

➤ HTTP Status code: are 3 digit responses that a server sends to a client browser when an HTTP request is made. There are 5 types of status code. The first status code of each category starts at 100, 200, 300, 400 & 500.

01. 100 - Informational Responses: The HTTP Request was received, but the process has not been completed and is still working/in progress. These codes are temporarily given until the process finishes, which will then cause a different code to be sent to the browser.

Ex: 100 - continue
101 - switching protocol
102 - Processing.

02. 200 - Successful Responses: The HTTP Request was successful and the client-side browser has received the expected data back from the server.

Ex: 200 - OK
201 - created
202 - Accepted
203 - Non-Authoritative Info.
204 - Non content
205 - Reset content

03. Redirection: 300 = Your Browser has been redirected, additional action must be taken to complete the request. Once the redirection has been completed you should receive a 200 status code

Ex:

300 - Multiple choices	}	303 - See other
301 - Moved Permanently		304 - Not Modified
302 - Found		305 - Use Proxy

04. 400 - Client Errors There is a problem with the HTTP request, and it was not completed. Either there is a syntax error in the request or the page you are attempting to reach is unavailable and the request cannot be fulfilled.

Ex:

400 - Bad Request	}	403 - Forbidden
401 - Unauthorized		404 - Not found
402 - Payment Required		405 - Method Not Allowed

05. 500 - Server Errors: The HTTP Request is valid. however an error occurred on the server side and it has prevented the request from being fulfilled.

Ex: 500 - Internal Server Error.
501 - Not Implemented
502 - Bad Gateway.
503 - Service Unavailable
504 - Gateway Timeout
505 - HTTP version Not supported.