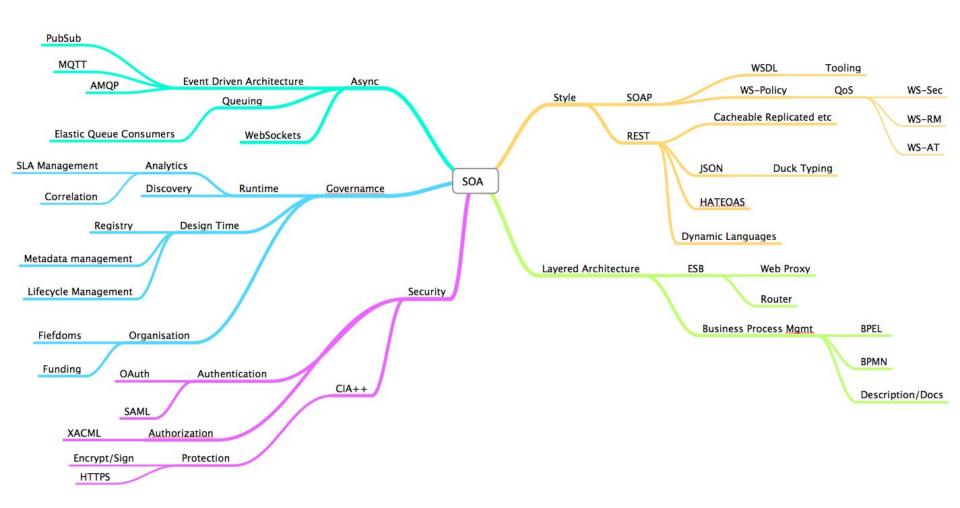
Conclusions, Evolution of SOA, Futures

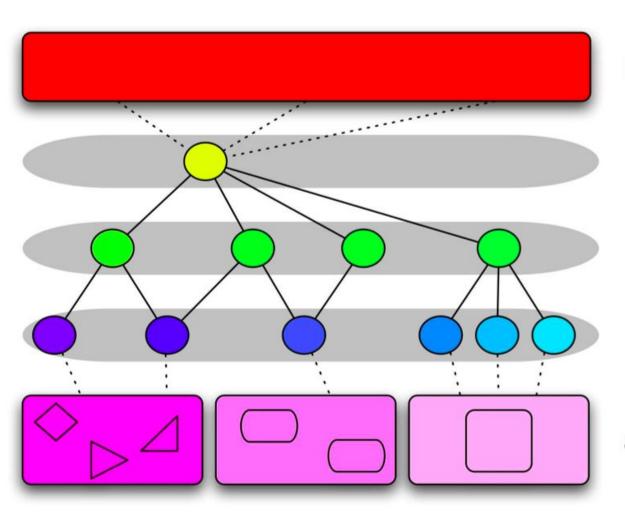
Oxford University
Software Engineering
Programme
April 2021







Traditional SOA



business processes

orchestration service layer

business service layer

application service layer

application layer

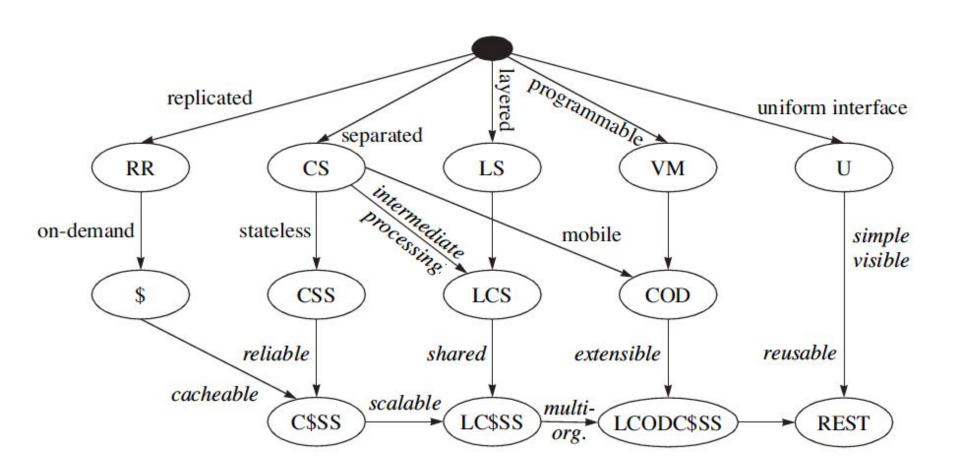


SOAP and WS-*

- Composable
 - WS-Security, ReliableMessaging, etc
- Transport independent
- Tooling
- Schemas and WSDLs
 - Governance

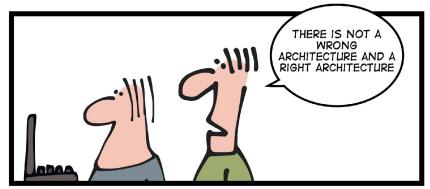


REST

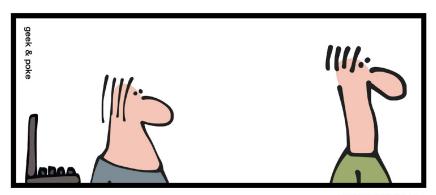




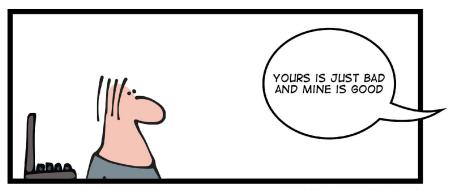
HATEOAS



IT ARCHITECTURE IS NOT ALWAYS SIMPLE



FORTUNATELY...



... MOST OF THE TIME IT IS



Design Governance

- Interfacing SOA into the build/test/production
- Encouraging Service Re-Use
- Lifecycle and Dependency Management
- Notification



Runtime Governance

- Monitoring
- SLA management
- Correlation of activities into flows
- How do you maintain a running application when it depends on 10s, 100s or 1000s of remote services?



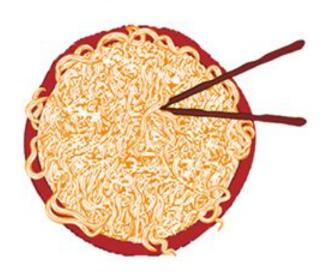
Services vs APIs

- Focus on the consumer
 - Self-signup and subscription
 - Tracking and usage
 - Developer portals and ease-of-use
 - Monetization



1990s and earlier

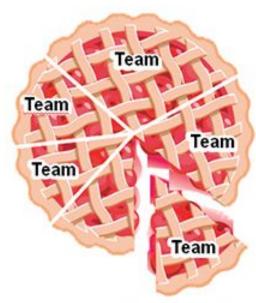
Pre-SOA (monolithic) Tight coupling



For a monolith to change, all must agree on each change. Each change has unanticipated effects requiring careful testing beforehand.

2000s

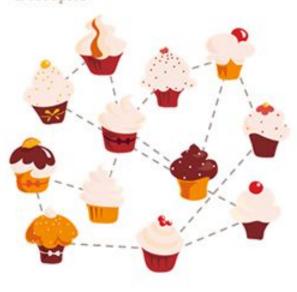
Traditional SOA Looser coupling



Elements in SOA are developed more autonomously but must be coordinated with others to fit into the overall design.

2010s

Microservices Decoupled



Developers can create and activate new microservices without prior coordination with others. Their adherence to MSA principles makes continuous delivery of new or modified services possible.

Source: PwC



1990s and earlier

2000s

2010s

Coupling

Pre-SOA (monolithic)
Tight coupling



Traditional SOA Looser coupling



Microservices Decoupled



Source: PwC



Orchestration and Composition

- BPMN, BPEL
- Executable Documentation?
- Visibility and Monitoring



Design Considerations

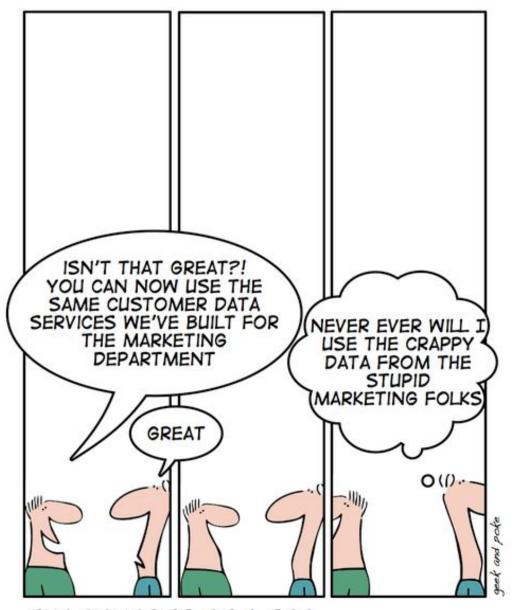
- Granularity of Services
 - Microservices
 - Monolith First? Microservice First?
- Ensuring that SOA is being used for a good reason:
 - Scale
 - Organizational boundaries
 - Evolvability
- Where to draw the boundaries?
 - Between services
 - Between microservices and services
 - Are your layers right?



Organizational issues

- Funding models
- Fiefdoms
- Ecosystems / Value Webs
- Shadow IT / Cloud





THE BENEFITS OF A SOA



SOA and Cloud

 SOA is loose-coupling between applications and applications

 Cloud is loose-coupling between applications and infrastructure

What else?



Thanks!



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