Working with Data in Python Cheat Sheet

Reading and writing files

```
Package/Method Description
                                Syntax: r (reading) w (writing) a (appending) + (updating: read/write) b (binary, otherwise text)
                   Different
                   modes to
File opening
                   open files
modes
                                   1. Examples: with open("data.txt", "r") as file: content = file.read() print(content) with open("output.txt", "w") as file:
                   for specific
                   operations.
                                 Copied!
                                 Syntax:
                                   1. 1
                                   2. 2

    file.readlines() # reads all lines as a list
    readline() # reads the next line as a string

                                   3. file.read() # reads the entire file content as a string
                   Different
                                 Copied!
                   methods to
File reading
                   read file
                                 Example:
methods
                   content in
                   various
                   ways.
                                   2. 2
                                   3. 3
4. 4

    with open("data.txt", "r") as file:
    lines = file.readlines()
    next_line = file.readline()

                                            content = file.read()
                                 Copied!
                                 Syntax:

    file.write(content) # writes a string to the file

                                   2. file.writelines(lines) # writes a list of strings to the file
                   Different
                                 Copied!
                   write
File writing
                   methods to
                                 Example:
methods
                   write
                   content to a
                   file.
                                   2. 2
                                   3. 3
                                   1. lines = ["Hello\n", "World\n"]
2. with open("output.txt", "w") as file:
                                            file.writelines(lines)
                                 Copied!
                                Syntax:
                                   1. 1
                                   1. for line in file: # Code to process each line
                   Iterates
                                 Copied!
                   through
Iterating over
                   each line in
                                Example:
                   the file
lines
                   using a
                   'loop'.
                                   1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file:
                                   2. for line in file: print(line)
                                 Copied!
Open() and
                   Opens a
                                 Syntax:
close()
                   file,
                                   1. 1
                   performs
                   operations,
                   and
                                   1. file = open(filename, mode) # Code that uses the file
                                   2. file.close()
                   explicitly
                   closes the
                                 Copied!
                   file using
                   the close()
                                Example:
                   method.
                                   2. 2
                                   3. 3
                                   1. file = open("data.txt", "r")
```

```
2. content = file.read()
                                  3. file.close()
                               Copied!
                               Syntax:
                                  1. 1
                                  1. with open(filename, mode) as file: # Code that uses the file
                  Opens a file
                  using a with Copied!
                  block,
with open()
                  ensuring
                               Example:
                  automatic
                  file closure
                                  2. 2
                  after usage.
                                  1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file:
                                  2. content = file.read()
                               Copied!
Pandas
                                                                                                           Syntax and Code Example
Package/Method
                                        Description
                                                                          Syntax: dataframe_name = pd.read_csv("filename.csv") Example: df =
                  Reads data from a `.CSV` file and creates a DataFrame.
.read_csv()
                                                                          pd.read_csv("data.csv")
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             1. dataframe_name = pd.read_excel("filename.xlsx")
                                                                           Copied!
.read excel()
                  Reads data from an Excel file and creates a DataFrame.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             1. df = pd.read_excel("data.xlsx")
                                                                           Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1

    dataframe_name.to_csv("output.csv", index=False)

                                                                           Copied!
                  Writes DataFrame to a CSV file.
.to csv()
                                                                          Example:

    df.to_csv("output.csv", index=False)

                                                                           Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             1. dataframe_name["column_name"] # Accesses single column
2. dataframe_name[["column1", "column2"]] # Accesses multiple columns
                                                                           Copied!
Access Columns  Accesses a specific column using [] in the DataFrame.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             2. 2

    df["age"]
    df[["name", "age"]]

                                                                           Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. dataframe_name.describe()
                                                                           Copied!
                  Generates statistics summary of numeric columns in the
describe()
                  DataFrame.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. df.describe()
                                                                          Copied!
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Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             2. 2
                                                                             1. dataframe_name.drop(["column1", "column2"], axis=1, inplace=True)
2. dataframe_name.drop(index=[row1, row2], axis=0, inplace=True)
                                                                           Copied!
                  Removes specified rows or columns from the
drop()
                  DataFrame. axis=1 indicates columns. axis=0 indicates
                                                                          Example:
                  rows.
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             2. 2

    df.drop(["age", "salary"], axis=1, inplace=True) # Will drop columns

                                                                             2. df.drop(index=[5, 10], axis=0, inplace=True) # Will drop rows
                                                                          Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1

    dataframe_name.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True)

                                                                          Copied!
                  Removes rows with missing NaN values from the
dropna()
                  DataFrame. axis=0 indicates rows.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. 1

    df.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True)

                                                                           Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1

    dataframe_name.duplicated()

                                                                           Copied!
                  Duplicate or repetitive values or records within a data
duplicated()
                  set.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. duplicate_rows = df[df.duplicated()]
                                                                          Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             1. filtered_df = dataframe_name[(Conditional_statements)]
                                                                           Copied!
                  Creates a new DataFrame with rows that meet specified
Filter Rows
                  conditions.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. filtered_df = df[(df["age"] > 30) & (df["salary"] < 50000)</pre>
                                                                           Copied!
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1
2. 2

    grouped = dataframe_name.groupby(by, axis=0, level=None, as_index=True,

                                                                             2. sort=True, group_keys=True, squeeze=False, observed=False, dropna=True)
                  Splits a DataFrame into groups based on specified
                                                                          Copied!
groupby()
                  criteria, enabling subsequent aggregation,
                  transformation, or analysis within each group.
                                                                          Example:
                                                                             1. 1
                                                                             1. grouped = df.groupby(["category", "region"]).agg({"sales": "sum"})
                                                                           Copied!
head()
                  Displays the first n rows of the DataFrame.
                                                                          Syntax:
                                                                             1. 1

    dataframe_name.head(n)

                                                                          Copied!
                                                                          Example:
```

1. 1

```
1. df.head(5)
                                                                      Copied!
                                                                     Syntax:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. import pandas as pd
                                                                      Copied!
Import pandas
                 Imports the Pandas library with the alias pd.
                                                                      Example:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. import pandas as pd
                                                                      Copied!
                                                                      Syntax:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. dataframe_name.info()
                                                                      Copied!
                 Provides information about the DataFrame, including
info()
                 data types and memory usage.
                                                                     Example:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. df.info()
                                                                      Copied!
                                                                     Syntax:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. merged_df = pd.merge(df1, df2, on=["column1", "column2"])
                                                                      Copied!
                 Merges two DataFrames based on multiple common
merge()
                 columns.
                                                                     Example:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. merged_df = pd.merge(sales, products, on=["product_id", "category_id"])
                                                                      Copied!
                                                                     Syntax:
                                                                        1. 1

    print(df) # or just type df

                                                                      Copied!
print DataFrame Displays the content of the DataFrame.
                                                                     Example:
                                                                        2. 2

    print(df)

                                                                        2. df
                                                                      Copied!
                                                                     Syntax:

    dataframe_name["column_name"].replace(old_value, new_value, inplace=True)

                                                                      Copied!
replace()
                 Replaces specific values in a column with new values.
                                                                      Example:

    df["status"].replace("In Progress", "Active", inplace=True)

                                                                      Copied!
tail()
                 Displays the last n rows of the DataFrame.
                                                                     Syntax:
                                                                        1. 1
                                                                        1. dataframe name.tail(n)
                                                                      Copied!
                                                                     Example:
```

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1. df.tail(5)

Copied!

```
Numpy
```

Package/Method Description Syntax and Code Example Syntax: 1. 1 1. import numpy as np Copied! Importing NumPy Imports the NumPy library. Example: 1. 1 1. import numpy as np Copied! Syntax: 1. 1 2. 2 1. array_1d = np.array([list1 values]) # 1D Array
2. array_2d = np.array([[list1 values], [list2 values]]) # 2D Array Copied! np.array() Creates a one or multi-dimensional array, Example: 1. 1 2. 2 1. array_1d = np.array([1, 2, 3]) # 1D Array 2. array_2d = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]]) # 2D Array Copied! Example: 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 - Calculates the mean of array elements - Calculates the sum of array elements Numpy Array Attributes - Finds the minimum value in the array np.mean(array) - Finds the maximum value in the array np.sum(array) - Computes dot product of two arrays np.min(array np.max(array) 5. np.dot(array_1, array_2) Copied!



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