

random module

January 25, 2023

1 random module

- Used to generate random values

1.1 random.randint()

- Generates a random integer in the given range a and b (inclusive)

```
[73]: import random
      print(random.randint(1, 10))
```

10

```
[49]: import random
      print(random.randint(-476, 748))
```

305

```
[86]: # Generating a list of random integers
      for i in range(10):
          print(random.randint(1, 1000), end = ' ')
```

71 722 729 862 233 836 340 931 395 503

```
[99]: # Generating a list of random integers
      lst = []
      for i in range(10):
          lst.append(random.randint(1, 1000))
      print(lst)
```

[868, 6, 259, 773, 251, 389, 914, 270, 225, 657]

```
[106]: # Generating a list of random integers
      lst = []
      for i in range(random.randint(1, 20)):
          lst.append(random.randint(1, 1000))
      print(lst)
```

[850, 139, 385, 120, 302]

```
[112]: # Generating a list of random integers
lst = [random.randint(1, 1000) for i in range(10)]
print(lst)
```

[721, 97, 862, 573, 86, 174, 713, 653, 938, 454]

```
[139]: # Generating a list of lists using random
marks = []
for i in range(5):
    lst = []
    for j in range(5):
        lst.append(random.randint(0, 100))
    marks.append(lst)
marks
```

```
[139]: [[46, 51, 34, 87, 21],
        [3, 86, 90, 27, 95],
        [44, 73, 27, 15, 0],
        [77, 69, 73, 84, 64],
        [9, 83, 79, 71, 15]]
```

```
[148]: # Generating a list of lists using random
x = [[random.randint(1, 100) for i in range(5)] for j in range(5)]
x
```

```
[148]: [[75, 89, 37, 91, 32],
        [65, 72, 31, 27, 62],
        [65, 45, 39, 82, 97],
        [65, 12, 81, 90, 98],
        [15, 25, 62, 17, 56]]
```

1.2 random.choice()

- To get a single random value from an iterable

```
[166]: x = [24, 21, 1, 42, 59, 78, 92, 20, 45, 9, 9, 7, 44, 11, 94]
print(random.choice(x))
```

20

```
[173]: print(random.choice(range(5, 100, 5)))
```

15

```
[185]: print(random.choice('hello world'))
```

l

1.2.1 random.randrange()

- Produces a random integer in the given range

- You can specify the step for range

```
[237]: print(random.randrange(7, 100, 7))
```

56

1.3 random.sample()

- Generates a list of k values from the given iterable
- Takes two arguments
 - an iterable
 - an integer

```
[238]: x = [24, 21, 1, 42, 59, 78, 92, 20, 45, 9, 9, 7, 44, 11, 94]
print(random.sample(x, 4))
```

[42, 94, 21, 7]

```
[239]: z = [24, 21, 1, 42, 59]
print(random.sample(z, 20))
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Input In [239], in <cell line: 2>()
      1 z = [24, 21, 1, 42, 59]
----> 2 print(random.sample(z, 20))

File C:\Program Files\Python310\lib\random.py:482, in Random.sample(self, population, k, counts)
    480 randbelow = self._randbelow
    481 if not 0 <= k <= n:
--> 482     raise ValueError("Sample larger than population or is negative")
    483 result = [None] * k
    484 setsize = 21          # size of a small set minus size of an empty list

ValueError: Sample larger than population or is negative
```

```
[250]: lst = random.sample('this is python', 5)
print(lst)
```

['s', 't', 't', ' ', 'i']

1.4 random.shuffle()

- Used to shuffle a list of values in-place

```
[264]: x = list(range(1, 20))
print(x)
random.shuffle(x)
```

```
print(x)
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19]  
[18, 11, 3, 16, 7, 1, 19, 8, 9, 2, 15, 10, 5, 13, 4, 14, 12, 17, 6]
```

1.5 Password Generator

```
[435]: import string  
import random  
def get_password(lst, length=8):  
    pwd = random.sample(lst, length)  
    return "".join(pwd)  
  
letters = string.ascii_letters + string.digits + '!@#$$%^&*'   
x = list(letters)  
random.shuffle(x)  
print(get_password(x, 10))
```

vCoN2sahx@

2 Hello