Question 3

Write a program to implement image negation operation.

```
S = L - 1 - R,
```

where R : pixel value of input image; S : pixel value of output image; L : maximum gray value

See the effect of the image negation operation for enhancing white or gray detail embedded in dark regions of an image dominant in size.

q3

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import math
```

Images to process

```
In [2]:
         path_inp = '../../images/dat/' # path for input files
         path_out_orig = 'originals/'
                                         # path for output files: originals
         path_out_conv = 'converted/'
                                         # path for output files: converted
         filenames = [
             'a256',
             'ba256'
             'n256',
             'o256',
             'p256',
             'z256'
         ]
         ext inp = '.dat'
                            # file extention for input
         ext out = '.bmp'
                             # file extention for output
```

Convert images to numpy array and store in a list of tuples as (filename, np.array)

```
In [3]:
         # Stores the list of dictionaries for the filename, original image, converted image/s
         images = []
         # Iterate for all filenames
         for idx, filename in enumerate(filenames):
             # Store image pixels as uint8 2D array
             image = np.array(
                 [i.strip().split() for i in open(path_inp + filename + ext_inp).readlines()],
                 dtype='uint8'
             # Add (filename, numpy array of image) into images list
             images.append({
                 'filename': filename,
                 'orig': image
             })
             # Save original image as .dat file
             np.savetxt(
                 path_out_orig + ext_inp[1:] + '/' + filename + ext_inp,
                 image,
                 fmt=' %d'
                 newline=' \n'
```

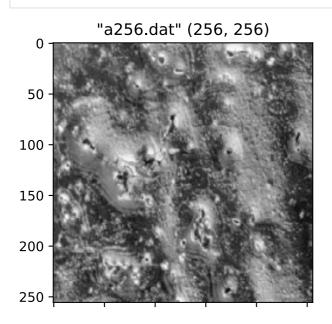
Display input images

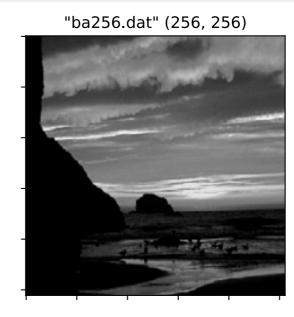
```
In [5]:
         # Matrix dimensions
         cols = 3
         rows = -(-len(filenames) // cols)
         # Create figure with rows × cols subplots
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(rows, cols, dpi=80, sharex=True, sharey=True)
         fig.set size inches(4 * cols, 4.5 * rows)
         # Iterate for all images
         for idx, image dict in enumerate(images):
             filename = image dict['filename']
             image = image_dict['orig']
             # Set subplot title as '"filename" (rows, cols)'
             axs[int(idx // cols), idx % cols].set title('"{}" {}'.format(
                 filename + ext_inp,
                 image.shape
             ))
             # Add subplot to figure plot buffer
             axs[int(idx // cols), idx % cols].imshow(
                 image,
                 cmap='gray',
                 vmin=0,
                 vmax=255
```

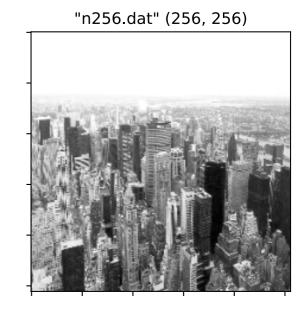
```
# Save original image as .bmp file
plt.imsave(
    path_out_orig + ext_out[1:] + '/' + filename + ext_out,
    image,
    cmap='gray',
    vmin=0,
    vmax=255
)

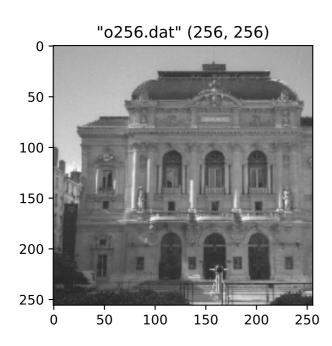
# Hide x labels and tick labels for top plots and y ticks for right plots
for ax in axs.flat:
    ax.label_outer()

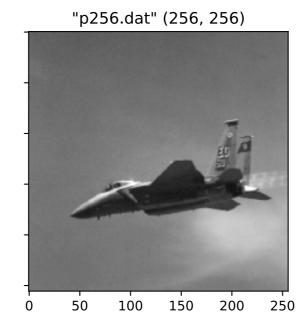
# Display the figure
plt.show()
```

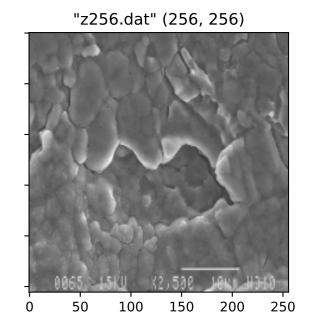












Negation

```
def negate(image):
    min_pixel = min([min(i) for i in image])
    max_pixel = max([max(i) for i in image])

image = max_pixel - 1 - image

return image
```

```
In [8]:
    rows, cols = len(images), 2

# Create figure with rows x cols subplots
    fig, axs = plt.subplots(rows, cols, dpi=80, sharex=True, sharey=True)
    fig.set_size_inches(4 * cols, 4.5 * rows)

# Iterate for all images
    for idx, image_dict in enumerate(images):
        filename = image_dict['filename']
        orig = image_dict['orig']

        neg_img = negate(orig)

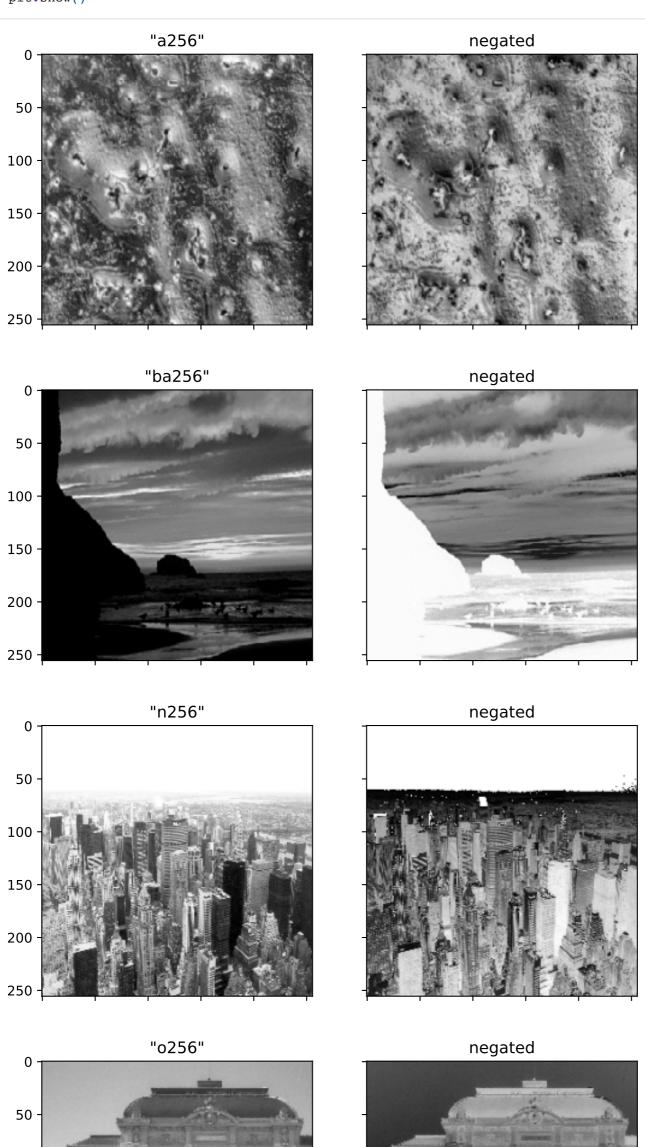
        axs[idx, 0].set_title('"{}".format(filename))
        axs[idx, 0].imshow(orig, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

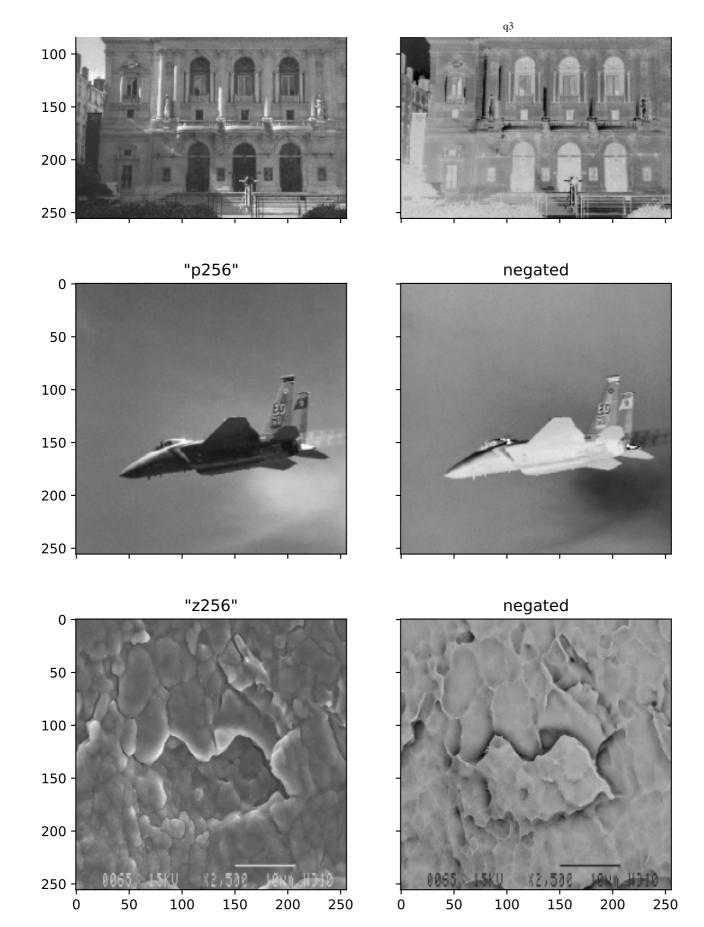
        axs[idx, 1].set_title('negated')
        axs[idx, 1].imshow(neg_img, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

# Save threshold image as .bmp file
```

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```
plt.imsave(
        path_out_conv + ext_out[1:] + '/' + filename + '_neg' + ext_out,
        neg_img,
        cmap='gray',
        vmin=0,
        vmax=255
    )
    \# Save pixel values of threshold image as a 2D matrix in a .dat file
        path_out_conv + ext_inp[1:] + '/' + filename + '_neg' + ext_inp,
        neg_img,
        fmt=' %d',
        newline=' \n'
\# Hide x labels and tick labels for top plots and y ticks for right plots
for ax in axs.flat:
    ax.label_outer()
\# Save and display the figure
plt.savefig('negated_comp.jpg')
plt.show()
```





Resource

GitHub repository: Image Processing and Pattern Recognition - Anindya Kundu (meganindya)