# **Question 10**

Write a Program to implement spatial mean operation (say considering  $3\times3$  window) and applying it on a gray scale noisy image. Show the filtering effect after the variable window size ( $5\times5$ ,  $7\times7$ ). Discuss the limiting effect of repeatedly applying a  $3\times3$  low pass spatial filter to a digital image (apply  $3\times3$  window two times i.e. twice). Show that the filtering results are equivalent i.e. output image obtained after applying  $3\times3$  window twice is equivalent applying  $5\times5$  window once.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import random
```

#### Images to process

```
In [2]:
    path_inp = '../../images/dat/'  # path for input files
    path_out_orig = 'originals/'  # path for output files: originals
    path_out_conv = 'converted/'  # path for output files: converted

filenames = [
         'f256',
         'l256',
         'o256'
]

ext_inp = '.dat'  # file extention for input
    ext_out = '.bmp'  # file extention for output
```

#### Convert images to numpy array and store in a list of tuples as (filename, np.array)

```
In [3]:
         # Stores the list of dictionaries for the filename, original image, converted image/s
         images = []
         # Iterate for all filenames
         for idx, filename in enumerate(filenames):
             # Store image pixels as uint8 2D array
             image = np.array(
                 [i.strip().split() for i in open(path_inp + filename + ext_inp).readlines()],
                 dtype='uint8'
             # Add (filename, numpy array of image) into images list
             images.append({
                 'filename': filename,
                 'orig': image,
                 'equalized': None
             })
             # Save original image as .dat file
             np.savetxt(
                 path_out_orig + ext_inp[1:] + '/' + filename + ext_inp,
                 image,
                 fmt=' %d',
                 newline=' \n'
             )
```

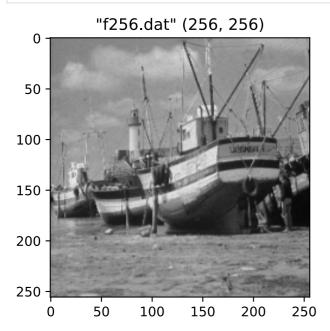
#### Display input images

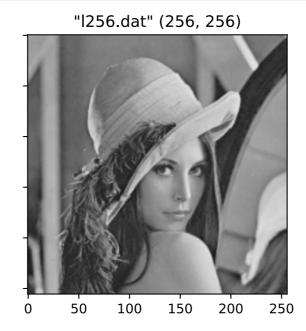
```
In [4]:
         # Matrix dimensions
         cols = 3
         rows = 1
         # Create figure with rows × cols subplots
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(rows, cols, dpi=80, sharex=True, sharey=True)
         fig.set_size_inches(4 * cols, 4.5 * rows)
         # Iterate for all images
         for idx, image_dict in enumerate(images):
             filename = image_dict['filename']
             image = image_dict['orig']
             # Set subplot title as '"filename" (rows, cols)'
             axs[idx].set_title('"{}" {}'.format(
                 filename + ext_inp,
                 image.shape
             ))
             # Add subplot to figure plot buffer
             axs[idx].imshow(
                 image,
                 cmap='gray',
                 vmin=0,
                 vmax=255
             # Save original image as .bmp file
             plt.imsave(
```

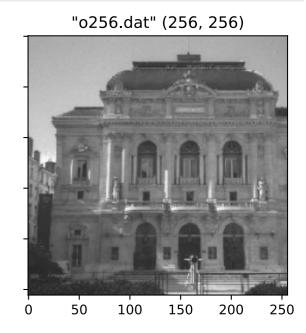
```
path_out_orig + ext_out[1:] + '/' + filename + ext_out,
    image,
    cmap='gray',
    vmin=0,
    vmax=255
)

# Hide x labels and tick labels for top plots and y ticks for right plots
for ax in axs.flat:
    ax.label_outer()

# Display the figure
plt.show()
```







### **Additive Noise Corruption**

```
In [5]:
         def add_noise(image, p: int, q: int):
             height, width = image.shape
             n_pixels = height * width
             n_p = (n_{pixels} * p) // 100
             pixels = set()
             for i in range(n_p):
                 while True:
                     curr = random.randint(0, n_pixels - 1)
                     row = curr // width
                     col = curr % width
                     if (row, col) not in pixels:
                         pixels.add((row, col))
                         break
             noisy_image = np.zeros((height, width))
             def min(a, b):
                 return a if a < b else b
             for i in range(height):
                 for j in range(width):
                     noisy_image[i][j] = image[i][j]
             for row, col in pixels:
                 noisy_image[row][col] = min(
                     int(noisy_image[row][col]) + int(image[row][col] * (random.randint(0, q) / 100))
             noisy_image = noisy_image.astype('uint8')
             return noisy_image
```

### **Image Difference**

```
def difference_image(image_a, image_b):
    height, width = image_a.shape
    img = abs(image_a - image_b)
    for i in range(height):
        for j in range(width):
            img[i][j] = 0 if img[i][j] < 0 else img[i][j]
    return img</pre>
```

#### **Image Filtering**

```
def mean(elems):
    sum = 0
    for i in elems:
```

```
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                                                                          q10
                      sum += i
                 return sum // len(elems)
    In [8]:
             def filter_img(image, operation, w_size):
                 height, width = image.shape
                 img = np.zeros(image.shape)
                 def get_pixel(i, j):
                      return image[i][j] if (i >= 0 and j >=0) and (i < height and j < width) else 0
                 p_list = list(range(w_size))
                 for i in range(w_size):
                      p_list[i] -= w_size // 2
                 for i in range(height):
                      for j in range(width):
                          elems = []
                          for m in p_list:
```

for n in p\_list:

img.astype('uint8')

return img

img[i][j] = operation(elems)

elems.append(get\_pixel(i + m, j + n))

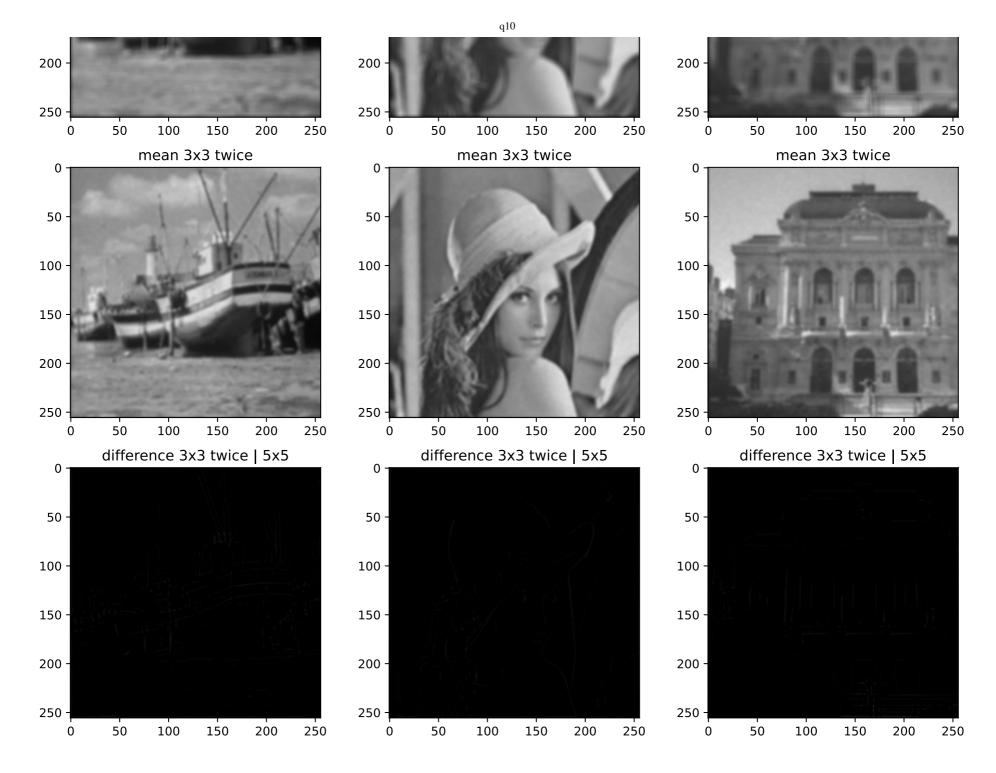
```
In [9]:
         def save_dat(filename, data):
             np.savetxt(
                 path_out_conv + ext_inp[1:] + '/' + filename + ext_inp,
                 data,
                 fmt=' %d',
                 newline=' \n'
             )
         def save_img(filename, image):
             plt.imsave(
                 path_out_conv + ext_out[1:] + '/' + filename + ext_out,
                 image,
                 cmap='gray',
                 vmin=0,
                 vmax=255
             )
```

```
In [10]:
          rows, cols = 7, len(images)
          # Create figure with rows × cols subplots
          fig, axs = plt.subplots(rows, cols, dpi=80)
          fig.set_size_inches(4.5 * cols, 4.5 * rows)
          # Iterate for all images
          for idx, image_dict in enumerate(images):
              filename = image_dict['filename']
              orig = image_dict['orig']
              noisy = add_noise(orig, 25, 15)
              axs[0, idx].set_title(f'"{filename}"')
              axs[0, idx].imshow(orig, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
              axs[1, idx].set_title(f'noisy')
              axs[1, idx].imshow(noisy, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
              save_dat(filename + f'_noisy', noisy)
              save_img(filename + f'_noisy', noisy)
              mean_3 = filter_img(noisy, mean, 3)
              axs[2, idx].set_title(f'mean 3x3')
              axs[2, idx].imshow(mean_3, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
              save_dat(filename + f'_mean_3', mean_3)
              save_img(filename + f'_mean_3', mean_3)
              mean_5 = filter_img(noisy, mean, 5)
              axs[3, idx].set_title(f'mean 5x5')
              axs[3, idx].imshow(mean_5, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
              save_dat(filename + f'_mean_5', mean_5)
              save_img(filename + f'_mean_5', mean_5)
              mean_7 = filter_img(noisy, mean, 7)
              axs[4, idx].set_title(f'mean 7x7')
              axs[4, idx].imshow(mean_7, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
              save_dat(filename + f'_mean_7', mean_7)
              save_img(filename + f'_mean_7', mean_7)
              mean_3_x2 = filter_img(filter_img(noisy, mean, 3), mean, 3)
              axs[5, idx].set_title(f'mean 3x3 twice')
              axs[5, idx].imshow(mean_3_x2, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
              save_dat(filename + f'_mean_3_x2', mean_3_x2)
              save_img(filename + f'_mean_3_x2', mean_3_x2)
              diff = mean_3_x2 - mean_5
              axs[6, idx].set title(f'difference 3x3 twice | 5x5')
              axs[6, idx].imshow(diff, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
```

```
save_dat(filename + f'_diff_5__3_x2', diff)
save_img(filename + f'_diff_5__3_x2', diff)

# Save and display the figure
plt.savefig('mean_filter.jpg')
plt.show()
```





# Resource

GitHub repository: Image Processing and Pattern Recognition - Anindya Kundu (meganindya)