

Exercise 1. Answer Sheet

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Problem 1. (30 points) For each function $f(n)$ and time T in the following table, determine the largest size n of a problem that can be solved in time T , assuming that the algorithm to solve the problem takes $f(n)$ milliseconds.

$f(n)$	$T = 1$ second	$T = 1$ minute	$T = 1$ hour	$T = 1$ day	$T = 1$ month (30 days)
\sqrt{n}	10^{12}	$36 \cdot 10^{14}$	$1296 \cdot 10^{16}$	$746496 \cdot 10^{16}$	$6718464 \cdot 10^{18}$
n	10^6	$6 \cdot 10^7$	$36 \cdot 10^8$	$864 \cdot 10^8$	$2592 \cdot 10^9$
n^2	1000	7745	60000	293938	1609968
n^3	100	391	1532	4420	13736
2^n	19	25	31	36	41

Problem 2. (30 points) Consider sorting n numbers stored in array A by first finding the smallest element of A and exchanging it with the first element of the array, i.e. $A[1]$. Then find the second smallest element of A , and exchange it with $A[2]$. Continue in this manner for the first $n-1$ elements of A .

a) Write a pseudo-code for this algorithm which is known as “**Selection Sort**”.

```
def selectionSort(A,n)
  //Input: an array A[1..n]
  //Output: a sorted array A[1..n]
  for i = 1 to n-1 do
    min = i;
    for j = i + 1 to n do
      if A[j] < A[min] then
        min = j;
      end if
    end for
    swap A[i], A[min]
  end for
```

b) What is the time complexity of the Selection Sort algorithm?

From the Selection Sort pseudo-code, we can see that the algorithm run through 2

nested loop. The sort method executes to find the smallest for the indexed from 1 to (n-1) and each time the function finding the smallest value is executed for an index, it does n-index comparisons. Therefore the time complexity of this algorithm is $O(n^2)$.

Problem 3. (40 points) Using the pseudo-code for **Merge Sort** algorithm given at the lecture, write a program implementing the **Merge Sort** algorithm. Use any programming language you know. Upload your source code with instructions how to compile/run it. Give the input data and the program output in the space below.

This merge sort program was implemented in C. To run it, open the terminal and change the directory to the directory where you saved this file.

Run these command line:

```
gcc -o mergeSort.o mergeSort.c
./mergeSort.o
```

Input: first input is the number of elements in the array, then input each element of the array.

Output: The array after being sorted by merge sort algorithm.

For example:

```
Downloads - -bash - 80x24
[The sorted array: 1 2 3 5 6 10 wlan-napt-002:Downloads thoatran$ gcc -o mergeSort.o mergeSort.c
wlan-napt-002:Downloads thoatran$ ./mergeSort.o
Input n: 4
Input the 1-th element: 2
Input the 2-th element: 6
Input the 3-th element: 0
Input the 4-th element: 1
[The sorted array: 0 1 2 6 wlan-napt-002:Downloads thoatran$ ./mergeSort.o
Input n: 1
Input the 1-th element: 4
[The sorted array: 4 wlan-napt-002:Downloads thoatran$ gcc -o mergeSort.o mergeSort.c
wlan-napt-002:Downloads thoatran$ ./mergeSort.o
Input n: 8
Input the 1-th element: 10
Input the 2-th element: -1
Input the 3-th element: -1
Input the 4-th element: 0
Input the 5-th element: 0
Input the 6-th element: 7
Input the 7-th element: 5
Input the 8-th element: 4
The sorted array: -1 -1 0 0 4 5 7 10 wlan-napt-002:Downloads thoatran$ ]
```