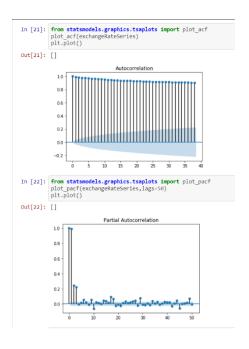
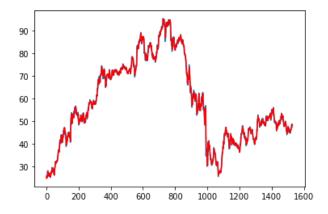
Data Analytics Assignment 6

ARMA AND ARIMA

ARMA ACF AND PACF PLOT:





ARMA CODE SNIPPET:

```
from pandas import read_csv
from matplotlib import pyplot
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARIMA
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
import numpy as np
def forecast_accuracy(forecast, actual):
    diff=[]
     for i in range(0,min(len(forecast),len(actual))):
       diff.append(forecast[i] - actual[i])
     mape = np.mean(np.abs(diff)/np.abs(actual)) # MAPE
                                      # MÈ
# MAE
     me = np.mean(diff)
     mae = np.mean(np.abs(diff))
    rmse = np.mean([(diff[i])**2 for i in range(0,len(diff))])**.5 # RMSE print('MAPE :',mape,'ME :',me, 'MAE :',mae,'RMSE :',rmse)
#aet data
def GetData(fileName):
    return read_csv(fileName, header=0, parse_dates=[0], index_col=0).values
#Function that calls ARIMA model to fit and forecast the data
def StartARIMAForecasting(Actual, P, D, Q):
    model = ARIMA(Actual, order=(P, D, Q))
    model_fit = model.fit(disp=0)
         prediction = model_fit.forecast()[0]
         return prediction
#Get exchange rates
ActualData = GetData('C:/Users/Navneet/Desktop/exchange.csv')
#Size of exchange rates
NumberOfElements = len(ActualData)
#Use 70% of data as training, rest 30% to Test model
TrainingSize = int(NumberOfElements * 0.7)
TrainingData = ActualData[0:TrainingSize]
TestData = ActualData[TrainingSize:NumberOfElements]
#new arrays to store actual and predictions
Actual = [x for x in TrainingData]
Predictions = list()
#in a for loop, predict values using ARIMA model
for timepoint in range(len(TestData)):
         ActualValue = TestData[timepoint]
          #forcast value
         Prediction = StartARIMAForecasting(Actual, 3,1,0)
         print('Actual=%f, Predicted=%f' % (ActualValue, Prediction))
#add it in the list
         Predictions.append(Prediction)
         Actual.append(ActualValue)
#Print MSE to see how good the model is
Error = mean_squared_error(TestData, Predictions)
print('Test Mean Squared Error (smaller the better fit): %.3f' % Error)
# plot
pyplot.plot(TestData)
pyplot.plot(Predictions, color='red')
pyplot.show()
forecast_accuracy(Predictions,Actual)
```

ARIMA CODE SNIPPET:

```
from pandas import read_csv
from matplotlib import pyplot
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARIMA
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
def GetData(fileName):
    return read_csv(fileName, header=0, parse_dates=[0], index_col=0).values
#Function that calls ARIMA model to fit and forecast the data
def StartARIMAForecasting(Actual, P, D, Q):
    model = ARIMA(Actual, order=(P, 0, Q))
    model_fit = model.fit(disp=0)
    prediction = model_fit.forecast()[0]
            return prediction
#Get exchange rates
ActualData = GetData('C:/Users/Navneet/Desktop/data.csv')
#Size of exchange rates
NumberOfElements = len(ActualData)
#Use 70% of data as training, rest 30% to Test model
TrainingSize = int(NumberOfElements * 0.7)
TrainingData = ActualData[0:TrainingSize]
TestData = ActualData[TrainingSize:NumberOfElements]
#new arrays to store actual and predictions
Actual = [x for x in TrainingData]
Predictions = list()
#in a for loop, predict values using ARIMA model
for timepoint in range(len(TestData)):
           ActualValue = TestData[timepoint]
            #forcast value
           Prediction = StartARIMAForecasting(Actual, 3,1,0)
print('Actual=%f, Predicted=%f' % (ActualValue, Prediction))
            #add it in the list
           {\tt Predictions.append(Prediction)}
           Actual.append(ActualValue)
#Print MSE to see how good the model is
#print('Test Mean Squared Error (smaller the better fit): %.3f' % Error)
# plot
pyplot.plot(TestData)
pyplot.plot(Predictions, color='red')
pyplot.show()
```

ARIMA OUTPUT:

