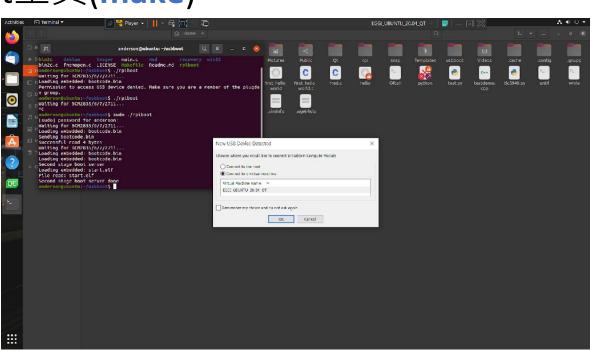
樹莓派在Linux上安裝連接驅動

- 請在linux終端機裡面根據步驟下指令
- 1. 先安裝git (sudo apt install git)
- 2. 下載網址的東西(git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/raspberrypi/usbboot)
- 3. 切換到usbboot目錄(cd usbboot)
- 4. 安裝libusb(sudo apt install libusb-1.0-0-dev)
- 5. 使用make構建並安裝該usbboot工具(make)
- 6. 進行連接(sudo ./rpiboot)
- 7. 將Compute Module 3+8GB



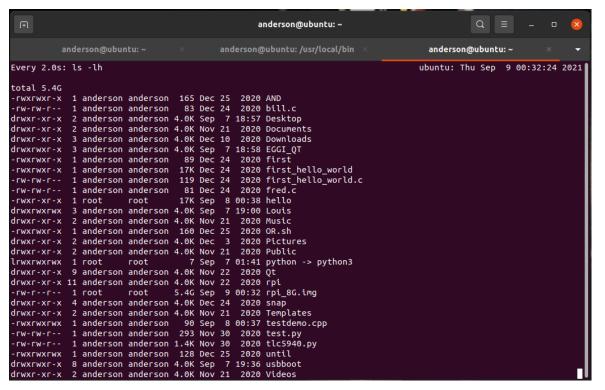
樹梅派系統備份

anderson@ubuntu:~/usbboot\$./rpiboot
Waiting for BCM2835/6/7/2711...

```
anderson@ubuntu: ~/usbboot
                                                           Q
 Ħ
                                                                          anderson@ubuntu: ~/usbboot
                                             anderson@ubuntu: ~/usbboot
anderson@ubuntu:~/usbboot$ lsblk
NAME
      MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
loop0
               0 55.5M 1 loop /snap/core18/1988
        7:0
               0 61.8M 1 loop /snap/core20/1081
loop1
        7:1
loop2
        7:2
               0 55.4M 1 loop /snap/core18/2128
               0 64.8M 1 loop /snap/gtk-common-themes/1514
loop3
        7:3
        7:4
               0 65.1M 1 loop /snap/gtk-common-themes/1515
loop4
loop5
        7:5
               0 61.6M 1 loop /snap/core20/904
               0 219M 1 loop /snap/gnome-3-34-1804/66
        7:6
loop6
        7:7
                   219M 1 loop /snap/gnome-3-34-1804/72
loop7
loop8
        7:8
                        1 loop /snap/snap-store/547
loop9
        7:9
                        1 loop /snap/snapd/11107
               0 32.3M
loop10
        7:10
                   51M 1 loop /snap/snap-store/518
loop11
        7:11
               0 32.3M
                        1 loop /snap/snapd/12883
sda
        8:0
                   60G 0 disk
 -sda1
                   512M 0 part /boot/efi
        8:1
 -sda2
        8:2
                     1K
                        0 part
        8.5
               0 59 5G 0 part
sdb
        8:16
               1 7.3G 0 disk
 -sdb1
        8:17
               1 256M 0 part /media/anderson/boot
 -sdb2
        8:18
                     7G 0 part /media/anderson/rootfs
              1 10240 0 100
anderson@ubuntu:~/usbboot$
```

樹梅派系統備份

- 1. 在想要存放img檔案下路徑開啟終端機,這裡使用家目錄底下存放
- 2. 終端機上sudo dd of=rpi_8G.img if=/dev/sdX bs=1M(of為指定輸出img的檔案名稱,if為樹莓派裝置位置(就是用lsblk指令查看裝置)
- 3. 可以開啟另外一個終端機輸入watch -n 2 ls -ln 查看img檔案大小變化量
- 4. 打包img檔案成功會出現整個img容量跟總共時間



```
anderson@ubuntu:~$ sudo dd of=rpi_8G.img if=/dev/sdb bs=1M

7456+0 records in
7456+0 records out
7818182656 bytes (7.8 GB, 7.3 GiB) copied, 1526.63 s, 5.1 MB/s
```

img檔案壓縮容量

在終端機上輸入以下指令

- 1. wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Drewsif/PiShrink/master/pishrink.sh
- 2. chmod +x pishrink.sh
- 3. sudo mv pishrink.sh /usr/local/bin

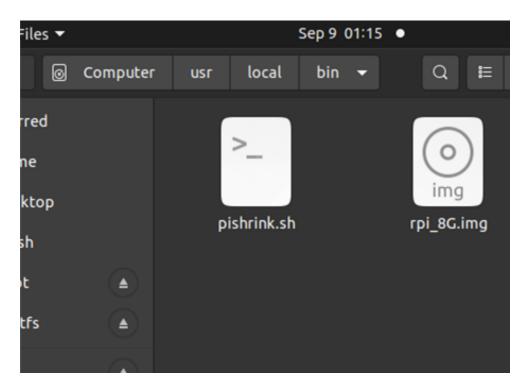
切換目錄

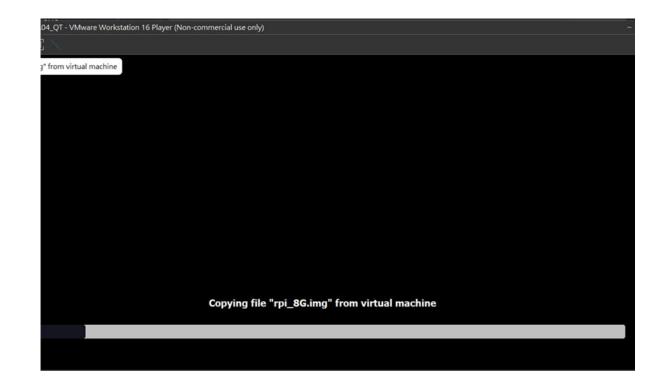
- 1. 先將剛剛打包好的img檔案移動到/usr/local/hin,在終端機輸入sudo my rni 8G img
 - /usr/local/bin
- 2. 切換目錄,輸入cd /usr/local/bin
- 3. 輸入Is檢查確認rpi_8G.img檔案是否出pishrink.sh: Checking filesystem ...
- 4. 輸入sudo pishrink.sh rpi_8G.img

```
anderson@ubuntu:/usr/local/bin$ sudo pishrink.sh rpi 8G.img
[sudo] password for anderson:
pishrink.sh v0.1.2
pishrink.sh: Gathering data ...
Creating new /etc/rc.local
rootfs: 155038/457824 files (0.3% non-contiguous), 1249929/1842176 blocks
resize2fs 1.45.5 (07-Jan-2020)
pishrink.sh: Shrinking filesystem ...
resize2fs 1.45.5 (07-Jan-2020)
Resizing the filesystem on /dev/loop12 to 1637342 (4k) blocks.
Begin pass 2 (max = 23774)
Relocating blocks
                           Begin pass 3 \text{ (max = 57)}
Scanning inode table
                           The filesystem on /dev/loop12 is now 1637342 (4k) blocks long.
pishrink.sh: Shrinking image ...
pishrink.sh: Shrunk rpi_8G.img from 7.3G to 6.5G ...
```

img檔案壓縮容量

將rpi_8G取出到Windows







樹莓派系統燒入

在Windows上使用

