## EECS545 Lecture 18 Quiz Solutions

- 1. The purpose of the generator G in GAN is to (check all that apply)
  - (a) Maximize classification error for discriminator
  - (b) Minimize classification error for discriminator
  - (c) Minimize  $\log(1 D(G(z)))$ .
  - (d) Maximize  $\log(D(G(z)))$  as an approximate objective

Solution: (a), (c), (d) Note the GAN objective is:

$$\min_{\theta_g} \max_{\theta_d} \left[ \mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_{\text{data}}} \log D_{\theta_d}(x) + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p(z)} \log (1 - d_{\theta_d}(G_{\theta_g}(z))) \right]$$

where the term on the right is the term with the generated output for fake data.

- 2. Ideally, in GAN, when both generator and dicriminator have enough capacity and training both of them converges after some iterations, which of the following statements are true? (Check all that apply.)
  - (a) The discriminator can perfectly distinguish the samples from real data and the generated samples
  - (b) The generator can generate samples with the same distribution as the real data samples
  - (c) Both the generator and discriminator cannot be improved more
  - (d) The discriminator is unable to differentiate the real data samples and generated samples

**Solution:** (b), (c), (d)

- 3. Which of the following statements is true for a (vanilla) variational auto-encoder? (Check all that apply.)
  - (a) VAE can be used for both continuous latent variables and discrete latent variables
  - (b) VAE efficiently approximates the maximum likelihood estimation for parameters in the network of encoder and decoder
  - (c) Training of VAE is more difficult than GAN
  - (d) VAE can be used to infer the latent variable z for input image x as latent representation, while GAN cannot be used to infer the latent representation.

Solution: (b), (d)

4. Will log(1 - D(G(z))) saturate early in learning if G is poor?

- (a) Yes, as discriminator can reject generated samples with high confidence
- (b) No, as discriminator can reject generated samples with high confidence
- (c) Yes, as discriminator will have very low confidence
- (d) No, as discriminator will have very low confidence

## Solution: (a)

- 5. What are the differences between VAEs and diffusion models?
  - (a) VAEs are inspired by non-equilibrium thermodynamics, while diffusion models rely on a surrogate loss
  - (b) VAEs have access to a low-dimensional latent space, while diffusion models do not
  - (c) VAEs can generate images in a single pass, while diffusion models have to generate through several passes
  - (d) VAEs are approximate density models, while diffusion models are not

Solution: (b) and (c)		
Solution: (b) and (c)		