Factor Optimizations, Primes, LCM and GCD

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1 Factor Count of a given number

• You will be given a positive integer n, you have to find out number of factors n is having.

```
[14]: %%time
      n = int(input()) # 12
      fc = 1
      for i in range(1, n // 2 + 1): # 100000 500000
          if n % i == 0:
              fc += 1
      print(fc)
     100000000
     CPU times: total: 2.59 s
     Wall time: 4.52 s
[26]: # Square root logic to find out the factors of a given number
      n = int(input()) # 12
      fc = 1
      for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
          if n % i == 0:
              if i == n//i:
                  fc += 1
              else:
                  fc += 2
      print(fc)
     17
     1
[18]: 100000000 ** 0.5
[18]: 10000.0
 []: 1 2 4 5 10 20 25 50 100
[37]: # Square root logic to find out the factors of a given number
      n = int(input()) # 12
```

```
fc = 1
for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
    if n % i == 0:
        if i == n//i:
            fc += 1
        else:
            fc += 2
if fc == 1:
    print('Prime')
else:
    print('Not a Prime')
```

10000000000000000

Not a Prime

```
[]: 27 --> 1 3 9 27

1 to 5

1 3

48

55

32

63
```

```
[]: 10000000000
100000
1 100000
1
2
```

```
[41]: # Prime
n = int(input())
is_prime = True
for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1): # 1 2 18
        if n % i == 0:
            is_prime = False
            break

if is_prime == True:
        print('Prime')
else:
        print('Not Prime')
```

1000000000000000000000

Not Prime

2 Least Common Multiple (LCM)

- $lcm(12, 18) \rightarrow 36$
- $lcm(4, 5) \rightarrow 20$
- $lcm(6, 12) \rightarrow 12$

```
[47]: a, b = map(int, input().split()) # a = 12 b = 18
i = 1
while True:
    m = a * i # m = 12 * 3 --> 36
    if m % b == 0: # 36 % 18 == 0
        print(f'LCM is {m}') # 36
        break
    i += 1 # i = 1 + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3
```

1234567 7654321 LCM is 9449772114007

```
[52]: a, b = map(int, input().split()) # a = 12 b = 18
if a < b:
    a, b = b, a
i = 1
while True:
    m = a * i # m = 12 * 3 --> 36
    if m % b == 0: # 36 % 18 == 0
        print(f'LCM is {m}') # 36
        break
i += 1 # i = 1 + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3
```

7654321 1234567 LCM is 9449772114007

```
[56]: a, b = map(int, input().split()) # a = 12 b = 18
if a < b:
    a, b = b, a
print(a, b)</pre>
```

100 20 100 20

9

3 GCD (Greatest Common Divisor) or HCF (Highest Common Factor)

```
[8]: # GCD of two given numbers (Normal Approach)
a, b = map(int, input().split())
# factors of a
for i in range(1, a + 1):
    if a % i == 0 and b % i == 0:
        gcd = i
    print(gcd)

123456789 987654321
```

3.1 Euclid's Algorithm to Find out GCD of two given numbers

```
[9]: a, b = map(int, input().split())
while a != b:
    if a > b:
        a -= b
    else:
        b -= a
# print(a)
print(b)
```

123456789 987654321 9

3.2 Extended Euclid's Algo for GCD

```
[10]: a, b = map(int, input().split()) # 12 18
while a != 0 and b != 0: # False
    if a > b: # if 12 > 6
        a %= b # a = 0
    else:
        b %= a # b = 6
if a == 0:
    print(b)
else:
    print(a)
```

123456789 987654321

4 Best way to find out LCM of two numbers

• is to find out GCD of those two numbers first

```
[12]: a, b = map(int, input().split()) # a = 12 b = 18
if a < b:
    a, b = b, a
i = 1
while True:
    m = a * i # m = 12 * 3 --> 36
    if m % b == 0: # 36 % 18 == 0
        print(f'LCM is {m}') # 36
        break
i += 1 # i = 1 + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3
```

123456789 987654321 LCM is 13548070123626141

5 LCM through GCD

```
[]: a, b = map(int, input().split()) # 12 18
p = a * b
while a != 0 and b != 0: # False
    if a > b: # if 12 > 6
        a %= b # a = 0
    else:
        b %= a # b = 6
gcd = b if a == 0 else a
lcm = p // gcd
print(lcm)
```

```
[70]: s = int(input())
start = 9
ans = 0
while s > 0:
    if start <= s:
        s -= start
        ans = ans * 10 + start
    start -= 1
print(str(ans)[::-1])</pre>
```

45 123456789