

RESEARCH ARTICLE

# Long Title for JOSIS Article

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Received: December 24, 2015; returned: February 25, 2016; revised: July 13, 2016; accepted: September 5, 2016.

Abstract: Add your article abstract here, 150-250 words.

Keywords: add, five, to, ten, comma, separated, keywords

## 1 Introduction

This template provides a guide to formatting articles for submission to the Journal of Spatial Information Science, JOSIS, http://josis.org. When preparing an article for submission, please follow this template closely, referring to past JOSIS articles (open access on the JOSIS web site) for further examples.

#### 2 RMarkdown

The template can handle bullet points:

- a
- h

And tables (see Table @ref(tab:t1)):

knitr::kable(head(mtcars), caption = "Test", booktabs = TRUE)

Table 1: Test

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2
Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1

You can use concise citation syntax, e.g. (Champion et al. 2011).

# 3 Author guidelines

## 3.1 Manuscript preparation

Manuscripts must be written in English in a clear, direct, and active style. All pages must be numbered sequentially. The manuscript should be submitted as a PDF file based on this LATEX template.

#### 3.2 Title

The title should be concise, and must not be more than 20 words. Authors should also provide a short "running title."

#### 3.3 Authors and institutional affiliations

Authors are required to provide their full names and their institutional affiliations, omitting postal addresses.

#### 3.4 Abstract

The abstract should summarize the essential features of the article, and must not exceed 250 words for full papers. Abbreviations should be avoided in the abstract, and references should not be cited in the abstract.

#### 3.5 Keywords

Your submission must include between five and ten keywords for your article. Accepted manuscripts must additionally specify further index terms as appropriate.

#### 3.6 Main Text

The main text should be divided into separate sections, and may be further subdivided according to the areas to be discussed. The manuscript style must be uniform throughout the text using 11pt Palatino font. The first appearance of any abbreviations in the text should

be preceded by the full term, unless it is a standard abbreviation or unit of measurement. Reference numbers should be given in square brackets in the text. Common or assimilated words from Latin or other languages should not be italicized, including per se, et al.

## 3.7 Style

Many examples of the journal style can be seen in existing JOSIS published articles, http://josis.org. Please pay particular attention to the following style requirements:

- Spelling: Please use standard American English spelling throughout.
- Punctuation: JOSIS uses standard American English punctuation. In particular, please ensure:
  - all lists items are always separated by punctuation (e.g., "a, b, and c" but not "a, b and c"); and
  - commas and periods always appear inside quotation marks (e.g., "x, y, and z." but not "x, y, and z".).
- Capitalization: JOSIS style is to only use capitals only for the beginning of sentences, proper nouns, names (e.g., Norman, ArcMap) and, where appropriate, acronyms (e.g., GIS). Please avoid capitalization of other words (e.g., "geographic information systems (GIS)" but not "Geographic Information Systems (GIS)") and in titles, including section headings (e.g., "Affordance-based individuation of junctions in Open Street Map" but not "Affordance-Based Individuation of Junctions in Open Street Map").

#### 3.8 Figures

Figures and Tables must be numbered consecutively with a concise explanatory caption, and must be referred to in the main text with capitalized reference (e.g., Figure \ref{fig:1}'' or Table 2''). Figures and Tables must appear in the text close to where they are first referred to in the main text. Figure and table captions come below the figure or table. Do not collect figures or tables together at the end of the article. Authors of accepted articles will need to supply high quality versions of all figures as separate .eps (encapsulated postscript) files.

```
plot(1:9, (1:9)^2)
```

Text column	Numerical column 1	Numerical column 2
First row	10	0.003
Second row	52	10.037
Third row	729	150.315

Table 2: Example table with preferred line rules and alignment.

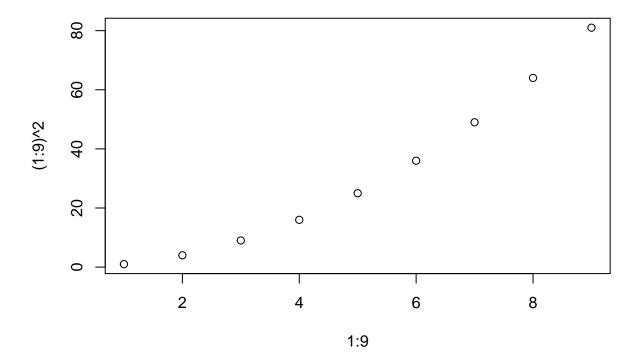


Figure 1: Illustrative figure.

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## 3.9 Algorithms

Algorithms should be formatted using standard algorithm packages where possible, as in Algorithm~1.

#### Algorithm 1 Example algorithm formatting after [10]

```
Require: A finite set of two-dimensional points P \subset \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} and one parameter \lambda \in \mathbb{R}
 1: Construct the Delaunay triangulation DT(P) of P
 2: \Delta \leftarrow DT(P)
 3: Construct the list B of exterior edges of DT(P)
 4: Sort the list B in descending order of edge length
 5: Initialize the v-boundary function
 6: Set the root (r) of \mathbf{T}_{\chi}(P, \lambda) to be \{\text{edge} = \emptyset, \text{oppositeVertex} = \emptyset, \text{length} = \emptyset\}
 7: Construct the list of parent nodes (PN) for the elements in B
 8: Set each element in \bar{P}N to be r
 9: O(P, \lambda) \leftarrow \emptyset
10: while B is not empty do
         e = \{d_1, d_2\} \leftarrow \mathsf{pop}(B)
12:
         p \leftarrow \text{pop}(PN)
         o \leftarrow opposite vertex of e in \Delta
13:
         N \leftarrow \{\text{edge} = e, \text{ oppositeVertex} = o, \text{ length} = ||e||\}
14:
15:
         Insert N in \mathbf{T}_{\chi}(P, \lambda) as a child of p
16:
         node(d_1) \leftarrow N
17:
         node(d_2) \leftarrow N
18:
         Append N to O(P, \lambda)
         if ||e|| > \lambda and v-boundary(o) = false then
19.
20:
              Remove e from \Delta
21:
              v-boundary(o) = true
22:
             Insert the arms of e in \Delta into B in order of edge length
23:
              Insert N into PN at the corresponding position of the arms of e in B
24:
         end if
26: Return \chi(P, \lambda) formed by leaves of \mathbf{T}_{\chi}(P, \lambda), DT(P), \mathbf{T}_{\chi}(P, \lambda) and O(P, \lambda)
```

#### 3.10 Footnotes

Footnotes are strongly discouraged in text. Where footnotes must be used, they should be numbered consecutively.

#### 4 References

References must be listed in the numerical system (ACM). Citations must be numbered sequentially [in square brackets] in the main text. Full numbered references must be listed in the reference section in alphabetical order. The reference numbers must be finalized and the bibliography must be fully formatted before submission. Examples of citation styles included in the bibliography for this document include journal articles [2, 8], authored books [3], edited books [7], articles in proceedings [5], articles in books or collections [6], theses [9], technical reports [4], and web resources [1].

#### **4.1 DOIs**

All JOSIS articles must list the DOI of all references, where a DOI exists, see http://josis.org/index.php/josis/about/submissions#authorGuidelines for examples. Please check carefully to add the DOIs for cited references, adding DOIs to all references that have one. DOIs may be added in the "doi' field of the bibtex file.

DOIs can be found via http://www.crossref.org/guestquery/ as well as many other search engines and publisher pages (e.g., Scopus, SpringerLink).

# 5 About JOSIS

The Journal of Spatial Information Science (JOSIS) is an international, interdisciplinary, open-access journal dedicated to publishing high-quality, original research articles in spatial information science. The journal aims to publish research spanning the theoretical foundations of spatial and geographical information science, through computation with geospatial information, to technologies for geographical information use.

JOSIS encourages submissions from topics including, but not limited to spatial and spatiotemporal information systems; computational geometry, geocomputation, spatial algorithms; geovisualization, cartography, and geographical user interfaces; computing with spatiotemporal information under uncertainty; spatial cognition and qualitative spatial reasoning; spatial data models and structures; conceptual models of space and geoontology; distributed and parallel spatial computing, web-based GIS, and interoperability; context- and location-aware computing; and applications to GIS, spatial databases, location-based services, geosensor networks, and geosensor web. The journal publishes full-length original research articles, as well as survey-style review papers. In addition, the journal publishes shorter articles in three sections: reports from community activities, letters to the editors, and book reviews.

# Acknowledgments

Acknowledgments appear in a separate unnumbered section before the bibliography. Please acknowledge anyone (individual/company/institution) who has contributed to the study, including substantial contributions to the conception, design, acquisition of data; analysis and interpretation of data; drafting the manuscript; or provided critical comments resulting in revisions to content. For each author, please list the source(s) of any funding or financial contributions related to the study.

Champion, Nicolas, Didier Boldo, Marc Pierrot-Deseilligny, and Georges Stamon. 2011. "2d Change Detection from Satellite Imagery: Performance Analysis and Impact of the Spatial Resolution of Input Images." In *Proc. IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS)*, 1421–24. https://doi.org//mydoi%7B10.1109/igarss.2011. 6049332%7D.

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