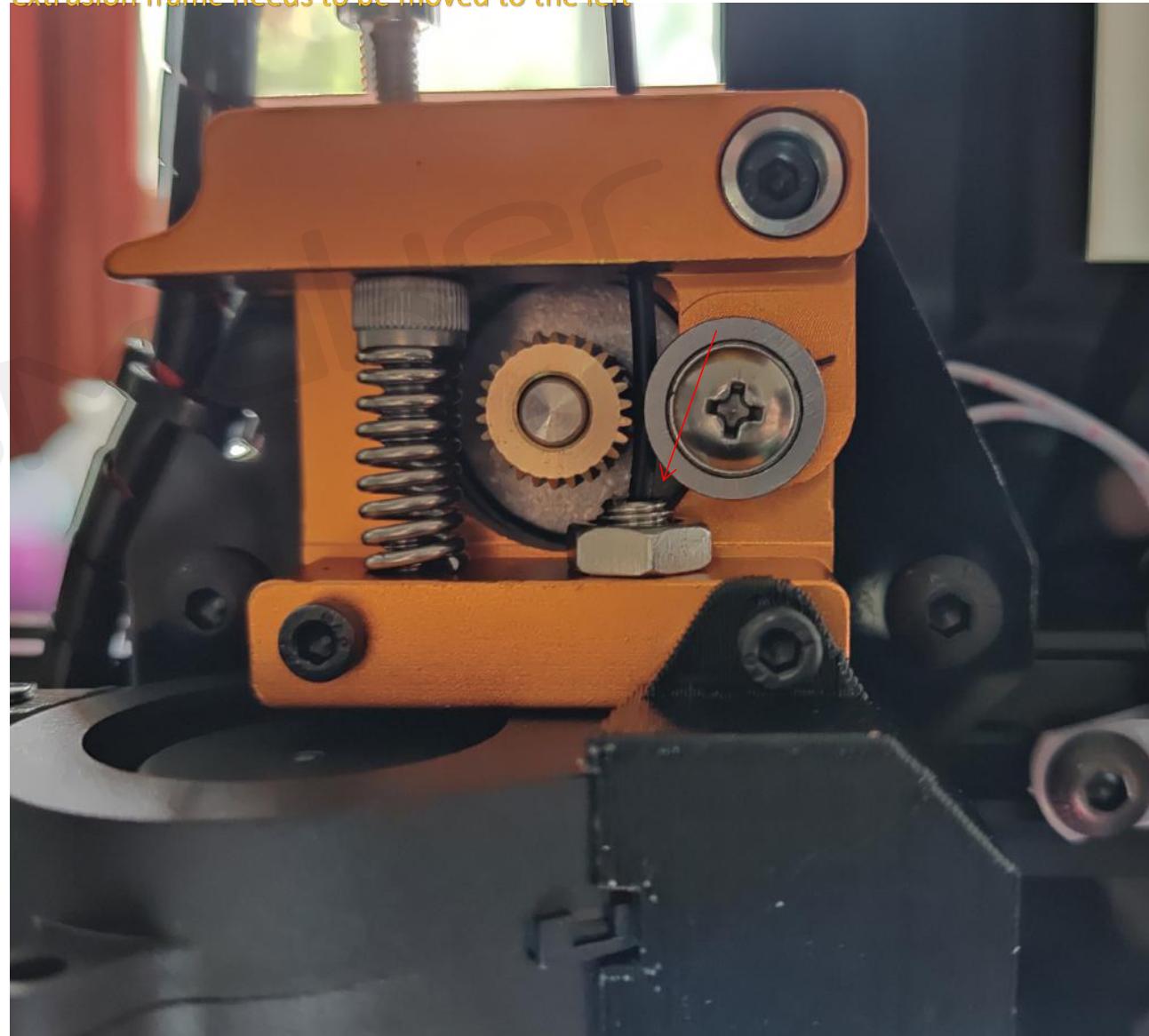
Material will squeeze and deform

4. Material entrance is crooked

Check method: see if the filament is scraping down the wall at the mouth of the throat

Solution: Adjust the extrusion frame, try to smooth it

As shown in the picture, the filament scrapes the right side of the throat, and the extrusion frame needs to be moved to the left

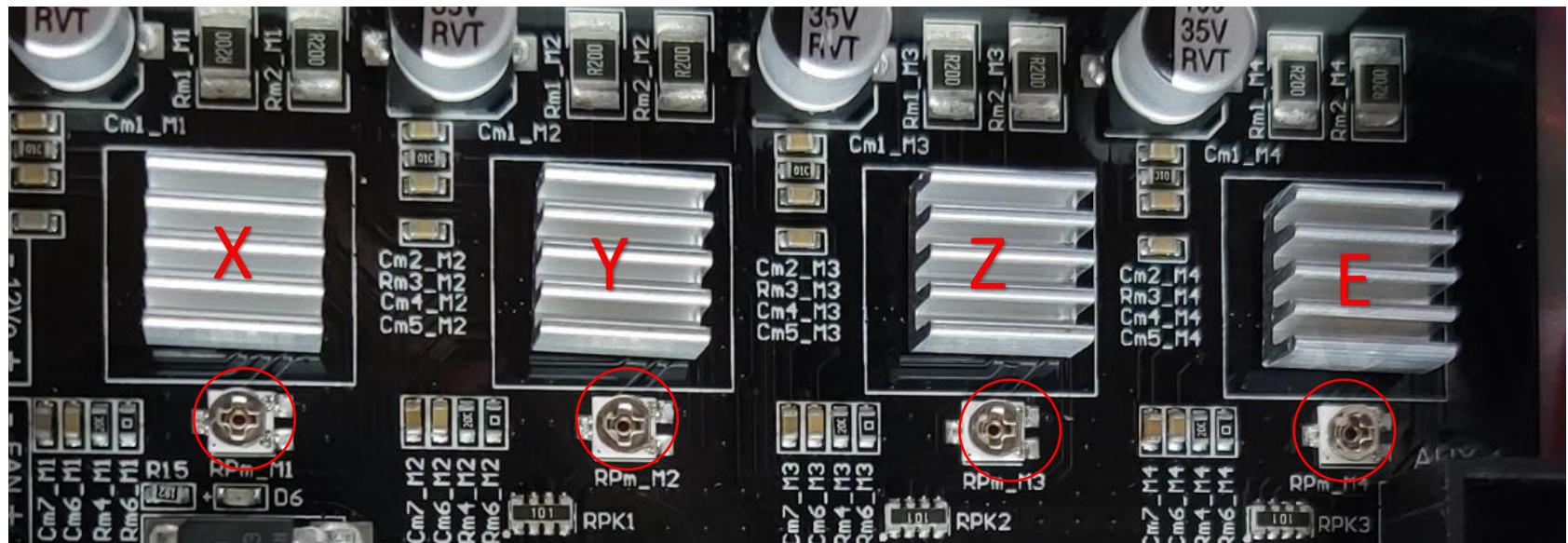


5. The current of the motor is insufficient

(the current has been adjusted in the factory setting, and the above 4 problems have been checked and there is no problem before considering this)

电机电流调节教程（出厂电流都调好了的，调电流有风险，请确认看懂后再操作） (调节操作前要拔掉电机，不然烧驱动，最好断电操作)

散热片旁边是驱动电流器，可调节驱动电流，顺时针调小，逆时针调大



---无万用表盲调法---

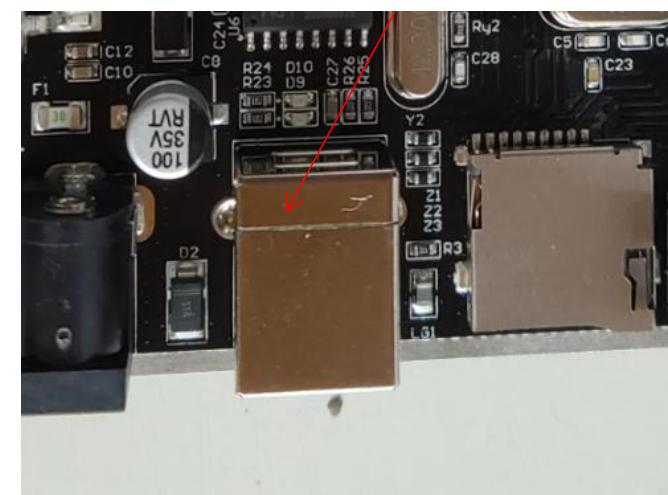
电机力气小的话，电流器逆时针转10度，再打印文件测试（层厚0.3的文件测试，电机压力大测试的结果更有用）

如果丢步，就关机再转10度，以此。

如果不丢步，就打印几分钟，手摸电机，看是否发烫，发烫厉害的话就需要调回小一下，再测试，直到不烫。如果不烫的话就继续打印，打印1小时还不会发烫就OK
(发热的标准，手一直摸着能受得了就行，手耐热型的就考虑下亚克力受不受得了)

---测电流方法---

万用表开到直流电压2V档，
红笔点电流器，黑笔点接地
(数据线插口外壳) 测出的
电压值/1.6,就是实际电流
电机的额定电流0.9A，0.6A比
较合适，大了容易发热，
不要超过0.9A



调节最终结果

在力气和发热两个属性
中调和个中间值

维护

- a 避免灰尘多的环境下使用，避免暴晒
- B 滑轮轴承和丝杆可以上润滑油（注意油别滴到平台上，平台粘了油不粘模型，如果粘上了拆下用洗洁剂洗干净）
- c 喷嘴堵头可以用直径0.3-0.4mm的针预热后通下，出现喷嘴没堵，但出丝比较吃劲的情况，是铁氟龙管磨损，就需要换喉管或喷头了

常见问题处理

1堵头

FDM堵头是难免的，原因大概有几个

- 1, 喷嘴损伤，一般是未调平或错误操作刮平台造成的，换个喷嘴
- 2, 耗材有杂质，可以先试着温度预热到230挤出，不行就得捅了
- 3, 喉管铁氟龙管损伤，主要跟耗材和温度有关，调试到耗材的最佳温度打最好，这个换的成本也不高
- 4, 喉管堵塞，风扇不转喉管必堵，检查好风扇
- 5, 不正确的换丝操作
(1,2, 的情况可以用直径0.3-0.4mm的针捅喷头，注意笔直向上捅

2内存卡不识别

内存需要质量较好，速率C4以上，容量小于16g

3不要频繁快速推动电机发电，容易烧坏驱动